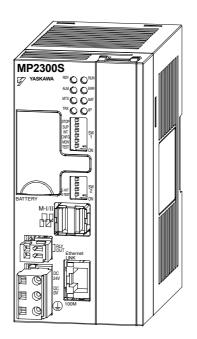


## Machine Controller MP2300S Basic Module USER'S MANUAL

Model: JEPMC-MP2300S-E



1	Overview
2	Specifications and Functions
3	Mounting and Wiring
4	System Start Up and Easy Programming
5	Outline of Motion Control Systems
6	Ethernet Communications
7	Slave CPU Synchronous Function
8	Maintenance, Inspection, and Troubleshooting
Α	Appendices

MANUAL NO. SIEP C880732 00A

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## Using this Manual

The MP2300S is a compact Machine Controller that contains the power supply, the CPU, I/O, and the communication functions in one single unit.

Please read this manual to ensure correct usage of the MP2300S system and apply to your manufacturing system for control. Keep this manual in a safe place for future reference.

#### Basic Terms

Unless otherwise specified, the following definitions are used:

- MP2300S: MP2300S Machine Controller
- MPE720: The Programming Device Software or a Programming Device (i.e., a personal computer) running the Programming Device Software
- PLC: Programmable Logic Controller

#### Manual Configuration

Read the chapters of this manual as required by the purpose.

Chapter	Selecting Models and Peripheral Devices	Studying Specifications and Ratings	Designing the System	Installation and Wiring	Trial Oper- ation	Maintenance and Inspec- tion
Chapter 1 Overview	$\checkmark$	-	_	_	-	-
Chapter 2 Specifications and Func- tions	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	-	_
Chapter 3 Mounting and Wiring	-	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	-	-
Chapter 4 System Start Up and Easy Programming	$\checkmark$	-	_	_	$\checkmark$	-
Chapter 5 Outline of Motion Control Systems	_	_	$\checkmark$	_	$\checkmark$	-
Chapter 6 Ethernet Communications	-	-	$\checkmark$	_	$\checkmark$	-
Chapter 7 Slave CPU Synchronous Function	-	-	_	_	$\checkmark$	-
Chapter 8 Maintenance, Inspection, and Troubleshooting	_	_	$\checkmark$	_	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Appendices A to G	-	-		-	$\checkmark$	

For information on motion parameters and motion commands, refer to *Machine Controller MP2000-series SVB/SVB-*01 Motion Module User's Manual (Manual no.: SIEP C880700 33).

#### Terms Used to Describe "Torque"

Although the term "torque" is commonly used when describing rotary servomotors and "force" or "thrust" are used when describing linear servomotors, this manual uses "torque" when describing both (excluding parameters).

#### Indication of Reverse Signals

In this manual, the names of reverse signals (ones that are valid when low) are written with a forward slash (/) before the signal name, as shown in the following example:

Notation Examples  
• 
$$\overline{\text{S-ON}} = /\text{S-ON}$$

•  $\overline{P-CON} = /P-CON$ 

#### Related Manuals

The following table lists the manuals relating to the MP2300S. Refer to these manuals as required.

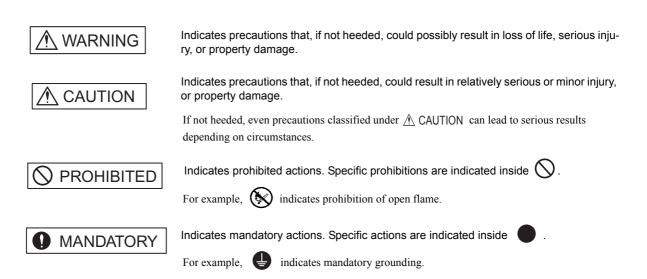
Manual Name	Manual Number	Contents
Machine Controller MP2000 series SVB/SVB-01 Motion Module User's Manual	SIEPC88070033	Describes the functions, specifications, and applica- tion methods of the MP2000-series Motion Module that is built into the SVB, SVB-01, and SVR Module.
Machine Controller MP2300 Basic Module User's Manual	SIEPC88070003	Describes the application methods and modules to be connected.
Machine Controller MP2000 Series Communica- tion Module User's Manual	SIEP C880700 04	Describes the functions, specifications, and applica- tion methods of the MP2000-series Communication Modules (217IF, 218IF, 260IF, 261IF).
Machine Controller MP900/MP2000 Series User's Manual, Ladder Programming	SIEZ-C887-1.2	Describes the instructions used in MP900/MP2000 ladder programming.
Machine Controller MP900/MP2000 Series User's Manual Motion Programming	SIEZ-C887-1.3	Describes the instructions used in MP900/MP2000 motion programming.
Engineering Tool for MP2000-series Machine Controller MPE720 Version 6 User's Manual	SIEPC88070030	Describes the installation and operation of the engi- neering tools for MP2000-series Machine Controller MPE720 Version 6.
Machine Controller MP900/MP2000 Series MPE720 Software for Programming Device User's Manual	SIEP C880700 05	Describes how to install and operate the MP900/ MP2000-series programming system (MPE720).
∑ Series SGM⊡/SGDB User's Manual High-speed Field Network MECHATROLINK-compatible AC Servo Drivers	SIEZ-S800-26.4	Describes the $\Sigma$ Series SERVOPACK models, specifications, and capacity selection methods.
Σ-II Series SGM□H/SGDM User's Manual	SIEP S800000 15	Describes the installation, wiring, trial operation, function applications methods, maintenance, and inspection of the $\Sigma$ -II Series SERVOPACKs.
Σ-III Series SGM□□/SGDS User's Manual	SIEP S800000 00	Describes the models, specifications, wiring, trial operation, adjustment, function application methods, maintenance, and inspection of the $\Sigma$ -III Series SER-VOPACKs and Servomotors.
Σ-III Series SGMDS/SGDS Digital Operator Operating Instructions	TOBP S800000 01	Describes the operating methods of the JUSP-OP05A Digital Operator.
Σ-III Series SGM⊡S/SGDS MECHATROLINK-II SERVOPACKs with Communication User's Manual	SIEP S800000 11	Describes the models, specifications, wiring, trial operation, adjustment, function application methods, maintenance, inspection, and MECHATROLINK communication of the $\Sigma$ -III Series SERVOPACKs and Servomotors.
Machine Controller MP900/MP2000 Series Linear Servomotor Manual	SIEP C880700 06	Describes the connection methods, setting methods, and other information for Linear Servomotors.
Machine Controller MP900/MP2000 Series New Ladder Editor User's Manual Programming Manual	SIEZ-C887-13.1	Describes the programming instructions of the New Ladder Editor, which assists MP900/MP2000-series design and maintenance.
Machine Controller MP900/MP2000 Series New Ladder Editor User's Manual Operation	SIEZ-C887-13.2	Describes the operating methods of the New Ladder Editor, which assists MP900/MP2000-series design and maintenance.
Machine Controller MP900/MP2000 Series User's Manual, MECHATROLINK System	SIEZ-C887-5.1	Describes MECHATROLINK distributed I/O for MP900/MP2000-series Machine Controllers.

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- Ethernet is a registered trademark of the Xerox Corporation.
- Microsoft, Windows, Windows NT, and Internet Explorer are registered trademarks of the Microsoft Corporation.
- Pentium is a registered trademark of the Intel Corporation.

## Safety Information

The following conventions are used to indicate precautions in this manual. These precautions are provided to ensure the safe operation of the MP2300S and connected devices. Information marked as shown below is important for the safety of the user. Always read this information and heed the precautions that are provided. The conventions are as follows:



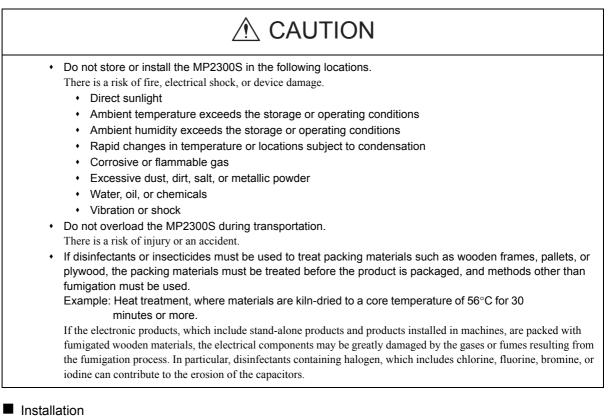
## Safety Precautions

The following precautions are for checking products on delivery, storage, transportation, installation, wiring, operation, application, inspection, and disposal. These precautions are important and must be observed.

#### General Precautions

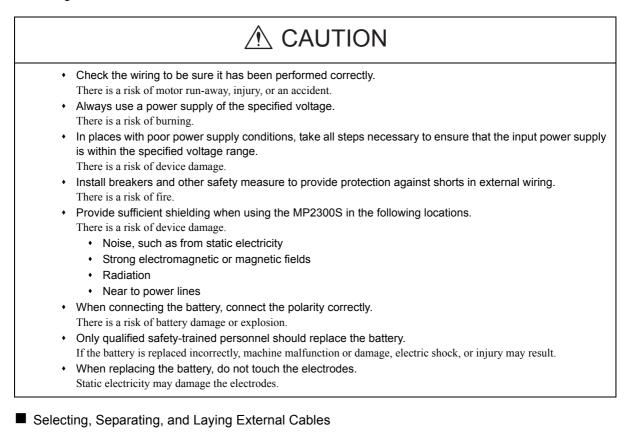
	A WARNING
•	Before connecting the machine and starting operation, ensure that an emergency stop procedure has been provided and is working correctly. There is a risk of injury.
•	Do not touch anything inside the MP2300S. There is a risk of electrical shock.
•	Always keep the front cover attached when power is being supplied. There is a risk of electrical shock.
•	Observe all procedures and precautions given in this manual for trial operation. Operating mistakes while the servomotor and machine are connected may damage the machine or even cause acci- dents resulting in injury or death. There is a risk of electrical shock.
•	Do not remove the front cover, cables, connector, or options while power is being supplied. There is a risk of electrical shock.
•	There is a risk of electrical shock, operational failure or burning of the MP2300S.
•	Do not attempt to modify the MP2300S in any way. There is a risk of injury or device damage.
•	Do not approach the machine when there is a momentary interruption to the power supply. When power is restored, the MP2300S and the device connected to it may start operation suddenly. Provide safety measures in advance to ensure human safety in the event that operation restarts suddenly. There is a risk of injury.
•	Do not allow installation, disassembly, or repairs to be performed by anyone other than specified person- nel. There is a risk of electrical shock or injury.

#### Storage and Transportation



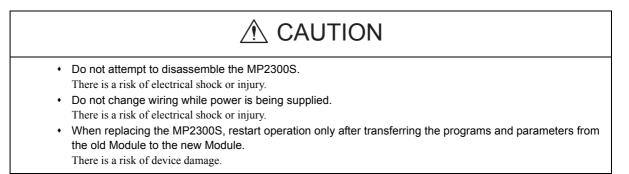
<ul> <li>Never use the MP2300S in locations subject to water, corrosive atmospheres, or flammable gas, or near burnable objects. There is a risk of electrical shock or fire.</li> <li>Do not step on the MP2300S or place heavy objects on the MP2300S. There is a risk of injury.</li> <li>Do not block the air exhaust port or allow foreign objects to enter the MP2300S. There is a risk of element deterioration inside, an accident, or fire.</li> <li>Always mount the MP2300S in the specified orientation. There is a risk of an accident.</li> <li>Do not subject the MP2300S to strong shock. There is a risk of an accident.</li> </ul>	r

Wiring



<ul> <li>Consider the following items when selecting the I/O signal lines (external cables) to connect the MP2300S to external devices.</li> <li>Mechanical strength</li> <li>Noise interference</li> <li>Wiring distance</li> <li>Signal voltage, etc.</li> <li>Separate the I/O signal lines from the power lines both inside and outside the control box to reduce the influence of noise from the power lines. If the I/O signal lines and power lines are not separated properly, malfunctioning may result.</li> </ul>					
Example of Separated External Cables Steel separator Power circuit cables OOOO OOO OOOO					

Maintenance and Inspection Precautions



#### Disposal Precautions

## ▲ CAUTION

· Dispose of the MP2300S as general industrial waste.

#### General Precautions

## Observe the following general precautions to ensure safe application.

- The products shown in illustrations in this manual are sometimes shown without covers or protective guards. Always replace the cover or protective guard as specified first, and then operate the products in accordance with the manual.
  - The drawings presented in this manual are typical examples and may not match the product you received.
- If the manual must be ordered due to loss or damage, inform your nearest Yaskawa representative or one of the offices listed on the back of this manual.

### Warranty

#### (1) Details of Warranty

#### Warranty Period

The warranty period for a product that was purchased (hereafter called "delivered product") is one year from the time of delivery to the location specified by the customer or 18 months from the time of shipment from the Yaskawa factory, whichever is sooner.

#### Warranty Scope

Yaskawa shall replace or repair a defective product free of change if a defect attributable to Yaskawa occurs during the warranty period above. This warranty does not cover defects caused by the delivered product reaching the end of its service life and replacement of parts that require replacement or that have a limited service life.

This warranty does not cover failures that result from any of the following causes.

- 1. Improper handling, abuse, or use in unsuitable conditions or in environments not described in product catalogs or manuals, or in any separately agreed-upon specifications
- 2. Causes not attributable to the delivered product itself
- 3. Modifications or repairs not performed by Yaskawa
- 4. Abuse of the delivered product in a manner in which it was not originally intended
- 5. Causes that were not foreseeable with the scientific and technological understanding at the time of shipment from Yaskawa
- 6. Events for which Yaskawa is not responsible, such as natural or human-made disasters

#### (2) Limitations of Liability

- 1. Yaskawa shall in no event be responsible for any damage or loss of opportunity to the customer that arises due to failure of the delivered product.
- 2. Yaskawa shall not be responsible for any programs (including parameter settings) or the results of program execution of the programs provided by the user or by a third party for use with programmable Yaskawa products.
- 3. The information described in product catalogs or manuals is provided for the purpose of the customer purchasing the appropriate product for the intended application. The use thereof does not guarantee that there are no infringements of intellectual property rights or other proprietary rights of Yaskawa or third parties, nor does it construe a license.
- 4. Yaskawa shall not be responsible for any damage arising from infringements of intellectual property rights or other proprietary rights of third parties as a result of using the information described in catalogs or manuals.

#### (3) Suitability for Use

- 1. It is the customer's responsibility to confirm conformity with any standards, codes, or regulations that apply if the Yaskawa product is used in combination with any other products.
- 2. The customer must confirm that the Yaskawa product is suitable for the systems, machines, and equipment used by the customer.
- 3. Consult with Yaskawa to determine whether use in the following applications is acceptable. If use in the application is acceptable, use the product with extra allowance in ratings and specifications, and provide safety measures to minimize hazards in the event of failure.
  - Outdoor use, use involving potential chemical contamination or electrical interference, or use in conditions or environments not described in product catalogs or manuals
  - Nuclear energy control systems, combustion systems, railroad systems, aviation systems, vehicle systems, medical equipment, amusement machines, and installations subject to separate industry or government regulations
  - Systems, machines, and equipment that may present a risk to life or property
  - Systems that require a high degree of reliability, such as systems that supply gas, water, or electricity, or systems that operate continuously 24 hours a day
  - · Other systems that require a similar high degree of safety
- 4. Never use the product for an application involving serious risk to life or property without first ensuring that the system is designed to secure the required level of safety with risk warnings and redundancy, and that the Yaskawa product is properly rated and installed.
- 5. The circuit examples and other application examples described in product catalogs and manuals are for reference. Check the functionality and safety of the actual devices and equipment to be used before using the product.
- 6. Read and understand all use prohibitions and precautions, and operate the Yaskawa product correctly to prevent accidental harm to third parties.

#### (4) Specifications Change

The names, specifications, appearance, and accessories of products in product catalogs and manuals may be changed at any time based on improvements and other reasons. The next editions of the revised catalogs or manuals will be published with updated code numbers. Consult with your Yaskawa representative to confirm the actual specifications before purchasing a product.

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**Revision History** 

# 

## Overview

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## 1.1 MP2300S Features

The MP2300S is a small all-in-one machine controller, and successor to the MP2000 series in function and performance. It is characterized by the following standard features:

#### Standard Feature Motion Network MECHATROLINK-II

- Controls up to 16 axes of servos supporting MECHATROLINK-II.
- Connects up to 21 stations including I/Os.

#### Standard Feature Ethernet (100Mbps)

- Allows high-speed communications with the engineering tool MPE720.
- Enables communication without a ladder program by using a touch panel (automatic receive function).
- Enables communication without a ladder program by using an upper PLC (I/O message communication function).

#### Scalability Ensured in Preparation for Single Optional Slot

- Single optional slot ensures scalability. The existing optional modules of MP2000 series are available.
- An optional module allows the use of various open networks, such as CC-Link, DeviceNet, and PROFIBUS.
- Connecting an SVB-01 module to the optional slot allows the synchronized control of up to 32 axes of servos.

#### Capable of a Synchronous Distributed System with MECHATROLINK

- The MP2300S has a CPU synchronous function using MECHATROLINK communications. This is a new function in the MP2000 series Machine Controllers.
- A sync operation between slave controllers is made possible by connecting the MP2300S as a slave with an MP2000 series model as a master via MECHATROLINK-II.
- The controller's load balancing affords a high-speed synchronization of multi-axis motions.

#### Simple Programming

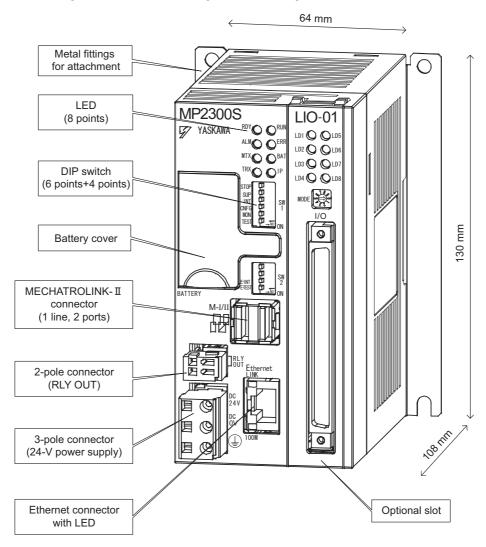
- The operation procedures needed before performing a motion operation are significantly reduced.
- You can start up a motion program from an upper PLC without the need for programming, simply by creating the motion program and registering execution orders.

## 1.2 MP2300S Configuration

The MP2300S is configured with one Basic Module and an optional slot.

#### 1.2.1 Basic Module Appearance

The following figure shows the external appearance of the Basic Module with metal fittings for attachment. Also, the values in the figure do not include the length of metal fittings.



1.2.2 MP2300S Modules

#### 1.2.2 MP2300S Modules

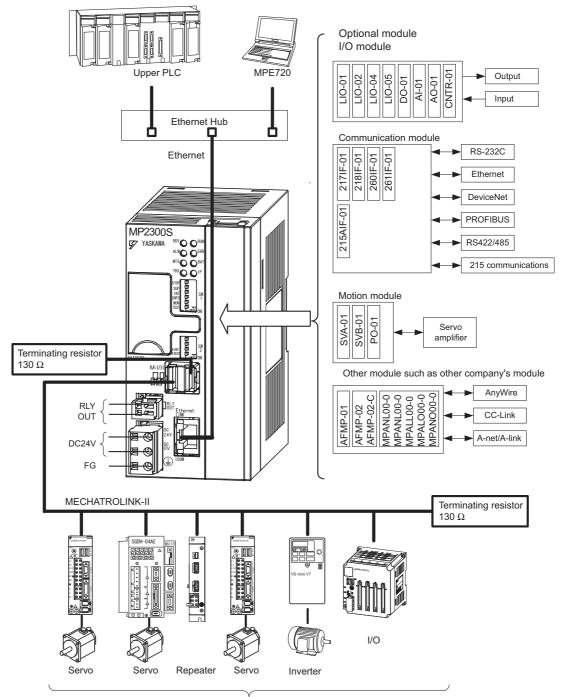
(	Group	Name	Description	Model	Specifications
Basic Module		Basic Module	MP2300S	JAPMC- MP2300S-E	MECHATROLINK-I and -II Interface Ethernet communications
		MECHATROLINK Motion Module	SVB-01	JAPMC-MC2310	MECHATROLINK-I and -II, Interface 16 axes maximum
	Motion Modules	Analog Output Motion Module	SVA-01	JAPMC-MC2300	Analog output, 2 axes maximum
		Pulse Output Motion Module	PO-01	JAPMC-PL2310	Pulse output, max. 4 axes
		I/O Module	LIO-01	JAPMC-IO2300	16 inputs, 16 outputs (sink mode output) 1 pulse input
		I/O Module	LIO-02	JAPMC-IO2301	16 inputs, 16 outputs (source mode output) 1 pulse input
		I/O Module	LIO-04	JAPMC-IO2303	32 inputs, 32 outputs (sink mode output)
	I/O Modules	I/O Module	LIO-05	JAPMC-IO2304	32 inputs, 32 outputs (source mode output)
		Output Module	DO-01	JAPMC-DO2300	64 outputs (sink mode output)
		Analog Input Module	AI-01	JAPMC-AN2300	Analog input, 8 channels
Optional		Analog Output Module	AO-01	JAPMC-AN2310	Analog input, 4 channels
Modules		Counter Module	CNTR-01	ЈАРМС- РL2300-Е	Reversible counter, 2 channels
		Ethernet Communica- tion Module	218IF-01	JAPMC-CM2300	RS-232C and Ethernet communication
		General-purpose Serial Communication Module	217IF-01	JAPMC-CM2310	RS-232C and RS422/485 communication
	Communica- tion Modules	DeviceNet Communication Module	260IF-01	JAPMC-CM2320	RS-232C and DeviceNet communication
		PROFIBUS Communication Module	261IF-01	JAPMC-CM2330	RS-232C and PROFIBUS communication
		MPLINK/CP-215 Communication Module	215AIF-01	JAPMC-CM2330 JAPMC-CM2361	RS-232C, MPLINK, and CP-215 communi- cations

The following table shows the names and specifications of the Basic Module and Optional Modules.

## 1.3 System Configuration

#### 1.3.1 Example

The following diagram shows an example of system configuration.



Max. 21 stations including I/O. (Max. 16 stations servo can be included.)

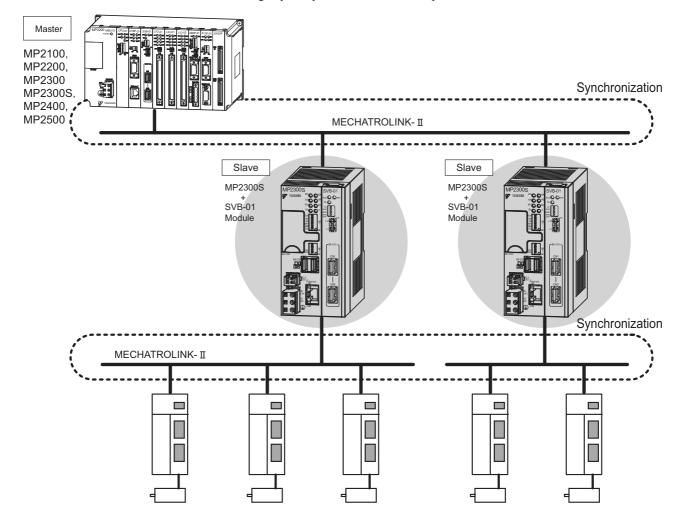
1.3.2 Example of Distributed Synchronizing System

- For the details on the system configuration example, refer to 4.2.1 (1) System Layout Model on page 4-3.
- Use the connecting cables and connectors recommended by Yaskawa. Always check the device to be used and select the correct cable for the device.
- Different SERVOPACKs are connected to MECHATROLINK-I (4 Mbps) and MECHATROLINK-II (10 Mbps). Refer to *1.4.1 SERVOPACKs* on page 1-7 and select the appropriate SERVOPACKs.
- If devices compatible with MECHATROLINK-I and with MECHATROLINK-II are used together, make the settings for MECHATROLINK-I.
- The user must supply the 24-VDC power supply.
- When connecting SERVOPACKs via MECHATROLINK, connect the overtravel, zero point return deceleration limit switch, and external latch signals to the SERVOPACKs. For connection, refer to the SERVOPACK's manual.

#### 1.3.2 Example of Distributed Synchronizing System

If some MP2300S are connected as slaves and other MP2000-series Machine Controllers are connected via MECHA-TROLINK-II, slaves can operate synchronously.

Distribution of the load realizes the high-speed synchronization of multiple axes.



1.4.1 SERVOPACKs

## 1.4 MECHATROLINK-compatible Devices

The devices that are compatible with MECHATROLINK and can be connected to the MP2300S and the SVB-01 Module are listed below.

#### 1.4.1 SERVOPACKs

Model Number	Details	MECHATROLINK-I	MECHATROLINK-II
SGDV-DDD1DD	SGDV SERVOPACK	Yes	Yes
SGDS-DDD1DD	SGDS SERVOPACK	Yes	Yes
SGDH-DDDE JUSP-NS115	SGDH SERVOPACK NS115 MECHATROLINK-II Interface Unit	Yes	Yes
SGDH-DDDE JUSP-NS100	SGDH SERVOPACK NS110 MECHATROLINK-I Interface Units	Yes	No
SGD-□□□N SGDB-□□AN	MECHATROLINK compatible AC SERVO- PACKs	Yes	No

#### 1.4.2 Modules

Model Number	Details	MECHATROLINK-I	MECHATROLINK-II
JEPMC-IO2310	64-point I/O Module 24 VDC, 64 inputs, 64 outputs (sink mode output)	Yes	Yes
JEPMC-IO2330	64-point I/O Module 24 VDC, 64 inputs, 64 outputs (source mode output)	Yes	Yes
JEPMC-PL2900	Counter Module Reversible counter, 2 channels	Yes	Yes
JEPMC-PL2910	Pulse Output Module Pulse output, 2 channels	Yes	Yes
JEPMC-AN2900	A/D Module Analog inputs, -10 to 10 V, 4 channels	Yes	Yes
JEPMC-AN2910	D/A Module Analog outputs, -10 to 10 V, 2 channels	Yes	Yes
JEPMC-IO350	64-point I/O Module 24 VDC, 64 inputs, 64 outputs	Yes	No
JAMSC-120DDI34330	DC Input Module 12/24 VDC, 16 inputs	Yes	No
JAMSC-120DDO34340	DC Output Module 12/24 VDC, 16 outputs	Yes	No
JAMSC-120DAI53330	AC Input Module 100 VAC, 8 inputs	Yes	No
JAMSC-120DAI73330	AC Input Module 200 VAC, 8 inputs	Yes	No
JAMSC-120DAO83330	AC Output Module 100/200 VAC, 8 outputs	Yes	No
JAMSC-120DRA83030	Relay Module Wide voltage range relay contacts, 8 contact outputs	Yes	No
JAMSC-120AVI02030	A/D Module Analog inputs, -10 to 10 V, 4 channels	Yes	No
JAMSC-120AVO01030	D/A Module Analog outputs, -10 to 10 V, 2 channels	Yes	No
JAMSC-120EHC21140	Counter Module Reversible counter, 2 channels	Yes	No
JAMSC-120MMB20230	Pulse Output Module Pulse output, 2 channels	Yes	No
JEPMC-REP2000	MECHATROLINK-II Repeater	No	Yes
JEVSA-YV250	MYVIS (image processing device)	Yes	Yes

## 1.5 Cables and Accessories

#### 1.5.1 Cables

The following table shows the cables that can be connected to the MP2300S Basic Module and Optional Modules.

Module	Module Connector Application		Model	Specifications
MP2300S Basic Module	Ethernet	Ethernet communication cable	Provided by customers.	-
		MECHATROLINK-I cable	JEPMC-W6010-DD *with a MECHATROLINK connector and loose wires	Used between the devices listed below SVB-01 and SGD-□□□N SVB-01 and SGDB-□□AN
		MECHATROLINK-I terminator	JEPMC-W6020	-
MP2300S Basic Module and SVB-01	M-I/II	MECHATROLINK-II cable	JEPMC-W6002- *with MECHATROLINK connectors on both ends JEPMC-W6003- *with MECHATROLINK connectors on both ends *with ferrite core	Used between the devices listed below SVB-01 and I/O Unit, SVB-01 and SGDH-DE+NS100 SVB-01 and SGDH-DE+NS115 SVB-01 and SGDS-DD11D
		MECHATROLINK-II terminator	JEPMC-W6022	-
SVA-01	CN/1 CN/2	Cable for analog reference input SERVOPACK	JEPMC-W2040-□□	Used between the devices listed below SVA-01 and SGDM/SGDH SVA-01 and SGDS-□□□01□ SVA-01 and SGDS-□□□02□
LIO-01 LIO-02	I/O	External I/O cable	JEPMC-W2061-□□ *Loose wires on one end	Used between LIO-01/02 and external I/O device
LIO-04 LIO-05 CN/1, CN/2		External I/O cable	JEPMC-W6060-□□ *Loose wires on one end	Used between LIO-04/05 and external I/O device
DO-01 CN/1, CN/2		External output cable	JEPMC-W6060-□□ *Loose wires on one end	Used between DO-01 and external I/O device
AI-01 CN/1, CN/2		Analog input cable	JEPMC-W6080-□□ *Loose wires on one end	Used between AI-01 and analog external input device
AO-01 CN/1		Analog output cable	JEPMC-W6090-□□ *Loose wires on one end	Used between AO-01 and analog external output device
CNTR-01 CN/1		Cable for CNTR-01 Module	JEPMC-W2063E-□□ *Loose wires on one end	Used between CNTR-01 and external I/O device
PORT Communica- tion Module communica-		RS-232C communication cable	JEPMC-W5310-□□	Used between RS-232C port and 25-pin male D-sub connector
	tion modules)	cable	JEPMC-W5311-□□	Used between RS-232C port and DOS/V
218IF-01	10Base-T	Ethernet communication cable		Cross cable (Category 3 min.)
			Use a commercially avail-	Module-side connector: 1010214-52A2JL (manufactured by Sumitomo 3M)
217IF-01	RS422/485 RS422/485 cable	RS422/485 communication cable		Cable-side connector: 10114-3000VE (manufactured by Sumit- omo 3M)
			able cable.	Shell: 10314-52A0-008 (manufactured by Sumitomo 3M)
260IF-01	260IF-01DeviceNetDeviceNet communication cable261IF-01PROFIBUSPROFIBUS communication cable			Module-side connector: MSTB2-5/5-GF-5.08AM (manufactured by Phoenix Contact K.K.)
261IF-01				Module-side connector: 17LE-13090-27(D33C) (manufactured by DDK Ltd.)

#### 1.5.2 Accessories and Options

Name	Accessory/Optional	Model	Remarks
Battery	Accessory	JZSP-BA01	ER3VC + exclusive use connector (BA000517)
Power Supply Connector	Accessory	721-203/026	Cable side
RLY OUT Connector	Accessory	734-YE102	Cable side
DIN Rail Mounting Parts	Accessory	JEPMC-OP300	1 pair
Terminator (Terminating Resistor)	Accessory	JEPMC-W6022	Q'ty: 1
Metal Fittings for Attachment	Optional	JEPMC-OP2300S-E	_

#### 1.5.3 Software (Programming Tool)

The MPE720, programming tool for MP2300S, is available.

Name	Model	Remarks
MPE720	CPMC-MPE720 (Ver. 5.38 or later)	CD-ROM (1 disk)
MPE720 Version 6	CPMC-MPE720 (Ver. 6.04 or later)	CD-ROM (1 disk)

## Specifications and Functions

This chapter explains detailed specifications for the Basic Module and Optional Modules of the MP2300S.

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2.1.1 General Specifications

## 2.1 Specifications

## 2.1.1 General Specifications

Item		Specifications
	Ambient Oper- ating Tempera- ture	0°C to 55°C
	Ambient Stor- age Tempera- ture	-25°C to 85°C
Environmental Conditions	Ambient Oper- ating Humidity	30% to 95% (with no condensation)
	Ambient Stor- age Humidity	5% to 95% (with no condensation)
	Pollution Level	Pollution level 1 (conforming to JIS B 3501)
	Corrosive Gas	There must be no combustible or corrosive gas.
	Operating Altitude	2,000 m above sea level or lower
Mechanical Operating Conditions	Vibration Resistance	<ul> <li>Conforming to JIS B 3502:</li> <li>10 to 57 Hz with single-amplitude of 0.075 mm</li> <li>57 to 150 Hz with fixed acceleration of 9.8 m/s<sup>2</sup></li> <li>10 sweeps each in X, Y, and Z directions (sweep time: 1 octave/min.)</li> </ul>
	Shock Resis- tance	Conforming to JIS B 3502: Peak acceleration of 147 $m/s^2$ (15 G) twice for 11 ms each in the X, Y, and Z directions
Electrical Operating Conditions	Noise Resis- tance	Conforming to EN 61000-6-2, EN 55011 (Group 1, Class A) Power supply noise (FT noise): 2 Kv min., for one minute Radiation noise (FT noise): 1 Kv min., for one minute
Installation Requirements	Ground	Ground to 100 $\Omega$ max.
	Cooling Method	Natural cooling

#### 2.1.2 Product Specifications

The following table shows the product specifications of the MP2300S.

	Items	MP2300S
External Dimension	าร	64 mm × 130 mm × 108 mm
Number of Optiona	I Slots	1 slot
	Number of Basic Control Axes	16 axes
Number of Control Axes	Maximum Number of Control Axes	32 axes (when one SVB-01 is added.)
	Number of Virtual Axis Controlling Axes	16 axes
	Communication System	MECHATROLINK-I, MECHATROLINK-II (32 byte), or MECHATROLINK-II (17 byte)
	Communication Cycle (M-II)	0.5 ms, 1 ms, 1.5 ms, or 2 ms
MECHATROLINK	Maximum Number of Connectable Stations (M-II)	21 stations (up to 16 servo stations)
	Slave Function	
	Slave Synchronous Function	$\checkmark$
Scan Interval	High-speed Scan	0.5 ms to 32 ms (per 0.5 ms)
Setting	Low-speed Scan	2.0 ms to 300 ms (per 0.5 ms)
Communication I/F	Ethernet	100Base-TX 1 port
I/O	On-board I/O	– (Optional)
10	Output Signal during RUN	$\checkmark$
	SDRAM	32 MB
Memory Capacity	SRAM	512 KB (Battery backup)
Memory Capacity	FLASH	8 MB
	Program Capacity	5.5 MB
	Ladder Language	$\checkmark$
Programming	Motion Language	
Language	Sequence Program	
	C Language	$\checkmark$

\* Symbols in the table mean as follows. M-I: MECHATROLINK-I, M-II: MECHATROLINK-II  $\sqrt{:}$  Available, –: Not available

#### 2.1.3 Function Lists

#### (1) PLC Function Specifications

The following table shows the PLC function specifications.

Item	Specifications			
Control Method	Sequence: High-speed and low-speed scan methods			
Programming Language	Ladder diagram: Relay circuit Text-type language: Numeric operations, logic operations, etc.			
	Two scan levels: High-speed scan ar	nd low-speed scan		
Scan		0.5 to 32 ms (Integral multiple of MECHATROLINK communi- cation cycle)		
		to 300 ms (Integral multiple of MECHATROLINK communi- cation cycle)		
	Startup drawings (DWG.A):	64 drawings max. Up to three hierarchical drawing levels		
	Interrupt processing drawings (DWG.I):	64 drawings max. Up to three hierarchical drawing levels		
User Drawings, Functions and Motion	High-speed scan process drawings (DWG.H):	200 drawings max. Up to three hierarchical drawing levels		
Programs	Low-speed scan process drawings (DWGL):	500 drawings max. Up to three hierarchical drawing levels		
	Number of steps: User functions:	Up to 1,000 steps per drawing Up to 500 functions		
	Motion programs and sequence prog			
	Revision history of drawings and motion programs Security function for drawings and motion programs			
	Common data (M) registers:	64 kwords		
	System (S) registers:	8 kwords		
Data Memory	Drawing local (D) registers: Drawing constant (#) registers:	Up to 16 kwords per drawing Up to 16 kwords per drawing		
Data Memory	Input (I) registers:	32 kwords (including internal input registers)		
	Output (O) registers:	32 kwords (including internal output registers)		
	Constant (C) registers:	16 kwords		
Trace Memory	Data trace: 128 kwords (32 kwords × 4 groups), 16 points defined			
		: 8 MBytes (User area: 5.5 MBytes) definition files,		
Memory Backup	ladder programs, motion programs, etc.			
	Data other than battery backup data Data memory: Battery backup 512 kbytes. M registers: S registers: alarm history, trace data			
	Data memory: Battery backup: 512 kbytes, M registers, S registers, alarm history, trace data         Bit (relay):       ON/OFF			
Data Types	Integer: -32768	to +32767		
Data Types	6 6	83648 to +2147483647		
		5E-38 to 3.402E+38)		
Register Designation		lesignation of register number alphanumeric characters (up to 200 symbols per drawing)		
Method		itomatic number or symbol assignment		
	Program control instructions:	14 instructions		
	Direct I/O instructions:	2 instructions		
	Relay circuit instructions:	14 instructions (including set and reset coils)		
	Logic operation instructions:	3 instructions		
	Numeric operation instructions:	16 instructions		
Instructions	Numeric conversion instructions:	9 instructions		
	Numeric comparison instructions:	7 instructions 14 instructions		
	Data manipulation instructions: Basic function instructions:	10 instructions		
	Table data manipulation instructions			
	DDC instructions:	13 instructions		

#### (2) Motion Control Function Specifications

The following table lists the motion control function specifications for the MP2300S.

		Item	Specifications	
Interface			MECHATROLINK-I, MECHATROLINK-II	
Number of Controlled Axes/Module		Axes/Module	Up to 16 axes (up to 32 axes when an SVB Modules are mounted)	
PTP Control Interpolation			Linear, rotary, and infinite-length	
		on	Up to 16 linear axes, 2 circular axes, and 3 helical axes	
	Speed Re	ference Output	Yes (Only with MECHATROLINK-II)	
	Torque Re	eference Output	Yes (Only with MECHATROLINK-II)	
	Phase Co	ntrol	Yes (Only with MECHATROLINK-II)	
Control		Positioning	Yes	
Specifica-		External positioning	Yes	
tions		Zero point return	Yes	
		Interpolation	Yes	
	Position Control	Interpolation with posi- tion detection function	Yes	
	Control	JOG operation	Yes	
		STEP operation	Yes	
		Parameter changes during motion com- mand execution	Yes (Only with MECHATROLINK-II in 32-byte mode)	
Reference	Unit		mm, inch, deg, or pulse	
Reference	Unit Minim	um Setting	1, 0.1, 0.01, 0.001, 0.0001, 0.00001	
Maximum	Programma	able Value	-2147483648 to +2147483647 (signed 32-bit value)	
Speed Ref	erence Uni	t	Reference unit/s designation: mm/s, inch/s, deg/s, pulse/s Reference unit/min. designation: mm/min., inch/ min., deg/min., pulse/min. Percentage designation: Percentage of rated speed	
Acceleratio	on/Decelera	ation Type	Linear, asymmetric, S-curve, exponent	
Acceleratio	on/Decelera	ation Reference Unit	Reference unit/s <sup>2</sup> designation: mm/s <sup>2</sup> , inch/s <sup>2</sup> , deg/s <sup>2</sup> , pulse/s <sup>2</sup> Acceleration/deceleration time constant: Time from 0 to rated speed (ms)	
Override F	unction		Positioning: 0.01% to 327.67% by axis	
Coordinate	e System		Rectangular coordinates	
		hase-C pulse	Yes	
	ZERO sig	nal	Yes	
	DEC1+Z	ERO signal	Yes	
	Phase-C		Yes	
	Only Phase-C pulse		Yes	
POT and Phase-C pulse Zero		Phase-C pulse	Yes	
Point			Yes	
Return			Yes	
	HOME		Yes	
	NOT and Phase-C pulse		Yes	
	NOT		Yes	
	INPUT an	d Phase-C pulse	Yes	
	INPUT		Yes	

2.1.3 Function Lists

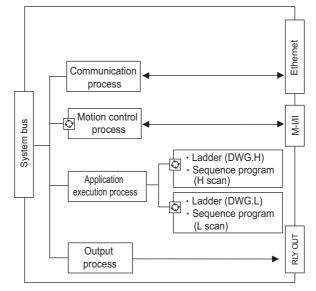
Item	Specifications		
Applicable SERVOPACKs	MECHATROLINK-I SERVOPACKs SGD-□□□N SGDB-□□AN SGDH-□□□E + NS100 SGDS-□□1□□ SGDV-□□1□□	<ul> <li>MECHATROLINK-II</li> <li>SERVOPACKs</li> <li>SGDH-□□□E + NS115</li> <li>SGDS-□□□1□□</li> <li>SGDV-□□□1□□</li> </ul>	
Encoders	<ul><li>Incremental Encoder</li><li>Yaskawa Absolute Encoder</li></ul>		

## 2.2 Basic Module

This section describes the functions, the external appearance, the LED indicators, the setting switches, and the hardware specifications of the MP2300S Basic Module and also describes the virtual motion module (SVR).

#### 2.2.1 Outline of Functions

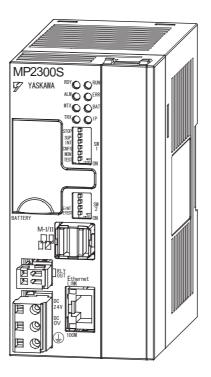
The Basic Module is an all-in-one, compact module that combines power supply, CPU, and 218IFA in one module. The Basic Module has both motion control and sequence control functions. With a slot option slot configuration, Optional Modules can be selected freely and the optimum system can be built for your machine. An outline of the Basic Module functions is shown in the following diagram.



Istandard at fixed itervals

2.2.2 External Appearance, LED Indicators, and Switch Settings

#### (1) External Appearance



#### (2) Indicators

The following table shows the indicators that show the operating status of the Basic Module and error information.

Indicator	Color	Status
RDY	Green	Lights up during normal operation.
RUN	Green	Lights up during execution of user program.
ALM	Red	Lights up or blinks when warning occurs.
ERR	Red	Lights up or blinks when malfunction occurs.
MTX	Green	Lights up when submitting MECHATROLINK-I/ MECHA- TROLINK-II data.
BAT	Red	Lights up during battery alarm.
TRX	Green	Lights up when transmitting and receiving Ethernet data.
IP	Green	Lights up when an IP address setting is completed. Blinks when Ethernet port error occurs.

• For details on indicator meanings, refer to 8.2.3 (2) LED Indicator Meanings on page 8-7.

<sup>2.2.2</sup> External Appearance, LED Indicators, and Switch Settings

#### (3) Switch Settings

The DIP switch sets the operating conditions for the Basic Module when the power is turned ON.

#### [a] SW1



No.	Name	Setting	Operating Mode	Default	Details
S1-6	STOP	ON	User program stopped	OFF	Stops the user program execution. Enabled only when the power is turned ON.
31-0	STOP	OFF	User program running		
S1-5	SUP	ON	System load	OFF	If set to ON, starts in a mode that can change the version.
51-5		OFF	Normal operation	011	
	INIT	ON	Memory clear		Set to ON to clear the memory. If this switch is set to OFF, the program stored in flash memory will be executed.
S1-4		OFF	Normal operation	OFF	
S1-3	CNFG	ON	Self-configuration mode	OFF	Set to ON to execute self-configuration for con- nected devices.
51-5		OFF	Normal operation	011	
S1-2	MON	ON	System use	OFF	Always leave set to OFF.
51-2		OFF	Normal operation	011	
S1-1	TEST	ON	System use	OFF	Always leave set to OFF.
51-1		OFF	Normal operation		

2.2.2 External Appearance, LED Indicators, and Switch Settings

#### [b] SW2

Sets the Ethernet port condition and other operating conditions.

The change of switch setting is invalid after the power is turned ON (read only when the module is initialized by software).

No.	Switch Name	State	Operation Mode	Default	Description
S2-4	_	ON	Reserved	OFF	Reserved for future use
		OFF	Keserveu		
S2-3	Ι	ON	Reserved	OFF	Reserved for future use
52-5		OFF	Keserveu		
S2-2	E-INIT	ON	Transmission parameter for Ethernet, default	OFF	When ON, transmission parameters such as an IP address are set to default at startup.
		OFF	Normal operation		
S2-1	E-TEST	ON	System use	OFF	Always leave set to OFF
		OFF	Normal operation	011	

#### 2.2.3 Specifications

#### (1) Hardware Specifications

The following table shows hardware specifications for the basic module:

	Item	Specifications		
Classific	ation	Basic Module		
Name		MP2300S		
Model N	umber	JEPMC-MP2300S-E		
Power	Input Voltage	24 VDC (± 20%)		
	Input Current*	1 A max. (during input/output rating)		
	Inrush Current*	40 A max. (full discharge state, during output rating, or the secondary output of the external 24 V power supply is turned ON)		
	Allowable Power Loss Time	2 ms		
Unit	Rated Voltage	5.0 V		
	Rated Current	2.0 A		
	Output Current Range	0.0 to 2.0 A		
	Constant Voltage Precision	±2% max. (including input voltage and output load fluctuations)		
	Battery	Battery for memory retention attachable		
Flash Me	emory	8 MBytes (User area 5.5 MBytes)		
SDRAM		32 MBytes		
SRAM		512 kBytes: M registers, S registers, trace memory, alarm history (battery backup)		
Motion N	letwork	MECHATROLINK: 1 channel SERVOPACK and I/O for up to 21 stations connectable (SERVOPACK for up to 16 axes) Baud rate: 4 Mbps (MECHATROLINK-I) or 10 Mbps (MECHATROLINK-II)		
Commur	nication Function	Ethernet: 100BASE-TX/10BASE-T		
Calenda	r	Seconds to year timer (Battery backup)		
Connect	ors	POWER: Power supply connector M-I/II: MECHATROLINK connector Ethernet: Ethernet connector RLY OUT: RLY OUT connector		
Indicator	S	RDY(green), RUN(green), ALM(red), ERR(red), MTX(green), BAT(red), TRX(green), IP(green), LINK(yellow), 100M(green)		
Switches	3	STOP, SUP, INIT, CNFG, MON, TEST, E-INIT, and E-TEST		
Current	Consumption	1A max.		
Dimensi	ons (mm)	$64 \times 130 \times 108 (W \times H \times D)$		
Mass		390 g		

\* For the external 24V power supply, select a power supply which satisfies the specifications below as well as the rated current (not more than 1A):

- + Allowable output load capacity:  $1200 \mu F$  or more
- · Overcurrent detection is automatically restored by removing causes

However, except that the primary side (AC side) of the external 24V power supply is turned ON/OFF.

2.2.4 218IFA Module (Ethernet)

#### 2.2.4 218IFA Module (Ethernet)

#### (1) Overview of 218IFA Module Functions

MP2300S built-in 218IFA module is a 10Base-T/100Base-TX Ethernet interface and a communication interface equipped as standard in MP2300S.

- 100Mbps transmission speed is supported (100Base-TX).
- Supports the following various communication protocols:
  - Support for MEMOBUS protocol, Extended MEMOBUS protocol
  - Support for MELSEC protocol
  - Support for MODBUS/TCP protocol
  - Support for non-procedure communication
- An I/O message communication function enables you the data exchange in the form of I/O image when communicating with upper PLC, eliminating you from creating a ladder program.
- An automatic receive function eliminates you from creating a ladder program when connected to the indicator and the like.
- Enables you to use as a standard interface with the engineering tool MPE720. In addition, provides a simple function for connecting with the engineering tool, allowing you to connect to MPE720 without the knowledge of MP2300S IP address.

## (2) Specification of 218IFA Module

The following table shows the specification of the 218IFA Module.

Iter	ns	MP2300S/218IFA
Communication Interface (N	Note1)	10Base-T/100Base-TX
Communication Protocol (N	lote2)	TCP/UDP/IP/ARP/ICMP
Maximum Number of Comr	nunication Connections	4+2 (I/O Message communication)
Maximum Number of Comr	nunication Channels	4+2 (I/O Message communication)
	MEMOBUS	Write: 100W Read: 125W
Manage Communication	Extended MEMOBUS	Write: 2043W Read: 2044W
Iessage Communication maximum)	MELSEC	Write: 1017W Read: 1017W
	MODBUS/TCP	Write: 100W Read: 125W
	Non-procedure	Write: 2046W
	MEMOBUS	Write: 100W Read: 125W
I/O Message Communication	Extended MEMOBUS	Write: 1024W Read: 1024W
(maximum)	MELSEC	Write: 256W Read: 256W
	MODBUS/TCP	Write: 100W Read: 125W
	MEMOBUS	0
Automatia Dessiva	Extended MEMOBUS	0
Automatic Receive	MELSEC	0
	MODBUS/TCP	0
Simple Function for Connect	cting with Engineering Tool	0

#### Note: 1. Communication Interface

The discrimination between 10Base-T/100Base-TX and full-duplex/half-duplex is done by 218IFA based on the remote equipment. When connecting to an equipment without automatic negotiation function, set the remote equipment to half-duplex mode.

Correspondence of Communication Mode

		De	vice to be connec	ted	
218IFA Module	Automatic Negotiation	10Base-T Half-duplex	10Base-T Full-duplex	100Base-TX Half-duplex	100Base-TX Full-duplex
Automatic Negotiation	Depends on the remote equip- ment	Communicates in 10Base-T half-duplex mode	Unable to communicate	Communicates in 100Base-TX half-duplex mode	Unable to communicate

2. Communication protocols

- TCP(Transmission Control Protocol): Connection-oriented transport layer protocol
- UDP(User Datagram Protocol): Connectionless transport layer protocol
- IP(Internet Protocol): Protocol for establishing a communication link between computers
- ICMP(Internet Control Message Protocol): Error control protocol for IP protocol
- ARP(Address Resolution Protocol): Address resolving protocol. Protocol for converting IP address into MAC address

## (3) Module Configuration Definition

### (a) Module Configuration Definition Screen Details

Click **MP2300S** in the **Controller** area to display the details of the Basic Modules' functions in the **Module Details** area. The cell No.2 provides a detailed definition of 218IFA.

2 CPU#: 1								
								,
ntroller								
Slot Number	00	01						
Module Type	MP23005	<ul> <li>UNDEFINED</li> </ul>	•					
Controller Number	70	-						
Circuit Number	-	-						
I/O Start Register								
I/O End Register								
Disable Input		-	•					
Disable Output		•	•					
Motion Start Register								
Motion End Register								
modon End Register								
Details								
	Running with network serv		virtual	axes, prograr	n contr	ol function.		
Details Status	with network serv		virtual	axes, progran	m contr	ol function.		
Details Status P23005: Controller module v pdule Details MP23005 SL	with network serv	vo control, ethernet	virtual	axes, prograr	m contr	ol function.	5	
Details Status P2300S: Controller module v	with network serv		virtual	3		4	5 M-EXECUTOR▼	
Details Status P23005: Controller module w odule Details: MP23005: SLI Slot Number	OT#00	ro control, ethernet		3		4	-	
Details Status P23005: Controller module v odule Details MP23005 SL Slot Number Module Type	OT#00	ro control, ethernet		3		4 SVR ▼	-	
Details Status P23005: Controller module v odule Details MP23005 SL Slot Number Module Type Controller Number	OT#00	ro control, ethernet		3		4 SVR • 01	-	
Details Status P23005: Controller module v odule Details MP23005 SL <u>Slot Number</u> Module Type Controller Number Circuit Number	OT#00	20 control, ethemet 2 2 18IFA 0 1 0 1		3 /B 1 1		4 SVR • 01 02	M-EXECUTOR - -	
Details Status P23005: Controller module v odule Details MP23005 SL Slot Number Module Type Controller Number Circuit Number I/O Start Register	OT#00 CT#00 CPU - 	0 control, ethernet 2 18IFA 01 01 0000		3 /B 1 1 800		4 SVR • 01 02 	M-EXECUTOR - - - 0C00	
Details Status P23005: Controller module v odule Details MP23005 SL Slot Number Module Type Controller Number Circuit Number I/O Statt Register I/O End Register	OT#00 CT#00 CPU - 	0 control, ethernet 2 18/FA 01 01 0000 07/FF	•	3 /B 1 1 800 3FF	<b>•</b>	4 SVR • 01 02 	M-EXECUTOR - - - 0C00	
Details Status P23005: Controller module v odule Details MP23005 SL Slot Number Module Type Controller Number I/O Start Register I/O End Register Disable Input	OT#00 CT#00 CPU - 	2 218IFA 01 010000 07FF Enable	•	3 /B 1 300 3FF nable	×	4 SVR • 01 02 	M-EXECUTOR - - - 0C00	
Details Status P23005: Controller module v odule Details MP23005 SL Slot Number Module Type Controller Number Circuit Number I/O Start Register I/O End Register Disable Input Disable Output	0 T #00	70 control, ethernet 2181FA 01 01 0000 07FF Enable Enable	•	3 /B 1 300 3FF nable nable	×	4 SVR • 01 02  •	M-EXECUTOR - - - 0C00 0C3F -	
Details Status P23005: Controller module v odule Details MP23005 SL Slot Number Module Type Controller Number Circuit Number I/O Start Register J/O End Register Disable Input Disable Output Motion Start Register	0 T #00	2 2 218IFA 01 01 01000 07FF Enable Enable 	•	3 78 1 800 8FF hable hable 000	¥	4 SVR ▼ 01 02  * 8800 8FFF	M-EXECUTOR - - - 0C00 0C3F 	

Items displayed in the Module Details area show the following meanings:

Items	Descriptions	Change
Slot Number	Sub-slot number. Double-click it to open the 218IFA detailed definition window.	-
Module Type	A module name is shown. Changing the name to UNDEFINED enables you to disable 218IFA functions.	$\checkmark$
Controller Number	Not used. Fixed at "-".	-
Circuit Number	Module's line number (valid range: 01-08)	
I/O Start Register	Start register of the I/O register used in the I/O message communication of 218IFA (valid range: 0000-7FFFh, size: 800h words)	$\checkmark$
I/O End Register	End register of the I/O register used in the I/O message communication of 218IFA (valid range: 0000-7FFFh, size: 800h words)	$\checkmark$
Disable Input	Input Enable/Disable.	
Disable Output	Output Enable/Disable.	
Motion Start Register	Not used. Fixed at "".	-
Motion End Register	Not used. Fixed at "".	-
Details	Not used.	-
Status	218IFA module status in online mode.	-

 $\checkmark$ : Available, –: Not available

## (4) 218IFA Module Detailed Screen

### (a) Displaying the 218IFA Module Detailed Window

The 218IFA Module Detailed Window is displayed by selecting **MP2300S** in the **Controller** area of the **Module Con-figuration** Window and double-clicking the cell No.2 in the **Module Details** field.

	CAL REF DIS	Edt E	thă E# i <del>Kt</del> [2	ат н	ŎŇ					i na s
2 CPU#: 1										
troller										
Slot Number	00		01							
Module Type	MP2300S	•	UNDEFINED	-						
Controller Number	-		-							
Circuit Number	-		-	Î						
I/O Start Register				3						
I/O End Register										
Disable Input		•		•						
Disable Output		-		•						
Motion Start Register				Ĵ						
Motion End Register										
Details										
Details Status 2300S: Controller module v	Running with network serv	VO COI	ntrol, ethernet, v	rirtua	l axes, program	contr	ol function.			
Status	with network serv	VO CO	ntrol, ethernet, v	rirtua	l axes, program	contr	ol function.			
Status 23005: Controller module w	with network serv	vo cor	ntrol, ethernet, v 2	rirtua	axes, program	contr	ol function.		5	
Status 23005: Controller module v dule Details MP23005 SL	with network serv			rirtua					5 M-EXECUTOR	
Status 23005: Controller module v dule Details MP23005 SL Slot Number	OT#00		2	rirtua			4	•		
Status 23005: Controller module v dule Details MP23005 SL Slot Number Module Type	OT#00		2 2 Тога	riitua	3 SVB		4 SVR	•		<b>•</b>
Status 23005: Controller module v dule Details MP23005 SL Slot Number Module Type Controller Number	OT#00		2 2 Тога 01	riitua	3 SVB 01		4 SVR 01	•		
Status 23005: Controller module v dule Details MP23005 SL Slot Number Module Type Controller Number Circuit Number	DT#00 CPU -		2 2 <b>Тогга</b> 01 01	riitua	3 SVB 01 01 0800 0BFF		4 SVR 01 02	•	M-EXECUTOR - -	<b>V</b>
Status 23005: Controller module v dule Details MP23005 SL Slot Number Module Type Controller Number Circuit Number 1/O Start Register	OT#00 CPU - 	Ý	2 21 <del>817A</del> 01 01 0000	riitua	3 SVB 01 01 0800		4 SVR 01 02 	· ·	M-EXECUTOR - - 0C00 0C3F	<b>T</b>
Status 23005: Controller module v dule Details MP23005 SL Slot Number Module Type Controller Number Circuit Number I/O Start Register I/O End Register	OT#00 CPU - 	Ý	2 210rA 01 01 0000 07FF		3 SVB 01 01 0800 0BFF Enable Enable	•	4 SVR 01 02 		M-EXECUTOR - - 0C00 0C3F	-
Status 23005: Controller module v dule Details MP23005 SL Slot Number Module Type Controller Number Circuit Number I/O Start Register I/O End Register Disable Input	OT#00 CPU - 	Ý	2 01 01 0000 07FF Enable		3 SVB 01 01 0800 0BFF Enable	•	4 SVR 01 02 	•	M-EXECUTOR - - 0C00 0C3F	-
Status 23005: Controller module v dule Details MP23005 SL Slot Number Module Type Controller Number Circuit Number I/O Start Register J/O Start Register Disable Input Disable Input	OT#00	Ý	2 21017A 01 01 0000 07FF Enable Enable		3 SVB 01 01 0800 0BFF Enable Enable	•	4 SVR 01 02 	•	M-EXECUTOR - - 0C00 0C3F	-
Status 23005: Controller module v dule Details MP23005 SL Slot Number Module Type Controller Number Circuit Number I/O Start Register Disable Input Disable Input Disable Input Disable Output Motion Start Register	0 T #00 1 CPU 	Ý	2 01 01 0000 07FF Enable Enable		3 SVB 01 01 0800 0BFF Enable Enable 8000	*	4 SVR 01 02  8800 8FFF	•	M-EXECUTOR - - 0C00 0C3F 	-

### (b) 218IFA Module Detailed Window

The 218IFA Module Detailed Window is composed of **Transmission Parameter** and **Status** Tabs, and each tab is changed with a click.

### 1. Parameter Setting Tab

The Transmission Parameters Tab sets 218IFA transmission parameters. The setting details are as follows:

				RACK#01	Slot #00 CIR#0	1 0000-07	FF BDD
ssion Paramete	s Status						
smission Parame	eters				Module Name Definitio		
Address	: [	192 🛨 - 168 🛨 - 1	- 1	÷ (0-255)		CONTROLLER	NAME
ubnet Mask	: 1	255 - 255 - 25	5÷ 0	+ (0-255)	Equipment nume . ]		
ateway IP Addr					Detail Definition		
atoway in Addi	200 . [		°ا , ا	. (0.233)			
ection Paramet	er						
lessage Commu	nication						
Easy setting	It is possib	ble to following parameter	setting eas	ily that communical	e the message.		
CNO	Local	Node IP Address	Node	Connect	Protocol	Code	Automatical
CINO	Port	Noue IF Address	Port	Туре	Туре	Coue	γ
01			-	-		• •	Detail
02				•		• •	1
03				-		• •	
04				-		• •	
4							
Cannot the or	erlan to loc:	al station port number user	d bu the co	mmunicate the T/C	message		
			a by the co	minumedic the fre	message.		
/O Message Co	mmunication	1					
Disable							
🔆 Enable							
Easy setting	It is nossil	ole to set easily that comm	unicate the	a I/O message			
and sound	· · · · ·		ianioato an	o no mosogo.			
D	ning  Low	💌 Scan					
Data update tir	Local		Node	Connect	Protocol	Curto	
	Port	Node IP Address	Port	Туре	Туре	Code	
Data update tir Read/ Write		20 		-		• •	
Read/					1	10 M	
Read/ Write				-		• •	3

■ Transmission Parameter Setting Items

Sets local transmission parameters for 218IFA.

Transmission Parameters	Statu	s							
Transmission Parameters	-						Module Name Definitio		
IP Address	:	192 🛨 -	168 <del>÷</del> ·	1 🕂	1	🔹 (0-255)		CONTROLLER NAME	
Subnet Mask	:	255 🛨	255 🛨	255 🛨	0	🛨 (0-255)			
Gateway IP Address	:	0 🛨	0 ÷	0 ÷.	0	🛨 (0-255)	Detail Definition		

The following table shows each setting item.

Item	Setting Range	Details	Default
IP Address	0.0.0.1 to 255.255.255.254	Sets 218IFA IP address. However, the following addresses are excluded: 127.xxx.xxx.xxx xxx.xxx.000 xxx.xxx.xxx.255	192.168.001.001
Subnet Mask	0.0.0.0 to 255.255.255.254	Sets the 218IFA subnet mask.	255.255.255.000
Gateway IP Address	0.0.0.0 to 255.255.255.254	Sets the 218IFA default gateway IP address. However, the follow- ing addresses are excluded: 127.xxx.xxx.xxx xxx.xxx.000 (except 000.000.000) xxx.xxx.xxx.255 When you do not use it, set it to 000.000.000.000.	000.000.000.000
Equipment Name	Up to 16 single- byte characters	218IFA can be any name. The name specified here is displayed as a search result in the mod- ule name field of controller search list when running the Search in the communications setting dialog box of MPE720 Ver.6. <b>Communications Setting</b> Set the communication setting Communication port 2: Ethernet(LP) (IP:192.168.1.2) Search Controller Search Controller Module name MP23005 192.168.1.1/9999 CONTROLLER	CONTROLLER NAME
Detailed Definition	_	Opens the screen for setting the engineering communication with MPE720 and the MEMOBUS communication.	-

Detailed Setting Screen of Transmission Parameter Setting

Sets the engineering communication with MPE720 and the message communication.

ingineering Port :	9999 (256-6		The port number is s that connect with MI	
MEMOBUS Setting	?			
Response Time	: 0 🕂 s	(0-2	55)	
Count of Retry	: 0 🛨 time	(0.2	55)	

The following table shows each setting item.

Item	Setting Range	Details	Default
Engineering Port	256 to 65535	Specify the 218IFA port number used in the engineering communica- tion with MPE720. Note: When changing this setting, you must also change the engineer- ing port value in the logical port setting detailed screen of the MPE720 communication process. The port number cannot be 9998 or 10000.	9999
Response Time	0 to 255 (sec)	Specify the wait time until a remote response is returned after sending a command, when carrying out a message communication using MSG- SND function. (value zero waits infinitely.) If the retransmit number of times is zero, set response monitor period to zero. Note: If no response is returned after the setting period expires, a time- out occurs, retry the transmission the number of times specified by resend number of times.	0
Count of Retry	0 to 255 (time)	Specify the command retransmit number of times when a timeout is detected after response monitor period expires. Note: If no response is returned after as many retries as the retransmit number of times, an error is returned to the MSG-SND function.	0

### Message Communication Item of Connection Parameter Setting

Sets the connection parameters for the message communication using MSG-SND/MSG-RCV function and the message communication using automatic receive function.

asy setting	It is possi	ble to following parameter	setting ea:	sily that com	mur	iicate the message.				
CNO	Local Port	Node IP Address	Node Port	Connec Type	t	Protocol Type		Cod	e	Automaticall Y
01	10010	192.168.001.003	20010	TCP	•	Extended MEMOBUS	•	BIN	-	Detail
02	10020	192.168.001.004	20020	TCP	•	MEMOBUS	•	ASCII	-	
03	10030	192.168.001.005	20030	UDP	•	None	•	BIN	•	5- -
04	10040	192.168.001.006	20040	TCP	-	MODBUS / TCP	•	BIN	•	

The following table shows each setting item.

Item	Setting Range		Details	Default			
Easy Setting	_	1 2	ing screen for the connection parameters. The ted connection is shown.	_			
Connection Number (CNO)	1 to 4	guished by their cor This connection nur	nber is used in remote connection number parameter list (PARAM) of the MSG-SND/	_			
Local Port	256 to 65535	establishes a messag this port number on number of this contr Also, to delete the p Note: When the con	Specify the 218IFA port number for each connection. 218IFA establishes a message communication with the connection with this port number only. Set an unique channel number for the port number of this connections. Also, to delete the port number, enter zero. Note: When the connection type = UDP, the port number cannot be 9998 or 10000.				
Node IP Address	0.0.0.0 to 255.255.255.254	Set the remote IP ac lowing addresses ar 127.xxx.xxx.xxx xxx.xxx.xx000 xxx.xxx.xx255 Note: When 0.0.0.0 mode." When subnet mask, remote station	000.000.000.0 00				
Node Port	0 and 256 to 65535	remote IP address a	Specify the remote port number for each connection. A pair of remote IP address and remote port number must not be duplicated. Note: In case of "Unpassive open mode," set it to zero.				
Connect Type	TCP, UDP	Select a transport la TCP: Transmissic UDP: User datagr	on control protocol	ТСР			
Protocol Type	Extended MEMOBUS, MEMOBUS, MELSEC, None, MODBUS/TCP	Select an applicatio Protocol Type Extended MEMOBUS MEMOBUS MELSEC Non-procedure MODBUS/TCP	n layer protocol. Overview Yaskawa's Extended MEMOBUS protocol. Yaskawa's MEMOBUS protocol. Ethernet I/F protocol for the sequencer (A series) manufactured by Mitsubishi Elec- tric Corporation. General-purpose message communication. Transmits and receives continuous data intact in the specified register. Industrial Ethernet protocol proposed by Modicon, Inc.	Extended MEMOBUS			

Item	Setting Range		Detai	ls		Default		
		Select a code type for Depending on protoco lows:						
		Protocol Type		Code				
	ASCII	i lotocol rype	ASCII	BIN	RTU			
Code	BIN RTU	Extended MEMOBUS		$\checkmark$	-	ASCII		
	iti o	MEMOBUS		_				
		MELSEC			-			
		Non-procedure			-			
		MODBUS/TCP	-		-			
		$\sqrt{1}$ : Available, – : No						
Automatically	_	double-click this but Note: The automatic	Opens the automatic receive setting screen. To open the screen, double-click this button. Note: The automatic receive function is valid only for a connection when the connection number = 1.					
Remote Station Name	Up to 32 single- byte characters (16 double-byte characters)	Any text can be ente	Any text can be entered as a connection comment.					

#### Simple Setting Screen for Message Communication

Graphically sets connection parameters for each connection.

Basically, the same content as with message communication items in connection parameter setting can be set.

When connection parameters are not yet set and this screen is opened, the default value for each connection will be automatically stored.

MP Series		Other Device
Local Port IP Address : 192.168.001.001		Node Port IP Address : (0-255)
	Communication protocol Type           Extended MEMOBUS         Defau	ık I
(256-	No. 65535) 110	Port No. (256-65535) (20010
	Connect Type TCP  Code BIN	
	Code BIN 💌	

The following table provides the default values for each connection stored when the connection parameters are not yet set and this screen is opened.

		Defa	ault				
Item	Connection Number 01	Connection Number 02	Connection Number 03	Connection Number 04			
Local Port	10001	10002	10003	10004			
Node IP Address	192.168.1.2	192.168.1.3	192.168.1.4	192.168.1.5			
Node Port Number	10001	10002	10003	10004			
Communication Protocol Type	Extended MEMOBUS						
Connect Type	ТСР						
Code		Bl	IN				

By clicking the **Default** Button, default values are set for each data code type according to the selected communication protocol type.

The following table shows the default values for each data code type.

Communication Protocol Type	Default for Data Code Type
Extended MEMOBUS	BIN
MEMOBUS	RTU
MELSEC	BIN
Non-procedure	BIN
MODBUS/TCP	BIN

### ■ Automatic Receive Setting Screen for Message Communication

The automatic receive function can be enabled only for connections where the connection number = 1. The automatic receive function enables you to automatically run a function equivalent to the MSG-RCV function.

O Disable C Disable C Enable	ated reception, when the 10 control sequence.
Transmission Buffer Channel 1	The automatic reception is fixed 1ch.
Slave I/F Register Settings	Head REG
Readout of Input Relay	IW0000
Readout of Input Register	1w0000
Readout / Write-in of Coil	MW00000
Readout / Write-in of Hold Register	MW00000
Write - in width of Coil/Hold Register LC	): MW00000
н	I: MW65534
Automatic input processing delay time	0 ms (0-100)
The influence on a low-speed scanning according to this parameter. [Attention] It is not in the setting of the period of an automatic reception.	

The following table explains each setting item.

Item	Setting Range	Details	Default
Automatic Recep- tion Enable/Disable	Enable/Disable	Select whether to enable automatic reception. Note: When the local port number is not yet set, it becomes invalid regardless of the enable/disable selection.	Enable
The setting items belo	ow can only be set	when the Automatic Reception is set to "Enable."	
Transmission Buffer Channel	Cannot be set (fixed at one)	The communication buffer channel is usually used for data exchanged between the MSG-SND/MSG-RCV function and 218IFA. The communication buffer channel is associated with the connec- tion according to the input item "CH-NO" for the MSG-SND/ MSG-RCV function and node connection number (PARAM02) setting for the parameter list (PARAM). When automatic reception is running, the function equivalent to the MSG-RCV function is realized by using the communication buffer channel number "1."	1
Readout of Input Relay	IW0000 to IWFFFF	Set a start register of the input relay used for the automatic recep- tion.	IW0000
Readout of Input Register	IW0000 to IWFFFF	Set a start register of the input register used for the automatic reception.	IW0000
Readout/Write-in of Coil	MW00000 to MW65534	Set a start read/write register of the coil used for the automatic reception.	MW00000
Readout/Write-in of Hold Register	MW00000 to MW65534	Set a start read/write register of the holding register used for auto- matic reception.	MW00000
Write-in Width of Coil/Hold Register (LO)	MW00000 to MW65534	Set a write range (LO) of the coil/holding registers used for auto- matic reception.	MW00000
Write-in Width of Coil/Hold Register (HI)	MW00000 to MW65534	Set a write range (HI) of the coil/holding registers used for the automatic reception.	MW65534

The following table provides the valid setting items for each communication protocol type.

		Communi	cation Protoco	ol Type	
Setting Item	Extended MEMOBUS	MEMOBUS	MELSEC	Non-proce- dure	MODBUS/ TCP
Readout of Input Relay		$\checkmark$	-	-	$\checkmark$
Readout of Input Register			_	_	$\checkmark$
Readout/Write-in of Coil		$\checkmark$	-	-	
Readout/Write-in of Hold Register		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	-	
Write-in Width of Coil/Hold Register (LO)	V		$\checkmark$	-	$\checkmark$
Write-in Width of Coil/Hold Register (HI)			$\checkmark$	_	$\checkmark$

Note:  $\sqrt{1}$ : Enable

– : Disable

■ I/O Message Communication Item Connection Parameter Setting

Sets connection parameters for I/O message communication.

I/O message communication exchanges the data using I/O images with the remote equipment.

Easy setting ata update tin		ble to set easily that comm	nunicate th	e I/O messag	e.					
Read/ Write	Local Port	Node IP Address	Node Port	Connect Type		Protocol Type		Code	2	
Read	10005	192.168.001.007	10005	TCP	• 1	Extended MEMOBUS	•	BIN	•	
Write	10006	192.168.001.007	10006	TCP	•	Extended MEMOBUS	•	BIN	•	
2300S	input disabl	d register number data siz e [W0000] 4 ble 0W0004 4	w<-	Head reg Hold register(N Hold register(N	- vw		siz	√ No	de	equipment

The following table explains each setting item.

Item	Setting Range	Details	Default
I/O Message Communication Enable/Disable	Enable/Disable	Select whether to enable I/O message communications.	Disable
The setting items bel	ow can only be set	when the I/O Message Communication is set to "Enable."	
Easy Setting	_	Opens the Simple Setting screen for the read/write connection parameters.	_
Data Update Timing	H Scan/ L Scan	Set when to update the I/O data for the controller side when the I/O message communication is established.	L Scan
Read/Write	_	In 218IFA Ethernet communications, remote stations are distin- guished by their connection numbers. I/O message communications have a connection for each read/write.	
Local Port	256 to 65535	Specify the 218IFA port number for each read/write connection. To delete the port number setting, enter zero. To use only a read or a write connection, set the other port number to zero to delete the connection. Note: When the connection type = UDP, the port number cannot be 9998 or 10000.	0
Node IP Address	0.0.0.1 to 255.255.255.254	Set a remote IP address for both read and write connections. Set a common value for both read and write. However, the following addresses cannot be used: 127.xxx.xxx xxx xxx xxx xxx.xxx.000 xxx.xxx.xxx.255	000.000.000.0 00
Node Port	256 to 65535	Specify the remote port number for each read/write connection. A pair of a remote IP address and remote port number must not be duplicated.	0
Connect Type	TCP UDP	Select a transport layer protocol. TCP: Transmission control protocol UP: User datagram protocol	ТСР

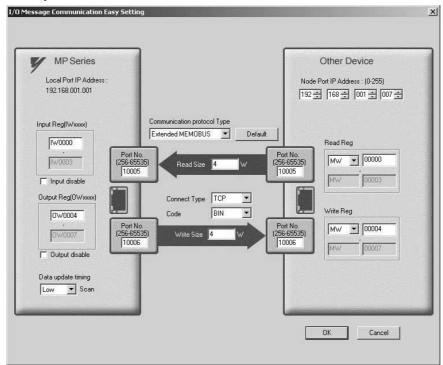
Item	Setting Range		Detail	S		Default		
		Select an application	layer protocol.					
		Protocol Type		Overview				
	Extended MEMOBUS	Extended MEMOBUS	Yaskawa's Ex	tended MEMO	OBUS protocol.			
Protocol Type		MEMOBUS	IOBUS Yaskawa's MEMOBUS protocol.					
	MEMOBUS	MELSEC	MEMOBUS					
		MODBUS/TCP	Industrial Eth Modieon, Inc	ernet protocol	proposed by			
		Select a code type fo Depending on protoc lows:						
		Protocol Type		Code				
	ASCII		ASCII	BIN	RTU			
Code	ASCII BIN RTU	Extended MEMOBUS	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	-	ASCII		
	RIC	MEMOBUS	V	_				
		MELSEC		V	-			
		MODBUS/TCP	-	$\checkmark$	—			
		√ : Available –: Not available						
	Up to 32 single-	Any text can be enter	red as a connect	ion comment.				
Remote Station Name	byte characters (16 double-byte characters)							
Input Disable	Enable/disable	Select whether to uponication.	enable					
Output Disable	Enable/disable	Select whether to uponication.	enable					
	IW0000 to IW7FFF	Set a start address of ing the data read from			00S side for stor-	<b>IW</b> /		
MP2300S Head Register Number		Note1: "xxxx" repres 218IFA cell in definition scre	IW xxxx (Note1)					
Data Size		Set a start address of			ster for referenc-			
	OW0000 to OW7FFF	ing the data written i Note2: "xxxx" repres 218IFA cell in definition scre	OWxxxx + 4 (Note2)					
Data Size	Varies according	Specify the data size				4		
	to protocol type	Specify the data size			1 1	4		
Head Register Number for the	Varies according	Specify the register t equipment to read.	ss for the remote	Varies accord- ing to proto-				
Node Equipment	to protocol type	Specify the register t equipment to write.		col type.				
		Generally, the same value specified in MP2300S data size is shown. By way of exception, when MELSEC is selected for communication protocol type and a bit device such as input relay (X)/ output relay				4		
Data Size of the		(Y)/ internal relay (M the display is shown		) is selected fo	r read register,			
Node Equipment	Display only	Generally, the same y By way of exception, protocol type and a b (Y)/ internal relay (N the display is shown	value specified i , when MELSEC it device such a 1)/ link relay (B	C is selected for s input relay (2	r communication X)/ output relay	4		

#### Easy Setting Window for I/O Message Communication

Graphically adjusts the setting for the read/write connection parameters.

Generally, the contents are similar to I/O message communication items in connection parameter setting.

When the connection parameters are not yet set and this dialog box is opened, the default values for read/write connection will be automatically stored.



The following table provides the default values for each connection stored when the connection parameters are not yet set and this screen is opened.

Item			Default		
	Local IP Address		Values set in transmission parameter setting items are shown.		
	Local Port	Read	10005		
	Local i on	Write	10006		
MP Series	Input Register (IW xxxx)		Start I/O register number specified by the 218IFA cell in the detailed field of the module configuration definition screen.		
	Input Disable		Not checked (enable)		
	Output Register (OW xxxx)		Start I/O register number specified by the 218IFA cell in the detailed field of the module configuration definition screen + 4.		
	Data Update Timing		Low		
	Node IP Address		192.168.1.7		
	Node Port Number	Read	10005		
Other Device		Write	10006		
	Read Register		MW00000		
	Write Register		MW00004		
Communicatio	n Protocol Type		Extended MEMOBUS		
Read Size			4		
Write Size			4		
Connect Type			ТСР		
Code			BIN		

In addition, click the **Default** Button to set the default values for data code type, local I/O register setting, read/write size, and node read/write register setting according to the selected communication protocol type. The following table provides these default values.

Communication		Default						
Protocol Type	Data Code Type	Local Input/Output Register Setting   Read/Writ		Node Read/Write Register Setting				
Extended MEMOBUS	BIN	IWDDD to IWDDD+ 3 (input)         OWDDDD+ 4 to OWDDDD+7         (output)	4 (read) 4 (write)	MW0000 to MW0003 (read) MW0004 to MW0007 (write)				
MEMOBUS	RTU	Same as above	Same as above	Same as above				
MELSEC	BIN	Same as above	Same as above	D0000 to D0003 (read) D0004 to D0007 (write)				
MODBUS/TCP	BIN	Same as above	Same as above	4X00001 to 4X0004 (read) 4X00005 to 4X0008 (write)				

#### 2. Status tab

In the **Status** Tab, each setting for 218IFA transmission definition and transmission status is shown. The displayed contents are as follows:

BIFA MP2	3005 Online L	.ocal										
2 CPU#: 1							RA	CK#01 SI	ot #00	CIR#01	0000-07FF	
mission Paramet	ers Status											
Station IP Addres Equipment name Transmission Spe	CONTROLL	and a second second	Subnet Mask Gateway IP Engineering Por	000.00	i5.255.00 10.000.00	5						
1essage Commu	nication	Error	Send	Pacaira	Error	Response	Connorti	o Protoco	4	1		
CNO	Status	Status	Count			Time(ms)		Type	" Code			Ν
01												
02												
03												
04												
•												
/O Message Con	munication											
o message con	manication											
Read/	Trans	Error	Send	Receive	Error	Response	Connec	Protocol				
Write	Status	Status	Count	Count		Time(ms)		Туре	Code			Noo
Read												

### Transmission Parameter Item

Item	Displayed Content	Default
Station IP Address	Displays local IP address specified in the Transmission Parameter Tab.	000.000.000.000
Equipment Name	Displays equipment name specified in the <b>Transmission Parameter</b> Tab. When the equipment name is not yet set, nothing is shown.	NULL
Transmission Speed	Displays transmission rate retrieved from the status information. (Fixed at Automatic)	Automatic
Subnet Mask	Displays a subnet mask set in the Transmission Parameter Tab.	000.000.000.000
Gateway IP	Displays a default gateway IP address set in the Transmission Parameter Tab.	000.000.000.000
Engineering Port	Displays a port number set in the detailed definition of the <b>Transmission Parameter</b> Tab.	9999

### Message Communication and I/O Message Communication Items

Item	Displayed Content	Default
Trans Status	Displays the transmission status for each connection.	-
Error Status	If an error is indicated in the transmission status, the error details are shown.	-
Send Count	Displays the number of packets transmitted to the remote station.	-
Receive Count	Displays the number of packets received from the remote station.	_
Error Count	Displays the number of errors that occurred in each connection.	_
Response Time (ms)	Displays the time taken to receive a response after issuing a command in the MSG- SND function of the message communication and the I/O message communica- tion.	_
Connection	Displays the connection type set in the <b>Transmission Parameter</b> Tab.	-
Protocol Type	Displays the protocol of the connection parameter set in the <b>Transmission Parameter</b> Tab.	_
Code	Displays the code type of the data set in the <b>Transmission Parameter</b> Tab.	_
Node Station Name	Displays the remote station name set in the <b>Transmission Parameter</b> Tab.	-

#### Note: 1. Transmission status

In online mode, displays the transmission status for each connection.

Transmission Status	State
IDLE	IDLE
WAIT	WAIT (waiting for connection)
CONNECT	CONNECT (capable of transmitting and receiving data)
_	Unused connection

#### 2. Error status

If an error is indicated in the transmission status, the error details are shown.

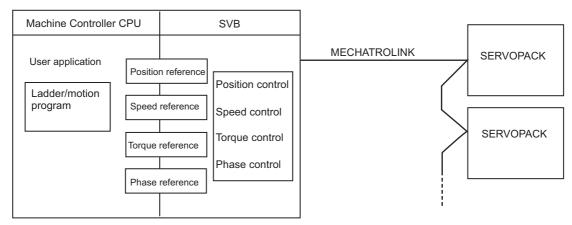
Error Status	State	Remarks
No Error	Normal	-
Socket Generation Error	System error	Socket generation failed
	Error in setting the local port num-	Bind error (duplicated port number)
Local Port Number Error	ber (the same address is bound while disconnecting the TCP connection)	A bind error occurred while aborting using the MSG function and ending the connec- tion. The error occurs if Execute is turned ON within one minute after an Abort is com- pleted.
		Before the connection was completed, another function issued a command to the same remote station.
Socket Attribute Change Error	System error (in TCP)	An error occurred while setting a socket attribute.
Connection Error	Connection error (when actively open in TCP, a connection is rejected by the node station)	Tried to connect using the MSG-SND func- tion, but the connection was rejected by the remote station, and the command was reset.
(M-SND)		When disconnecting the cable, retried con- necting for one minute (default value) with- out a response.
Connection Error (M-RCV)	Connection error (when passively open in TCP)	An error occurred while receiving the con- nection from the MSG-RCV function.
System Error	System error	A socket polling (select specification) error occurred while receiving data.
Data Transmit Error (TCP)	Data transmit error (in TCP, either there is no node station or a node station did not startup.)	A response transmit error occurred in the MSG-RCV function. An error also occurred in the MSG-SND function. An error occurred only in TCP when there was no node station to transmit or a node sta- tion was rebooted.
Data Transmit Error (UDP)	Data transmit error (in UDP)	A transmit request was issued to a nonexist- ent socket.
Data Receive Error (TCP)	Data receive error (in TCP, a request to disconnect the connection is received from the node station)	An error occurred when disconnecting the connection from the node station. It also may occur even when close is processed properly.
Data Receive Error (UDP)	Data receive error (in UDP)	A data receive command was issued to a nonexistent socket.
Socket Option Change Error	System error	Error when changing a socket option
Data Change Error	Data change error	Protocol change error

### (1) Overview

### [a] About SVB Module

The SVB Module is a motion module used to control SERVOPACKs, stepping motor drivers, inverters, distributed I/O devices, etc. via MECHATROLINK interface MECHATROLINK-I or -II.

The MECHATROLINK-II enables position, speed, torque, and phase control for highly accurate synchronized control. In addition, sophisticated machine operations can be performed by switching the control mode while the axis is moving.



### [b] Built-in SVB and Slot-mounting Optional SVB

The SVB Modules are of two types: The built-in SVB (hereinafter referred to as Built-in SVB) and the Slot-mounting Optional SVB (hereinafter referred to as Optional SVB)

A built-in SVB Module is incorporated in the MP2300S.

The Optional SVB is one of the optional modules for the Machine Controller. The SVB-01 Module is an Optional SVB that can be mounted on the optional slot of the MP2300S.

### [c] Features

• Up to 21 slave stations can be connected to a single Module (the SERVOPACKs can be connected up to 16 axes).

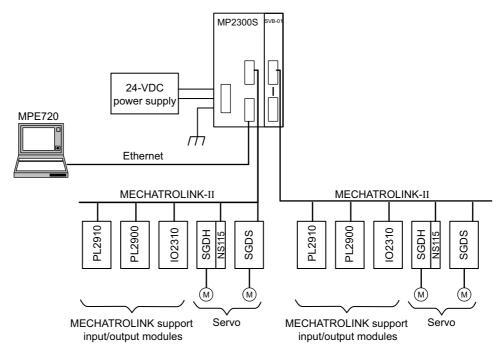
MP2300S: Only an SVB-01 Module can be mounted in optional slot.

Including the MP2300S's built-in SVB, a total of 32 axes can be controlled.

- Synchronization between Modules is also supported, making it suitable for both synchronous control and interpolation across Modules.
- An SVB-01 Module used as a slave can be connected to a host controller equipped with MECHATROLINK communication functions.
- Self-configuration enables automatic allocation of setting data for the slave device that is connected to MECHATROLINK.
- SERVOPACK parameters can be managed over networks.
- When using MECHATROLINK-II, MP2300S built-in SVB is available as a slave.

### [d] System Configuration Example

The following diagram shows a system configuration example.

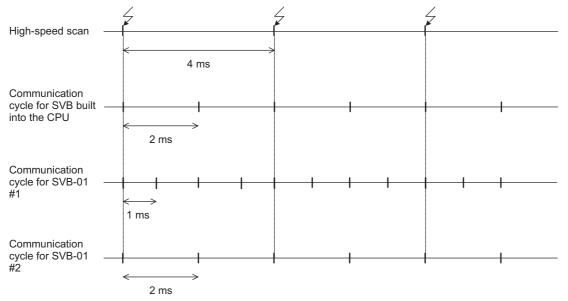


- Use the specified cables and connectors. Refer to 1.1.5 (3) Cables in the Machine Controller MP2000-series SVB/ SVB-01 Motion Module User's Manual (manual no.: SIEPC88070033) to select appropriate cables and connectors to connect each device.
- The SERVOPACK models that can be connected through MECHATROLINK-I differ from those connected through MECHATROLINK-II. Refer to 1.4 MECHATROLINK-compatible Devices on page 1-7 to select appropriate SERVO-PACK models for the MECHATROLINK interface to be used.
- If both MECHATROLINK-I (4 Mbps) compatible devices and MECHATROLINK-II (10 Mbps) compatible devices are connected in a system, make the settings in accordance with MECHATROLINK-I specifications.
- When connecting a servo to an SVB Module via MECHATROLINK, connect signals such as overtravel, zero-point
  return deceleration limit switch, and external latch to the servo. Refer to the relevant SERVOPACK manual for
  details on the connections.
- When connecting ∑-II series SERVOPACKs (SGDH+NS100 or SGDH+NS115), do not connect a hand-held type digital operator and SigmaWin+. If connected, alarms A.95 (command warning) and A.ED (execution not completed) will occur for the commands sent from the SVB Module, and normal operation will be interrupted. If a digital operator or SigmaWin+ must be connected to a Σ-II series SERVOPACK, disconnect the SERVOPACK from the SVB Module.

### [e] Synchronization between Modules

#### 1. Overview

MP2300S Machine Controller has a function that can synchronize hardware between the CPU and an optional module. This function enables MECHATROLINK communications in synchronization with high-speed scans. As a result, synchronization between a built-in SVB Module and an SVB-01 Module, or among multiple SVB-01 Modules, can be enabled.



When synchronized mode is used, the start of the high-speed scan and the various communication cycles are synchronized. This means that commands from the high-speed scan will be sent at consistent points in communication cycle processing and simplifies distribution processing for interpolation commands.

#### 2. Conditions Under Which Synchronization Is Possible

The following table shows the combinations of high-speed scan times and MECHATROLINK communication cycles that allow synchronization between modules in the synchronization mode.

High-speed Scan	MECH	IATROLINK C	ommunication	Cycle
(RTC: 0.5 ms)	0.5 ms	1 ms	1.5 ms	2 ms
1.0 ms	Yes	Yes	-	Yes
1.5 ms	Yes	-	Yes	-
2.0 ms	Yes	Yes	-	Yes
2.5 ms	Yes	-	-	-
3.0 ms	Yes	Yes	Yes	-
3.5 ms	Yes	-	-	-
4.0 ms	Yes	Yes	-	Yes
4.5 ms	Yes	-	Yes	-
5.0 ms	Yes	Yes	-	-
5.5 ms	Yes	-	-	-
6.0 ms	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
:				

#### 3. Timing At Which Modules Are Synchronized

Modules are automatically synchronized when the power supply is turned OFF and ON again.

#### 4. Operation when High-speed Scan Cycle Is Changed

MECHATROLINK communication with SVB Modules will continue even if the high-speed scan cycle is changed. However, the speed waveform at execution of interpolation command will be disordered. When changing the high-speed scan cycle, do so either with the CPU stopped or when motion commands are not being executed.

Change the high-speed scan setting and then save the settings to flash memory and turn the power supply OFF and ON when operation changes from synchronized to asynchronized or from asynchronized to synchronized.

#### **5.** Operation When the MECHATROLINK Communication Cycle Is Changed

- Changing the MECHATROLINK communication cycle of the SVB in the CPU Synchronization may be lost when a change is made even if synchronization is possible for the high-speed scan and communication cycle combination. When a change is made, save the settings to flash memory and then turn the power supply OFF and ON.
- Changing the MECHATROLINK communication cycle of the SVB-01 Module Operation will be automatically synchronized when a change is made if synchronization is possible for the high-speed scan and communication cycle combination. It is not necessary to turn the power supply OFF and ON.

#### 6. Conditions when the Power Supply Must Be Turned OFF and ON

When any of the following operations is performed, save the settings to flash memory and then turn the power supply OFF and ON.

- · After executing a self-configuration command from the MPE720 after turning ON the power supply
- After loading a Module definition after turning ON the power supply
- After changing the SVB communication cycle in the CPU after turning ON the power supply
- After operation changes from synchronized to asynchronized or from asynchronized to synchronized when the high-speed scan setting is changed

## (2) Specifications

The specifications of built-in and optional SVB Modules are as follows.

### [a] Motion Control Function

		Item	Deta	ails
	Nur Line	mber of Communication es	One line	
	Por	mber of Communication ts (Connectors)	2 ports	
	Ter	minating Resistor	JEPMC-W6022 terminator must be purchased	separately.
	Tra	nsmission Distance	MECHATROLINK-II Min. distance between stations: 0.5 m Total network length: 50 m (can be extended to MECHATROLINK-I Min. distance between stations: 0.3 m Total network length: 50 m (can be extended to	
u		Communication Interface	MECHATROLINK-II (2:N synchronous)	MECHATROLINK-I (1:N synchronous)
catio		Baud Rate	10 Mbps	4 Mbps
inn		Transmission Cycle	0.5 ms, 1 ms, 1.5 ms, or 2 ms	2 ms
Comr	suo	Number of Link Communication Bytes	17 bytes or 32 bytes	17 bytes
OLINK	Functi	Number of Connectable Stations	Up to 21 stations (SERVOPACK for up to 16 axes)	Up to 14 stations
MECHATROLINK Communication	Master Functions	C1 Messaging (Master Function)	Provided (selectable).	Not provided.
MECH	~	C2 Messaging (Allocations)	Provided (selectable).	Not provided.
		Retry Function	Provided (selectable).	Not provided.
		Supported Slave Devices	For details, refer to 1.4.2 Modules on page 1-7	
		Communication Interface	MECHATROLINK-II	
	st.	Baud Rate	10 Mbps	
	unctior	Transmission Cycle	The transmission cycle of the master station (0.5 ms min.)	
	Slave Functions*	Number of Link Communication Bytes	17 bytes or 32 bytes	
	S	Messaging (Slave Function)	Supported.	

\* Only with MECHATROLINK-II

(cont'd)

	Item	Details
	Communication Method	Single-send (communication cycle = transmission cycle) synchronous communication Transmission/communication error detection (hardware) provided. Synchronous communication error detection (software) provided. Automatic recovery function not provided (recovery when alarm is cleared).
	I/O Registers	Input/output using motion registers (synchronized on high-speed scan)
	Command Mode	Motion Command Mode/MECHATROLINK Transparent Command Mode
	Supported Servomotors	Standard motors, linear motors, and direct-drive motors
	Control Type	Position control, speed control, torque control, and phase control
lo.	Motion Commands	Positioning, External Positioning, Zero Point Return, Interpolation, Interpolation with Posi- tion Detection, JOG operation, STEP operation, Speed Reference <sup>*</sup> , Torque Reference <sup>*</sup> , Phase Control <sup>*</sup> , etc.
Servo Control	Acceleration/Deceleration Method	One-step asymmetric trapezoidal acceleration/deceleration, exponential acceleration/decel- eration filter, moving average filter
ervo	Position Unit	pulse, mm, inch, degree, µm
S	Speed Unit	Reference units/s, 10 <sup>n</sup> reference units/min, percentage of rated speed
	Acceleration Unit	Reference units/s <sup>2</sup> , ms (acceleration from 0 until rated speed reached)
	Torque Unit	Percentage of rated torque
	Electronic Gear	Provided.
	Position Control Method	Finite length position control, infinite length position control, absolute system infinite length position control, and simple absolute system infinite length position control
	Software Limit	Positive/negative direction for each point
	Zero Point Return Method	13 types
	SERVOPACK Parameter Management	Parameters can be managed in the MPE720's SERVOPACK Parameter Window.
Inverter Control	Communication Method	Single-send (communication cycle = transmission cycle) asynchronous communication Transmission/communication error detection (hardware) provided. Synchronous communication error detection (software) not provided. Automatic recovery function not provided (recovery when alarm cleared).
Co	I/O Registers	Input/output using motion registers (synchronized on high-speed scan)
rter	Command Mode	Motion Command Mode/MECHATROLINK Transparent Command Mode
Inve	Control Type	Speed control only (V/F, vector control and other control methods use inverter settings.)
	Motion Commands	Inverter I/O control, etc.
	Speed Unit	The speed unit depends on the inverter settings.
I/O Control	Communication Method	Single-send (communication cycle = transmission cycle) asynchronous communication Transmission/communication error detection (hardware) provided. Synchronous communication error detection not provided. Automatic recovery function provided.
0/1	I/O Registers	Input/output using I/O registers and synchronized on the high-speed scan or low-speed scan (selectable).
Self	-configuration Function	Module and slave devices can be automatically allocated.
Syn	chronization between Modules	Synchronization supported (enabled when power is cycled) when high-speed scan cycle = communication cycle times n

\* Only with MECHATROLINK-II

### [b] MECHATROLINK Communication Specifications

Item	MECHATROLINK-I	MECHATROLINK-II
Topology	Bus	Bus
Transmission Media	Twisted-pair cable	Twisted-pair cable
Transmission Distance	50 m max. (can be extended to 100 m by connecting repeaters)	50 m max. (can be extended to 100 m by connecting repeaters)
Minimum Distance between Stations	0.3 m	0.5 m
Baud Rate	4 Mbps	10 Mbps
Communication Cycle	2 ms	0.5 ms, 1 ms, 1.5 ms, or 2 ms
Number of Connectable Stations	Up to 14 stations	Up to 21 stations * (SERVOPACK for up to 16 axes)
Communication Control Method	Cyclic	Cyclic
Media Access Control Method	1:N	2:N
Communication Mode	Control communication	Control communication
Error Control	CRC check	CRC check

\* Up to 16 stations can be connected if a JEPMC-REP2000 MECHATROLINK-II Repeater is not used. Refer to *Chapter 8 MECHATROLINK-II Repeater* of the *Machine Controller MP900/MP2000 Series User's Manual MECHATROLINK System* (Manual No.: SIEZ-887-5.1) for details.

#### [c] Maximum Number of Slave Stations

The maximum numbers of slave stations that can be connected to the SVB-01 Module are listed below.

#### MECHATROLINK Communication Setting and Maximum No. of Slave Stations

MECHATROLIN	Communication	Setting	Maximum Number of Slave
Communication Method	Baud Rate	Communication Cycle	Stations
MECHATROLINK-I	4 Mbps	2 ms	14
MECHATROLINK-II	10 Mbps	0.5 ms	6
(17-byte Mode)	10 Mops	1 ms	15
		0.5 ms	4
MECHATROLINK-II		1 ms	9
(32-byte Mode)	10 Mbps	1.5 ms	15
		2 ms	21 (SERVOPACK for up to 16 axes)

Refer to 8.8.6 MECHATROLINK Definitions of Machine Controller MP900/MP2000 Series MPE720 Software for Programming Device User's Manual (Manual No.: SIEPC88070005) for information on the settings for MECHA-TROLINK transmission.

Communication Method	Transmission Distance (Total Network Length)	Maximum Number of Slave Stations
MECHATROLINK-I	50 m (can be extended to 100 m by connecting repeaters)	14
MECHATROLINK-II	30 m (can be extended to 100 m by connecting repeaters)	16 (21)*
	50 m (can be extended to 100 m by connecting repeaters)	15 (21)*

Transmission Distance and Maximum No. of Slave Stations

 The values in parentheses apply when a JEPMC-REP2000 Repeater is used. JEPMC-REP2000 Repeater must be used if 17 or more slave stations are connected when using MECHATROLINK-II communication.

## (3) Module Configuration

#### [a] Module Configuration Window

Click **MP2300S** in the **Controller** area to display the details of the basic module functions in the **Module Details** area. The cell No.3 provides a detailed definition of built-in SVB.

2 CPU#: 1									
ntroller									
Slot Number	00	01							
Module Type	MP23005	UNDEFINED	-						
Controller Number	-	-							
Circuit Number	-	-							
I/O Start Register									
I/O End Register									
Disable Input		1	-						
Disable Output		•	-						
Motion Start Register									
Motion End Register									
Details									
Status P2300S: Controller module (	Running with network servo o	control, ethernet, v	virtual	l axes, program	contr	ol function.			
P2300S: Controller module (	with network servo o	control, ethernet, s	virtual	l axes, program	i conti	ol function.			
	.OT#00	2	virtual	l axes, program		4		5	
P2300S: Controller module (	.OT#00	-		3			-	5 M-EXECUTO	R
P23005: Controller module v odule Details MP23005 SL Slot Number	.OT#00	2		3		4	•	-	R
P2300S: Controller module v odule Details MP2300S SL Slot Number Module Type	.OT#00	2 218IFA 01 01		3 SVB		4 SVR	<b>▼</b>	M-EXECUTO - -	IR <b>v</b>
P23005: Controller module ( odule Details MP23005 SL Slot Number Module Type Controller Number	.OT#00	2 218IFA 01 01 0000		3 SVB 01		4 SVR 01	<b>.</b>	M-EXECUTO - - 0C00	R -
P23005: Controller module o odule Details MP23005 SL Slot Number Module Type Controller Number Circuit Number	OT#00	2 2 18IFA 01 01 0000 07FF	•	3 SVB 01 01 0800 08FF		4 SVR 01		M-EXECUTO - -	R •
P23005: Controller module + odule Details MP23005 SL Slot Number Module Type Controller Number Circuit Number I/O Start Register	D T #00	<ul> <li>218IFA</li> <li>01</li> <li>01000</li> <li>07FF</li> <li>Enable</li> </ul>	•	3 SVB 01 0800 08FF Enable		4 SVR 01 02 	•	M-EXECUTO - - 0C00	R ¥
P23005: Controller module + odule Details MP23005 SL Slot Number Module Type Controller Number Circuit Number I/O Start Register I/O End Register	0T#00	2 2 18IFA 01 01 0000 07FF	•	3 SVB 01 01 0800 08FF		4 SVR 01 02 		M-EXECUTO - - 0C00	R V
P23005: Controller module + odule Details MP23005 SL Stot Number Module Type Controller Number Circuit Number Circuit Number J/O End Register J/O End Register Disable Input	0T#00	<ul> <li>218IFA</li> <li>01</li> <li>01000</li> <li>07FF</li> <li>Enable</li> </ul>	•	3 SVB 01 0800 08FF Enable		4 SVR 01 02  8800	•	M-EXECUTO - - 0C00	
P23005: Controller module o odule Details MP23005 SL Slot Number Module Type Controller Number Circuit Number I/O Start Register I/O End Register Disable Input Disable Output	0T#00	<ul> <li>218IFA</li> <li>01</li> <li>01</li> <li>0000</li> <li>07FF</li> <li>Enable</li> <li>Enable</li> </ul>	•	3 5VB 01 01 0800 08FF Enable Enable		4 SVR 01 02 	•	M-EXECUTO - - 0C00	
P23005: Controller module + odule Details MP23005 SL Slot Number Module Type Controller Number L/O Start Register J/O End Register Disable Input Disable Output Motion Start Register	0T#00	2 2 18IFA 01 01 0000 07FF Enable 	•	3 SVB 01 0800 08FF Enable Enable 8000	•	4 SVR 01 02  88800 8FFF	•	M-EXECUTO - - 0C00	

2.2 Basic Module

2.2.5 Built-in SVB Module

Item	Description	Modification
Slot Number	Slot number	Not possible
Module Type	Module detected in the slot	Possible
Controller Number	Fixed to 01	Not possible
Circuit Number	Module circuit number	Possible
I/O Start Register	I/O start register number of the I/O Module to be connected to MECHA- TROLINK (Setting range: 0000 to 7FFFh, max. 400h words per SVB Module)	Possible
I/O End Register	I/O last register number of the I/O Module to be connected to MECHA- TROLINK (Setting range: 0000 to 7FFFh, max. 400h words per SVB Module)	Possible
Disable Input	Input enabled (Enable)/disabled (Disable)	Possible (Not possible if the cell is blank)
Disable Output	Output enabled (Enable)/disabled (Disable)	Possible (Not possible if the cell is blank)
Motion Start Register	Start register number of the motion parameters (Automatically sets according to the circuit number)	Not possible
Motion End Register	Last register number of the motion parameters (Automatically sets according to the circuit number)	Not possible
Details	Opens the MECHATROLINK Transmission Definition Window. (Double-click the <b>MECHATROLINK</b> cell to open the window.)	-
Status	Status of each module in online mode	Not possible

The following table lists the items shown in the **Module Configuration** Window.

• "Possible" in the Modification line in the above table means that it is possible to change the setting of the item. Always save the setting to the flash memory after having changed the setting.

- When changing the setting, be careful not to set the register numbers overlapped with another module.
- I/O Start Register and I/O End Register must be set even though the I/O Module is connected or not connected to MECHATROLINK.

## (4) MECHATROLINK Transmission Definition

### [a] How to Open the MECHATROLINK Transmission Definition Window

In the Module Configuration Window, select the **SVB** Module in the **Controller** field and double-click the **MECHA-TROLINK** cell in the Module **Details** field. The MECHATROLINK Transmission Definition Window will open.

- If several SVB Modules are mounted, select the SVB Module to be checked or set in the Controller field.
- To check or set the built-in SVB Module, select slot number 00 in the Controller field.

2 CPU#: 1					
ntroller					
Slot Number	00	01			
Module Type	MP23005	UNDEFINED	•		
Controller Number	-	]-			
Circuit Number	-	-			
I/O Start Register					
I/O End Register					
Disable Input			•		
Disable Output		·	•		
Motion Start Register					
Motion End Register					
Details					
1201200	1.2 CO262 CO263 CO26				
Status P2300S: Controller module	Running	control, ethernet, virt	ual axes, program contr	rol function.	
2300S: Controller module	with network servo o	control, ethernet, virt	al axes, program contr	rol function.	
2300S: Controller module	with network servo o	control, ethernet, virt	3	4	5
23005: Controller module dule Details MP23005 SL	.OT#00	2	3		5 M-EXECUTOR▼
2300S: Controller module dule Details MP2300S SI Slot Number	.OT#00	2	3	4	-
223005: Controller module dule Details MP23005 SI Slot Number Module Type	.OT#00	2 218IFA	3 • SVB	4 SVR ▼	-
23005: Controller module dule Details MP23005 SI Slot Number Module Type Controller Number	.OT#00	2 218IFA 01	3 • SVB • 01	4 SVR ▼ 01	-
23005: Controller module dule Details MP23005 SI Slot Number Module Type Controller Number Circuit Number	.OT#00	2 218/FA 01 01	3 SVB  01 01	4 SVR ▼ 01	M-EXECUTOR - -
23005: Controller module dule Details MP23005 SI <u>Slot Number</u> Module Type Controller Number Circuit Number I/O Start Register	OT#00	2 218/FA 01 01 0000	3 SVB • 01 01 0800	4 SVR ▼ 01 02 	M-EXECUTOR - - - 0C00
2300S: Controller module dule Details MP2300S SI Slot Number Module Type Controller Number Circuit Number L/O Start Register 1/O End Register	0T#00	<ul> <li>218iFA</li> <li>01</li> <li>01</li> <li>0000</li> <li>07FF</li> <li>Fnable</li> </ul>	3 • SVB • 01 01 0800 08FF	4 SVR ▼ 01 02 	M-EXECUTOR - - - 0C00
22000S: Controller module dule Details MP2300S SI Slot Number Module Type Controller Number Circuit Number I/O Start Register J/O End Register Disable Input Disable Output	0T#00	<ul> <li>2</li> <li>218iFA</li> <li>01</li> <li>01</li> <li>0000</li> <li>07FF</li> <li>Fnable</li> </ul>	3 SVB 01 01 0800 0BFF Enable Enable S000	4 SVR • 01 02 	M-EXECUTOR - - - 0C00
22000S: Controller module dule Details MP2300S SI Slot Number Module Type Controller Number Circuit Number I/O Start Register J/O End Register Disable Input Disable Output	0T#00	2 2 18IFA 01 01 0000 0707F • Enable • Enable	3 • SVB • 01 01 080 08FF • Enable • • • Enable •	4 SVR ▼ 01 02  ▼ ▼	M-EXECUTOR - - 0C00 0C3F -
P2300S: Controller module odule Details MP2300S SI Slot Number Module Type Controller Number I/O Start Register I/O End Register Disable Input Disable Output Motion Start Register	OT#00     O	2 2 18IFA 01 01 0000 07FF • Enable • Enable 	3 SVB 01 01 0800 0BFF Enable Enable S000	4 SVR ▼ 01 02  * * * * * * * * * * * *	M-EXECUTOR - - 0C00 0C3F -

### [b] MECHATROLINK Transmission Definition Window Details

The MECHATROLINK Transmission Definition Window has four tabs: **Transmission Parameters, Link Assignment, I/O Map**, and **Status**. Click the tab to view each.

#### 1. Transmission Parameters Tab

The parameters required to use the MECHATROLINK transmission system are displayed.

<Communication Method in MECHATROLINK-II>

Fransmission Parameters Link A	ssignment   1/U Map   Status   .
Communication Type	MECHATROLINK-II (32 Byte Mode)
Master/Slave	Master
My station address	0 🗵
Transmission Speed	10Mbps 💌
Transmission Byte	31Byte
Communication Cycle	1.0 ms
SigmaWin	Not Used
Number of retry to slaves	1
Number of slaves	8 👻
Slave synchronous function	Disable 👻

		1 Slot #00	
ansmission Parameters   Link /	Assignment   1/0 Ma	p Status	
Communication Type	MECHATROL	INK-I	•
faster/Slave	Master	Ŧ	
dy station address		0 -	
Transmission Speed	4Mbps	~	
Communication Cycle	2.0 ms	Ŧ	
fessage confidence level	0	•	
lumber of slaves	14	Ŧ	

The items shown on the **Transmission Parameters** Tab are described in the following table. For items whose input fields are available, the settings can be changed. Always save the settings to the flash memory after changing them.

Item	Display during Self-configuration	Options and Precautions on Settings				
Communication Type	Displays the detected communication method.	Select MECHATROLINK-II (32 Byte Mode), MECHATROLINK-II (17 Byte Mode), or MECHATROLINK-I.				
Master/Slave	Displays whether the selected SVB Module is used as a Master station or Slave station.	Select either Master or Slave.				
My station address (Local station address)	Displays the local station address set by using the rotary switches.	For Master station, fixed to 0. For slave stations, set a number between 1 and the number of slave stations.				
Transmission Speed	Displays the transmission speed: MECHATROLINK-II (32-byte mode): 10 Mbps MECHATROLINK-II (17-byte mode): 10 Mbps MECHATROLINK-I: 4 Mbps	Cannot be set.				
Transmission Byte (Hidden for MECHATROLINK -I)	Displays the number of transmission bytes. The number of transmission bytes depends on the com- munication type and the station type, Master or Slave. Refer to <i>n Transmission Bytes, Communication Cycle,</i> <i>Number of Retries to Slaves, Number of Slaves</i> for details.	Cannot be set.				
Communication Cycle	Displays the communication cycle. The number of transmission bytes depends on the com- munication type and the station type, Master or Slave. Refer to <i>n Transmission Bytes, Communication Cycle,</i> <i>Number of Retries to Slaves, Number of Slaves</i> for details.	Can be set only for the Master station and when MECHATROLINK-II is selected as the com- munication type. The value that can be set dif- fers depending on whether the SVB Module is a built-in SVB Module or optional SVB Mod- ule. Refer to <i>n Communication Cycle That Can</i> <i>be Set</i> for details.				
Message Confi- dence Level (Hidden for MECHATROLINK -II)	Not used for MECHATROLINK transmission.	Set to 0 (default).				

<Communication Method in MECHATROLINK-I>

#### (cont'd)

		(cont d)				
Item	Display during Self-configuration	Options and Precautions on Settings				
SigmaWin (Hidden for MECHATROLINK -I)	For MECHATROLINK-II communications, displays whether or not to use SigmaWin+ for communication via MECHATROLINK-II adapter such as JUSP-NP115.	Select either <b>use</b> or <b>not use</b> .				
Number of Retry to Slaves (Hidden for MECHATROLINK -I)	Displays the maximum number of slave stations to which the Master can retry transmission in one transmission cycle when the Master has not received a normal response from a slave.	Only for Master station. Set a number between 0 and 7. Cannot set for Slaves.				
Number of Slaves	Displays the number of slave stations that can be con- nected. The number of slave stations that can be connected is determined by communication type, communication cycle, SigmaWin+ use/not use, and number of retry to slaves.	Cannot be set.				
Slave Synchro- nous Function	When using a built-in SVB as a slave station, select whether to synchronize with a master station.	Select either Enable or Disable. For more information about the process, refer to Chapter 7 Slave CPU Synchronous Func- tion.				

### Transmission Bytes, Communication Cycle, Number of Retries to Slaves, Number of Slaves

Transmission bytes, communication cycle, number of retries to slaves, and number of slaves at execution of self-configuration will be automatically set according to conditions including communication type, station type (Master or Slave), and the largest slave station number (the largest number among the detected slave station numbers).

Item			HATROLINK 2-byte mode)	_	ROLINK-II e mode)	MECHATRO-	
Largest Slave Station Number	1 to 8	9	1 to 14	15	LINK-I		
Transmission Byte			31 bytes		16 t	oytes	_
Communication Cycle	1 ms	1 ms	2 ms	2 ms	1 ms	1 ms	2 ms
Number of Retry to Slaves	1	0	5	21 (The largest slave station number)	1	0	14
Number of Slaves	8	9	16	The largest slave station number	14	15	14

#### <For Master Station>

#### 2.2 Basic Module

2.2.5 Built-in SVB Module

<For Slave Stations>

Item	MECHATROLINK-II (32-byte mode)								
Transmission Byte	-	-	-						
Communication Cycle	1 ms	1 ms	2 ms						
Number of Retry to Slaves	30	30	15						
Number of Slaves	30	30	15						

## Communication Cycle That Can be Set

The communication cycle that can be set will differ depending on the communication type as follows.

MECHATROLINK-II Communication Mode	32-byte mode	17-byte mode
Communication Cycle That Can be Set	0.5 ms, 1 ms, 1.5 ms, or 2 ms	0.5 ms or 1 ms

• Communication Cycle can only be set for Master.

• The communication cycle for MECHATROLINK-I is fixed to 2 ms.

### 2. Link Assignment Tab Page

The data of the slave devices (MECHATROLINK connected devices such as SERVOPACK, inverter, and distributed I/O) are displayed on the **Link Assignment** Tab.

ME ME	CHATE	ROLINK MP2300	5 C	Inli	ne Local							_ 🗆 ×
PT#:	2 CP	J#: 1							RACK	#01 S	lot	#00 CIR#01 0000-03FF P
Trans	smissior	Parameters Link Assi	gnm	ent	1/0 Map	Status	1					
	ST#	TYPE		D	INPUT	SIZE	D	OUTPUT	SIZE	SCA	N	Comment
	01	SGDS-***1**	•		-					High	•	SGDS_www.1ww
	02	JEPMC-I02310/30	•		IW0000	4	11	OW0004	4	High	-	102310
	03		-								-	
	04		-								•	
	05		-								-	
	06		-				111				-	

The items shown on the **Link Assignment** Tab are as follows. You can change the settings or delete the data station by station on this tab. Always save the settings to the flash memory after changing them.

Item	Description	Options and Precautions on Settings
ST #	Station number	The station number set here must be the same as the number set using rotary switches.
TYPE	Slave device connected at the station	Select the device type from the pull-down list.
	I/O register's enable/disable status	
D	: Enabled	Click the button to switch the status.
	: Disabled	
INPUT, SIZE	The leading input register number ( <b>INPUT</b> ) and the number of input registers in words ( <b>SIZE</b> ). The maximum number of input registers will be automatically set in <b>SIZE</b> .	When setting, be careful not to overlap the register range among stations. The register numbers that can be set are in the range between the leading register number and the ending register number in the Module Configu- ration Definition Window.
OUTPUT, SIZE	The leading output register number ( <b>OUTPUT</b> ) and the number of input registers in words ( <b>SIZE</b> ). The maximum number of output regis- ters will be automatically set in <b>SIZE</b> .	When setting, be careful not to overlap the register range among stations. The register numbers that can be set are in the range between the leading register number and the ending register number in the Module Configu- ration Definition Window.
SCAN	Scan type used for synchronization with CPU. High: High-speed scan Low: Low-speed scan	Select either <b>High</b> or <b>Low</b> . When <b>TYPE</b> is set to a SERVOPACK, fixed to <b>High</b> .
Comment (Station name)	-	Enter a comment of up to 32 characters for each station.

#### Deleting a Station Assignment

Click any cell in the row of the station to be deleted, and select *Edit* - *Assignment Delete* from the main menu. • Care must be taken when deleting a station assignment. The deletion is irreversible.

#### ■ \*\*\*\*\*I/O and \*\*\*\*\*SERVO in Type

The following slave devices (I/O Modules) do not have model codes. Therefore, "\*\*\*\*\*//O" (wild card I/O) will be displayed in *TYPE* for these devices after execution of self-configuration.

- JEPMC-IO350
- JAMSC-120DAI53330
- JAMSC-120DAI73330
- JAMSC-120DAO83330
- JAMSC-120DRA83030

For a servo with customized specifications that could not be recognized by self-configuration, "\*\*\*\*SERVO" (wild card servo) will be displayed in *TYPE*.

Select a correct device type in the Link Assignment Tab Page for the devices with **\*\*\*\*\****I/O* or **\*\*\*\****SERVO* displayed in *TYPE*.

### 3. I/O Map Tab

The status allocated to I/O registers is displayed.

• The I/O Map Tab is used for monitoring (read-only). Do not change the displayed settings.

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	В	С	D	E	F	ST#	TYPE 🔺
0000	н	н	HI	HI	но	но	но	_									02	JEPMC-102310/30
010																		
020																		
0030																		
040																		
0050																		
060																		
070																		
080																		
0090																		
OAO																		
OBO																		_

### [c] Status Tab Page

The MECHATROLINK transmission status is displayed. The displayed settings cannot be changed.

ME	CHATI	ROLINK MP23005	Onl	ine Local			100.00		30.5			_0
PT#:	2 CP	U#: 1		RACK	101 S	lot	#00 0	CIR#O	1 080	0-0BFF		▶▶▶▶
Trans	missio	n Parameters 🛛 Link Assign	nment	1/0 Map	State	si						
	ST#	TYPE	D	INPUT	SIZE	D	OUTPUT	SIZE	STS			Co
	01	SGDS-***1**	1		2	1			8002	SGDS-**	יייןייי	
	02	JEPMC-I02310/30		IW0800	004		OW0804	004	8003	102310	/2330	
	03		111		1							
	04											
	05				1							
	06		10			-						
	07											
	08											

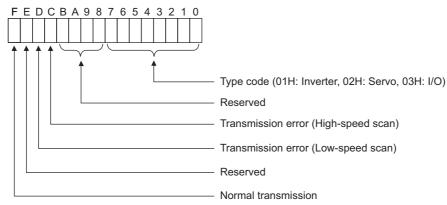
The items shown on the Status Tab are the same as those on the Link Assignment Tab except for STS.

### ■ STS

In online mode MECHATROLINK transmission status information is displayed in hexadecimal.

• In offline mode, nothing will be displayed.

The meaning of each bit is shown below.



### (5) SVB Definition

The SVB Definition file defines the motion parameters (motion fixed parameters, motion setting parameters, and motion monitoring parameters) to control motion axes such as the SERVOPACK, inverter, and stepper.

• Refer to Appendix E Motion Parameter Details for details on motion parameters.

### [a] Opening the SVB Definition Window

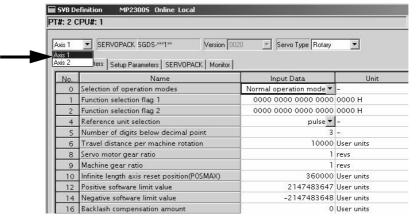
Open the SVB Definition Window by the following procedure.

1. Select *MP2300S* in the Controller area, then double-click the slot number cell of the SVB Module in the *Module Details* field in the **Module Configuration** Window.

ntroller								
Slot Number	00		01					
Module Type	MP23005	•	UNDEFINED	1				
Controller Number	-		-					
Circuit Number	-		-					
I/O Start Register								
I/O End Register								
Disable Input		•		•				
Disable Output		•		•				
Motion Start Register								
Motion End Register								
Details								
Status P2300S: Controller module (	Running with network serv	'0 CO	ntrol, ethernet, virt	ual axes, program con	trol function.			
P2300S: Controller module (	with network serv	0 00	ntrol, ethernet, virt	ual axes, program con	trol function.		_	
P2300S: Controller module (	with network serv		2	3	trol function.		5	
23005: Controller module ( odule Details MP23005 SL	with network serv		2 218IFA		A A		5 M-EXECUT	OR -
P2300S: Controller module ( odule Details MP2300S SL Slot Number	with network serv		2 218IFA 01	3 01	4 5VR 01	-		OR •
P23005: Controller module ( odule Details MP23005 SL Slot Number Module Type	with network serv		2 218IFA 01 01	3 01 01	A A		M-EXECUT - -	OR -
23005: Controller module v odule Details MP23005 SL Slot Number Module Type Controller Number	with network serv		2 218IFA 01 01 0000	3 01 01 0800	4 5VR 01	-	M-EXECUT - - 0C00	OR -
P2300S: Controller module v odule Details MP2300S SL Slot Number Module Type Controller Number Circuit Number	OT#00	•	2 218IFA 01 010000 07FF	3 01 01 0800 08FF	01 02 		M-EXECUT - -	OR -
23005: Controller module o adule Details MP23005 SL Slot Number Module Type Controller Number Circuit Number I/O Start Register	OT#00	•	2 218IFA 01 0000 07FF Enable	3 01 01 0800 08FF Tenable	4 01 02 		M-EXECUT - - 0C00	
23305: Controller module i odule Details MP23005 SL Slot Number Module Type Controller Number Circuit Number L/O Start Register I/O End Register	OT#00	•	2 218IFA 01 010000 07FF	3 01 01 0800 0800 08FF • Enable • Enable	4 01 02 		M-EXECUT - - 0C00	
23005: Controller module i odule Details MP23005 SL Slot Number Module Type Controller Number Circuit Number L/O Start Register L/O Start Register Disable Input	OT#00	•	2 218IFA 01 0000 07FF Enable	3 01 01 0800 08FF Enable Enable 8000	4 01 02   8800		M-EXECUT - - 0C00	
23005: Controller module o adule Details MP23005 SL Slot Number Module Type Controller Number Controller Number I/O Start Register I/O End Register Disable Input Disable Output	OT#00	•	2 218/FA 01 01 0000 077FF Enable Enable	3 01 01 0800 0800 08FF • Enable • Enable	4 01 02 		M-EXECUT - - 0C00	
P23005: Controller module o adule Details MP23005 SL Slot Number Module Type Controller Number Circuit Number I/O Start Register J/O End Register Disable Input Disable Output Motion Start Register	OT#00	•	2 218/FA 01 01 0000 07FF Enable Enable 	3 01 01 0800 08FF Enable Enable 8000	4 57K 01 02  8800 8FFF		M-EXECUT - - 0C00	

The Create New Confirmation Dialog Box will open. Click **OK** to display the **Fixed Parameters** Tab of the **SVB Definition** Window.

2. Select the axis to be set or monitored from the Axis pull-down list.



 Axis corresponds to ST# (station number) in the Link Assignment Tab of the MECHATROLINK Transmission Definition Window.

- 3. Click the Fixed Parameters, Setup Parameters, or Monitor Tab to display the desired page.
  - If the setting in Servo Type is switched from Rotary to Linear, or vice-versa, some of the displayed parameters will change. Refer to 4.2.2 Motor Type and Related Alarms in the Machine Controller MP2000-series SVB/ SVB-01 Motion Module User's manual (manual no.: SIEPC88070033) for details.

: 2 (	CPU#: 1	RACK#01 Slot #00 C	IR#01 8000	-87FF
is 1	SERVOPACK SGDS.***1**		e Rotary	$ \geq $
		92 LL N		
No.	Parameters Setup Parameters SERVOPAC Name	X   Monitor   Input D	ata	Unit
-		Input D	ata ation mode <b>*</b>	-
No.	Name	Input D Normal oper		-
No.	Name Selection of operation modes	Input D. Normal oper 0000 000	ation mode 🔻	- 0000 н

#### Fig. 2.1 Fixed Parameters Tab

SVB D	efinition MP23005 Online	: Local			
F#: 2 (	CPU#: 1	RACK#01 S	ilot #00	CIR#01 8000-87FF	₽₽₽₽₽₽
Axis 1	SERVOPACK SGDS-***1**	Version 00	)20 💌	Servo Type Rotary	[
Fixed P	arameters Setup Parameters SE	RVOPACK   Monitor			
Fixed P	arameters Setup Parameters SEI	RVOPACK   Monitor	REG	Input Data	Unit
100000		RVOPACK   Monitor	REG 0W8000	Input Data 0000 0000 0000 0000	
No.	Name	RVOPACK   Monitor			0000 Н
No.	Name Run command setting	RVOPACK   Monitor	OW8000	0000 0000 0000 0000	0000 H 0000 H

Fig. 2.2 Setup Parameters Tab

: 2 C	PU#: 1	RACK#01 Slo	t #00 CIF	1 8000-87FF
xis 1	SERVOPACK SGDS-***1** Version	0020 Servo Type Rotary		
	arameters   Setup Parameters   SERVOPACK   Nonite	· _, ,	_	
No.	Name	Input Data	Unit	Current Value
	Function Selection Basic Switch 0	0000 H -		0000 H
		0000 H -		0000 H
2001	Function Selection Application Switch 1	000011-		
	Function Selection Application Switch 1 Function Selection Application Switch 2	0011 H -		0011 H
0002		0.00000		0011 H 0110 H
0002 0004	Function Selection Application Switch 2	0011 H -		

#### Fig. 2.3 SERVOPACK Parameters Tab

- · Refer to the relevant SERVOPACK user's manual for information on SERVOPACK parameters.
- Refer to Appendix B SERVOPACK Parameter Data Flow.

7: 2 (	CPU#: 1		RACK#01 Slot #00 CIR#01 8000-87FF	
kis 1	Version 0020	-	Servo Type Rotary	
	-			
ixed P	arameters Setup Parameters SERVD ACK Monitor			
No.	Name	REG	Monitor Data	Unit
0	Run status	IW8000	0000 0000 0000 1001 -	
1	Parameter number when range over is generate	IW8001	0 -	
2	Warning	IL8002	- 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 -	
4	Alarm	IL8004	- 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 -	
8	Motion command response code	IW8008	No Command -	
9	Motion command status	IW8009	0000 0001 0000 0000 -	
		BHOOOA	No Command -	
10	Subcommand response code	IW800A	Nu Commanu -	

Fig. 2.4 Monitor Parameters Tab (read-only)

### (6) Precautions when Saving the Servo User Constant

To save it in the SERVOPACK parameter screen except when SERVOPACK is changed, make sure in advance to select *Edit (E) - SERVOPACK Current Value* and *To Setting Value (V)* menus in order.

# 2.2.6 SVR Virtual Motion Module

## (1) Outline

The Virtual Motion Module is a software module provided as a standard feature with the MP2300S. It is not connected to a motor, but provides a virtual axis interface.

The SVR is configured in the same way as the MP2300S built-in SVB with fixed parameters, setting parameters, and monitoring parameters, and can be accessed from application programs using I/O registers.

The SVR can be used to control up to 16 virtual axes in the high-speed scan control cycle.

Note: For information on how to use SVR motion parameters and motion commands, refer to *Machine Control-Ier MP2000-series SVB/SVB-01 Motion Module User's Manual* (manual no.: SIEPC88070033).

In the MP2300S Basic Module, slot 4 in the default Module Configuration Window is for SVR.

troller										
uollei										
Slot Number	00		01	_						
Module Type	MP23005	-	UNDEFINED	•						
Controller Number	-1		-							
Circuit Number	-		70							
I/O Start Register										
I/O End Register										
Disable Input		•		•						
Disable Output		•		-						
Notion Start Register										
Motion End Register										
Details										
	and the second second second second				]					
Status 23005: Controller module v dule Details MP23005 SL		aino co	ntrol, ethernet,	virtua	J al axes, program co	ntrol fur	iction.			/
	.0T#00-	ervo co	×	virtua		ntrol fur			/	
23005: Controller module v dule Details MP23005 SL Slot Number	.0T#00		2		3	$\boldsymbol{\mathcal{L}}$	4	4	5	/
2300S: Controller module v dule Details MP2300S SL	.0T#00-	ervo co	2 218IFA	virtua	3 SVB		4		5 M-EXECUT	OR V
23005: Controller module v dule Details MP23005 SL Slot Number	.0T#00		2 218IFA 01		3 SVB 01		4	<b>د</b> ب		OR V
23005: Controller module v dule Details MP23005 SL Slot Number Module Type	.0T#00		2 218IFA 01 01		3 SVB 01 01		4		M-EXECUT - -	OR •
23005: Controller module v dule Details MP23005 SL Slot Number Module Type Controller Number	.0T#00		2 218IFA 01 01 0000		3 SVB 01 01 0800		4		M-EXECUT - - 0C00	
2300S: Controller module v dule Details MP2300S SL Slot Number Module Type Controller Number Circuit Number	OT#00 CPU -		2 218IFA 01 01	•	3 SVB 01 01 0800 08FF		4		M-EXECUT - -	OR •
23005: Controller module v dule Details MP23005 SL <u>Slot Number</u> Module Type Controller Number Circuit Number I/O Start Register	OT#00 CPU - 		2 218IFA 01 01 0000 07FF Enable	•	3 SVB 01 01 0800 08FF Enable		4		M-EXECUT - - 0C00	OR V
23005: Controller module v dule Details MP23005 SL Slot Number Module Type Controller Number Circuit Number I/O Start Register I/O End Register	OT#00 CPU - 	<b>•</b>	2 218IFA 01 0000 07FF	•	3 SVB 01 01 0800 08FF Enable Enable				M-EXECUT - - 0C00	OR V
23005: Controller module v dule Details MP23005 SL Slot Number Module Type Controller Number Circuit Number I/O Start Register I/O End Register Disable Input Disable Input	OT#00 CPU - 	•	2 218IFA 01 01 0000 07FF Enable	•	3 SVB 01 01 0800 08FF Enable	SVR 02 	4	1005	M-EXECUT - - 0C00	
23005: Controller module v dule Details MP23005 SL Slot Number Module Type Controller Number Circuit Number I/O Start Register I/O End Register Disable Input Disable Output Motion Start Register	OT#00	•	2 218IFA 01 01 0000 07FF Enable Enable	•	3 SVB 01 01 0800 08FF Enable Enable		4	1005	M-EXECUT - - 0C00 0C3F	
23005: Controller module v dule Details MP23005 SL Slot Number Module Type Controller Number Circuit Number I/O Start Register I/O End Register Disable Input Disable Output Motion Start Register	OT#00	•	2 218IFA 01 0000 07FF Enable Enable 	•	3 SVB 01 0800 08FF Enable Enable 8000	SVR 02 	4	1005	M-EXECUT 0C00 0C3F	
23005: Controller module v dule Details MP23005 SL Slot Number Module Type Controller Number Circuit Number I/O Start Register I/O End Register Disable Input Disable Output Motion End Register	OT#00	•	2 218IFA 01 0000 07FF Enable Enable 	•	3 SVB 01 0800 08FF Enable Enable 8000 87FF	SVR 02 	4	1005	M-EXECUT 0C00 0C3F	OR •

• If the SVR is not used, MP2300S processing time can be reduced by setting the *Module Type* for SVR to **UNDE**-**FINED** in the **Module Configuration** Window.

Slot Number	1		2		3	4	5	
Module Type	CPU	-	218IFA	•	SVB •	UNDEFINED		R▼
Controller Number	-	Ĩ	01		01		-	
Circuit Number	2		01		01	-	-	
I/O Start Register			0000		0800		0000	
I/O End Register			07FF		OBFF		0C3F	
Disable Input		•	Enable	•	Enable 🔻		-	•
Disable Output		-	Enable	•	Enable 🔻		•	-
lotion Start Register					8000			
Notion End Register					87FF			
Details					MECHATROLINK	<		
Status	Running	j	Running	1	Running	Running	Running	

## (2) Example SVR Usage

The SVR is used in the following two applications.

- Program testing: Results are easily obtained without mounting a motor.
- Generating commands: If the SVR is used in applications where motion modules are required only for generating commands, such as master axis for phase control or multi-axis synchronous control, then Motion Modules on real axes are no longer required.

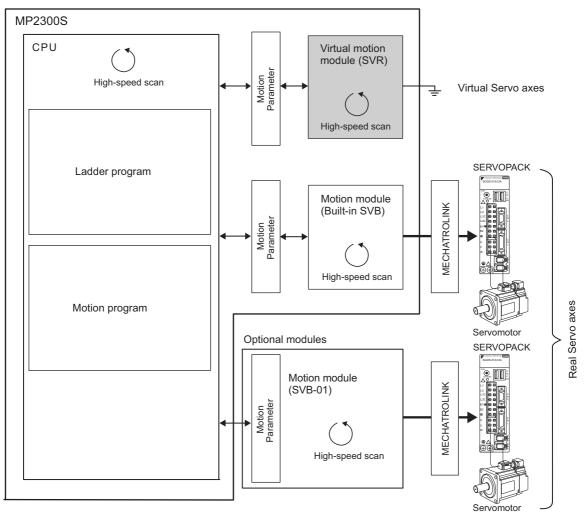
The following table lists application examples of the SVR.

Slot Number	Application Example	Application Method
1	Master axis for phase control	Electronic cam or shaft operation can be achieved by using the SVR for the virtual master axis.
2	Multi-axis synchronous con- trol	Multi-axis synchronous control can be achieved by controlling the SVR from a motion program and then using the ladder program to copy position commands of the SVR to other axes.
3	Sine curve commands	If the motion program is used to perform circular interpolation with the SVR, the axis will operate with a sine curve command.

• The software limit function and machine lock function cannot be used with the SVR. The position error will always be 0.

## (3) System Configuration Example

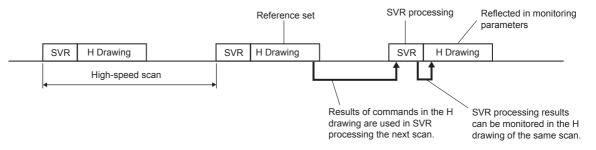
The following figure shows an example system configuration using SVR.



## (4) SVR Operation

## [a] SVR Execution Timing

The SVR is processed at the beginning of the high-speed scan. SVR processing is performed in the next scan after specifying and the processing results are reflected in the monitoring parameters.



## [b] Processing Time

When fixed parameter 0 (Selection of Operation Modes) is set to 0 (Normal Operation Mode), services are started for each of the 16 SVR Module virtual axes.

• The default for the Selection of Operation Modes parameter is 1 (Axis Unused).

The following table gives guidelines for the processing time required for each SVR axis.

Command	MP2300S
NOP	$35 + 14 \times \text{Number of axes } (\mu s)$
POSING	$35 + 36 \times \text{Number of axes } (\mu s)$

• Number of axes: The number of axes (1 to 16) when Selection of Operation Modes (fixed parameter 0) is set to Normal Operation Mode (0). The formula listed above do not apply when the number of axes is 0.

#### Differences from SVB Simulation Mode

Simulation mode does not have a positioning function, so the position data is refreshed in one scan to the final target position. The SVR has its own positioning function that performs distribution, so like a real module, position data is refreshed each scan for the final target position.

2.2.7 M-EXECUTOR Module (Motion Program Executor)

## 2.2.7 M-EXECUTOR Module (Motion Program Executor)

This section explains the M-EXECUTOR Module (motion program executor) function and its detail screen.

## (1) M-EXECUTOR Module Function Overview

The M-EXECUTOR Module is a software module that executes a motion or sequence program. The M-EXECUTOR Module enables the following features:

#### Executing a motion program without using a ladder program

Conventionally, in order to execute a motion program, you need to incorporate an MSEE command into a ladder program. The M-EXECUTOR Module allows you to execute the motion program without incorporating the MSEE command into the ladder program.

Note: You can incorporate a MSEE command into the ladder program as ever.

#### Controlling a motion program without using a ladder program

You can map any register to the control signal of the motion program registered in the M-EXECUTOR Module. So, without a ladder program, this allows you to directly control a motion program from a host PLC or other device.

#### Describing sequence control in motion language

As a new programming method, a sequence program has been added to the MP2300S.

A sequence program is a scan execution type program where a process is completed with one scan. It employs a text language similar to a motion program.

You can use the sequence program as an alternative to the ladder program.

For information about commands available in the sequence program, see *Machine Controller MP900/MP2000 Series* Users Manual Motion Programming (manual number: SIE-C887-1.3).

## (2) M-EXECUTOR Module Specification

## [a] Programs Capable of Registration in M-EXECUTOR

The following table shows programs capable of registration in M-EXECUTOR.

Pro	gram Type	Number of Registrations	Remarks
Motion Program	n	16	
	Startup	1	
Sequence	Interrupt	Disable	Up to 16 programs in total
Program	H Scan	16	
	L Scan	16	

## [b] Program Control Method

The following table shows the program control methods registered in M-EXECUTOR.

Item	Motion Program	Sequence Program	
Execution Method	Sequential Execution	Startup: Event driven H Scan: Scan execution L Scan: Scan execution	
System Work	1:1 correspondence between the definition         (The number of program definitions is set         Definition No.       System Work Number         No. 1       1         No. 2       2         .       .         No. 16       16	5	
Program Designation Method	Direct or indirect designation	Direct designation	
Program Startup Method	Registered in the definition, turns start signal ON	Starts up when registered in the definition	
Override Setting for Interpolation	Yes	No	
I/O Link Definition	Yes	No	
S Register Report Function of Motion Program Status	Y	/es	
Number of Parallels	1 to 8 (4 main parallels $\times$ 2 sub parallels)	1	
Execute an Error Drawing when Operation Error Occurred	,	les	

2.2.7 M-EXECUTOR Module (Motion Program Executor)

## (3) Module Configuration Definition

#### (a) Details of Module Configuration Definition Window

Click **MP2300S** in the **Controller** area to display the details of the basic module functions in the **Module Details** area. The cell No.5 provides a detailed definition of M-EXECUTOR.

2 CPU#: 1						_					
ntroller											
								_			
Slot Number	00 MP2300S	- II	01								Ē
Module Type			NDEFINED								_
Controller Number	-	5		3							
Circuit Number	-	-		100							
1/O Start Register		-		33							
I/O End Register		-		-							
Disable Input		-		-							
Disable Output		_		<u> </u>							
Motion Start Register											
Motion End Register											
											100021
Details 23005: Controller module w	ith network se	rvo contr	rol, ethernet, v	rirtual	l axes, program ci	onti	rol function.				
		rvo contr	rol, ethernet, v	ritual	l axes, program ci	ontr	rol function.				
2300S: Controller module v		rvo contr	rol, ethernet, v 2		3		4		5		
23005: Controller module v idule Details MP23005 SL	.OT#00								5 M-EXECU	TOR	
23005: Controller module v idule Details MP23005 SL Slot Number	.0T#00	▼ 2	2		3		4	•		TOR	
223005: Controller module v idule Details MP23005 SL Slot Number Module Type	.0T#00	▼ 2 0	2 18IFA		3 SVB		4 SVR	•		TOR	
223005: Controller module v idule Details MP23005 SL Slot Number Module Type Controller Number	.0T#00	▼ 2 0 0	2 ! 18IFA ) 1		3 SVB 01		4 SVR 01	<b>•</b>		TOR	
223005: Controller module v idule Details MP23005 SL Slot Number Module Type Controller Number Circuit Number	0T#00 CPU - -	▼ 2 0 0 0	2 218IFA 01 01	•	3 SVB 01 01 0800 0BFF		4 SVR 01 02	•	M-EXECU - -	TOR	
223005: Controller module v idule Details MP23005 SL <u>Slot Number</u> Module Type Controller Number Circuit Number I/O Start Register	0T#00	▼ 2 0 0 0 0	2 18IFA 01 01 0000	•	3 SVB 01 01 0800	•	4 SVR 01 02 		M-EXECU - - 0C00	TOR	
223005: Controller module v dule Details MP23005 SL <u>Slot Number</u> <u>Module Type</u> <u>Controller Number</u> <u>Circuit Number</u> I/O Start Register I/O End Register	0T#00	▼ 2 0 0 0 0 0	2 218IFA 01 01 0000 07FF		3 SVB 01 01 0800 0BFF	<b>•</b>	4 SVR 01 02 		M-EXECU - - 0C00	TOR V	
223005: Controller module v idule Details MP23005 SL Slot Number Module Type Controller Number Circuit Number I/O Start Register I/O End Register Disable Input	0T#00	▼ 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	2 18IFA 01 01 0000 07FF inable		3 SVB 01 01 0800 08FF Enable	•	4 SVR 01 02 		M-EXECU - - 0C00	TOR V	
223005: Controller module v dule Details MP23005 SL Slot Number Module Type Controller Number Circuit Number I/O Start Register J/O End Register Disable Input Disable Input	0 T #00 C PU -  	▼ 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	2 218IFA 01 01 0000 07FF inable inable		3 SVB 01 01 0800 08FF Enable Enable	•	4 SVR 01 02 		M-EXECU - 0C00 0C3F	TOR V	
223005: Controller module v dule Details MP23005 SL Slot Number Module Type Controller Number Circuit Number I/O Start Register J/O End Register Disable Input Disable Output Motion Start Register	0 T #00 C PU -  	▼ 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	2 218IFA 01 01 0000 07FF inable inable		3 SVB 01 01 0800 08FF Enable Enable 8000	•	4 SVR 01 02  8800 8FFF		M-EXECU - 0C00 0C3F	TOR V	

Items displayed in the Module Details area show the following:

Item	Description	Change
Slot Number	Sub-slot number. Double-click to open the M-EXECUTOR detailed definition screen.	_
Module Type	A module name appears. Changing the name to UNDEFINED enables you to disable M-EXCUTOR functions.	$\checkmark$
Controller Number	Not used. Fixed to "-".	_
Circuit Number	Not used. Fixed to "-".	_
I/O Start Register	Start register of the M-EXECUTOR I/O register (valid range: 0000-7FFFh, size: 40h words)	$\checkmark$
I/O End Register	End register of the M-EXECUTOR I/O register (valid range: 0000-7FFFh, size: 40h words)	$\checkmark$
Disable Input	Not used. Fixed at "blank".	_
Disable Output	Not used. Fixed at "blank".	
Motion Start Register	Not used. Fixed at "".	
Motion End Register	Not used. Fixed at "".	_
Details	Not used.	-
Status	M-EXECUTOR Module status in online mode.	-

 $\sqrt{1}$ : Available, -: Not available

## ■ I/O Register Details

An I/O register assigned to M-EXECUTOR is used to run a motion program and sequence program, and to monitor a sequence program.

M-EXECUTOR I/O register details are as follows:

M-EXEC	UTOR Input R	legister
M-EXECUTOR Input Register	ľ	tem
lwxxxx + 0		Status
lwxxxx + 1	Definition	Spare
lwxxxx + 2	No.1	Spare
lwxxxx + 3		Spare
lwxxxx + 4	Definition	Status
lwxxxx + 5		Spare
lwxxxx + 6	No.2	Spare
lwxxxx + 7		Spare
	•	
	•	
	•	
lwxxxx + 3C		Status
lwxxxx + 3D	Definition	Spare
lwxxxx + 3E	No.16	Spare
lwxxxx + 3F		Spare

M-EXECUTOR Output Register					
M-EXECUTOR Output Register	I	ltem			
Owxxxx + 0		Program number			
Owxxxx + 1	Definition	Control signal			
Owxxxx + 2	No.1	Override			
Owxxxx + 3		Spare			
Owxxxx + 4		Program number			
Owxxxx + 5	Definition	Control signal			
Owxxxx + 6	No.2	Override			
Owxxxx + 7		Spare			
	•				
	•				
	•				
Owxxxx + 3C		Program number			
Owxxxx + 3D	Definition	Control signal			
Owxxxx + 3E	No.16	Override			
Owxxxx + 3F		Spare			

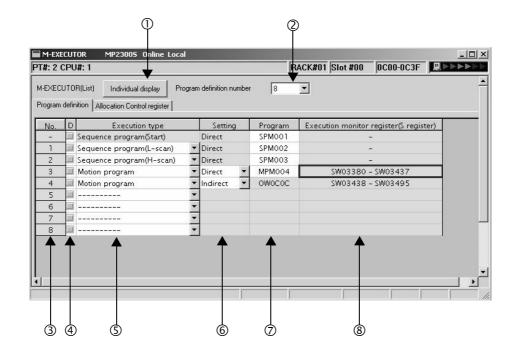
2.2.7 M-EXECUTOR Module (Motion Program Executor)

### (4) Detailed Screen

This section describes the M-EXECUTOR detail screen.

## Program Definition Screen (M-EXECUTOR (list display) screen)

The program definition screen allows you to register a motion or sequence program to run. Programs are executed according to the scan, in ascending numeric order. A white cell can be set by the user, and a grey cell cannot be set by the user.



#### ① Individual display

Shows M-EXECUTOR (individual display) screen.

#### ② Program definition number

Sets the number of program definitions registered in the M-EXECUTOR Module. The valid range is 0-16 (8 by default).

③ No.

Shows the program execution order. Processed according to the scan in ascending numeric order.

④ D

Enables/disables the definition. Uncheck to enable the definition.

#### ⑤ Execution type

Sets the program execution type.

Execution Type	Program to Execute	Execution Condition		
	None	None (select this to delete the definition)		
Sequence Program (startup)		Power-up (during power-up, run only once)		
Sequence Program (L scan)	Sequence program	Periodical startup (run each time a low-sped scan performed)		
Sequence Program (H scan)		Periodical startup (run each time a high-speed scan is performed)		
Motion Program	Motion program	Turns ON the program operation start request of the control signal (runs when the program operation start request is ON).		

### 6 Setting

Sets the a program designation.

The way to designate a program may differ according to the program.

Designa- tion Method	Motion Program	Sequence Program	Remarks
Direct Designation	Enable	Enable	The way to designate the program number Example: MPM001, SPM002, and so on
Indirect Designation	Enable	Disable	The way to designate the register for storing the program number Example: OW0C0C, and so on (refers to MPM001 by storing one in OW0C0C)

#### ⑦ Program

Sets a program number.

Execution Type	Remarks
Sequence Program (startup, L scan, H scan)	Enter "1" and press ENT to automatically input "SPM001." You can save an unregistered program or exit this screen without setting (blank), but in these cases, the program will not be executed.
Motion Program	Direct designation: Enter "1" and press ENT to automatically input "MPM001." You can save an unregistered program or exit this screen without setting (blank), but in these cases, the program will not be executed. Indirect designation: O register of M-EXECUTOR Module is automatically set. It cannot be set by the user.

#### In Execution monitor register (S Register)

When the execution type is set to motion program, the range of the execution monitor registers (S registers) is shown. For more information on the execution monitor register, refer to (6) Monitoring the Execution Information of Motion Program Using S Register of 5.2.2 Motion Programs on page 5-7.

2.2.7 M-EXECUTOR Module (Motion Program Executor)

#### Control Register Mapping Window

The control register mapping screen sets a mapping register.

A white cell can be set by the user, and a shaded cell cannot be set by the user.

	CUTOR(List) Individual of Indi		number 8	-		
No.	ltem	M-EXECUTOR Control register	Allocation Disable	Direction	Allocation register	Allocation Contact interlock
	Program number	OWOCOO		<-	IW0000	IB01000
	Status	IW0C00		->	OW0001	IB01000
1	Control signal	OW0C01	<u> </u>	<-	IW0001	IB01000
	Override	OW0C02	1	<-	IW0002	IB01000
	Program number	SPM003				
	Status					
2	Control signal					
	Override					
	Program number	MPM004				
	Status	IW0C08 🗲	K			IB02000
3	Control signal	OWOCO9 🗲		<-	IW0033	IB02000
	Override	OWOCOA		<-		IB02000
	Program number					
	Status					
4	Control signal					
	Override					
	Program number					
e arbit	rary register can be allocated	d to the control register of M-E	XECUTOR.	-	<b>–</b>	<b>+</b>

#### ① M-EXECUTOR Control register

Displays an I/O register mapped to the M-EXECUTOR Module. Controls the motion program and monitors the state, using the M-EXECUTOR control register.

M-EXECUTOR Control Register	Usage
Program Number	Sets a program number. This register is used only when set to an indirect designation.
Status	Monitors the program execution status.
Control Signal	Controls the program.
Override	Sets an override value when running a move command for the interpolation system.

- Note: For more information on the M-EXECUTOR control register, refer to 2.2.7 (1) M-EXECUTOR Module Function Overview.
  - ② Allocation Disable

Enables/disables the mapping register. Uncheck to enable the definition.

③ Direction

Displays the data I/O direction.

④ Allocation register

Data is exchanged between mapping and M-EXECUTOR control registers in real-time. Any register can be mapped to the mapping register.

Registers that can be set as a Mapping Register	
Word type I, O, M (except the motion register)	

S Allocation Contact interlock

An allocation contact interlock is used to control the data exchange between the allocation register and M-EXECUTOR control registers. When the allocation contact interlock is ON, data can be exchanged between the allocation register and M-EXECUTOR control registers. Any register bit can be mapped to the allocation contact interlock.

Registers that can be set as an Allocation Contact Interlock Bit type I, O, S, M, C (except the motion register)

#### Caution

An allocation contact interlock is used to interlock the operation of a motion program. When setting an allocation register, be sure to set the allocation contact interlock.

#### © Status, Control Signal Details

Double-click the status and control register to display the bit detail. You can check the signal sequence and status here.

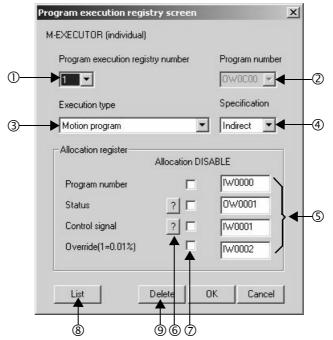
Control signal Status			
	M-EXECUTOR Control register	Allocation register	Status
Program start request	080C090	IB00330	O:0N . OFF
Program pause request	OB0C091	IB00331	○: ON ●: OFF
Program stop request	OB0C092	IB00332	○: ON ♦: OFF
Program single block mode selection	OB0C093	IB00333	Q: ON . OFF
Program single block start request	080C094	IB00334	O: ON . OFF
Alarm reset request	OB0C095	IB00335	O: ON . OFF
Program continuous operation start	OB0C096	IB00336	Ó:0N ♦:0FF
Skip1 information	080C098	IE00338	(): ON ♦: OFF
Skip2 information	OB0C099	IB00339	O: 0N . OFF
System work number setting	OB0C09D	IB0033D	O: 0N . OFF
Internalistics maniels cotting	0800085	IRODARE	Q: 0N . OFF

Control signal Status			
	M-EXECUTOR Control register	Allocation register	Status
Program is running	1800080		O: 0N . OFF
Program is pausing	IB0C081		○: ON ●: OFF
Program stopped with program stop	IB0C082		Q: ON . OFF
Program stopped under single block	180C084		Q: 0N . OFF
Program alarm has been generated	180C088		O: ON . OFF
Stopped at break point	180C089		O: ON . OFF
Debugging mode(EWS debugging)	IBOCO88		Ó:0N ♦:0FF
Start request signal history	IB0C08D		Ó:0N ♦:0FF
"No system work" error	IBOCOBE		O:0N .: OFF
Main program number limit error	IB0C08F		O: ON . OFF

2.2.7 M-EXECUTOR Module (Motion Program Executor)

Program Execution Registration Screen (M-EXECUTOR (individual display) screen)

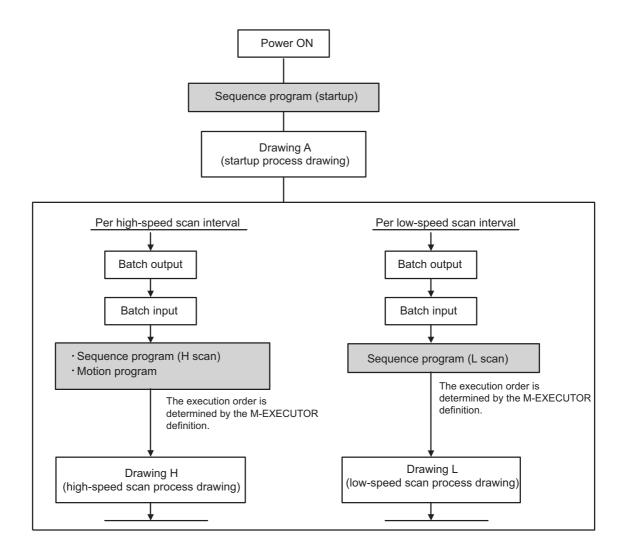
Click the **Individual Display** Button in the M-EXECUTOR (list display) dialog box to display this dialog box. The items that can be set are similar to those in the program definition window and the control register mapping window.



- Program execution registry number
   Selects a program execution registration No.
- Program numberSets a program number.
- Execution type
   Sets the program execution type.
- Specification
   Sets the method of designating a program.
- S Allocation register
   Sets a mapping register.
- Status, Control signal
   Displays the status and the signal sequence of the control register.
- Allocation DISABLE
   Enables/disables the allocation register. Uncheck to enable the definition.
- Ist Displays the M-EXECUTOR (list display) screen.
- Delete Deletes a definition.

## (5) Execution Scheduling

Programs registered in M-EXECUTOR are executed on the basis of their priorities (execution type). Programs registered in M-EXECUTOR are executed just before the ladder process.



2.2.7 M-EXECUTOR Module (Motion Program Executor)

An execution example is as follows:

• M-EXECUTOR program definition

		R(List) Individual display Prog nition Allocation Control register	gram	definition number	8	×	
No.	D	Execution type		Setting	Program	Execution monitor register(S register)	
-		Sequence program(Start)		Direct	SPM001	-	
1		Sequence program(L-scan)	•	Direct	SPM002	-	
2		Sequence program(H-scan)	•	Direct	SPM003	-	
3		Motion program	•	Direct 💌	MPM004	SW03380 - SW03437	
4		Sequence program(H-scan)	-	Direct	SPM005	-	
5			•				
6			•				
7			•				
8	031		-				

#### • Execution scheduling

The following diagram shows the execution scheduling when set in the screen above.

Startup	SPM001	DWG.A												
	•		•			High-spe	eed scan	cycle	•		High-spe	eed scan	cycle	
High-speed	scan			SPM003	MPM004	SPM005	DWG.H		SPM003	MPM004	SPM005	DWG.H		
			•					Low-sp	eed scan	cycle				
Low-speed s	scan							SPM002					SPM002	DWG.L
			1	progra		ng interrup	tes that th pted by a	e				DWG	X : Lado	der process

## 2.3 Option Module

This section provides an option module overview. For more information on its specifications, functions, connections, settings, etc., refer to the following documents separately.

## 2.3.1 Option Module Overview List

Classification	Option Module Name	Module Overview	Reference Manual
Motion	SVB-01 Module	<ul> <li>The SVB-01 Module is a motion module equipped with a MECHA- TROLINK supporting interface.</li> <li>The adoption of MECHATROLINK enables reduced wiring and multi- axis control. In addition, the support for MECHATROLINK-II standard allows you to control position, speed, torque, and phase, realizing precise synchronous control. Also, complex mechanical operation can be achieved by changing the control mode during axis operation.</li> <li><b>Features</b> <ul> <li>Up to 21 slave stations per module are connectable (up to 16 servo axes are controllable)</li> <li>Because synchronization between modules is enabled, adaptable to interpolation and synchronous control between modules</li> <li>With the SVB-01 Module as a slave, connectable to an upper control- ler with the MECHATROLINK communication function</li> <li>Self-configuration function allows you to automatically map slave devices connected to MECHATROLINK.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Machine Controller MP2000 Series SVB/SVB-01 Motion Mod- ule User's Manual (manual num- ber: SIEPC88070033)
Motion Module	SVA-01 Module	<ul> <li>The SVA-01 Module is a motion control module with analog output. Capable of controlling a two-axes servo per module or an inverter. The module has two connectors (CN1, CN2) for connection to a SER-VOPACK and an external I/O. Each connector is equipped with an analogue output to command speed and torque, an analogue input to monitor feedback speed and torque, a pulse input phase-A, B, and C (5V differential), and a general-purpose digital input/output.</li> <li>The control cycle is fixed at 500µs, so precise control is enabled regardless of high-speed scan cycles.</li> <li>Features</li> <li>Two axes servo module with analogue output</li> <li>Each axis can independently perform position control, speed command output, torque command output, and phase control functions.</li> <li>Self-configuration function allows you to automatically map modules.</li> </ul>	Machine Controller MP2000 Series Motion Module SVA-01 User's Manual (manual number: SIEPC88070032)
	PO-01 Module	The PO-01 Module is a motion module with pulse output and a four-axes interface. Applicable to connection to a stepping motor or SERVO-PACK.	Machine Controller MP2000 Series Pulse Output Motion Mod- ule PO-01 User's Manual (manual number: SIEPC88070028)

2.3.1 Option Module Overview List

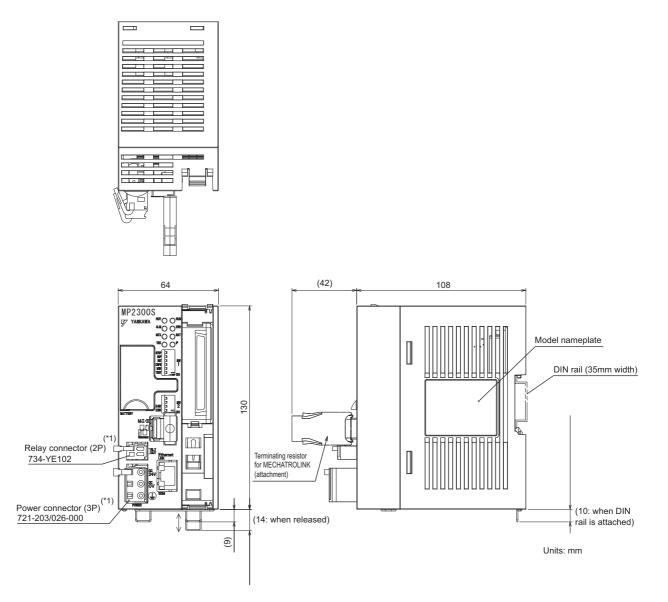
Classification	Option Module Name	Module Overview	Reference Manual		
	LIO-01/ LIO-02 Module	Digital I/O and pulse counter functions. As a digital I/O function, equipped with 16 digital inputs (DI), 16 digital outputs (DO) (LIO-01: sink output, LIO-02: source output). As a pulse counter function, one pulse input (PI). As for when to input/output for digital I/O and pulse counter functions, input/output for each MP2300S high-speed (High)/ low-speed (Low) scan is carried out at a constant cycle.	Machine Controller MP2300S Basic Module User's Manual (manual number:		
Input/Out-	LIO-04/ LIO-05 Module	As a digital I/O function, equipped with 32 digital inputs (DI), and 32 digital outputs (DO) (LIO-04: sink output, LIO-05: source output).	SIEPC88070003)		
put Module	DO-01 Module	As a digital output function, equipped with 64 digital outputs (DO) (sink output).			
	AI-01 Module	8 channel analogue input module. For the input, capable of selecting from three options: -10V to +10V, 0V to +10V, or 0 to 20 mA.	Machine Controller MP2000 Series Analogue Input/Output		
	AO-01 Module	Module AI-01/AO-01 User's Man- ual (manual number: SIEPC88070026)			
	CNTR-01 Module	2 channel reversible counter module. 5V differential/ 12V input is optional, and phase-A or -B/ sign/ add-subtract method is optional.	Machine Controller MP2000 Series Counter Module CNTR-01 User's Manual (manual number: SIEPC88070027)		
	218IF-01 Module	Equipped with serial interface (RS-232C) and Ethernet interface. Allows you to connect to a personal computer, HMI equipment, or controller by other makers via PORT or 10Base-T connector.			
	217IF-01 Module	Equipped with serial interfaces (RS-232C and RS422/485). Allows you to connect to a personal computer, HMI equipment, or controller by other makers via PORT or RS422/485 connector.			
Communi-	260IF-01 Module	Equipped with serial interface (RS-232C) and DeviceNet interface. Allows you to connect to a controller by other makers via DeviceNet connector. Also, allows you to connect to a personal computer or HMI equipment by other makers via the PORT connector.	Machine Controller MP2300 Communication Module User's		
cation Module	261IF-01       Equipped with serial interface (RS-232C) and PROFIBUS interfa         Module       BUS connector. Also, allows you to connect to a personal computed HMI equipment by other makers via the PORT connector.		Manual (manual number: SIEPC88070004)		
	215AIF-01 Module	MPLINK and CP-215 specifications. MPLINK specification is equipped with one line of our original real-time core network interface MPLINK transmission and a serial interface (RS- 232C). CP-215 specification is equipped with one line of our original real-time core network interface CP-215 transmission and a serial interface (RS- 232C).			

2.4.1 Basic Module

## 2.4 External Appearance

The external appearance of the basic module is as follows:

## 2.4.1 Basic Module



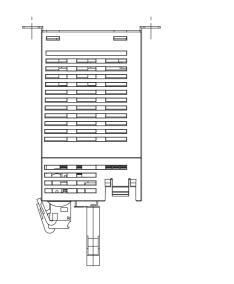
- \* 1. The following cable-side connectors are attached to the power and relay connectors.
- Power connector: 721-203 / 026-000
- Relay connector: 734-YE102

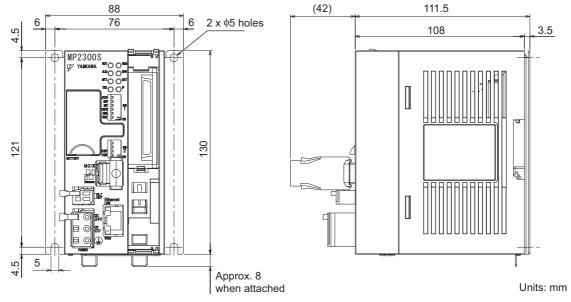
Note: Attachment

- Handle for power connector (model: 231-131)
- Handle for relay connector (model: 734-230)
  - \* These handles are used when connecting a cable to the cable-side connector.
- Terminating resistor for MECHATROLINK (JEPMC-W6022-E)

2.4.2 Basic Module with Metal Fittings

## 2.4.2 Basic Module with Metal Fittings





# Mounting and Wiring

This chapter explains how to handle MP2300S and the connection methods for each module.

3.1 Mounting MP2300S	3-2
3.1.1 Method	3-2
3.1.2 MP2300S Mount Direction	3-7
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3.2.5 RLY OUT Connector Details	3-23
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3.1.1 Method

## 3.1 Mounting MP2300S

## 3.1.1 Method

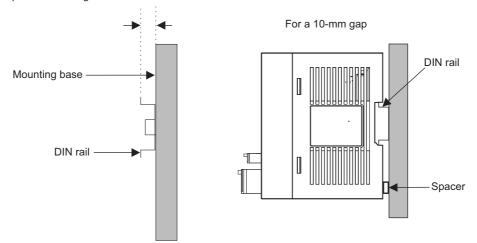
There are two methods for mounting MP2300S.

- Using DIN rail (standard)
- Using screws

## (1) DIN Rail Mounting

## [a] DIN Rails and Spacer

Several types of DIN rails are available: with 7-mm to 15-mm gap from the mounting base as shown in the following diagram. If mounting a MP2300S using DIN rail with 10 mm gap, install a spacer on the rear of the MP2300S near the bottom to protect the MP2300S from vibration and shock.

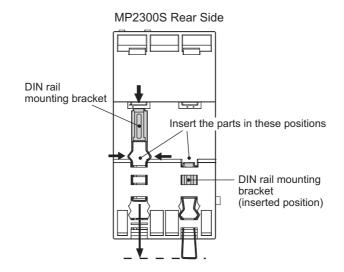


Gap from mounting base: 7.0 mm to 15.0 mm

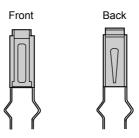
#### [b] Procedure for Mounting to DIN Rail

Use the following procedure to attach the DIN rail mounting parts to the MP2300S and then mount the MP2300S to the DIN rail.

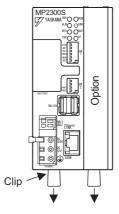
**1.** Insert the DIN rails to the dotted line in the two slots on the rear of the MP2300S as shown in the following figure.



• The following figure shows the front and back of a mounting clip. Insert each clip so that its front faces outward.

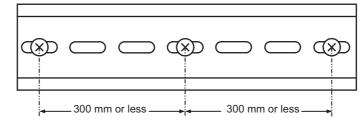


2. Pull the DIN rail mounting clips down to release them.

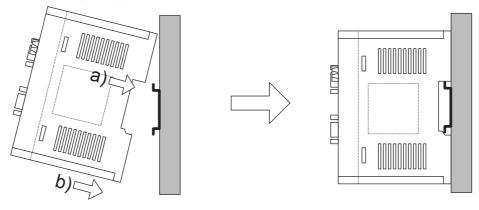


Fixing a DIN Rail

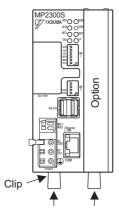
Make sure to fix a DIN rail at 300mm or less pitch as shown in the figure below.



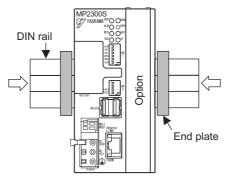
**3.** Hook the MP2300S to the top of the DIN rail (a), and then push the MP2300S towards the mounting base to secure it in place (b).



**4.** Push the DIN rail mounting clips to lock them in place.



5. Place end plates on both sides of the MP2300S to secure it to the DIN rail.

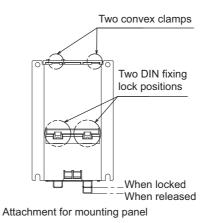


This completes the installation procedure.

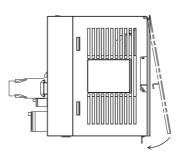
## (2) Screwed Method

Use a panel mounting clamp (optional) by the following procedure to mount MP2300S on the panel.

1. Release DIN fixing locks (two) at the center of the panel mounting clamp.

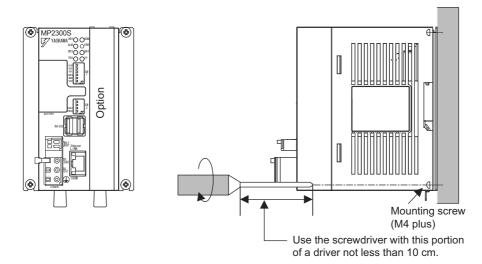


2. Insert two convex portions at the top of the panel mounting clamp into holes of the MP2300S case.



**3.** Push the clamp as indicated by an arrow above onto the MP2300S case and use DIN fixing locks to fix MP2300S.

**4.** Push the MP2300S mounted clamp onto the mounting plate as shown in the figure below, and use four mounting screws to firmly secure the clamp.

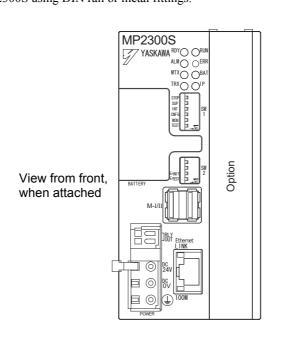


Note: Vertically mount it on the wall as shown in the figure above.

3.1.2 MP2300S Mount Direction

## 3.1.2 MP2300S Mount Direction

Be sure to mount the MP2300S using DIN rail or metal fittings.



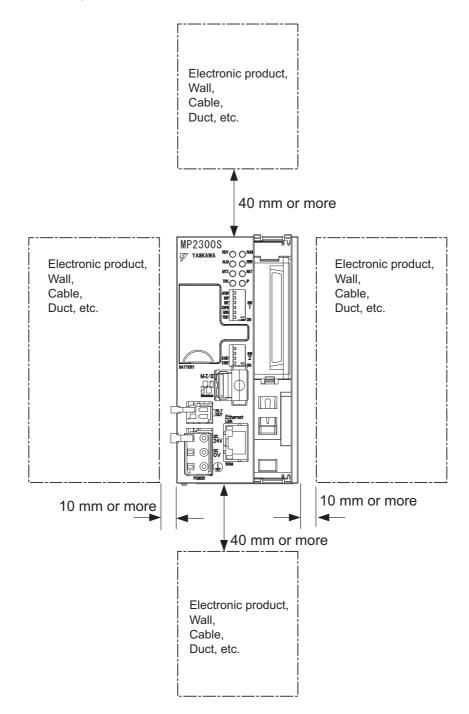
3.1.3 Space Required for Mounting MP2300S

## 3.1.3 Space Required for Mounting MP2300S

Install MP2300S so that enough space is left around it as shown in the following figure:

#### Mount condition

- · Vertical direction: 40 mm or more
- · Horizontal direction: 10 mm or more
- Note: However, ambient temperature should be 55°C or less.



3.1.4 Replacing and Adding Optional Modules

## 3.1.4 Replacing and Adding Optional Modules

Use the following procedures to replace and add Optional Modules.

#### (1) Preparations

**1.** Create a backup data file.

Use the MPE720 to save the MP2300S program on a computer (right-click the PLC, and select *Transfer - All Files - From Controller to MPE720*.)

2. Remove the MP2300S.

Turn OFF the power supply and disconnect all cables from the MP2300S. Then remove the MP2300S from the panel or rack and place on a workbench or other area with sufficient space.

## (2) Removing Optional Modules

**1.** Remove the battery cover.

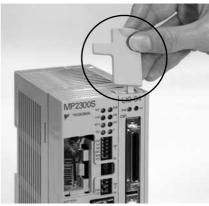
Pull the notch on the side of the MP2300S towards you to remove the battery cover.



**2.** Remove the panel of Optional Module.

Insert the protruding part of the battery cover into the slot on top of the panel of Optional Module to unhook, as shown in the diagram. Face the front of the battery cover towards you for this operation.

Remove the front cover (optional) from the empty slot before mounting an Optional Module in an empty slot.

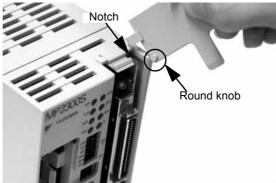


Unhook the bottom in the same way.

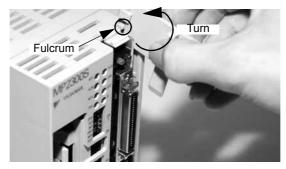
3.1.4 Replacing and Adding Optional Modules

**3.** Remove the Optional Module from the mounting base.

Pull the top of the panel of the Optional Module towards you to remove it. A notch on the Optional Module will be visible from the gap in the cover. Hook the round knob on the battery cover, shown in the diagram, into the notch in the Optional Module.



Hold the center of the battery cover as shown in the following diagram. Push the battery cover down and out, rotating from the round knob to disconnect the Module and mounting base connectors, and then pull the Optional Module forward.



4. Pull out the Optional Module.

Hold the Module on the top and bottom and pull it out straight. Hold the edges of the Module and avoid touching the parts on the Module.



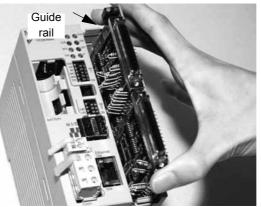
Put the removed Module into the bag that was supplied with and store the Module in this bag.

#### (3) Installing Optional Modules

**1.** Insert Optional Modules.

Hold the top and bottom of the Module to be installed, line up the Module on the left-side guide rail inside the Option Slot, and then insert it straight.

• The FG bar on the inside bottom of the Unit Case may be damaged if the Module is not inserted straight.



**2.** Mount on to the mounting base.

Once the Optional Module has been completely inserted, place your hand on the front face of the Optional Module and push hard until the Optional Module has been inserted into the mounting base connectors. The front face of the Optional Module and the hook will be aligned when the Optional Module has been installed properly.

**3.** Install the panel of the Optional Module.

Place the hole on the bottom of the panel of the Optional Module onto the hook on the bottom of the MP2300S. Next, hook the hole at the top of the panel of the Optional Module onto the hook at the top of the MP2300S.



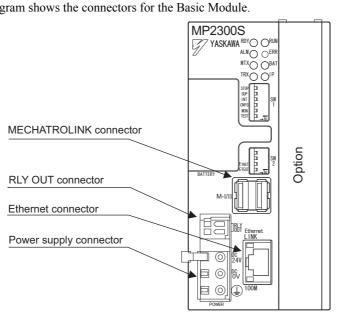
This completes the Optional Module mounting procedure. Be sure to attach the optional cover (model: JEPMC-OP2300) on the empty slot.

3.2.1 Connectors

## 3.2 Basic Module Connections

## 3.2.1 Connectors

The following diagram shows the connectors for the Basic Module.



## 3.2.2 Power Supply Connector

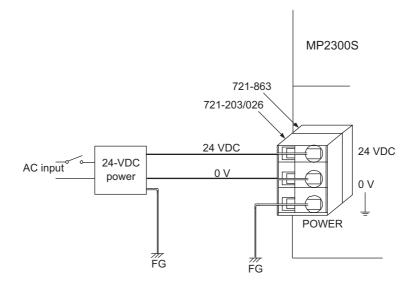
## (1) Specifications, Pin Arrangement, and Connection Procedure

Supply a 24-VDC to the MP2300S. Connect the power supply connector as shown in the diagram below.

Name	Connector	No. of	Connector Model			
Name	Name	Pins	Module	Cable	Manufacturer	
Power Supply Connector	POWER	3	721-863	721-203/026	WAGO	



Symbol	Signal Name	Description
24VDC	24 V	24 VDC input
0 VDC	0 V	0 V input
	FG	Frame ground (Ground to 100 Ω or less.)

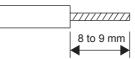


• Use an insulated 24-VDC power supply. Attach the power supply switch on the AC side. If the switch is attached on the 24-VDC side, there will be an inrush current of approximately 40 A when the power is turned ON.

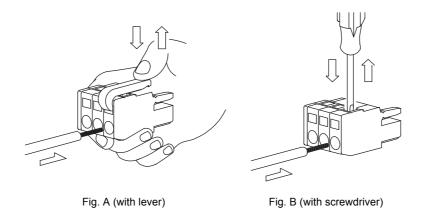
## (2) Connection Procedure

The power supply terminal has a removable connector. Use the following procedure to wire the terminal to the power supply connector. Use 0.2 mm<sup>2</sup> to 0.51 mm<sup>2</sup> (AWG24 to AWG20) twisted-pair cable.

**1.** Strip approx. 6.5 mm the end of the wire.



2. Open the wire insert opening on the terminal with the tool shown in Fig. A or Fig. B.



**3.** Insert the wire into the opening and then close the opening by releasing the lever or removing the screwdriver.

## 3.2.3 MECHATROLINK Connectors

MECHATROLINK connector is used to connect the MP2300S and the SERVOPACKs and distributed I/O via MECHATROLINK cables.

## (1) Specifications and Pin Arrangement

Name	Connector	No. of		Connector Model	
Name	Name	Pins	Module	Cable	Manufacturer
MECHATROLINK Connector	M-I/II	8	DUSB-ARB82-T11A-FA	DUSB-APA42-B1-C50	DDK Ltd.

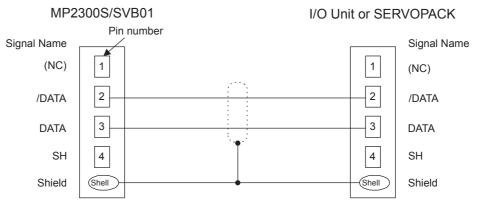
M-I/II	No.	Signal Name	Description	No.	Signal Name	Description
	A1	-	_	B1	_	-
	A2	SRD-	Signal –	B2	SRD-	Signal –
	A3	SRD+	Signal +	B3	SRD+	Signal +
	A4	SLD	Shield	B4	SLD	Shield

## (2) Cables

Name and Specification	Model Number	Length
	JEPMC-W6002-A5	0.5 m
	JEPMC-W6002-01	1 m
MECHATROLINK Cable MECHATROLINK Connector – MECHATROLINK Connector	JEPMC-W6002-03	3 m
	JEPMC-W6002-05	5 m
	JEPMC-W6002-10	10 m
	JEPMC-W6002-20	20 m
	JEPMC-W6002-30	30 m
	JEPMC-W6002-40	40 m
	JEPMC-W6002-50	50 m
	JEPMC-W6003-A5	0.5 m
MECHATROLINK Cable	JEPMC-W6003-01	1 m
MECHATROLINK Connector – MECHATROLINK Connector	JEPMC-W6003-03	3 m
(with Ferrite Core)	JEPMC-W6003-05	5 m
	JEPMC-W6003-10	10 m
	JEPMC-W6003-20	20 m
	JEPMC-W6003-30	30 m
	JEPMC-W6003-40	40 m
	JEPMC-W6003-50	50 m
	JEPMC-W6011-A5	0.5m
MECHATROLINK Cable	JEPMC-W6011-01	1 m
MECHATROLINK Cable MECHATROLINK Connector – Loose Wire	JEPMC-W6011-03	3 m
	JEPMC-W6011-05	5 m
	JEPMC-W6011-10	10 m
	JEPMC-W6011-20	20 m
	JEPMC-W6011-30	30 m
	JEPMC-W6011-40	40 m
	JEPMC-W6011-50	50 m
Terminator	JEPMC-W6022	_

# ( 3 ) Cable Connections between the MP2300S and I/O Units and the MP2300S and SERVO-PACKs

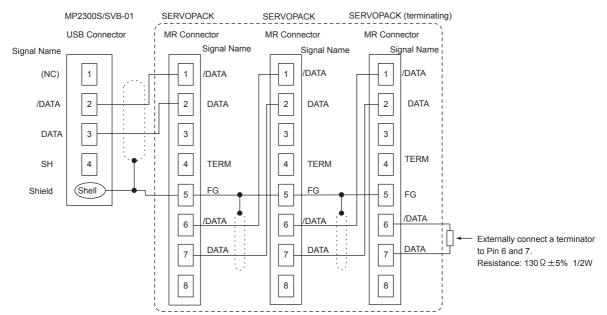
Use the MECHATROLINK cable JEPMC-W6002-DD or JEPMC-W6003-DD with a ferrite core for connection between the MP2300S and I/O units or SERVOPACKs.



Standard model: JEPMC-W6002-DD and JEPMC-W6003-DD

## (4) Cable Connections between the MP2300S and SGD-DDDN and SGDB-DDAN SER-VOPACKs

Use the MECHATROLINK cable JEPMC-W611- $\Box\Box$  for the connections between the MP2300S and SGD- $\Box\Box\Box$ N or SGDB- $\Box\BoxAN$  SERVOPACK and between these SERVOPACKs.

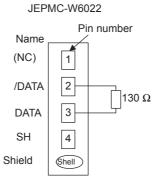


- Note: 1. The JEPMC-6011-DD has a USB connector on one end and loose wires on the other end. Use an MR connector and wiring material to create a 1:N cable. The terminator must be provided by the user.
  - The shield wire can be connected as instructed in the SERVOPACK's manual. However, the connections shown in the above diagram is recommended when using the MP2300S in combination with a SVB-01 Module.
  - Prepare the cables according to MECHATROLINK-I specifications. Connections that do not meet the specifications will prevent normal communication due to the influence of reflected waves or other factors.

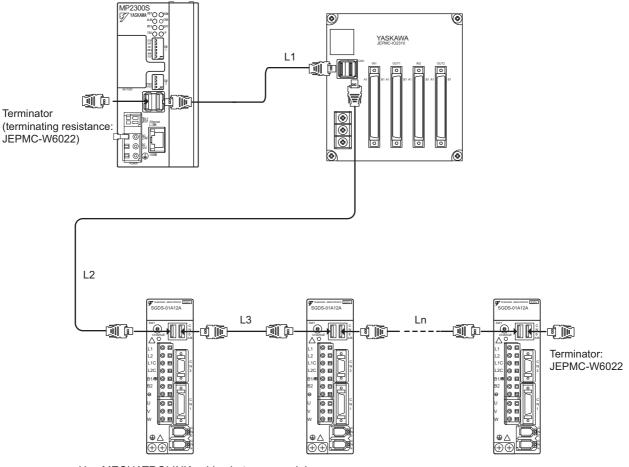
**MECHATROLINK-I Specifications** 

- Total network length: 50 m max.
- Maximum number of slave stations: 14 stations max.
- Minimum distance between stations: 0.3 m min.

## (5) Terminator Connections



## (6) Connection Example between MP2300S, SERVOPACK, and IO2310



• Use MECHATROLINK cables between modules.

+ Use under the conditions that L1 + L2 + L3 + . . . + Ln  $\leq$  50 m

## 3.2.4 Ethernet Connector Details

Connects to a personal computer or HMI device by Ethernet (100Base-TX /10Base-T).

## (1) Ethernet Connector Specification and Pin Arrangement/ Indicator Light

The following table provides the Ethernet connector specifications.

Name	Connector	Number	Connector Model		
Name	Name	of Pins	Module Side	Cable Side	Manufacturer
Ethernet	Ethernet	8	RJ-45 CAT5 Socket	RJ-45 CAT5 Plug	Pulse Engineering

The following table provides Ethernet connector pin arrangement/ indicator light details.

Ethernet LINK

Pin Number	Signal Name	Description
1	TXD+	Transmitted data + side
2	TXD-	Transmitted data – side
3	RXD+	Received data + side
4	-	-
5	-	-
6	RXD-	Received data – side
7	_	-
8	—	-

Display Name Display Color		Description	
LINK	Yellow	Lit: Connect Unlit: Unconnected	
100M Green		Lit: Connected at 100Mbps, or automatically negotiating Unlit: Connected at 10Mbps	

## (2) Ethernet Cable

For the Ethernet cable, use a twisted pair cable with RJ-45 connector.

Ethernet Type	Category	Remarks
10Base-T	Category 3 or more	• When connecting to remote equipment through a hub: Straight cable
100Base-TX	Category 5 or more	• When connecting to remote equipment without using a hub: Cross cable

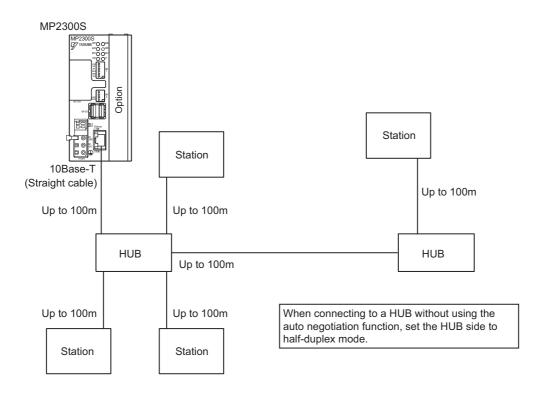
3.2.4 Ethernet Connector Details

## (3) Ethernet Connection Example

The following are examples of Ethernet network connections via 10Base-T cable:

### Connection Example 1

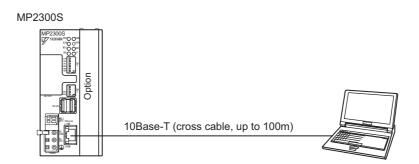
When using a repeater HUB:



#### Specification

Item	When Connecting to a Re- peater HUB	When Connecting to a Switching HUB	
Cable Length between Node-HUB	100 m or less	100 m or less	
Cable Length between HUBs	100 m or less	100 m or less	
Number of HUBs between Nodes	Up to four	Unlimited	

#### Connection Example 2

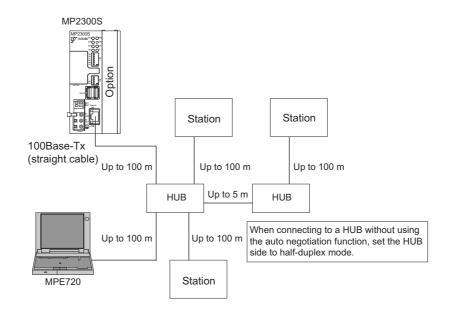


3.2.4 Ethernet Connector Details

The following are examples of Ethernet network connections via 100Base-Tx cable:



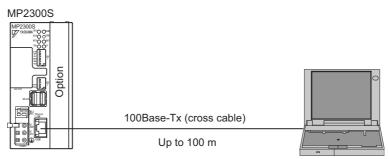
When using a repeater HUB:



#### Specification

Item	When Connecting to a Repeater HUB	When Connecting to a Switching HUB
Cable Length between Node-HUB	100 m or less	100 m or less
Cable Length between HUBs	5 m or less	100 m or less
Number of HUBs between Nodes	Up to two	Unlimited

#### Connection Example 2



MPE720

#### 3.2.4 Ethernet Connector Details

#### Caution

High frequency wave noise from other devices in the installation environment may cause error in communications using 100 BASE-Tx or MECHATROLINK connections. When constructing a system, use MP2300S protective measures to avoid the influence of high frequency wave noise as follows:

#### 1 Wiring

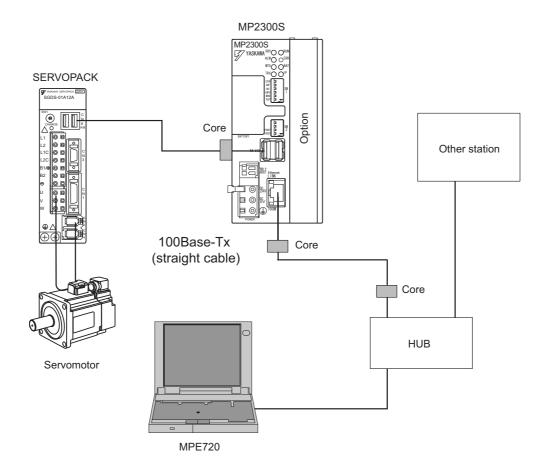
Wire Ethernet or MECHATROLINK cables so that they are well-separated from other cable systems such as the main circuit or power lines.

- 2 Communication system (100BASE-TX)
  - Communicate data to a remote device through TCP/IP communication.
  - If necessary, increase the number of communication retries.

#### 3 Attach a ferrite core.

Attach a ferrite core in the manner described below:

- Ethernet : Attach it to the communication port side and the external equipment side of the MP2300S main unit.
- MECHATROLINK : Attach it only to the communication port side of the MP2300S main unit. (We will provide a standard cable with core. Model: JEPMC-W6003-□□)



#### Note: Recommended ferrite core

Model:	Manufacturer
E04SR301334	Seiwa Electric Mfg. Co., Ltd

3.2.5 RLY OUT Connector Details

## 3.2.5 RLY OUT Connector Details

The RLY OUT connector is a terminal for outputting state and NO contact relay output. A circuit between terminals is short-circuited when RDY LED is lit, and opens when it is unlit.

Note: A state when RDY LED is lit indicates that a controller is operating normally. It does not indicate that an user program is running.

## (1) RLY OUT Connector Specifications and Pin Arrangement

The following table provides the RLY OUT connector specifications.

Name	Connector	Number		Connector Model	
Name	Name	of Pins	Module Side	Cable Side	Manufacturer
RLY OUT	RLY OUT	2	734-162	734-YE102	Wago Corporation

The following table shows the RLY OUT connector pin arrangement.

Pin Number	Signal Name	Description
1	OUT	Operating normally: Short-circuit
2	OUT	Error occurred: Opened

The following table provides the RLY OUT connector contact ratings.

Input Voltage	Current Capacity
24 VDC	0.5 A (resistance load) 0.25 A (induced load)
125 VAC	0.4A (resistance load) 0.2A (induced load)

## (2) RLY OUT Connection Cable

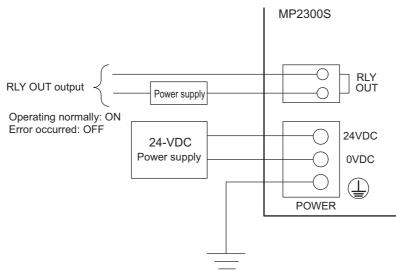
For the RLY OUT connection cable, use a cable of line size AWG28 to AWG14 ( $0.08 \text{ mm}^2$  to  $1.5 \text{ mm}^2$ ), maximum sheath diameter  $\phi 3.4 \text{ mm}$ .

The RLY OUT connector cable is similar in manufacture to the 24-VDC power supply cable.

3.2.5 RLY OUT Connector Details

## (3) RLY OUT Connection Example

The following figure shows how to connect the RLY OUT connector:



Ground resistance: 100  $\Omega$  or less

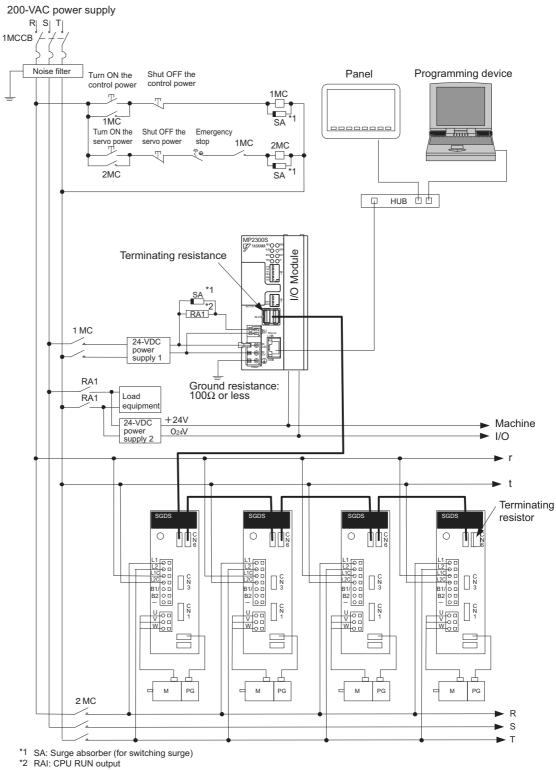
3.2.6 System Connection Example

## 3.2.6 System Connection Example

The following diagram shows a connection example of a system using the MP2300S.

The following diagram shows a 200-VAC power supply example.

Note: elect the SERVOPACK, 24-VDC power supply to use in accordance with the input power supply specification.



## System Start Up and Easy Programming

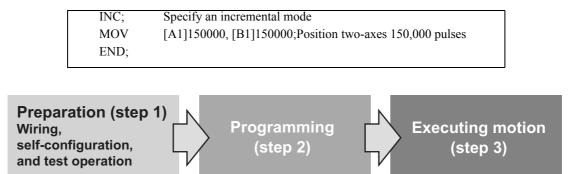
This chapter explains how to start up a model system using the programming tool MPE720 Ver.6. Note that the procedure for designing a mechanical system has been omitted here.

4.1 System Startup Overview	4-2
4.2 Preparation (step 1)	4-3 4-5
4.3 Programming (step 2)	
<ul> <li>4.4 Executing Motion (step 3)</li> <li>4.4.1 Registering Program Execution</li> <li>4.4.2 Starting a Motion Program Using the Operation Control Panel</li> </ul>	4-11
<ul> <li>4.5 Starting Motion Program from an External Signal</li></ul>	4-13 4-13

## 4.1 System Startup Overview

The start-up procedure for a model system is as follows. For detailed information of each step, refer to the cited references.

This chapter explains a procedure where you can easily run and check a program without external signals. The simple motion program which you create has three lines only, moving and stopping 150,000 pulses from the current position.



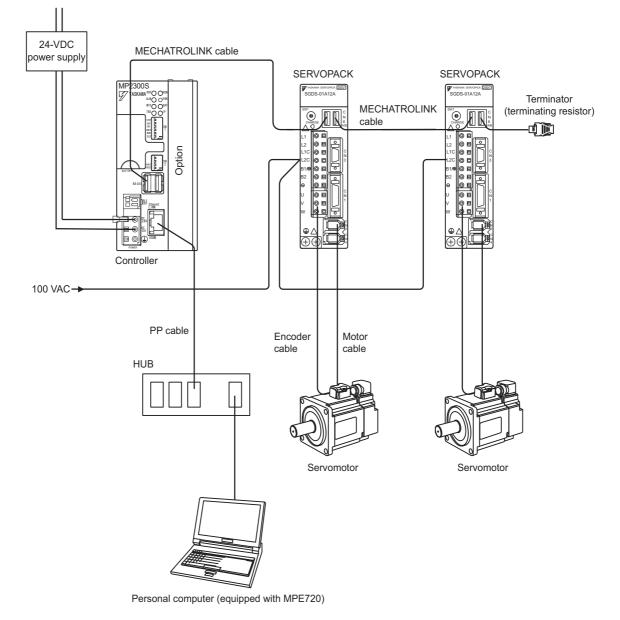
## 4.2 Preparation (step 1)

This section explains the steps of "wiring," "self-configuration," and "test operation" for starting up the model system.

## 4.2.1 Wiring

We use the following layout model to explain the startup of the model system. Prepare each device listed on the next page and connect them as shown in the figure below.

## (1) System Layout Model



## [a] Required Equipment

Product Name	Model	Q'ty
MP2300S	JEPMC-MP2300S-E	1
MECHATROLINK cable (0.5m)	JEPMC-W6002-A5	2
Terminator (terminating resistor)	JEPMC-W6022	2
Σ-III SERVOPACK	SGDS-A5F12A	2
Σ-III servomotor	SGMAS-A5A2A21	2
Motor cable (3m)	JZSP-CSM01-03	2
Encoder cable (3m)	JZSP-CSP05-03	2
HUB (commercial product)	LSW-TX-8EP	1
MPE720 Ver.6	CPMC-MPE770	1
LAN cable (for Ethernet connection)	Commercial straight cable	2
Personal computer (main unit)	Commercial product	1
24-VDC	Current capacity of power supply 2A or more	1

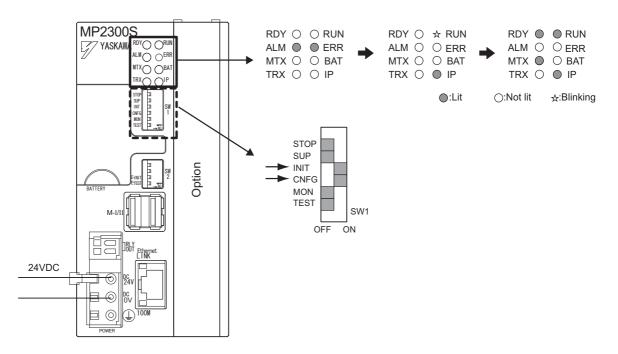
#### Caution

- Install MPE720 Ver.6 in the personal computer before starting step 1. For information on its installation, refer to "MP2000 Series MPE720Ver.6.0 Users Manual" (manual number: SIEPC88070030).
- Set the PC Ethernet port in advance. For information on the setup, refer to *Appendix F How to Set up Communication Process* on page A-31.
- The SERVOPACK station number (SW1) is set to 1 and 2.
- In a 1:1 connection without HUB, use a cross cable as a LAN cable.

## 4.2.2 Self Configuration

Run the self configuration to automatically recognize devices connected to the MECHATROLINK connector. Steps for self configuration are as follows.

- **1.** Check that the  $\Sigma$ -III SERVOPACK power supply is ON.
- 2. Turn OFF the MP2300S 24-V power supply.
- 3. Turn ON "INIT" and "CONFIG" of DIP switch (SW1) on the MP2300S main unit.
- **4.** Turn ON the 24-VDC power supply on the MP2300S main unit, and confirm the LED display changes as follows:



- **5.** Self configuration is complete, and MECHATROLINK slave device information has been written to a definition information file.
- 6. Turn OFF "INIT" and "CONFIG" of DIP switch (SW1) on the MP2300S main unit.

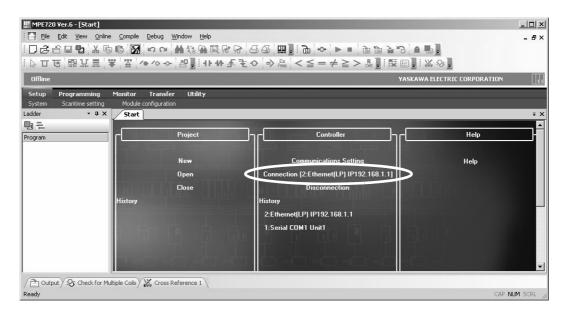
4.2.3 Test Operation

## 4.2.3 Test Operation

Confirm that the machine controller can command axis servo ON/OFF and jog operation.

### (1) Starting and Connecting MPE720 Ver.6

Launch MPE720Ver.6 and click "1:Ethernet(LP)192.168.1.1" to connect to the controller. For more information on the communications settings, refer to *Appendix F How to Set up Communication Process* on page A-31.



When the connection is complete, the display will change from offline to online.

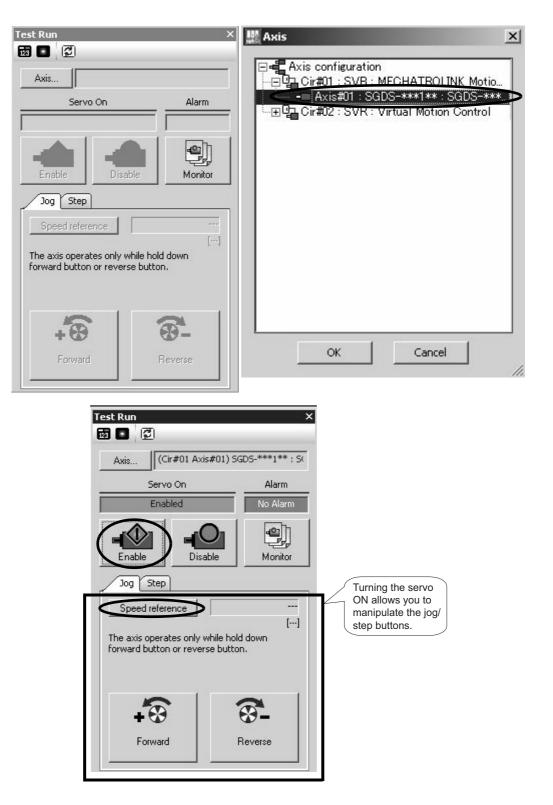
## (2) Operating Manually in the Test Operation Screen

	◙`щ;:```````````````````````````````````	- 80
	·	
	2:Ethernet(LP) IP192.168.1.1 CPU-RUN	$\rightarrow$
		Ŧ
Project New	Controller	
Open	Connection [2:Ethernet(LP) IP192.168.1.1]	
Close	Disconnection	
	History	
łw	2:Ethernet(LP) IP192.168.1.1	
	2:Ethornot ID102 160 1 1	
and a second sec	Ne <del>w</del> Open	Project Controller New Communications Setting Open Connection [2:Ethernet(LP) IP192.168.1.1] Disconnection History WW 2:Ethernet(LP) IP192.168.1.1

1. Click System in the subwindow and double-click *Axis Configuration - Test Run* to display a warning dialog a box for the test run. Click the **Accept** Button.

#### 2. Axis Selection and Servo ON

Set an axis number in the Axis Window and click the Enable (Servo ON) Button in the Test Run Window.

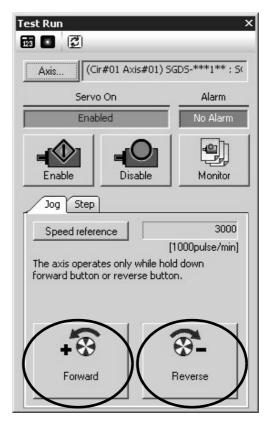


### 3. Jog Operation

Speed reference

Click the Speed reference icon and set a speed reference value, and check that the axis rotates normally while the **Forward** Button or **Reverse** Button is pressed.

Speed reference
Click set button to write the speed reference into OL8010.
Speed reference
Set
Cancel



The operation check of the first axis is complete.

Press the Axis ... Button to change to "Axis #02" in the axis select screen, and perform the steps 1 to 3 above.

4.3.1 Programming Procedure

## 4.3 Programming (step 2)

This section describes the procedure from creating to saving a motion program.

## 4.3.1 Programming Procedure

**1.** Click the **Motion** Tag in the subwindow.

MPE720 Ver.6 - [MP23005] - [Start]	
Elle Edit View Online Compile Debug Window Help	- 8×
!□⇒舌目型 よちち 👿 ∽ ♀ ₩% ⋒ ℝ ฿ 중 5 5 5	
! ▷ 口 モ 「 毘 エ ま   翠   笠   ゆ / ◇ ◇   招   ! + + チ え ◇   ⇒ 爲   < ≦ = ≠ ≧ > &   : 詳 国   : ※ ◇	
Motion • + X 2-Etherpet/LP\10102-158.1.1.CBLD	
Program I □□[][MtP22gn51] Monitor Transfer Utility Program Variable	
B = [[] [MP23005]     Het Ci Motion program	∓ X
	<b>_</b>
2:Ethernet(LP) IP192.168.1.1	
2:Ethernet(LP) IP192.158.1.1 I:Serial COM1 Unit1	
	-
Ready	CAP NUM SCRL //

**2.** The motion program subwindow will appears.

When you double-click **Motion Program** and there is not any group definition, the group definition screen will be shown. For this setting example, you do not need to change it, so accept the default setting and click the **OK** Button. Note that if a group definition already exists, the group definition screen will not be shown.

**3.** Right-click **Main Program** and select **Create New** to display the **Create New Program** Dialog Box. Then click the **OK** Button.

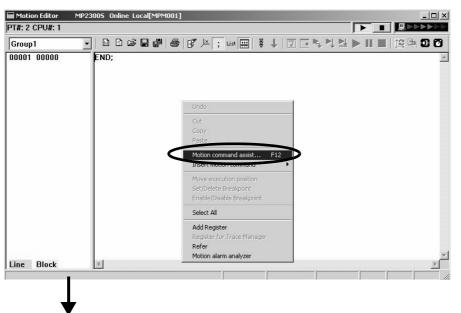
MMPE720 Ver.6 - [MP23005] - [Start] Ele Edit View Online Compile Debug D 合合回動品面像 図 のの L 口 氏 開 北 県 間 25 (かんの) Motion → 2×	Program No. MPM Program No.	1001	×	11	X _ & ×
State     Monitor     Trail       Program     Image: State     program     Variable       Image: State     Image: State     Image: State     Image: State       Image: State     Image: State     Image: State<	Configuration	<ul> <li>File privilege</li> <li>Read</li> <li>Write</li> <li>D register</li> </ul>	0,1 0 1 32	rnet(LP) IP192.168.1.1 CPU	J-RUN → R ₹ X
er Motion	OK Cancel		Help << Detail		

4.3.1 Programming Procedure

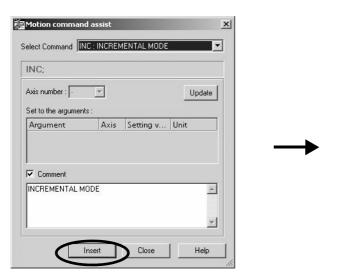
#### 4. Editing Motion Program

Use the command input assist feature to insert INC and MOV Commands into the motion program. The command input assist feature is made accesible by right-clicking the mouse on the **Motion Editor** Window.

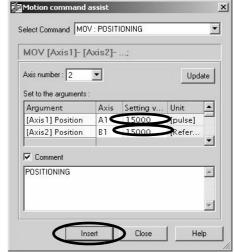
· Call the command input assist feature



· Insert an INC Command



#### · Insert a MOV Command



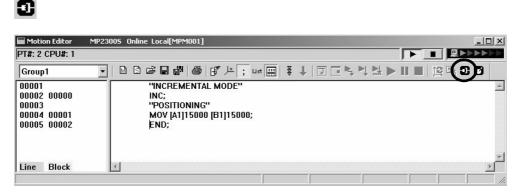
Click the save icon to save the motion program.



4.4.1 Registering Program Execution

## 4.4 Executing Motion (step 3)

- 4.4.1 Registering Program Execution
  - 1. Click the Execution Registration Icon.



Note: This motion program was made with the assumption that Enable (Servo ON) was selected in step 2 of 4.2.3 (2) Operating Manually in the Test Operation Screen.
 The Program Execution Registry Screen Dialog Box will appear.

2. Check Program Number and click **OK** to save the registered contents.

Program execution regis	try number:	Program number
3 💌		MPM001
Execution type		Specification
Motion program	•	Direct 💌
Allocation register	Allocation DIS	ABLE
Status	?	
Control signal	? 🔽	
0verride(1=0.01%)	$\overline{\mathbf{v}}$	

2

## 4.4.2 Starting a Motion Program Using the Operation Control Panel

1. Click the Operation Control Panel Icon.

Motion Editor	MP23005 Online Local[MPM001]
T#: 2 CPU#: 1	
Group1	
D0001 D0002 00000 D0003 D0004 00001	"INCREMENTAL MODE" INC; "POSITIONING" MOV [A1]15000 [B1]15000; END;
00005 00002	

The Device Control Panel Dialog Box will appear.

2. Check Program to run, and click the START Button.

START		
rive control panel	MP23005	x
Program exec registry No.	No01	
Program number	MPM	
START C	START	
PAUSE	PAUSE	0
Stopped	STOP	0
ALMRST	ALMRST	0
RUNNING	RUNNING	0
PAUSING	PAUSING	O
STOPPED	STOPPED	O
ALARM	ALARM	O
PRGNOERR	PRGNOER	F
Display	Display	

The MPM001's motion program is executed.

#### Caution

- This chapter explains the simple procedure where you can easily run and check a program without external signals. In practice, you need to connect to external signals and create a sequence.
- Registering a program execution enables the M-EXECUTOR definition. The MP2300S automatically controls the motion program, so be aware that changing registers registered in ladder and sequence programs may cause problems.

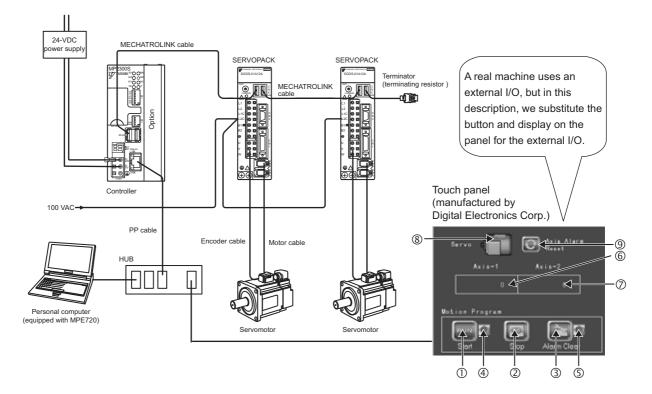
<sup>4.4.2</sup> Starting a Motion Program Using the Operation Control Panel

4.5.1 Overview

## 4.5 Starting Motion Program from an External Signal

## 4.5.1 Overview

This section explains how to start a motion program created in *4.3 Programming (step 2)* from external signals. Note that in this section, we show an example which substitutes a touch panel for the external signal.



## 4.5.2 Required Equipment

Product Name	Model	Q'ty
MP2300S	JEPMC-MP2300S-E	1
MECHATROLINK cable (0.5 m)	JEPMC-W6002-A5	2
Terminator (terminating resistor)	JEPMC-W6022	2
Σ-III SERVOPACK	SGDS-A5F12A	2
Σ-III servomotor	SGMAS-A5A2A21	2
Motor cable (3 m)	JZSP-CSM01-03	2
Encoder cable (3 m)	JZSP-CSP05-03	2
Touch panel (manufactured by Digital Electronics Corp.)	AGP3300-T1-D24	1
HUB (commercial product)	LSW-TX-8EP	1
MPE720 Ver.6	CPMC-MPE770	1
LAN cable (for Ethernet connection)	Commercial straight cable	3
Personal computer (main unit)	Commercial product	1
24-VDC power supply	Current capacity of power supply 2 A or more	1

4.5.2 Required Equipment

No.	Name	Mapping	Category	Description	MP2300S Operation	
1	Start	MB5000	Control signal	Starts up a motion program		
2	Stop	MB5002	Control signal	Displays the running of a motion program		
3	Clear Alarm MB5005		Control signal	Stops a motion program	Sets in M-	
4	Running Program	ing Program MB5010		Clears an alarm of a motion program	EXECUTOR	
\$	Alarm MB5018 Status		Status	Indicates an alarm is occurring in a motion program		
6	Axis 1 (current position)	IL8016	Monitor parameter	Displays current axis 1 position	Automatic	
Ø	Axis 2 (current position)	t position) IL8096 Monitor parameter		Displays current axis 2 position	receive function	
8	Servo (ON/OFF)	MB5020	External signal	Axis 1, axis 2 servo ON signal	Sequence pro-	
9	Reset Axis Alarm	MB5021	External signal	Axis 1, axis 2 alarm reset signal	gram is needed	

Mapping of the panel manufactured by Digital Electronics Corp.

Note: 1. You do not need to create a program for signals and data in  $\mathbb O$  to  $\mathbb O.$ 

2. You need to create a sequence program for outputting signals of (8) and (9) to the motion parameters.

3. For information on creating a program for the panel side, refer to 6.2.1 When the MP2300S Acts as Slave (automatic receive function is used).

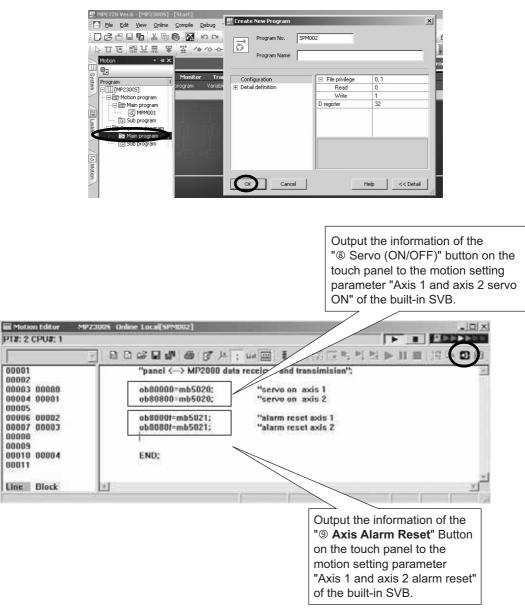
4.5.3 Creation Procedure

## 4.5.3 Creation Procedure

#### **1.** Creating a Sequence Program

Now create a sequence program which copies the M register content mapped to "<sup>®</sup> Servo (ON/OFF)" and "<sup>®</sup> Axis Alarm Reset" Buttons on the touch panel to the relevant registers in the motion setting parameter of the embedded SVB.

Follow a procedure similar to creating a motion program from the motion program subwindow.



Click the Execution Registration Icon.

3



#### 4.5.3 Creation Procedure

- 2. Registering Program Execution
  - A Program Execution Registry Screen Dialog Box will appear.
  - Click the List Button to set a program definition in the M-EXECUTOR Window.
     → Then register the MPM001, SPM001 executions.

For more information on how to set the **M-EXECUTOR** Window, refer to 2.2.7 *M-EXECUTOR Module* (*Motion Program Executor*) on page 2-50.

M-EXECUTOR (individual)			
Program execution regist	Program r	number	
2 🔽	SPM002	•	
Execution type	Specifical	tion	
Sequence program (L so	canning) 🗾	Direct	w.
Allocation register	Allocation DI	SABLE	
	-		_
Program number			
Status	? 🔽		
Control signal	? 🔽		_
0verride(1=0.01%)	<u>_</u>	<u> </u>	-
		1.	

#: Z	CPU#: 1			JRACI	<#01 Slot #00	0C00-0C3F	
-EXEC	UTOR(Lis	t) Individual display P	rogram definition r	number 8	•		
rogram	definition	Allocation Control register					
No.	D	Execution type	Settin	ig Program	Execution mon	itor register(S register)	
-	🗐 Seg	uence_program(Start)	Direct			-	
1	Mot	ion program	<ul> <li>Direct</li> </ul>	MPM001	SW032	64 - SW03321	
2	Seq.	uence program(L-scan)	Direct	SPM002		2	
3			-				1
4			-				1
5			-				
6			-				
7			-				
8			<b>•</b>				

 In the Allocation Control Register Window, map the M registers allocated to control signals (① Start / ② Stop / ③ Alarm Clear) and status (④ Running Program / ⑤ Alarm) on the touch panel as an M-EXECU-TOR allocation register for the motion program created in 4.3 Programming (step 2).
 Status=MW00501, control signal=MW00500, allocation contact interlock =SB00004

M-EXE	CUTOR MP23005	Online Local					
PT#: 2 (	CPU#: 1			RACK#01 Slot #00	0C00-0C3F		
	JTOR(List) Individual d definition Allocation Contr	,	number 8	<b>X</b>			
No.	ltem	M-EXECUTOR Control register	Allocation Disable	Direction	Allocation register	Allocation Contact interlock	1
	Program number	MPM001	_				
	Status	IWOCOO		->	MW00501	SR000004	
1	Control signal	OW0C01		<-	MM00502	SB000004	
	Override	OW0C02	V		IW0002	SB000004	
	Program number	SPM002				Į.	
	Status						
2	Control signal						
	Override						
-	Program number						

4.5.3 Creation Procedure

• Click the Save Icon to save the M-EXECUTOR definition.



#### 3. Communication Setting with Touch Panel

For information on communication setting with the touch panel, refer to 6.2.1 Automatic Receive Example Using Touch Panel.

#### 4. FLASH Save

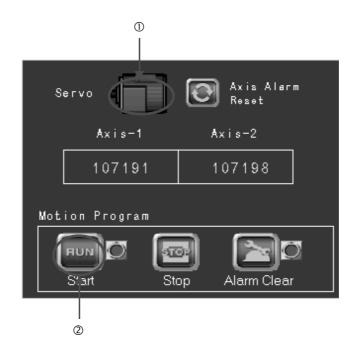
· · ·

When all settings are completed, click the FLASH Save Icon to save the data to the flash memory.

[MP23005] - [Stai	rt]				
ew <u>O</u> nline <u>C</u> omp	pile <u>D</u> ebug <u>W</u> indow	Help			
5 % B 6	M 10 01 M 2	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	3 GS   III ] : 7   -	o ⊳ ■ mm	<b>B B B</b>
					H II . I X & .
23005					2:Ethernet(LP) IP192.168.1.1
gramming Mo	onitor Transfer	Utility			
	ew <u>O</u> nline <u>C</u> om 노 등 등 등 나 류 및 포 및 포 23005	Ы (从時)6 ( <mark>) (</mark> ) (200 ( ▲) 北류 (♥ (笠 ( ^ / ~ ~ ) 관) 23005	ew Qnine Compile Debug Window Help 1.16時間(図)とつ(新始品図でで) 近見(掌(室)なっ~(四):11・14手でく 23005	ew Online Compile Debug Window Help 1. よ時間  22  ∽つ〜  44%日間でで  5④  田夏  10  + 北景  〒  空  空  ~つ〜  22夏  11-14-チモヘ  ⇒爲  <≦= 23005	ew Qnine Compile Debug Window Help 2   み時間   22   ゆつ々   28   19   19   日の日日   10   10   10   10   10   10   10

#### 5. Operation Check

Turn ON MP2300S power again and press "① Servo" and "② Start" on the panel screen. Then check that the motion program starts and the two-axes motor begins to operate to change the current position of the axis.



# **Outline of Motion Control Systems**

This chapter describes the basic operation of MP2300S Motion Control Systems and provides an outline of user programs and registers.

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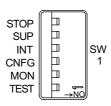
5.1.1 DIP Switch Settings

## 5.1 Startup Sequence and Basic Operation

This section describes the MP2300S startup sequence and basic operation together with the DIP switch settings, selfdiagnosis at startup, and LED indicator patterns.

## 5.1.1 DIP Switch Settings

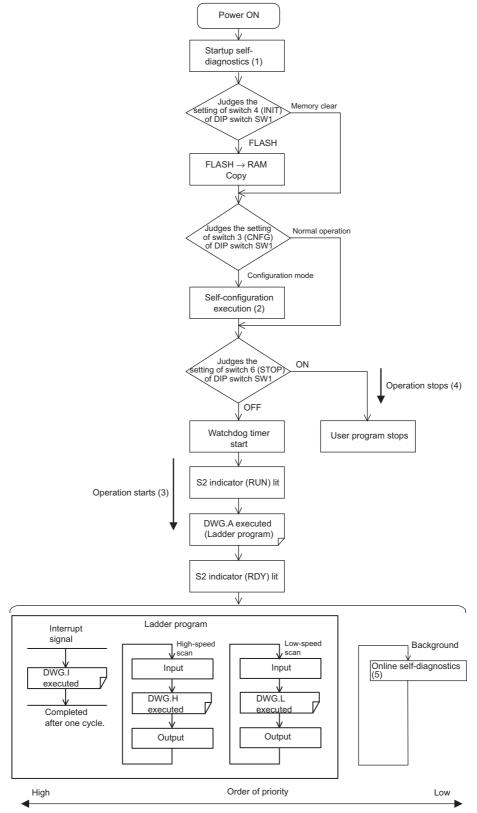
Set the DIP switch (SW1) on the Basic Module to control operations of the startup sequence. The six switches are provided on the DIP switch (SW1) on the Basic Module as shown in the following figure. The following table lists the functions of six switches.



No.	Switch Name	Status	Operating Mode	Default Setting	Remarks		
S1-6	STOP	ON	User program stops		Sat to ON to stop user program operation		
31-0	0101	OFF	User program operation	OFF	Set to ON to stop user program operation.		
S1-5	SUP	ON	System load	OFF	If set to ON, starts up in the mode that can renew the version		
31-5	001	OFF	Normal operation	011	of the farmware.		
		ON	Memory clear		Set to ON to clear memory.		
S1-4	INIT	OFF	Normal operation	OFF	Programs stored in flash memory will be run when Memory Clear is set to OFF. S and M registers are cleared to all zeros.		
S1-3	CNFG	ON	Self-configuration mode	OFF	Set to ON for self-configuration of connected devices.		
51-5		OFF	Normal operation	011	Set to ON for sen-configuration of conficted devices.		
S1-2	MON	ON	System use	OFF	Alwaya aat to OFF		
51-2	0FF		Normal operation	011	Always set to OFF.		
S1-1	TEST	ON	System use Adjusted before Shipment	OFF	Always set to OFF.		
		OFF	Normal operation				

## 5.1.2 Startup Sequence

The startup sequence for the MP2300S from the moment when the power has been turned ON is shown in the following flowchart.



\* Refer to 5.1.3 Startup Sequence Operation Details on the next page for details on (1) to (5).

5.1.3 Startup Sequence Operation Details

## 5.1.3 Startup Sequence Operation Details

### (1) Self-diagnosis at Startup

Self-diagnosis is performed on the following items after the power is turned ON.

- Read/write diagnosis of memory (RAM)
- System program (ROM) diagnosis
- Main processor (CPU) function diagnosis
- Floating Point Unit (FPU) function diagnosis

If diagnosis results in an error, the ALM and ERR LED indicators will blink red for the specified number of times. Refer to *5.1.4 LED Indicator Details* on page 5-5.

### (2) Self-configuration

Self-configuration automatically recognizes the connected Optional Modules, and automatically creates a definitions file. For details, refer to *5.4 Self-configuration* on page 5-42.

The RUN LED indicator will blink green during execution of self-configuration.

## (3) Operation Start

When the STOP switch is set to OFF (RUN) or changes from ON (STOP) to OFF (RUN), the CPU starts the watchdog timer and then executes DWGA in the ladder program. Refer to the startup processing drawing and *5.2.2 Motion Programs* on page 5-7.

First scan processing is executed once DWGA has been completed and the high-speed or low-speed scan time has elapsed. System I/O are executed from the first scan.

### (4) Operation Stop

MP2300S stops motion control operation when the STOP switch is ON (STOP) and in the following circumstances.

Cause	Restart method
Power supply turned OFF	Turn ON the power again.
Power interruption	Turn ON the power again.
Fatal error	Check the LED indicator for the cause of the error and then turn the power OFF then ON.
STOP executed from MPE720	Execute RUN from MPE720.

### (5) Online Self-diagnosis

Self-diagnosis is performed on the following items when the user logs on online.

- System program (ROM) diagnosis
- Main processor (CPU) function diagnosis
- Floating Point Unit (FPU) function diagnosis

If diagnosis results in an error, the ALM and ERR LED indicators will blink red for the specified number of times. Refer to *5.1.4 LED Indicator Details* on page 5-5.

## 5.1.4 LED Indicator Details

The MP2300S performs a variety of diagnostics at startup. If an error is found, the ERR LED indicator blinks red. The number of times the indicators blink differs depending on the error details, so error details can be determined from counting the number of blinks. The following table shows details of MP2300S LED indicator.

- MPE720 cannot be operated when the indicators are blinking.
- For information on errors and countermeasures, refer to Chapter 8 Maintenance, Inspection, and Troubleshooting.

Tuno		LED	Indicator N	lame		Indicator Details	Remarks
Туре	RDY	FUN	ALM	ERR	BAT		Remarks
	Not lit	Not lit	Lit	Lit	Not lit	Hardware reset status	
	Not lit	Not lit	Not lit	Not lit	Not lit	Initializing	_
T	Not lit	Lit	Not lit	Not lit	Not lit	Executing DWGA	
Normal	Lit	Not lit	Not lit	Not lit	Not lit	User program stopped (Offline stop mode)	User program stops when the DIP switch or MPE720 is used to exe- cute the STOP operation.
	Lit	Lit	Not lit	Not lit	Not lit	User program executing normally (Online operation mode)	-
	Not lit	Not lit	Not lit	Lit	Not lit	Major damage has occurred	The ERR LED indicator is lit red when the CPU is down.
Error	Not lit	Not lit	Not lit	Blinking	Not lit	<ul> <li>(Software error)</li> <li>No. of blinks</li> <li>3: Address error (read) exception</li> <li>4: Address error (write) exception</li> <li>5: FPU exception</li> <li>6: Illegal general command error</li> <li>7: Illegal slot command error</li> <li>8: General FPU inhibited error</li> <li>9: Slot FPU inhibited error</li> <li>10: TLB duplicated bit error</li> <li>11: LTB mistake (read)</li> <li>12: LTB mistake (write)</li> <li>13: LTB protection violation (read)</li> <li>14: LTB protection violation (write)</li> <li>15: Initial page write error</li> </ul>	The ERR LED indicator will blink red when an exception error has occurred.
	Not lit	Not lit	Blinking	Blinking	Not lit	<ul> <li>(Hardware errors)</li> <li>No. of blinks</li> <li>2: RAM diagnosis error</li> <li>3: ROM diagnosis error</li> <li>4: CPU function diagnosis error</li> <li>5: FPU function diagnosis error</li> </ul>	The ALM and ERR LED indicators will blink red if there is a self-diag- nosis failure.
E	_	_	_	_	Lit	Battery alarm	The BAT LED indicator will be lit when the battery voltage drops.
Alarm	Lit	Not lit	Lit	Not lit	Not lit	Operation error I/O error	The ALM LED indicator will be lit red when an operation or I/O error is detected.

5.2.1 Types and Execution Timing of User Program

## 5.2 User Programs

User programs for executing machine control using the MP2300S include ladder programs and motion programs. This section describes the basic operation and other information about user programs.

• For programming details, refer to the following manuals. Machine Controller MP900/MP2000 Series User's Manual Ladder Programming (SIEZ-C887-1.2) Machine Controller MP900/MP2000 Series User's Manual Motion Programming (SIEZ-C887-1.3) Machine Controller MP900/MP2000 Series New Ladder Editor Programming Manual (SIEZ-C887-13.1) Machine Controller MP900/MP2000 Series New Ladder Editor User's Manual (SIEZ-C887-13.2)

## 5.2.1 Types and Execution Timing of User Program

The following table shows the types and execution timing of MP2300S user program.

User Pr	ogram	Execution Timing
Motion Program	High-speed Scan Process	Turns ON the program operation start request of the control signal (runs when program operation start request is ON)
	Startup Process	Power-up (during power-up, runs only once)
Sequence Program	High-speed Scan Process	Periodical startup (runs each time a high-speed scan is performed)
	Low-speed Scan Process	Periodical startup (runs each time a low-speed scan is performed)
	Startup Process	Power-up (during power-up, runs only once)
	Interrupt Process	Runs on external interrupt (runs on DI interrupt of option module and counter match interrupt)
Ladder Program	High-speed Scan Process	Periodical startup (runs each time a high-speed scan is performed)
	Low-speed Scan Process	Periodical startup (runs each time a low-speed scan is performed)

For more information on the user program, refer to the next page and after.

## 5.2.2 Motion Programs

Motion programs are programs written in a text-based language called motion language. The following table shows the two types of motion programs.

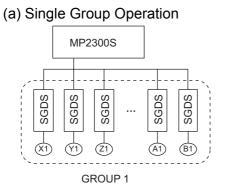
Туре	Specification Method	Features	No. of Programs
Main Program	$MPM \square \square \square$ $(\square \square \square = 1 \text{ to } 256)$	Accessed from DWG.H	Up to 256 programs (including main and
Sub-program	$MPS \square \square \square$ $(\square \square \square = 1 \text{ to } 256)$	Can be called from main programs	sub programs) can be created.

- The program numbers of motion programs are managed in the same manner as the sequence program numbers. Assign a unique number for each program number.
  - Program number of Motion program MPM  $\Box\Box\Box$  , MPS  $\Box\Box\Box$
  - Program number of Sequence program SPM  $\Box\Box\Box$ , SPS  $\Box\Box\Box$
- The MP2300S can execute up to 16 motion programs simultaneously. An alarm (no system work error) will occur if 17 or more programs are executed simultaneously.
  - No system work error: Bit E of the leading word in the MSEE work registers

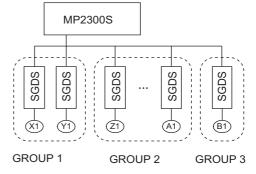
## (1) Groups

A group of axes with related operations can be treated as one group by motion programs and programs can be executed for each group. This allows one MP2300S to independently control multiple machines using group operation. Group operation can be single group operation or multiple group operation.

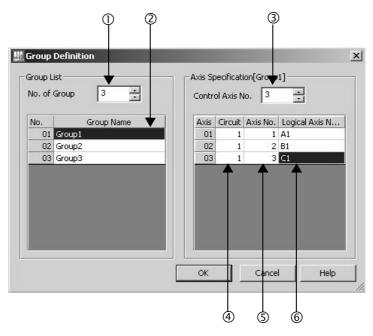
Definitions for axes to be grouped together are made under Group Definitions.



## (b) Multiple Group Operation



This section explains the Group Definition screen.



① No. of Group

Set a number for the operation as a group. Set it to 1 for the operation as one group. Set it to the number of groups for the operation with multiple groups.

- Group Name Define a group name.
- ③ Control Axis No.

Set the number of axes controlled in the group.

④ Circuit

Set a line number for the used motion module. The line number can be checked in the module configuration definition.

## Line number

<b>21 11 1</b>	1	2	3	4	F	
Slot Number			5	4	2	
Module Type	CPU 🔻	218IFA 💌	SVB 🔽	SVR 💌	M-EXECUTOR -	
Controller Number		01	01	01		
Circuit Number		01	01	D2	-	
I/O Start Register		0000 0800			0000	
I/O End Register		07FF OBFF			0C3F	
Disable Input	-	Enable 🔻	Enable 🔻	-	-	
Disable Output	-	Enable 🔻	Enable 🔻	-	•	
Motion Start Register			8000			
Motion End Register			87FF	8FFF		
Details			MECHATROLINK			
Status	Running	Running	Running	Running	Running	

S Axis No.

Set an axis number for the used axis.

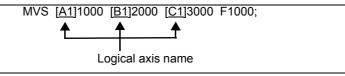
The axis number can be checked in the detailed screen of the used motion module.

Axis r	number						
Axis 1 Axis 1 Axis 2 Axis 3	SERVOPACK SGDS-***1** Version				Davida	-1:-1.	
Axis 4 Axis 5	Name				Double	-CIICK	
Axis 5 Axis 6	ction of operation modes	Slot Number	1	2	3	4	5
1 1	Function selection flag 1	Module Type	CPU	218IFA	0.0		M-EXECUTOR -
2	Function selection flag 2	Controller Number	-	2001-000	01	01	-
	Reference unit selection	Circuit Number I/O Start Register	-		0800	02	0000
4		I/O End Register			OBFF		OC3F
5	Number of digits below decimal point	Disable Input			Enable 🔻	-	
6	Travel distance per machine rotation	Disable Output		Enable 🔻	Enable 🔻	,	-
8	Servo motor gear ratio	Motion Start Register			8000	8800	
		Motion End Register			87FF	8FFF	
9	Machine gear ratio	Details			MECHATROLINK		
10	Infinite length axis reset position(POSMAX)	Status	Running	Running	Running	Running	Running

#### 6 Logical Axis Name

Define a name for the specified axis number.

The name defined here is used when programming a motion program.



5.2.2 Motion Programs

### (2) How to Run a Motion Program

The following two methods are available for running a motion program.

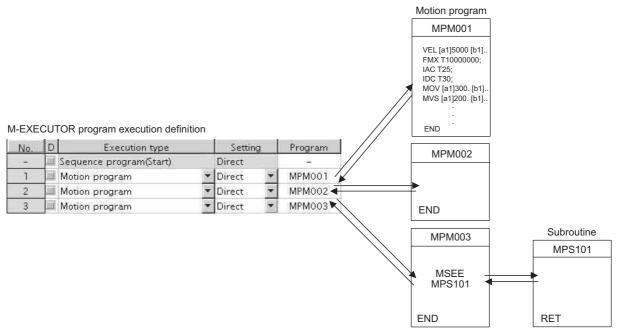
- · Registering it to the M-EXECUTOR program execution definition
- Executing it using a MSEE command from a ladder program of H drawing

Now, this section explains each way to run a motion program:

#### [a] Registering it to the M-EXECUTOR Program Execution Definition

After creating a motion program, register it in the M-EXECUTOR program execution definition screen. The programs registered in the M-EXECUTOR program execution definition screen are executed in ascending numeric order.

The execution example is shown in the figure below.



The above method is a preparation for running a motion program. When registered in the M-EXECUTOR program execution definition, a motion program does not start up. To start up the motion program, after the motion program registration, use a control signal to turn ON the request for the program operation startup.

The motion program registered in M-EXECUTOR is executed at a scan cycle, but similar to a ladder, the whole program cannot be executed at a single scan. In case of the motion program, a motion management function in the system carries out an execution control exclusive for the motion programs.

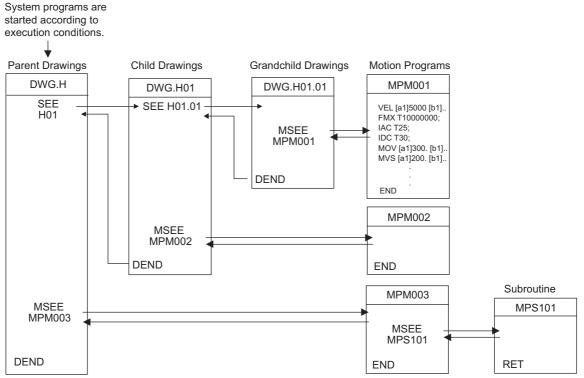
#### Caution

When registering a motion program to M-EXECUTOR, pay attention to the followings:

- Multiple motion programs with the same number cannot be registered.
- · Multiple motion programs with the same number cannot be referenced using an indirect designation.

### [b] Executing H Drawings by MSEE Command

Motion programs are always called from H drawings using the MSEE command (motion program call command). Motion programs can be called from any parent, child, or grandchild drawing in an H drawing. The following figure shows an example of motion program execution.



H drawing ladder commands are executed in hierarchical order i.e., parent drawings, child drawings, then grandchild drawings each high-speed scan cycle.

The above method is a preparation for running a motion program. When a MSEE command is built in, the motion program does not start up. To start up the motion program, after the MSEE command is incorporated, use a control signal to turn on the request for the program operation startup.

Motion programs are also called each scan cycle, but unlike ladder programs, all motion programs cannot be executed in one scan. For this reason, motion programs are executed and controlled by special system's motion management function.

#### Caution

When running a motion program, pay attention to the followings:

- The motion program registered in M-EXECUTOR cannot be executed using a MSEE command.
- · Multiple motion programs with the same number cannot be executed using a MSEE command.
- A subroutine (MPS  $\square$   $\square$  ) cannot be executed from a MSEE command in a ladder.
- It can only be referenced from a motion program (MPM  $\square \square \square$ , MPS  $\square \square \square$ ).
- A sequence program (SPM  $\square \square \square$ , SPS  $\square \square \square$ ) cannot be executed from a MSEE command in a ladder.
- The same subroutine cannot be referenced at the same time.

5.2.2 Motion Programs

## (3) How to Designate a Motion Program

The following two methods are available for designating a motion program.

- Using a direct designation to invoke a motion program
- Using a indirect designation to invoke a motion program

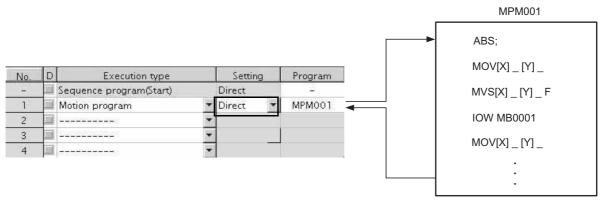
Now, this section explains each way to designate a motion program.

#### [a] Using a Direct Designation to Call a Motion Program

A direct designation method designates a motion program to call using a program number (MPM  $\Box\Box\Box$ ).

#### A motion program registered in the M-EXECUTOR program execution definition

Select *Direct* for the Setting and set a program number (MPM  $\square \square \square$ ).



Motion program

Fig. 5.1 Calling a Motion Program Using a Direct Designation - 1

A motion program referenced by a MSEE command from a ladder program

Set a program number to Program No. (

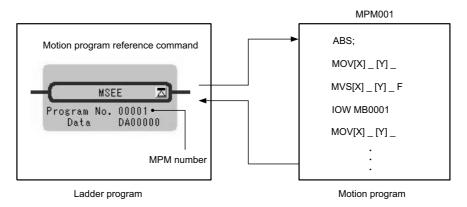


Fig. 5.2 Calling a Motion Program Using a Direct Designation -2

### [b] Using an Indirect Designation to Call a Motion Program

An indirect designation method designates a motion program to call using a register. In this method, a program (MPM  $\Box\Box\Box$ ) coinciding with value stored in the register is called.

#### A motion program registered in the M-EXECUTOR program execution definition

Select *Indirect* for the Setting. A register for the indirect designation is automatically mapped.

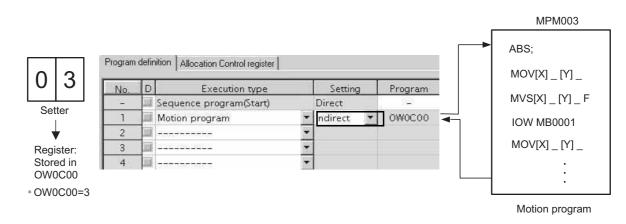


Fig. 5.3 Calling a Motion Program Using an Indirect Designation - 1

#### A motion program referenced by a MSEE command from a ladder program

Specify any register (M or D register) used for an indirect designation for Program No. in the MSEE command.

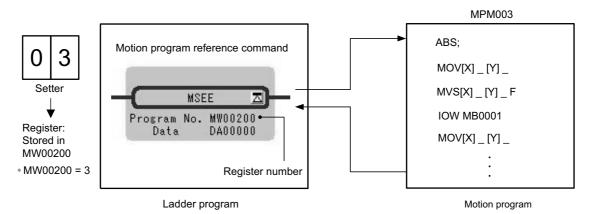


Fig. 5.4 Calling a Motion Program Using an Indirect Designation -2

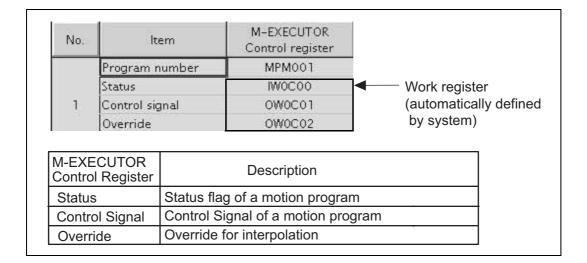
## (4) Work Register

Configure and monitor a motion program via a work register.

The work register constitution for motion programs registered in the M-EXECUTOR program execution definition differs from that for motion programs referenced by a MSEE command from a ladder program. The work register constitution in each case is as follows:

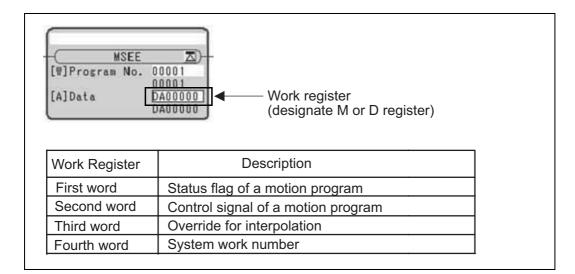
### ■ A motion program registered in the M-EXECUTOR program execution definition

The work register is assigned to a M-EXECUTOR control register. (automatically defined by system) The M-EXECUTOR control register constitution is as follows:



### A motion program executed by a MSEE command from a ladder program

Use a MSEE command of a ladder program to designate the work register (M or D register). The work register constitution is as follows:



For more information on the work register, refer to the subsequent pages.

## [a] Status Flag of a Motion Program

The motion program status flag shows the execution status of the motion program. The following table shows details of status flag.

[Status	Flag]
---------	-------

Bit No.	Status
0	Program running
1	Program paused
2	Program stopped by stop request (used by system)
3	(Reserved)
4	Single program block operation stopped
5	(Reserved)
6	(Reserved)
7	(Reserved)
8	Program alarm
9	Stopped by brake point
А	(Reserved)
В	In debug mode (EWS debugging operation)
С	Program type 0: Motion program
D	Start request signal history
E	No system work error
F	Main program number exceeded error

• When program alarm has occurred, the error details of the motion program are stored in the error information screen and S registers.

## [b] Control Signal

Program control signals (e.g., program operation start requests and program stop requests) need to be entered to execute the motion program.

The following types of signals for controlling motion programs are available.

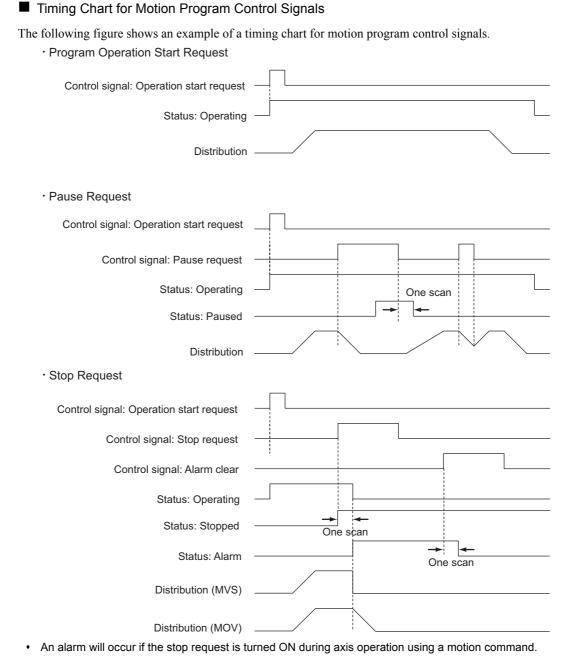
Bit No.	Signal Name	Signal Type
0	Program operation start request	Differential or NO contact input
1	Program pause request	NO contact
2	Program stop request	NO contact
3	Program single block mode selection	NO contact
4	Program single block start request	Differential or NO contact input
5	Alarm reset request	NO contact
6	Program continuous operation start request	Differential or NO contact input
7	(Reserved)	
8	Skip 1 information	NO contact
9	Skip 2 information	NO contact
А	(Reserved)	
В	(Reserved)	
С	(Reserved)	
D	System work number setting <sup>*1</sup>	NO contact
E	Override setting for interpolation <sup>*2</sup>	NO contact
F	(reserved)	

\* 1. System work number setting

- When a motion program is registered in M-EXECUTOR:
  - Unable to designate it. The same system work number as No. defined in the system is used.
- When a motion program is invoked by a MSEE command from a ladder program:
  - OFF: A system work automatically retrieved by system is used. The system work number may differ in each case.
  - ON: A work with the designated system work number is used.
    - However, when a work occupied by M-EXECUTOR is designated, "BitE: Error without a system work" is reported to the status.
- \* 2. Override setting for interpolation
  - OFF: 100% fixed at an override for interpolation
  - ON: Depends on the designated override for interpolation.

Use signals conforming to the above signal types when writing ladder programs.

Note: Motion programs are executed if the program operation start request signal is ON when the power is turned ON.



#### [c] Interpolation Override

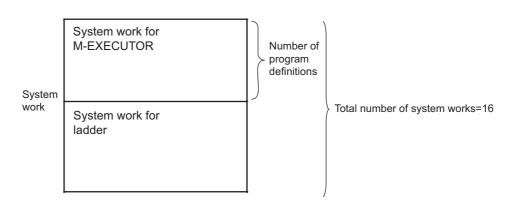
The override when executing interpolation travel commands (setting; unit: 1 = 0.01%) is set. This interpolation override is enabled only when the motion program control signal bit E (interpolation override setting) is ON.

## [d] System Work Number

The system work number n (setting range: 1 to 16) used when executing motion programs is set by the MSEE work registers.

This system work number is enabled only when the motion program control signal bit D (system work number setting) is ON. The status bit, bit E (No system work error), will turn ON if the work number setting is outside the setting range or the specified system work is in use.

The total number of system works of a motion program is 16 for both M-EXECUTOR and ladder. The number configured in the number of program definitions of the M-EXECUTOR detailed screen is set for the system work for M-EXECUTOR.



- 1. A work not occupied by M-EXECUTOR can execute a motion program using a MSEE command from a ladder program.
- 2. When the number of a system work occupied by M-EXECUTOR is specified by a ladder program, an alarm (Error without a system work) occurs. Therefore, when the number of program definitions is set to 16 in the M-EXECUTOR detailed screen, a motion program cannot be executed by a ladder MSEE command.
  - Error without a system work: Status flag Bit E of the motion program

## (5) How to Operate a Work Register

The way to operate a work register of a motion program registered in the M-EXECUTOR program execution definition differs from that of a motion program referenced by a MSEE command from a ladder program. The way to operate it in each case is shown as follows:

## [a] A motion program registered in the M-EXECUTOR program execution definition

When a motion program is registered in M-EXECUTOR program execution definition, select one from the following two execution processings.

- · A way to immediately control a motion program from external equipment
- A way to control a motion program via a sequence or ladder program

Now, this section explains each execution processing in the subsequent pages.

#### A Way to Immediately Control a Motion Program from External Equipment

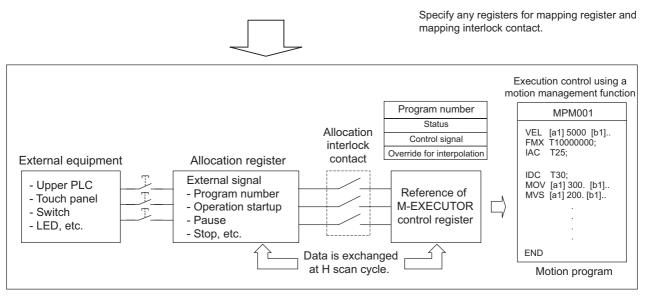
M-EXECUTOR has a function which allocates any register to an M-EXECUTOR control register.

Using this function allows you to automatically exchange data between an M-EXECUTOR control register and an I/O register connected to an external equipment. This allows you to immediately control the motion program from the external equipment.

The following figure shows a setting example in this method.

#### Figure for allocating the M-EXECUTOR register

No.	ltem	M-EXECUTOR Control register	Allocation Disable	Direction	Allocation register	Allocation Contact interlock
1	Program number	MPM001				
	Status	IWOCOO		->	000000	IB00020
	Control signal	OW0C01		<-	IW0000	IB00020
	Override	OW0C02		<-	IW0001	IB00020



An allocation contact interlock is used to interlock the operation of a motion program. When setting an allocation register, be sure to set an allocation contact interlock.

It is processed, as shown below, by turning ON/OFF an allocation contact interlock:

- When an allocation contact interlock contact is ON, data is exchanged between an allocation register and M-EXECUTOR control register at H scan cycle. Now, the motion program becomes executable.
- When an allocation contact interlock is OFF, data is not exchanged between an allocation register and M-EXECUTOR control register. Now, the motion program becomes unexecutable.
- When an allocation contact interlock is switched from ON to OFF while running a motion program, the running motion program stops and an axis in operation also stops. Now, the motion program falls into the alarm "1Bh: Executing an emergency stop command" state, and the status "Bit8: Program alarm is occurring" is turned ON. Again, to execute a motion program, follow the procedure below for operation:
- 1. Switch the interlock contact from OFF to ON.
- 2. Turn ON a control signal "Bit5: Alarm reset request."
- 3. Make sure that the status "Bit8: Program alarm is occurring" is turned OFF.
- 4. Turn OFF the control signal "Bit5: Alarm reset request."
- 5. Turn ON a control signal "Bit0: Request for the program operation startup."

#### A Way to Control a Motion Program via a Sequence or Ladder Program

Without using the allocating function of the above mentioned M-EXECUTOR control register, controls a motion program via a sequence or ladder program.

To use this execution processing, save the blank Allocation register and the blank Allocation interlock contact as a blank.

In this case, the M-EXECUTOR control register configures and monitors the motion program.

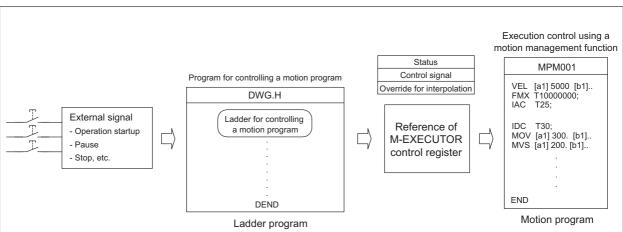
The following figure shows a setting example in this method.

M-EXECUTOR program execution definition

No.	No Item		Item M-EXECUTOR Allocation Control register Disable	Direction	Allocation register	Allocation Contact interlock
	Program number	MPM001				
	Status	IWOCOO		->		
1	Control signal	OWOC01		<-		
	Override	OW0C02		<-		



Save the mapping register and the mapping interlock contact as a blank.



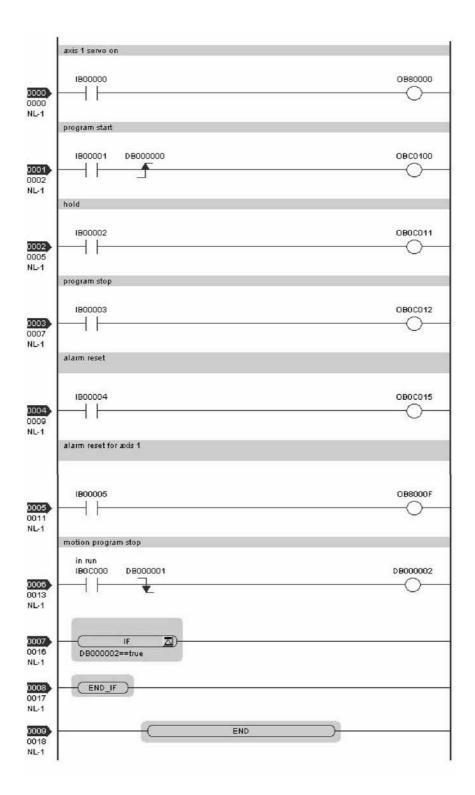
Each example which uses a sequence program and ladder program respectively as a program for controlling the motion program is shown as follows:

1. Example using a sequence program

OB0C010 = PON( IB00001 DB000000 ); OB0C011 = IB00002; OB0C012 = IB00003; OB0C015 = IB00004; OB8000F = IB00005; IF NON( IB0C000 DB000001 ) == 1;	"axis 1 servo on" "program start" "hold" "program stop" "alarm reset" "Turn ON a single axis servo" "Is the program operation OFF?" "Process when program operation is stopped"
END;	

5.2.2 Motion Programs

2. Example using a ladder program

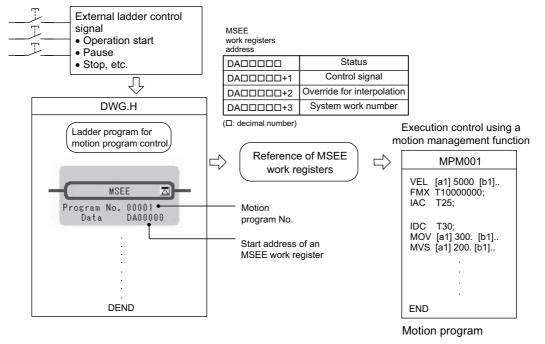


#### [b] A motion program referenced by a MSEE command from a ladder program

When a motion program is referenced by a MSEE command from a ladder program, control the motion program via a sequence or ladder program.

To use this execution processing, incorporate a MSEE command in the ladder H drawing. In this case, MSEE work register configures and monitors the motion program.

The following figure shows a setting example in this method.



• For information about the meaning and estimation of the register number, refer to 5.3 Registers on page 5-36.

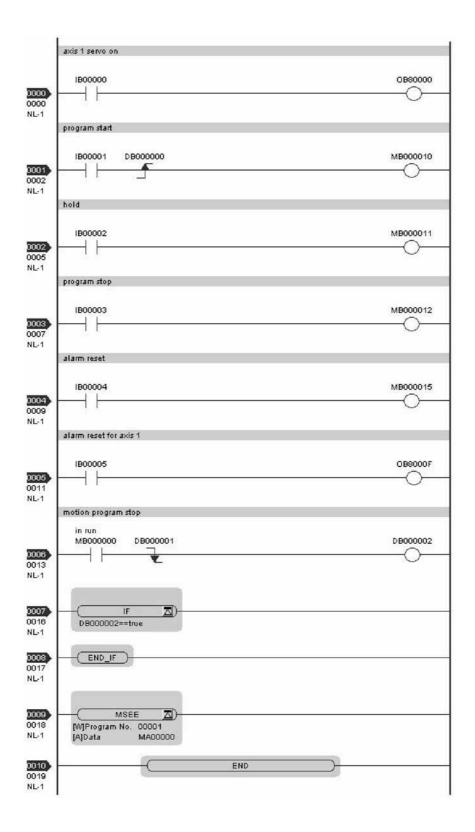
Each example which uses a sequence program and ladder program respectively as a program for controlling the motion program is shown as follows:

**1.** Example using a sequence program

OB80000 = IB00000;	"axis 1 servo on"
MB00010 = PON( IB00001 DB000000 );	"program start"
MB00011 = IB00002;	"hold"
MB00012 = IB00003;	"program stop"
MB00015 = IB00004;	"alarm reset"
OB8000F = IB00005;	"alarm reset for axis 1"
IF NON( MB00000 DB000001 ) == 1;	"motion program stop"
•	"Process when program operation is stopped"
IEND;	
END;	
END;	

Note: An MSEE command cannot be incorporated into a sequence program. Incorporate an MSEE command separately into a ladder H drawing. 5.2.2 Motion Programs

2. Example using a ladder program



## (6) Monitor the motion program execution information using S register

Using S register (SW03200 to SW04191) allows you to monitor the motion program execution information. The way to monitor the execution information for a motion program registered in the M-EXECUTOR program execution definition differs from that for a motion program referenced by an MSEE command from a ladder program. The way to monitor it in each case is shown as follows:

## [a] A motion program registered in the M-EXECUTOR program execution definition

When a motion program is registered in the M-EXECUTOR program execution definition, the same system work number as the definition No. is used.

For example, a motion program is registered as "Definition No." =3, the used system work number is "System Work"=3. In this case, the execution information for the motion program can be monitored in "Program Information Using Work 3" (=SW03380 to SW03437).

## [b] A motion program referenced by an MSEE command from a ladder program

When a motion program is referenced by an MSEE command from a ladder program, the way differs, depending on the "BitD" setting (system work number setting) of the motion program control signal, as follows:

■ The motion program control signal "BitD, System Work Number Setting" = ON

The execution information is reported to "Program Information Using Work n" register (SW03264-SW04191). For example, when "System Work Number"=1, the motion program execution information can be monitored in SW03264-SW03321 "Program Information Using Work 1".

#### ■ The motion program control signal "BitD, System Work Number Setting" = OFF

The used system work is automatically decided by system. Thus, to check which work is used, refer to "Running Program Number" (=SW03200 to SW03215).

For example, when you want to monitor the motion program MPM001 and SW03202=001, as used the work number=3, the execution information for the motion program MPM001 can be monitored in "Program Information Using Work 3" (=SW03380 to SW03437).

For more information on the register area of the motion program execution information, refer to the subsequent pages.

## Register Areas for Motion Program Execution Information

· · · · · · · · · ·

	Motion program execution	informat
SW03200	Executing program numb (No. of main program curre executing)	
SW03216	Reserved by the system.	16W ``
SW03232	Executing Program Bit (Executing when correspondin bit is ON)	g
SW03248	Reserved by the system.	16W
SW03264	Program information used by work 1	58W
SW03222	Program information used by work 2	58W
SW03380	Program information used by work 3	58W
SW03438	Program information used by work 4	58W
SW03496	Program information used by work 5	58W
SW03554	Program information used by work 6	58W
SW03612	Program information used by work 7	58W
SW03670	Program information used by work 8	58W
SW03728	Program information used by work 9	58W
SW03786	Program information used by work 10	58W
SW03844	Program information used by work 11	58W
SW03902	Program information used by work 12	58W
SW03960	Program information used by work 13	58W
SW04018	Program information used by work 14	58W
SW04076	Program information used by work 15	58W
SW04134	Program information used by work 16	58W
SW04192	Reserved by the system.	928W
SW05120	Reserved by the system.	64W

Motion program execution inform	ation
Executing program number	SV

	Executing program number
SW03200	Program number used by work 1
SW03201	Program number used by work 2
SW03202	Program number used by work 3
SW03203	Program number used by work 4
SW03204	Program number used by work 5
SW03205	Program number used by work 6
SW03206	Program number used by work 7
SW03207	Program number used by work 8
SW03208	Program number used by work 9
` <u></u> SW03209	Program number used by work 10
`` <sub>`</sub> ,SW03210	Program number used by work 11
SW03211	Program number used by work 12
SW03212	Program number used by work 13
SW03213	Program number used by work 14
SW03214	Program number used by work 15
SW03215	Program number used by work 16

```````````````````````````````````````	
``````````````````````````````````````	
``````````````````````````````````````	Executing program bit
SW03232	MPD016 (Bit15) to MPD001 (Bit0)
SW03233	MPD032 (Bit15) to MPD017 (Bit0)
SW03234	MPD048 (Bit15) to MPD033 (Bit0)
SW03235	MPD054 (Bit15) to MPD049 (Bit0)
SW03236	MPD080 (Bit15) to MPD055 (Bit0)
SW03237	MPD096 (Bit15) to MPD081 (Bit0)
sw03238	MPD112 (Bit15) to MPD097 (Bit0)
SW03239	MPD128 (Bit15) to MPD113 (Bit0)
SW03240	MPD144 (Bit15) to MPD129 (Bit0)
SW03241	MPD160 (Bit15) to MPD145 (Bit0)
SW03242	MPD176 (Bit15) to MPD161 (Bit0)
SW03243	MPD192 (Bit15) to MPD177 (Bit0)
SW03244	MPD208 (Bit15) to MPD193 (Bit0)
SW03245	MP□224 (Bit15) to MP□209 (Bit0)
SW03246	MPD240 (Bit15) to MPD225 (Bit0)
SW03247	MP□256 (Bit15) to MP□241 (Bit0)

Note: I indicates M or S.

## Details of Program Information Used by Work n

Program information used by work n

)	Program status		
1	Program control signal		 Executing program number
2	Parallel 0 information	3W	 Executing block number
5	Parallel 1 information	3W	 Error code
3	Parallel 2 information	3W	
1	Parallel 3 information	3W	
4	Parallel 4 information	3W	
7	Parallel 5 information	3W	
)	Parallel 6 information	3W	
3	Parallel 7 information	3W	
6	Logical axis #1 program current position	2W	
3	Logical axis #2 program current position	2W	
	Logical axis #3 program current position	2W	
	Logical axis #4 program current position	2W	
	Logical axis #5 program current position	2W	
	Logical axis #6 program current position	2W	
	Logical axis #7 program current position	2W	
)	Logical axis #8 program current position	2W	
-	Logical axis #9 program current position	2W	
	Logical axis #10 program current position	2W	
	Logical axis #11 program current position	2W	
	Logical axis #12 program current position	2W	
	Logical axis #13 program current position	2W	
	Logical axis #14 program current position	2W	
	Logical axis #15 program current position	2W	
6	Logical axis #16 program current position	2W	

**Outline of Motion Control Systems** 

## 5.2.3 Sequence Program

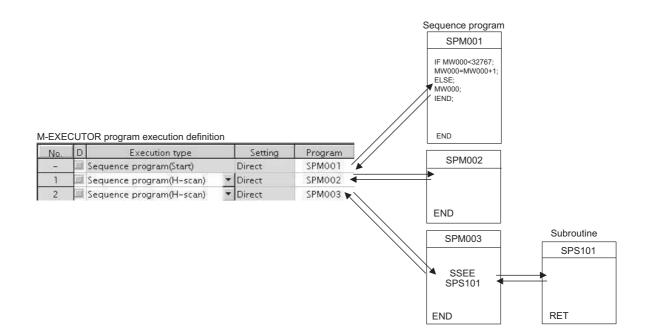
A sequence program is a program described with motion language of text format. The following table shows two types of sequence programs.

Category	Designation Method	Features	Number of Programs
Main program	SPM□□□ (□□□=1 to 256)	Calling from the M-EXECUTOR program execution definition	Up to 256 programs of the following types can be created:
Sub program	SPS□□□ (□□□=1 to 256)	Calling from the main program	<ul> <li>Main motion program</li> <li>Sub motion program</li> <li>Main sequence program</li> <li>Sub sequence program</li> </ul>

- The program numbers of sequence programs are managed in the same manner as the motion program numbers. Assign a different number for each program number.
  - Motion program MPMDDD: Program number of MPSDDD
  - Sequence program SPM  $\Box \Box \Box$ : Program number of SPS  $\Box \Box \Box$

## (1) How to Run a Sequence Program

A sequence program is executed by registering it in the M-EXECUTOR program execution definition. Sequence programs are executed in ascending numeric order. The following figure shows an execution example.



When the execution type is set to "Sequence Program (H scan)" or "Sequence Program (L scan)", the program is executed at the time the definition is saved. When the execution type is set to Sequence Program (Start), the program is executed when the power supply is turned ON again next time.

## (2) How to Designate a Sequence Program

You can only designate a sequence program directly. Indirect designation is unavailable. Use the program number (SPMDDD) when designating a sequence program to execute.

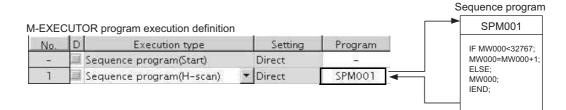


Fig. 5.5 Calling a Sequence Program

## (3) Work Register

Monitor a sequence program through a work register.

A work register, similar to the motion program registered in M-EXECUTOR, has status flags in the M-EXECUTOR control register.

The following table shows the work register configuration of the sequence program.

Work Register	Content
Status	Status flag of a sequence program

#### [a] Status Flag of Sequence Program

The status flags of a sequence program allow you to know the execution status of the sequence program. The following table explains the detailed contents of status flags. [Status]

Bit No.	Status	
0	Program running	
1	(Reserved)	
2	(Reserved)	
3	(Reserved)	
4	(Reserved)	
5	(Reserved)	
6	(Reserved)	
7	(Reserved)	
8	Program alarm is occurring	
9	Stopping at breakpoint	
A	(reserved)	
В	In debug mode (EWS debug operation)	
С	Program type 1: Sequence program	
D	Start request history	
E	(Reserved)	
F	(Reserved)	

#### Sequence program alarm

When referencing a sub sequence program (SSEE command execution) and an error is detected, "Bit8: Program alarm is occurring" is turned ON. If the error is cleared, it is turned OFF. Error details are as follows:

Error Details
Called program is unregistered
Called program is not a sequence program
Called program is not a sub program (main program is called)
Called program number is over
Nest over error

# 5.2.4 Ladder Drawings (DWG)

## (1) Types of Drawings

Ladder programs are managed in units of ladder drawings, which are identified by drawing numbers. These drawings form the basis of user programs.

Ladder drawings include parent drawings, child drawings, grandchild drawings, and operation error processing drawings. In addition to drawings, there are functions that can be freely accessed from each drawing.

Parent Drawings

Parent drawings are automatically executed by the system program when the execution conditions, outlined in the table below, are met.

• Child Drawings

Child drawings are accessed using a SEE command from a parent drawing.

• Grandchild Drawings

Grandchild drawings are accessed using a SEE command from a child drawing.

Operation Error Processing Drawings

Operation error processing drawings are automatically executed by the system program when an operation error occurs.

• Functions

Functions are accessed and executed from parent, child, and grandchild drawings using the FUNC command.

## [a] Drawing Types and Order of Priority

Drawings are classified by their first letter (A, I, H, or L) based on the processing purpose. The following table outlines the order of priority and execution conditions for these drawings.

Type of Parent Drawing	Function	Priority	Execution Conditions	Max. No. of Drawings
DWG.A (Drawing A)	Startup processing	1	Power ON (Executed once only, when power turned ON)	64
DWG.I (Drawing I)	Interrupt processing	2	External interrupt (executed by Option Module DI interrupt or counter match interrupt)	64
DWG.H (Drawing H)	High-speed scan pro- cessing	3	Scheduled cycle startup (Executed each high-speed scan)	200
DWG.L (Drawing L)	Low-speed scan	4	Scheduled cycle startup (Executed each low- speed scan)	500

The following table provides details of the number of drawings for each drawing.

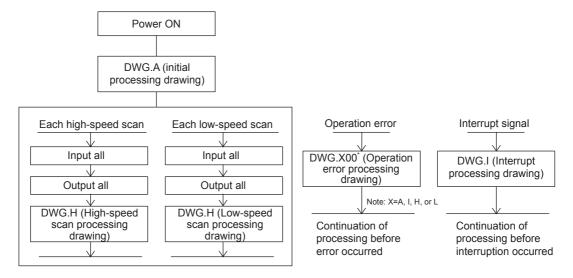
Drawing	Number of Drawings				
Diawing	DWG.A	DWG.I	DWG.H	DWG.L	
Parent Drawings	1 (A)	1 (I)	1 (H)	1 (L)	
Operation Error Processing Drawings	1 (A00)	1 (I00)	1 (H00)	1 (L00)	
Child Drawings Grandchild Drawings	Total: 62 max.	Total: 62 max.	Total: 198 max.	Total: 498 max.	

5.2.4 Ladder Drawings (DWG)

## (2) Execution Control of Drawings

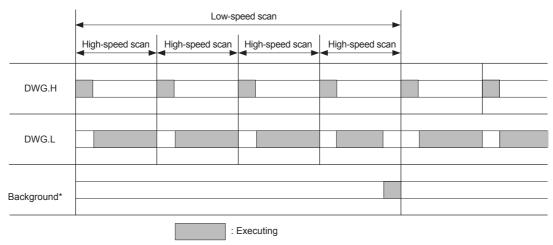
## [a] Execution Control

The following table shows when each drawing is executed based on the order of priority.



#### [b] Execution Schedule for Scan Processing Drawings

The scan processing drawings are not executed simultaneously. As shown in the following figure, the execution of each drawing is scheduled based on the order of priority and time sharing.



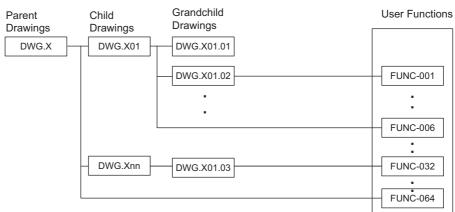
\* Background processing is used to execute internal system processing, e.g., communication processing.

Low-speed scan processing is executed in spare processing time of the high-speed scan. Set the time of the high-speed scan to approximately double the total execution time for DWG.H.

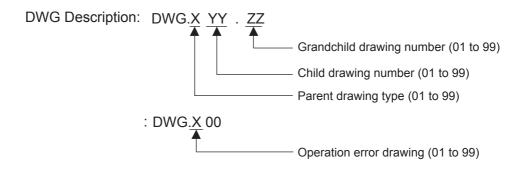
## [c] Hierarchical Structure of Drawings

Each processing program is made up of parent drawings, child drawings, and grandchild drawings. Parent drawings cannot call child drawings from a different type of drawing and child drawings cannot call grandchild drawings from a different type of drawing. Also, parent drawings cannot directly call grandchild drawings. Child drawings are always called from parent drawings and grandchild drawings are always called from child drawings. This is the hierarchical structure of drawings.

As shown in the following figure, each processing program is created from a hierarchy of parent, child, and grandchild drawings.



Note: X means A, I, H, or L.

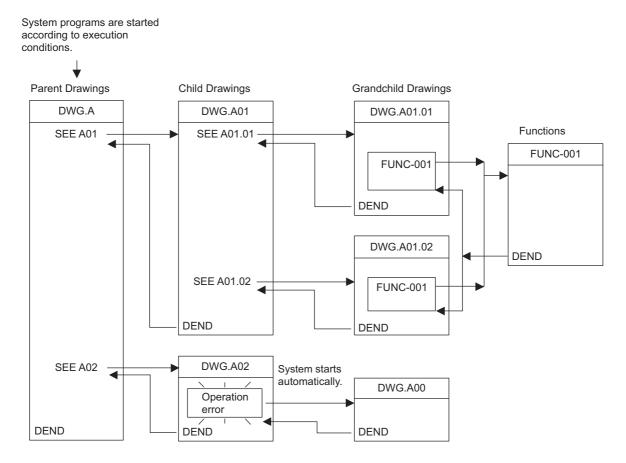


5.2.4 Ladder Drawings (DWG)

## [d] Drawing Execution Processing Method

The execution processing of hierarchical drawings are performed by calling lower-level drawings from higher-level drawings.

The following figure shows the execution processing for drawings, using DWGA as an example.



- Note: 1. Parent drawing is automatically called and executed by system. Therefore, you can execute the child and grandchild drawings by programming a DWG reference command (SEE command) in the parent and child drawings.
  - 2. Functions can be referenced from any drawing. Functions can also be referenced from other functions.
  - 3. When an operation error occurs, the operation error processing drawing for that drawing will be started.

## (3) Functions

Functions are executed by calling them from parent, child, or grandchild drawings using the FUNC command. Functions can be called from any drawing, and the same function can be called at the same time from different types of drawings and from different levels of drawings. Another completed functions can also be called from functions. Using functions has the following advantages.

- Easier creation of user program components
- Easier writing and maintenance of user programs

Functions include standard system functions that are already in the system and user functions that are defined by the user.

## [a] Standard System Functions

The transmission and other functions listed below are already created as standard system functions. Standard system functions cannot be changed by users.

Туре	Name	Symbol	Contents
	Counter COUNTER		Incremental/decremental counter
su	First in/first out	FINFOUT	First in/first out
functions	Trace function	TRACE	Data trace execution control
1 fur	Data trace read	DTRC-RD	Reads data from data trace memory to user memory
System	Inverter trace read function	ITRC-RD	Reads trace data from inverter trace memory to user memory
Sy	Message send	MSG-SND	Sends messages to external communication devices
	Message receive	MSG-RCV	Receives messages from external communication devices

## [b] User Functions

The functions (programs) and the function definitions can be changed (programmed) freely by users. The maximum number of user functions that can be defined is 500 drawings.

- Refer to the following manual for information on defining functions.
  - Machine Controller MP900/MP2000 Series User's Manual Ladder Programming (manual number: SIEZ-C887-1.2)
  - Machine Controller MP900/MP2000 Series User's Manual Motion Programming (manual number: SIEZ-C887-1.3)
  - Machine Controller MP900/MP2000 Series New Ladder Editor Programming Manual (manual number: SIEZ-C887-13.1)
  - Machine Controller MP900/MP2000 Series New Ladder Editor User's Manual (manual number: SIEZ-C887-13.2)
  - MP2000 Series Engineering Tool for Controller MPE720 Ver.6.0 User's Manual (manual number: SIEPC88070030)

5.3.1 Types of Registers

# 5.3 Registers

This section describes the types of registers used in MP2300S user programs (mainly ladder programs) and how to use them.

## 5.3.1 Types of Registers

## (1) DWG Registers

Registers used by ladder programs (ladder drawings; DWG). Each drawing can use the registers outlined in the following table.

Туре	Name	Specification Method	Range	Details	Characteristics
S	System registers	SB, SW, SL, SFnnnnn (SAnnnnn)	SW00000 to SW08191	Registers provided by the system. SW00000 to SW00049 are cleared to all zeros when the system starts.	
М	Data registers	MB, MW, ML, MFnnnnn (MAnnnnn)	MW00000 to MW65534	Registers shared by all drawings. Used, e.g., as an interface between drawings.	Common to all
I	Input registers	IB, IW, IL, IFhhhh (IAhhhh)	IW0000 to IW13FFF	Registers used for input data.	drawings
0	Output registers	OB, OW, OL, OFhhhh (OAhhhh)	OW0000 to OW13FFF	Registers used for output data.	
С	Constants regis- ters	CB, CW, CL, CFnnnnn (CAnnnn)	CW00000 to CW16383	Registers that can only be called from programs.	
#	# registers	#B, #W, #L, #Fnnnnn (#Annnn)	#W00000 to #W16383	Call-only registers Can be called only by corre- sponding drawing. The usage range is set by the user using MPE720.	Unique to each
D	D registers	DB, DW, DL, DFnnnnn (DAnnnnn)	DW00000 to DW16383	Internal registers unique to each drawing. Can be used only by corresponding drawing. The usage range is set by the user using MPE720.	drawing

Note: 1. n: Decimal number; h: Hexadecimal number

- 2. B, W, L, F, and A: Data type (B: Bit, W: Integer, L: Double-length integer, F: Real number, A: Address. Refer to *5.3.2 Data Types* on page 5-39.)
- 3. Up to 32 D registers (32 words, DW0000 to DW0031) can be used when creating drawings, but this can be changed in the MPE720 Drawings Properties Window. Refer to the *Machine Controller MP900/MP2000 Series User's Manual MPE720 Software for Programming Device (SIEPC88070005)* or, refer to *MP2000 Series Engineering Tool for Controller MPE720 Ver.6.0 User's Manual* (manual number: SIEPC88070030) for details.
- 4. S and M register data has a battery backup to ensure the data is held even if the MP2300S power is turned OFF and ON. Other register data is saved to flash memory, so when the MP2300S power is turned OFF to ON, data saved to flash memory is read and data not saved to flash memory is lost. It is recommended, therefore, that data to be held regardless of whether or not the power is turned OFF to ON should be written to M registers if possible.

## (2) Function Registers

The following table shows the registers that can be used with each function.

Туре	Name	Specification Method	Range	Details	Characteristics
x	Function input regis- ters	XB, XW, XL, XFnnnnn	XW00000 to XW00016	Input to functions Bit input: XB000000 to XB00000F Integer input: XW00001 to XW00016 Double-length integer input: XL00001 to XL00015	
Y	Function output reg- isters	YB, YW, YL, YFnnnnn	YW00000 to YW00016	Output from functions Bit output: YB000000 to YB00000F Integer output: YW00001 to YW00016 Double-length integer output: YL00001 to YL00015	
z	Internal function registers	ZB, ZW, ZL, ZFnnnnn	ZW0000 to ZW00063	Internal registers unique to each function Can be used for function internal process- ing.	Unique to each function
А	External function registers	AB, AW, AL, AFhhhh	AW0000 to AW32767	External registers with the address input value as the base address. For linking with S, M, I, O, #, and DAnnnnn.	function
#	# registers	#B, #W, #L, #Fnnnnn (#Annnn)	#W00000 to #W16383	Call-only registers Can be called only from the relevant func- tion. The usage range is set by the user using MPE720.	
D	D registers	DB, DW, DL, DFnnnnn (DAnnnnn)	DW00000 to DW16383	Internal registers unique to each function. Can be called only the relevant function. The usage range is set by the user using MPE720.	
S	System registers	SB, SW, SL, SFnnnnn (SAnnnn)			
М	Data registers	MB, MW, ML, MFnnnnn (MAnnnnn)	Same as DWG registers		undia under brann
I	Input registers	IB, IW, IL, IFhhhh (IAh- hhh)	these registers a	are shared by drawings and functions. Pay atte are to be used when calling the same function f	
0	Output registers	OB, OW, OL, OFhhhh (OAhhhh)	a different priority level.		
С	Constants registers	CB, CW, CL, CFhhhh (CAnnnn)			

• n: Decimal number; h: Hexadecimal number

• B, W, L, F, and A: Data type (B: Bit, W: Integer, L: Double-length integer, F: Real number, A: Address. Refer to 5.3.2 Data Types on page 5-39.)

• SA, MA, IA, OA, DA, #A, and CA registers can be used within functions.

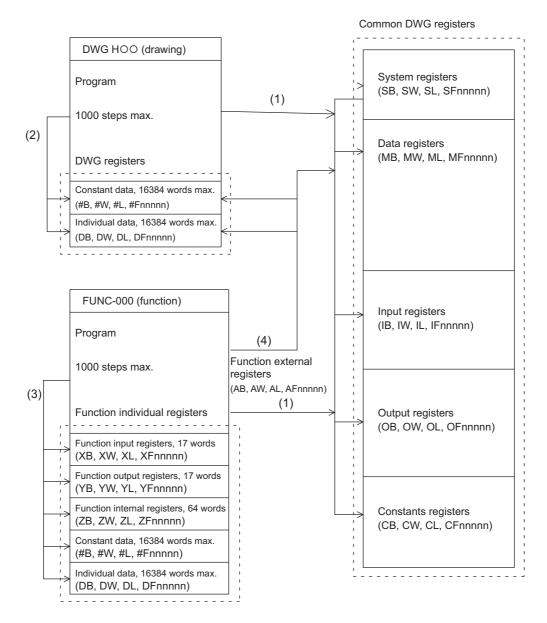
5

5-37

5.3.1 Types of Registers

## (3) Register Ranges in Programs

The following figure shows DWG programs, function programs, and register call ranges.

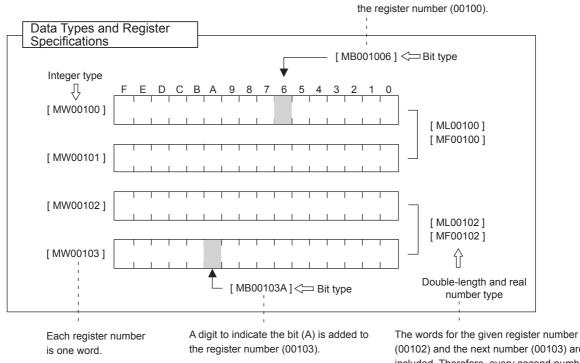


- (1): Registers that are common to all drawings can be called from any drawing or function.
- (2): Registers that are unique to each drawing can be called only from within the drawing.
- (3): Registers that are unique to each function can be called only from within the function.
- (4): Registers that are common to all drawings and registers that are unique to each drawing can be called from functions using the external function registers.

# 5.3.2 Data Types

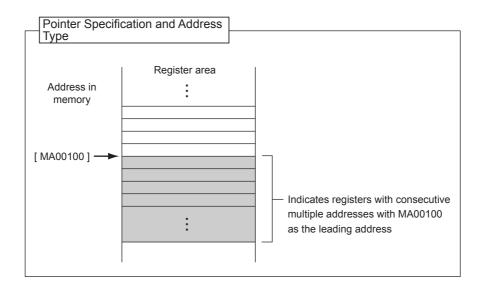
There are five kinds of data: Bit, integer, double-length integer, real number, and address data. Each is used differently depending on the application. Address data, however, is used only inside functions when specifying pointers. The following table shows the types of data.

Туре	Data types	Numeric Value Range	Remarks
В	Bit	0, 1	Used by relay circuits.
W	Integer	-32768 to +32767 (8000H) (7FFFH)	Used for numeric value operations. The values in paren- theses ( ) indicate use with logical operations.
L	Double-length integer	-2147483648 to +2147483647 (80000000H) (7FFFFFFH)	Used for numeric value operations. The values in paren- theses ( ) are for use with logical operations.
F	Real number	± (1.175E-38 to 3.402E+38), 0	Used for numeric value operations.
А	Address	0 to 32767	Used only when specifying pointers.



(00102) and the next number (00103) are included. Therefore, every second number is used.

A digit to indicate the bit (6) is added to

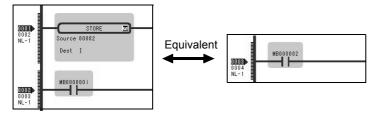


5.3.3 How to Use Subscripts i, j

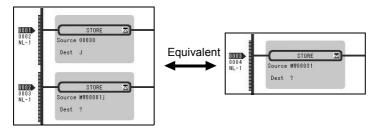
## 5.3.3 How to Use Subscripts i, j

Two type of registers (i, j) are available as dedicated registers to modify the relay and register numbers. Both i and j have the same function. They are used when you want to handle a register number as a variable. An example for each register data type is given as explanation.

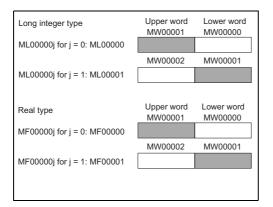
## (1) Bit Type Attached with a Subscript



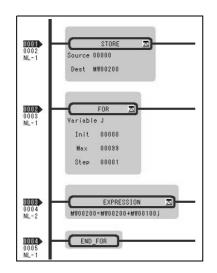
## (2) Integer Type Attached with a Subscript



## (3) Long Integer or Real Type Attached with a Subscript



Program example using subscript



The result is a relay number added with i or j value. For example, MB000000i for i=2 is the same as MB000002. Also, MB000000j for j=27 is the same as MB00001B.

The result is a register number added with i or j value. For example, MW00010i for i=3 is the same as MW00013. Also, MW00001j for j=30 is the same as MW00031.

The result is a register number with an added i or j value.

For example, "ML00000j for j=1" is the same as ML00001. Also, "MF00000j for j=1" is the same as MF00001. However, as a word indicated by a register number is the lower word for a long integer/real type, for the same ML00001 and MF00001, be aware that an upper/lower word of ML00001 and MF00001 for j=0 may differ from those of

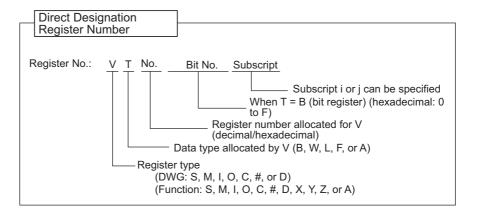
The left program uses a subscript j and calculates the total amount of a hundred registers from MW00100 to MW00199, and stores the total amount in MW00200.

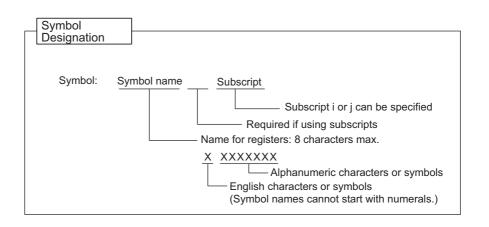
# 5.3.4 Register Designation

Registers can be specified directly by register number or by symbol (register name). A combination of both of these register designation methods can be used in ladder programs.

When using the symbol specification method, the relationship between symbols and register numbers must be defined. The following table shows the register specification methods.

Designation Method	Designation Example for Each Data Type		
Register Number Direct Designation	Bit register: Integer register: Double-length integer register: Real number register: Address register: X: When specifying subscripts, su	MB00100AX MW00100X ML00100X MF00100X MA00100X bscript i or j is added after the register number.	
Symbol Designation	Bit register: Integer register: Double-length integer registers: Real number registers: Address registers: X: When specifying subscripts, a p meric characters max.) and then a	RESET1-A.X STIME-H.X POS-REF.X IN-DEF.X <u>PID-DATA.X</u> $\downarrow$ 8 alphanumeric characters max. period (.) is added after the symbol (8 alphanu- subscript i or j is added.	





5

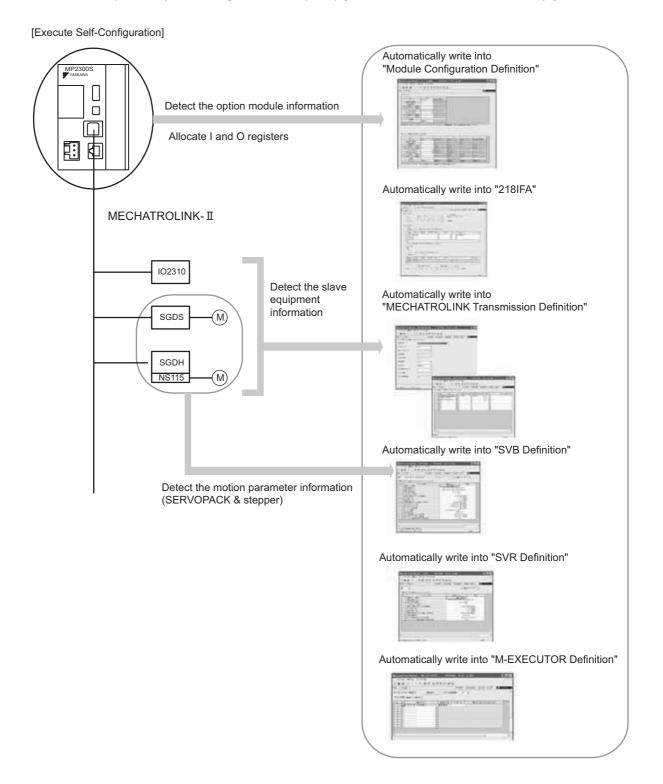
5.3.4 Register Designation

# 5.4 Self-configuration

The self-configuration function automatically recognizes the Optional Modules mounted to the MP2300S Basic Module and all slave data for slaves connected to the MECHATROLINK network, and automatically generates a definition file.

Self-configuration greatly simplifies the procedure needed to start the system.

Refer to 5.4.2 Definition Information Updated with Self-Configuration for items that are automatically generated.



5.4.1 How to Execute Self-Configuration

## 5.4.1 How to Execute Self-Configuration

The following two methods are available for executing the self-configuration.

- Execute the self-configuration (from DIP switch)
- Execute the self configuration (from MPE720)

Now, this section explains each way to execute the self-configuration:

#### (1) Procedure Using the DIP Switch

Self-configuration can be executed from the Basic Module DIP switch.

#### [a] When Executing the Self-Configuration First Time after Connecting Equipment

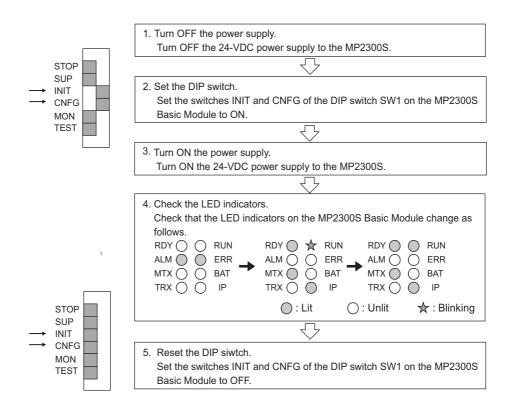
By performing the operation below, the self-configuration for all modules is newly executed, and all new definition files are created.

Before performing the operation, turn ON the power supply of equipment such as SERVOPACK.

#### Caution

Note that this operation can clear the following data in MP2300S.

· All definition files, all user programs, and all registers

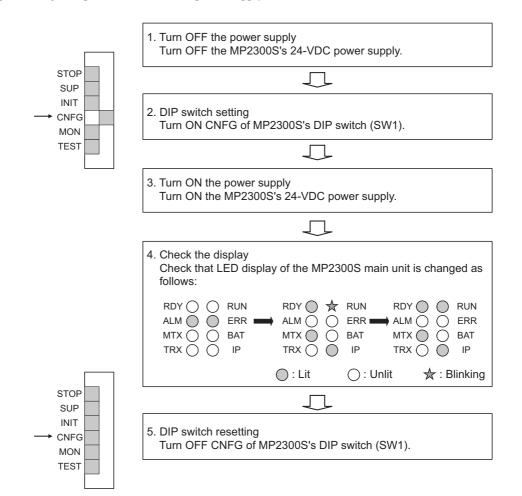


5.4.1 How to Execute Self-Configuration

#### [b] Self-configuration after Adding Devices Such as SERVOPACKs

By performing the following operation, a definition for an axis newly detected in the MECHATROLINK transmission is created. The definitions for already mapped axes are not updated.

Before performing the operation, turn ON the power supply of devices such as SERVOPACK.



Note: Since a register mapping was manually changed after the self-configuration was last executed last time, input/output addresses may be changed by executing subsequent self-configurations. Also, when SVR is set to Disable, SVR may be reset to Enable. To retain the changed register mapping, etc., manually map a register to the additional devices instead of using self-configuration, and then update the definition file.

INIT Switch and RAM Data

RAM data will be cleared if the INIT switch of the DIP switch on the MP2300S Basic Module is ON and the power is turned ON. Flash memory data is read and overwritten when the INIT switch is OFF and the power is turned ON. Therefore, to protect RAM data, always save data to the MP2300S flash memory before turning OFF the power when writing or editing programs.

#### Turning OFF Power After Executing Self-configuration

Do not turn OFF the 24-VDC power supply to the MP2300S after executing self-configuration until the definitions data has been saved to flash memory in the MP2300S. If the power is somehow turned OFF before the data is saved to flash memory, reexecute the self-configuration.

## (2) Procedure Using MPE720

Executing self-configuration from MPE720 allows self-configuration for individual Modules as well as for all modules.

When self-configuration is carried out from MPE720, a definition for any axis newly detected in the MECHA-TROLINK transmission is created. The definitions for already mapped axes are not updated.

This section explains each way to execute the self-configuration:

#### [a] Self-configuration for All the Modules

By performing the following operation, the self-configuration for MP2300S basic and option modules is executed. Before performing the operation, turn ON the power supply of equipment such as SERVOPACK.

#### 1. Double-click System - Module Configuration.

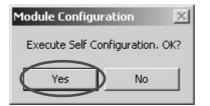


The Engineering Manager Window will open and the Module Configuration Window will appear.

2. Select Order - Self Configure All Modules to execute self-configuration.



**3.** Click **Yes** for the following message.



**4.** While running the self-configuration, the following message is shown.

×
STOP

- 5.4.1 How to Execute Self-Configuration
  - **5.** If the following warning message is shown after performing step 4, the module configuration definitions for CPU and MPE720 may differ from each other. Continue to perform step 6. When the message is not shown, go to step 9.



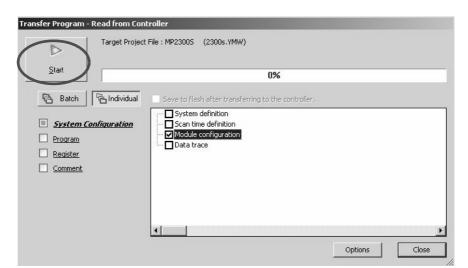
6. Select Online(O) - Read from Controller(A).

盟 MPE720 ¥er.6 - 230	0s [MP23005] - [Start]	
Eile Edit View	<u>Online</u> <u>Compile</u> <u>D</u> ebug <u>W</u> i	ndow <u>H</u> elp
DZCU	Disconnection	ANDRA
! ि म ख ! <b>≣ ਮ</b>	• Communications Setting	₽,:++++ € ₹
Online MP230	CPU RUN	\Administrator\My Do
Setup Progra	CPU STOP	er Utilit <del>y</del>
g System Scantir Motion	Mrite into Controller	on • # X
	• Read from Controller	
-	🎦 Save to <u>F</u> lash	
Program	🐴 Iransfer	[MP23005]
	Online Security Setting	ler program igh-speed
	Controller Information	pw-speed
		Start

7. Click Individual, and only check Module Configuration.

	0%	
Batch	Save to flash after transferring to the controller.	
System Configuration Program Register Comment	System definition Scan time definition	

8. Click Start to read the module configuration definition from a controller.



9. Click the Save & FLASH Save Button to flash save the definition information.

File View Order Window
Module Configuration MP23005 Online Local
PT#: 2 CPU#: 1

**10.** Check that the definition is successfully created in the **Module Configuration** Window.

5

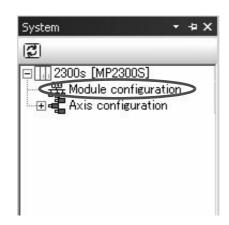
5.4.1 How to Execute Self-Configuration

## [b] Self Configuration of Each Module

If modules or devices are added, self-configuration can be executed separately for the Module (port) that has been changed.

By performing the following operation, self-configuration will be executed for the selected slot. Before performing the operation, turn ON the power supply of devices such as SERVOPACK.

#### 1. Double-click System - Module Configuration.



The Engineering Manager Window will start and the Module Configuration Window will appear.

**2.** Right-click the Module for which devices have been added and select **Module Self Configuration** from the pop menu to execute self-configuration.

View Order Window			
🖬 🕹 💕 🕺 🖻 🖡	CRO DIS Mot E		E ROS
Module Configuration	MP23005 Online	e Local	
#: 2 CPU#: 1			
Controller			
	1 00		1
Slot Number	00	01	Open Slot
Module Type	MP23005 -	UNDEFIN_	
Controller Number	-	-	MECHATROLINK
Circuit Number	-	-	Scan Time Setting
I/O Start Register			System Configuration
I/O End Register			Delete Slot
Disable Input			Register Auto Allocation
Disable Output	-		Line Number Auto Assignment
Motion Start Register		6	Module Self Configuration
Motion End Register			

**3.** Click **Yes** for the following message.



**4.** While running the self-configuration, the following message is shown.



**5.** If the following warning message is shown after performing step 4, the module configuration definitions for CPU and MPE720 may differ from each other. Continue to perform step 6. When the message is not shown, go to step 9.



6. Select Online(O) - Read from Controller(A).

맲 MPE720 ¥er.6 - 230	0s [MP23005] - [Start]	
Eile Edit View	<u>Online</u> <u>C</u> ompile <u>D</u> ebug <u>W</u> ir	ndow <u>H</u> elp
∶₽₫₫₽₽		A
॥ ि म <b>छ</b>   ∰ भू	Communications Setting	₽▋ℍ₩₽₹₹◇
Online MP230	CPU RUN	\Administrator\My Docume
Setup Progra		er Utility
System Scantin Motion	👔 Write into Controller	on • 4 × Start
	Read from Controller	
Program	Save to <u>Fl</u> ash	
E	1 1/2	[MP23005]
	Coline Security Setting	ler program igh-speed
	Controller Information	pw-speed
		interrupt Function History

5.4.1 How to Execute Self-Configuration

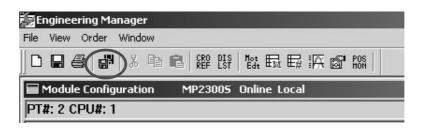
7. Click Individual, and only check Module Configuration.

	ect File : MP23005 (2300s.YMW)	
<u>S</u> tart	0%	
Batch Batch Individua	Save to flash after transferring to the controller.	
System Configuration	System de finition	
Program	Module configuration	
Register		
Comment		

8. Click Start to read the module configuration definition from a controller.

	troller File : MP23005 (2300s.YMW)
<u>S</u> tart	0%
Batch Raindividual	Save to flash after transferring to the controller.
System Configuration Program Register Comment	System definition Scan time definition Module configuration Data trace
	Options Close

9. Click the Save & FLASH Save Button to flash save the definition information.



10. In the Module Configuration Definition Window, check that the definition has been created.

## 5.4.2 Definition Information Updated with Self-Configuration

Now, the definition information updated during executing the self-configuration and the module configuration definition example based on the module combination are as follows:

## (1) Definition Data of MP2300S Basic Module

### [a] I/O Allocations

	Item	Allocation
218IFA		Start I/O register: IW0000/OW0000     End I/O register: IW07FF/OW07FF     (Input register: IW0000 to IW07FF     Output register: OW0000 to OW07FF)
0)/D	MECHATROLINK	Start I/O register: IW0800/OW0800     End I/O register: IW0BFF/OW0BFF     (Input register: IW0800 to IW0BFF     Output register: OW0800 to OW0BFF)
SVB	Motion Parameter	<ul> <li>Start motion register: IW8000/OW8000</li> <li>End motion register: IW87FF/OW87FF (Input register: IW8000 to IW87FF Output register: OW8000 to OW87FF)</li> </ul>
SVR	Motion Parameter	<ul> <li>Start motion register: IW8800/OW8800</li> <li>End motion register: IW8FFF/OW8FFF (Input register: IW8800 to IW8FFF</li> <li>Output register: OW8800 to OW8FFF)</li> </ul>
	M-EXECUTOR	Start I/O register: IW0C00/OW0C00     End I/O register: IW0C3F/OW0C3F     (Input register: IW0C00 to IW0C3F     Output register: OW0C00 to OW0C3F)

### [b] 218IFA Definition

Item	Allocation
Local IP Address	192.168.1.1
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
Gateway IP Address	0.0.0.0
Module Name Definition	"CONTROLLER NAME"
System Port (engineering port)	9999 (UDP)
Check & Monitor Time of MEMOBUS response	0 s
Retransmit Count	0

Note: The self-configuration allows you to connect with MPE720 for engineering transmission. In order to carry out MEMOBUS message transmission, manually use an automatic reception and I/O message communication separately, or MSG-SND/MSG-RCV functions are required.

5.4.2 Definition Information Updated with Self-Configuration

## [c] SVB Module Definitions

MECHATROLINK transmission definitions are automatically set according to the detected communication method and the number of slaves.

For more information on self-configuration for SVB module, refer to Chapter 3 of *Machine Controller MP2000-series SVB/SVB-01 Motion Module User's Manual* (manual number: SIEPC88070033).

#### Master

	Item			CHATROLI 2-byte mod		MECHATROLINK-II (17-byte mode)		MECHATROLINK-I
	Maximum Slave Station Number	1 to 8	9	10 to 16	17 to 21	1 to 14	15	
Number	of Transmit Bytes			31 bytes		16 b	oytes	_
Commu	nication Cycle	1ms	1ms	2ms	2ms	1ms	1ms	2ms
Number	of Retry Stations	1	0	5	21: Maximum sta- tion number	1	0	14
Number	of Slave Stations	8	9	16	Maximum station number	14	15	14

#### Slave

Item	MECHATROLINK-II (32-byte mode)	MECHATROLINK-II (17-byte mode)	MECHATROLINK-I
Number of Transmit Bytes	—	—	-
Communication Cycle	1ms	1ms	2ms
Number of Slave Stations	30	30	15

Note: To use MP2300S/SVB as a Slave, before executing the self-configuration, the parameter setting for MECHATROLINK transmission definition must be set to Slave in MPE720.

5.4.2 Definition Information Updated with Self-Configuration

## [d] SVR Definition

Туре	No.	Name	Allocation
	0	Selection of Operation Modes	Axis unused
	1	Function Selection Flag 1	0000h
	4	Reference Unit Selection	pulse
Fixed Parameter	5	Number of Digits below Decimal Point	3
	6	Travel Distance per Machine Rotation	10000 reference unit
	8	Servo Motor Gear Ratio	1 rev (rotation)
	9	Machine Gear Ratio	1 rev (rotation)
	10	Infinite Length Axis Reset Position (POSMAX)	360000 reference unit
	34	Rated Motor Speed	3000 min <sup>-1</sup>
	36	Number of Pulses per Motor Rotation	65536 pulse/rev
	42	Feedback Speed Movement Averaging Time Constant	10 ms
	OW□□00	RUN Command Setting	0000h
	OW□□03	Function Setting 1	0011h
	OW□□08	Motion Command	0: No command
	$OW\square\square09$	Motion Command Control Flag	0000h
	OW□□0A	Motion Subcommand	0: No command
	OLDD0C	Torque/Thrust Reference Setting	0.00 %
	$OL\square\square10$	Speed Reference Setting	3000 10**n reference unit/min
	$OL\square\square16$	Secondly Speed Compensation	0.00 %
	OLDD1C	Position Reference Setting	0 reference unit
	OW□□31	Speed Compensation	0.00 %
Setting Parameter	OLDD36	Straight Line Acceleration/ Acceleration Time Constant	0 ms
0	OL□□38	Straight Line Deceleration/ Deceleration Time Constant	0 ms
	OW□□3A	Filter Time Constant	0.0 ms
	OW□□3B	Bias Speed for Index Deceleration/Acceleration Filter	0 reference unit/s
	OW□□3D	Width of Starting Point Position Output	100 reference unit
	OLDD44	STEP Travel Distance	1000 reference unit
	OL□□48	Zero Point Position in Machine Coordinate Sys- tem Offset	0 reference unit
	OLDD4A	Work Coordinate System Offset	0 reference unit
	OL□□4C	Number of POSMAX Turns Presetting Data	0 turn
	OW□□5C	Fixed Parameter Number	0

## [e] M-EXECUTOR Definition

Item	Allocation
Number of Program Definitions	8
Program Allocation	None
Control Register Allocation	None

5.5.1 Precautions when User Definition File is Configured/Changed

## 5.5 Precaution on Using MP2300S

This section explains precautions when a user definition file is configured/changed and when setting a scan time.

## 5.5.1 Precautions when User Definition File is Configured/Changed

System settings, scan time settings, and module configuration definitions must be saved in flash memory (flash save). When a system setting, scan time setting, or module configuration definition is configured/changed, be sure to use MPE720 to flash save it. Note that when the MP2300S power supply is turn ON again without flash saving, the configured/changed data may be lost.

• System Setting

Environment Setting  System Security  Setup System Setting Scan Time Setting	System Setting Wite Protect PCI Reset Signal	
Ladder C language Variable Monitor Transfer Print	D Register Clear when Start Keep Latest Value(Number of s when abnormal input) High-speed Input Low-speed Input	Disable
	Calender Setting	Dec/30/1899 00:00 单

· Scan Time Setting

Environment Setting			X
<ul> <li>System</li> <li>Security</li> <li>Setup</li> <li>Setun</li> <li>Scan Time Setting</li> <li>Ladder</li> <li>C language</li> <li>Variable</li> <li>Monitor</li> <li>Transfer</li> <li>Print</li> </ul>	when when when the wh	200.0 0.0 0.2 e operation d	ms (0.5ms-32.0ms) ms ms ms ms ms of the application which depends at the scan time changes the setting value. set setting value smaller than current value. The watchdog
<u> </u> ]	2		OK Cancel Apply

5.5.2 Setting or Changing Module Configuration Definition Files

2 CPU#: 1						
ntroller						
Slot Number	00	01	_			
Module Type	MP23005	UNDEFINED	<u> </u>			
Controller Number	-	-				
Circuit Number	7.0	-	_			
I/O Start Register						
I/O End Register						
Disable Input		·	<u>-</u>			
Disable Output		•	<u>-</u>			
Motion Start Register						
Motion End Register						
Datalla						
Details						
Status P2300S: Controller module (	Running with network servo c	control, ethernet, vir	ual axes, program con	trol function.		
Status	with network servo c	ontrol, ethernet, vir	ual axes, program con	trol function.		
Status P2300S: Controller module (	with network servo c	iontrol, ethernet, vir	3	trol function.	5	
<u>Status</u> P2300S: Controller module e odule Details MP2300S SL	.0T#00	-		4	5 M-EXECUTOR	-
<u>Status</u> P2300S: Controller module ( odule Details MP2300S SL Slot Number	.0T#00	2	3	4		
Status 22300S: Controller module r odule Details MP2300S SL Slot Number Module Type	.0T#00	2 218IFA	▼ SVB ▼	4 SVR		
Status P2300S: Controller module r odule Details MP2300S SL Slot Number Module Type Controller Number	.0T#00	2 218IFA 01	3 • SVB • 01	4 SVR 01		
Status P2300S: Controller module o odule Details MP2300S SL Slot Number Module Type Controller Number Circuit Number	OT#00	2 • 218IFA 01 01	3 • SVB • 01 01	4 SVR 01	M-EXECUTOR	
Status P2300S: Controller module o odule Details MP2300S SL <u>Slot Number</u> Module Type Controller Number Circuit Number I/O Start Register	0T#00	2 218IFA 01 01 0000	3 • SVB • 01 01 0800	4 SVR 01 02 	<ul> <li>M-EXECUTOR</li> <li>-</li> <li< td=""><td></td></li<></ul>	
Status P23005: Controller module o odule Details MP23005 SL Slot Number Module Type Controller Number Circuit Number I/O Start Register I/O End Register	0T#00	2 218IFA 01 01 0000 07FF	3 • SVB • 01 01 0800 0BFF	4 SVR 01 02 	✓ M-EXECUTOR     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓     ✓	
Status P23005: Controller module o odule Details MP23005 SL Slot Number Module Type Controller Number Circuit Number I/O Start Register I/O End Register Disable Input	0T#00	2 218IFA 01 01 0000 07FF F Enable	3 • SVB • 01 01 0800 0BFF • Enable •	4 SVR 01 02 	<ul> <li>✓ M-EXECUTOR</li> <li>-</li> <li>-</li> <li>0C00</li> <li>0C3F</li> <li>✓</li> </ul>	- - -
Status 223005: Controller module o odule Details MP23005 SL Slot Number Module Type Controller Number Circuit Number I/O Start Register I/O End Register Disable Input Disable Output	OT#00     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O     O	2 218IFA 01 01 0000 07FF Enable Enable	3 • SVB • 01 01 0800 0BFF • Enable • • Enable •	4 SVR 01 02 	<ul> <li>✓ M-EXECUTOR</li> <li>-</li> <li>-</li> <li>-</li> <li>0C00</li> <li>0C3F</li> <li>✓</li> <li>✓</li> </ul>	- - -
Status 223005: Controller module o odule Details MP23005 SL Slot Number Module Type Controller Number Circuit Number I/O Start Register I/O End Register Disable Input Disable Output Motion Start Register	.0T#00         1           CPU         *           -         -           -         -           -         -           -         -           -         -           -         -           -         -           -         -           -         -           -         -           -         -           -         -           -         -           -         -	2 218IFA 01 01 0000 07FF Enable Enable	3 SVB • 01 0300 0800 08FF Enable • Enable •	4 SVR 01 02   8800 8FFF	<ul> <li>✓ M-EXECUTOR</li> <li>-</li> <li>-</li> <li>-</li> <li>0C00</li> <li>0C3F</li> <li>✓</li> <li>✓</li> </ul>	-

#### Module Configuration Definition

## 5.5.2 Setting or Changing Module Configuration Definition Files

Observe the following precautions when setting or changing module configuration definition files.

- Always check to make sure that the mounted Module is the one that is defined.
- Be sure to save any new settings or changes to flash memory.
- After the settings or changes have been completed, turn the power supply to the MP2300S OFF and ON.

5.5.3 Setting and Changing the Scan Time

## 5.5.3 Setting and Changing the Scan Time

## (1) Precautions When Setting or Changing the Scan Time

The scan time can be set and changed in the **Scan Time Setting** Window in the **Environmental Setting** Dialog Box on the MPE720.

Observe the following precautions when setting or changing the scan time.

- Set the set values of the scan time for both the high-speed (H) and low-speed (L) scans to at least the maximum time required to execute the scans. We recommend setting the set values of the scan time using the formula (set value maximum time to execute scan) ≥ (0.2 × set values of the scan time), i.e., setting the set values of the scan time to at least 1.25 times the maximum times required to execute the scans.
- Note: If the scan time is set too close to the maximum execution time for the scan, the refresh time for the screen on the MPE720 will be very slow and communication timeouts may occur. If the maximum execution time exceeds the scan time set value, a watchdog timer timeout error will occur and the MP2300S system will stop.
- Set the set values of the high-speed (H) and low-speed (L) scan time to an integral multiple of the MECHATROLINK communication cycle (1 or 2 ms) set in the MP2300S. Always check the set values of the scan time after changing the MECHATROLINK communication cycle.
- Do not change the scan time set value while the Servo is ON. Never change the setting while the axis is moving (while the motor is running). Otherwise an error may occur during motor operation (e.g., high-speed rotation).
- When the scan time is set or changed, be sure to save the data to flash memory.

]] System ]] Security	High-speed Scan					
Betup	Setting Value	10.0	ms (0.5ms	-32.0ms)		
System Setting	Current Value	0.2	ms			
] Ladder	Maximum Value	0.9	ms			
]] ⊂ language ]] Variable	Low-speed Scan —		_			
Monitor	Setting Value	200.0	ms (2.0ms	-300.0ms)		
Transfer	Current Value	0.1	ms			
]] Print	Maximum Value	0.2	ms			
	whe 2. Plea	en change ti	he setting value.		nds at the scan ti current value. Th	-

5.5.3 Setting and Changing the Scan Time

#### (2) Scan Time Set Value Examples

■ 0.8-ms Maximum Scan Time and 1-ms Communication Cycle (MECHATROLINK-II Only)

High-speed (or low-speed) scan set value  $\ge 1.25 \times 0.8 (= 1 \text{ ms})$ High-speed (or low-speed) scan set value = 1 ms, 2 ms, 3 ms, etc. (an integral multiple of at least 1 ms)

■ 1.4-ms Maximum Scan Time and 1-ms Communication Cycle (MECHATROLINK-II Only)

High-speed (or low-speed) scan set value  $\geq 1.25 \times 1.4$  (= 1.75 ms) High-speed (or low-speed) scan set value = 2 ms, 3 ms, etc. (an integral multiple of at least 2 ms)

 0.8-ms Maximum Scan Time and 2-ms Communication Cycle (MECHATROLINK-I or MECHA-TROLINK-II)

High-speed (or low-speed) scan set value  $\ge 1.25 \times 0.8 (= 1 \text{ ms})$ High-speed (or low-speed) scan set value = 1 ms, 2 ms, 4 ms, etc. (an integral multiple of 2 ms at 1 ms and 2 ms or higher)

1.4-ms Maximum Scan Time and 2-ms Communication Cycle (MECHATROLINK-I or MECHA-TROLINK-II)

High-speed (or low-speed) scan set value  $\geq 1.25 \times 1.4 \ (= 1.75 \ \text{ms})$ High-speed (or low-speed) scan set value  $= 2 \ \text{ms}$ , 4 ms, etc. (an integral multiple of 2 ms at 2 ms or higher)

## **Ethernet Communications**

This chapter explains how to communicate with devices (PLC, touch panel, etc.) connected to the MP2300S by Ethernet.

6.1 Communication Methods	- 6-2
6.2 Communication with Other MP Series	- 6-3
<ul> <li>6.2.1 When the MP2300S Acts as Slave (automatic receive function is used)</li> <li>6.2.2 When the MP2300S Acts as a Slave (ladder program which uses a MSG-RCV function)</li> <li>6.2.3 When MP2300S Acts as Master (I/O message communication function is used)</li> <li>6.2.4 When the MP2300S Acts as Master (ladder program which uses MSG-SND function)</li> </ul>	6-17 6-36
6.3 Communication with Touch Panel	
6.4 Communication with PLC Manufactured by	
Mitsubishi Electric Corporation (MELSEC protocol)	6-75
6.4.1 When the MP2300S Acts as Slave (automatic receive function is used) 6.4.2 When the MP2300S Acts as Master (I/O message communication function is used)	

## 6.1 Communication Methods

The following table provides the appropriate mode of communication for each remote device and purpose.

Remote Equipment	Purpose	Communication Method	Remarks
	When other MP series equipment reads/writes	<ul> <li>Uses the Extended MEMOBUS communication protocol. The remote equipment (master) side creates a ladder program using a MSG-SND function.</li> <li>The MP2300S (slave) side uses an automatic receive function. (You do not need to create a ladder program.)</li> <li>⇒ Refer to 6.2.1 When the MP2300S Acts as Slave (automatic receive function is used)</li> </ul>	MP2300S can com- municate with only one master using the automatic receive function.
	the coil state or register content of MP2300S	Uses the Extended MEMOBUS communication protocol. The remote equipment (master) side creates a ladder program using a MSG-SND function. The MP2300S (slave) side creates a ladder program using a MSG- RCV function.	Communication with multiple masters is possible.
Other MP		⇒ Refer to 6.2.2 When the MP2300S Acts as a Slave (ladder pro- gram which uses a MSG-RCV function)	
Series	When MP2300S reads/ writes the coil state or	<ul> <li>Uses the Extended MEMOBUS communication protocol.</li> <li>The MP2300S (master) side uses an I/O message communication function. (You do not need to create a ladder program.)</li> <li>The remote equipment (slave) side creates a ladder program using a MSG-RCV function.</li> <li>⇒ Refer to 6.2.3 When MP2300S Acts as Master (I/O message communication function is used)</li> </ul>	Only the holding reg- ister (M register) is capable of reading/ writing using an I/O message communica- tion function. It can communicate with only one slave.
	register content of other MP series equipment	Uses the Extended MEMOBUS communication protocol. The MP2300S (master) side uses an I/O message communication function. (You do not need to create a ladder program.) The remote equipment (slave) side creates a ladder program using a MSG-RCV function. ⇒ Refer to 6.2.4 When the MP2300S Acts as Master (ladder pro-	Registers other than the holding register are capable of reading/ writing. Communication with multiple slaves is enabled.
Touch Panel	When a touch panel reads/writes the coil state or register content of MP2300S	gram which uses MSG-SND function)Uses the Extended MEMOBUS communication protocol.Set the protocol for the touch panel side to the Extended MEMO-BUS protocol.The MP2300S (slave) side uses an automatic receive function. (You do not need to create a ladder program.) $\Rightarrow$ Refer to 6.3 Communication with Touch Panel.	
PLC Manu- factured by	When a PLC Manufac- tured by Mitsubishi Electric Corporation reads/writes the MP2300S register con- tent.	<ul> <li>⇒ Refer to 6.4.1 When the MP2300S Acts as Slave (automatic receive function is used)</li> </ul>	The MP2300S can communicate with only one master when using the automatic receive function.
Mitsubishi Electric Corporation	When an MP2300S reads/writes the relay state or register content of PLC Manufactured by Mitsubishi Electric Corporation.	<ul> <li>Uses the MELSEC communication protocol.</li> <li>The MP2300S (master) side uses an I/O message communication function. (You do not need to create a ladder program.)</li> <li>The remote equipment (slave) side needs to set the network parameters. (You do not need to create a ladder program.)</li> <li>⇒ Refer to 6.4.2 When the MP2300S Acts as Master (I/O message communication function is used)</li> </ul>	The MP2300S can communicate with only one slave when using the I/O message communication func- tion.

## 6.2 Communication with Other MP Series

When Ethernet communication is carried out between the MP2300S and other MP series, the Extended MEMOBUS protocol is used as a communication protocol. The Extended MEMOBUS protocol allows the master to read/write the slave register contents.

This chapter explains communications when an MP2300S acts as a slave and a master respectively.

When the MP2300S acts as a slave, this chapter explains communications using an automatic receive function and a ladder program with the MSG-RCV function.

When the MP2300S acts as a master, this chapter explains communications using an I/O message communication function and a ladder program with the MSG-SND function.

## 6.2.1 When the MP2300S Acts as Slave (automatic receive function is used)

This section explains how to communicate with the MP2300 message transmit function (MSG-SND) using the MP2300S automatic receive function.

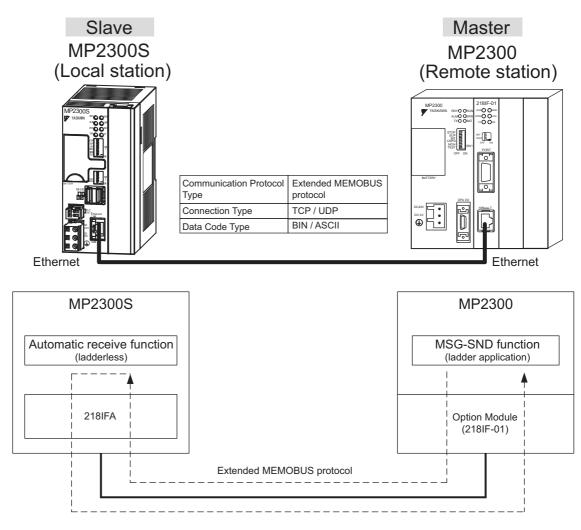
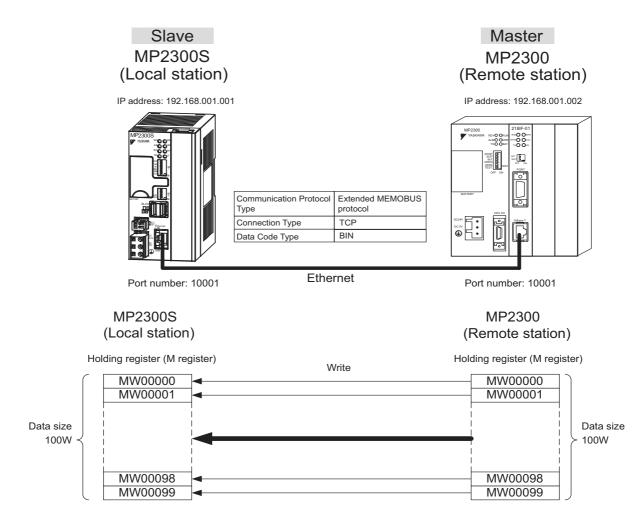


Fig. 6.1 Message Flow with MP2300 when Automatic Receive Function Is Used

#### Setting Example

The following figure illustrates how the content of the MP2300S (master) holding register (MW00000 to MW00099) is written into the MP2300S (slave) holding register (MW00000 to MW00099).



The setup procedure is explained in the following pages.

#### (1) How to Set up the MP2300S Side

If the setting of transmission parameters (IP address, subnet mask) is already completed, start from step 3.

1. Double-click the **218IFA** Tab in the **Module Details** Window of the module configuration definition.

Slot Number	1	2	3	4	5
Module Type	CPU 🗸	218IFA 💌	sva 🔻	SVR 🔻	M-EXECUTOR
Controller Number	-	01	01	01	-
Circuit Number	-	01	01	02	-
I/O Start Register		0000	0800		0000
I/O End Register		07FF	OBFF		0C3F
Disable Input	•	Enable 💌	Enable 🔻	<b>•</b>	
Disable Output	-	Enable 💌	Enable 🔻	-	
Motion Start Register			8000	8800	
Motion End Register			87FF	8FFF	
Details			MECHATROLINK		

#### 2. Set transmission parameters.

123			
Transmission Parameters	itus		
Transmission Paramete		Module Name I	Definition
IP Address	192 <b>- ⊕</b> ·   168 <b>- ⊕</b> ·   1 - <u>-</u>	글 1 글 (0-255) Equipment nar	me : CONTROLLER NAME
Subnet Mask	255 🛨 255 🛨 255	🛨 🛛 🛨 (0-255)	
Gateway IP Address		🔹 , 🛛 🔹 (0-255) 📃 Detail Definit	ion

#### How to set up transmission parameters

- ① Set **IP Address** (to "192.168.001.001," for example).
- <sup>(2)</sup> Set Subnet Mask (to "255.255.255.000," for example).
- ③ Set Gateway IP Address (to "000.000.000," for example).

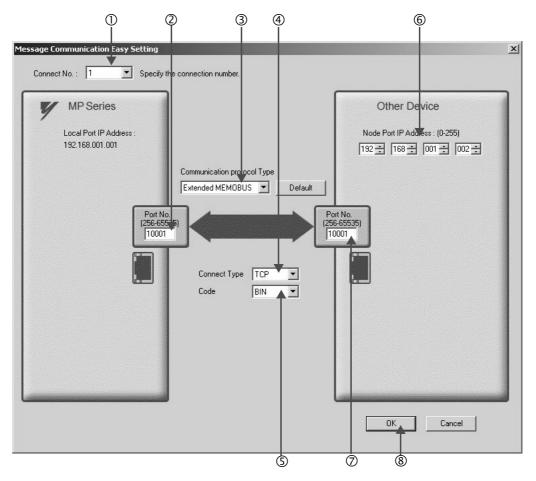
#### Caution

Set up a unique IP address in the network. For the IP address, check with your network administrator.

**3.** Click the **Easy Setting** Button in the **Message Communication** area of the connection parameter setting.

sy setting	Dt is possit	ble to following parameter	setting eas	ily that communicate	the message.		
CNO	Local Port	Node IP Address	Node Port	Connect Type	Protocol Type	Code	Automaticall Y
01				•	•	-	Detail
02		83 		-	-	-	
03				-	-	-	
04				-	-	•	

4. Set a communication setting in the Message Communication Easy Setting Window.



#### How to set up in the Message Communication Easy Setting Window

- ${\rm \textcircled{O}}$  When automatic receive is used, select "1" for the Connect No.
- <sup>②</sup> Set **Port No.** of the MP2300S side ("10001," for example).
- ③ Select Extended MEMOBUS for the Communication Protocol Type, and click Default Button.
- ④ Select Connect Type (TCP, for example).
- Select Code (BIN, for example).
- Set Node Port IP Address for the other device (MP2300) to be connected (to "192.168.001.002," for example).
- The set Port No. of the other device (MP2300) to be connected (to "10001," X for example).
- ® Click OK Button.
- Caution

When message functions (MSG-SND, MSG-RCV) are used with the connection number 01, disable the automatic receive function. If message functions are used while the automatic receive function is enabled, communications will not function properly.



5. Click Yes in the confirmation dialog of the parameter setting.

#### Caution

Note that when a parameter with the same connection number is already set and you click **Yes** in the confirmation dialog of the parameter setting, the setting will be overwritten by the parameter configured in the **Message Communication Easy Setting** Window.

6. Check the setting value and click the **Detail** Button of the **Automatically**.

asy setting	It is possi	ble to following parameter	setting ea:	sily that comm	unicate the message.			
CNO	Local Port	Node IP Address	Node Port	Connect Type	Protocol Type		Code	Automaticall
01	10001	192.168.001.002	10001	TCP	Extended MEMOBUS	-	BIN	Detail
02						-		
03					•	-		• I.
04					-	-		-

7. Click Enable in the Automatically Reception Setting Dialog Box and then click the OK Button.

omatically Reception Setting	
	ted reception, when the o control sequence.
Transmission Buffer Channel 👖 🗾	The automatic reception is fixed 1ch.
Slave I/F Register Settings	Head REG
Readout of Input Relay	IW0000
Readout of Input Register	IW0000
Readout / Write-in of Coil	MW00000
Readout / Write-in of Hold Register	MW00000
Write - in width of Coil/Hold Register LO	MW00000
HI:	MW65534
Automatic input processing delay time	0 ms (0-100)
The influence on a low-speed scanning according to this parameter. [Attention] It is not in the setting of the o period of an automatic reception.	

Note: For more information on Slave Side I/F Register Settings and Automatic input precessing delay time, refer to 2.2.4 (4) (b) Automatic Receive Setting Screen for Message Communication on page 2-22.

Now, the automatic receive function is set up when the MP2300S acts as a slave.

#### Caution

When any transmission or connection parameter is changed, the change will be reflected after FLASH has been saved and the power is turned ON again.

## (2) How to Set up the Remote Device (MP2300) to Be Connected

If the setting of transmission parameters (IP address, subnet mask) is already completed, start from step 3.

3 CPU#: 1							
ntroller							
Slot Number	00		01	02	1	03	
Module Type	MP2300	▼ 218IF-0	01 💌	UNDEFINED	-	UNDEFINED	-
Controller Number	-	-		-		-	
Circuit Number	-	-		-		<del></del>	
I/O Start Register					1		Î
I/O End Register							
Disable Input		-	-		-		•
Disable Output		-			-		-
Motion Start Register							
Motion End Register							
Details							
Status	Running	Running	1				
		. Torrio dorrio.					
odule Details 218IF-01 SL			2				
odule Details 218IF-01 SL Slot Number	OT#01		2				
8IF-01: The module has Et odule Details 218IF-01 SL <u>Slot Number</u> Module Type Controller Number	OT#01		2				
odule Details 218IF-01 SL Slot Number Module Type	0T#01 1 217IF	218IF	2				
odule Details 218IF-01 SL <u>Slot Number</u> Module Type Controller Number	0T#01 1 217IF 01	218IF 01	2				
odule Details 218IF-01 SL <u>Slot Number</u> Module Type <u>Controller Number</u> Circuit Number	0T#01 217IF 01 01	✓ 218/F 01 01	2				
odule Details 218IF-01 SL Slot Number Module Type Controller Number Circuit Number I/O Start Register I/O End Register	0T#01 217IF 01 01 	01 01 	2				
odule Details 218IF-01 SL Slot Number Module Type Controller Number Circuit Number I/O Start Register	0T#01 217IF 01 01  	218/F 01 01 	2				
odule Details 218IF-01 SL Slot Number Module Type Controller Number Circuit Number I/O Start Register I/O End Register Motion Start Register	0T#01 217IF 01 01   	✓ 218F 01 01  	2				

1. Double-click the 218IF Tab in the Module Details of the module configuration definition.

2. Set transmission parameters.

	1		<b>3 4</b>	
ransmission Pa	arameters S	itatus		
- CP-218 Tran Station Se IP Add	ettiri	ameters : 192 🛨 . 168 -	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
MEMOBL	JS			
	nse Time	: 0 🛨 s	(0-255)	
	of Retry	: 0 ≑ time	(0-255)	
	•		CP218 (Station Setting)	×I
CP-218 Conr	nection Para	meter		
CNO	Local Port	Node IP Addr	Station         Station <t< td=""><td>10.00</td></t<>	10.00
01			Gateway IP Addres: 0 . 0 . 0 . 0 . 0 . 0 . 0 . 0 . 0 . 0	55)
02			System Port No. : 10000 (DIAG. Port No. /Engineering Port) (256-655	35)
03			TCD /D Califica	
04			TCP/IP Setting TCP Zero Window Timer Value 3 + s (1 - 255)	
05				
06			TCP Retry Time 500 🔹 s (50 - 32000)	
07			TCP Close Time 60 🔹 s (1 - 255 )	
08			IP Assemble Time 30 🐳 s (1 - 255)	
09				
10			MAX. Packet Length 1500 + byte (64 - 1500)	
111			OK Cance	el I

- How to set up transmission parameters
  - ① Set **IP Address** ("192.168.001.001," for example).
  - © Click Edit, and then click Local Station: TCP/IP Setting in the Engineering Manager Window.

③ Set Subnet Mask ("255.255.255.000," for example).

④ Set Gateway IP Address ("000.000.000," for example).

#### Caution

Set up a unique IP address in the network. For the IP address, check with your network administrator.

#### **3.** Set connection parameters.

		2	3	4		(5	)		6		
P-218 Con	nection Para	meter		-							
CNO	Local Port	Node IP Address	Node Port	Conne			Protocol Type		Cod	de	
01	010001	192.168.001.001	10001	TCP	-	Exter	ded MEMOBUS	•	BIN	-	
02	10002	192.168.001.001	10002	TCP	-	Exten	ded MEMOBUS	-	BIN	-	
03	10003	192.168.001.001	10003	TCP	-	Exten	ded MEMOBUS	*	BIN	-	
04					-			-		-	
05	10005	192.168.001.001	10005	ТСР	-	Exten	ded MEMOBUS	*	BIN	-	
06	10006	192.168.001.001	10006	ТСР	-	Exten	ded MEMOBUS	-	BIN	-	
07					-			-		-	
08					-			•		-	
09					+			+		-	

How to set up with a connection number 01 in the connection parameter setting screen

① Set Local Port to the port number used in the MP2300 side ("10001," for example).

<sup>②</sup> Set Node IP Address to the IP address configured in the MP2300S side.

③ Set Node Port to the port number configured in the MP2300S side ("10001," for example).

④ Select Connect Type (TCP, for example).

© Select Extended MEMOBUS for Protocol Type.

© Select Code (BIN, for example).

#### Caution

When any transmission or connection parameter is changed, the change will be reflected after FLASH has been saved and the power turned ON again.

4. Create a ladder program with a message transmit function (MSG-SND).

A ladder program for transmitting messages to/from the remote equipment (MP2300) side is shown as follows:

#### Message transmit function (MSG-SND)

Required for transmitting messages. Message transmission is carried out by describing and executing this message transmit function in a ladder program.

Communication device = Ethernet(218IF)ExecuteDB000200BusyDB000210Protocol typeAbortDB000201CompleteDB000211Dev-Typ00006ErrorDB000212Line number = 1Pro-Typ00001ErrorDB000212Communication buffer channel numberCir-No00001FrontParameter list start addressParamDA00000ParamFront	-	$\frown$	MSG-	-SND	$\longrightarrow$
Line number = 1       Dev-Typ       00006       Error       DB000212         Pro-Typ       00001       Cir-No       00001         Parameter list start address       Param       DA00000	Communication device = Ethernet(218IF)	Execute	DB000200	Busy	DB000210
Line number = 1       Pro-Typ       00001         Communication buffer channel number       Cir-No       00001         Parameter list start address       Param       DA00000	Protocol type	Abort	DB000201	Complete	DB000211
Communication buffer channel number Pro-Typ 00001 Cir-No 00001 Ch-No 00001 Parameter list start address		Dev-Typ	00006	Error	DB000212
Parameter list start address D400000	Line number = 1	Pro-Typ	00001		
Parameter list start address Param_DA00000	Communication buffer channel number	Cir-No	00001		
Param DA00000	Deremeter list start address	Ch-No	00001		
-DA00000	=DA00000	Param	DA00000		

ommunication dev	Line number = 1		
odule Details 218IF-01 SL0	)T#01		_ /
Slot Number	1	2	
Module Type	217IF	218IF	$\overline{\mathbf{O}}$
Controller Number	01	01	
Circuit Number	01	01	
I/O Start Register			
I/O End Register			
Motion Start Register			
Motion End Register			
Details			
Status	Running	Running	

Fig. 6.2 MPE720 Module Configuration Definition Window

#### Input/output definitions for message transmit functions

The input/output definitions for the message transmit function are explained as follows:

I/O Definition	No.	Name	Setting Example	Explanation
	1	Execute	DB000200	Executes a transmission When the Execute bit is ON, the message is transmitted.
	2	Abort	DB000201	Aborts a transmission When the Abort bit is ON, the message transmission is forcibly stopped.
	3 Dev-Typ		00006	Communication device type Specify the type of the communication device used in transmission. When Ethernet (218IF) is used, specify "6".
	4     Pro-Typ     00001     Communication protocol Specify the type of the c MEMOBUS(*1) = 1, no = 3       nput Item     5     Cir-No     00001     Circuit number Specify the circuit numb Specify it in accordance	Specify the type of the communication protocol. MEMOBUS(*1) = 1, non-procedure $1(*2) = 2$ , non-procedure $2(*2)$		
Input Item		00001	Circuit number Specify the circuit number of the communication device. Specify it in accordance with the circuit number displayed in the MPE720 module configuration definition screen.	
	6	Ch-No	00001	Communication buffer channel number Specify the channel number of the communication buffer. When Ethernet (218IF) is used, specify it in the range between "1" and "10". * Set up a unique channel number in the circuit.
	7	Param	DA00000	Parameter list start address Specify the start address of the parameter list. For the Parameter List, 17 words are automatically assigned from the configured address.
	1	Busy	DB000210	In process Busy is turned ON while executing a message transmission or forced abort process.
Output Item	2	Complete	DB000211	Process completed When a message transmission or abort process is properly completed properly, Complete will turn ON only for one scan.
	3	Error	DB000212	Error occurred When an error occurs, the Error bit will turn ON only for one scan.

\* 1. When transmitting in MEMOBUS, Extended MEMOBUS, MELSEC, or MODBUS/TCP protocol, set the communication protocol (Pro-Typ) to MEMOBUS(=1). The communication device automatically converts the protocol.

\* 2. Non-procedure 1: In non-procedural communications, data is transmitted on a per-word basis. Non-procedure 2: In non-procedural communications, data is transmitted on a per-byte basis.

## Parameter list setting example for the message transmit function

An example of a parameter list setting when writing 100 words of data from MW00000 to the destination using the connection with a connection number = 1 follows:

Register Number	Setting Value	Parameter Number	IN/OUT	Remarks
DW00000	-	PARAM00	OUT	Process result
DW00001	-	PARAM01	OUT	Status
DW00002	00001	PARAM02	IN	Connection number = 1
DW00003	-	PARAM03	IN	Option (Setting unnecessary)
DW00004	000BH	PARAM04	IN	Function code = 0BH (Writes to holding register)
DW00005	00000	PARAM05	IN	Data address = 0 (Starting from MW00000)
DW00006	00100	PARAM06	IN	Data size = 100 (100 words)
DW00007	00001	PARAM07	IN	Remote CPU number = 1
DW00008	00000	PARAM08	IN	Coil offset = 0 word
DW00009	00000	PARAM09	IN	Input relay offset = 0 word
DW00010	00000	PARAM10	IN	Input register offset = $0$ word
DW00011	00000	PARAM11	IN	Holding register offset = $0$ word
DW00012	-	PARAM12	SYS	Reserved by the system. (Zero clear at startup)
DW00013	-	PARAM13	SYS	Reserved by the system.
DW00014	-	PARAM14	SYS	Reserved by the system.
DW00015	-	PARAM15	SYS	Reserved by the system.
DW00016	-	PARAM16	SYS	Reserved by the system.

Table 6.2 Sample Parameter List Setting (parameter list start address Param=DA00000)

Note: N: Input, OUT: Output, SYS: For system use

Example of Using the Message Transmit Function in a Ladder Program

Here is one example of the message transmit function through Ethernet (218IF).

	message sending ladder program (218)	F)	
	initializing setting parameters for MSG-SND function on the first scan after power on.		
	use "SB000003" for low scan, "SB000001" for high scan.		
	1st scan after power on		
0000			
0000 NL-1	SB000003 == true		
	clear for all D registers		
		1	
0001			-( SETW Z)-
0001 NL-2			MDest DW00000 MData 00000 MWidth 00032
	setting connection No. (PARAM02)		
002			
002	DW00002=1;		
IL-2	setting function code (PARAM04)		
	Serving remotion code (1 An Anio 4)		
0003	—		
IL-2	and a second		
	setting data address (PARAM05)/ date size (PARAM08)		
	Setting data address (FARAMODY date size (FARAMOD)		
004			
IL-2	DW00006=100; //data size (100 words)		
	setting partner CPU No.(PARAM07)		
	Setting partner or o rectractions/		
0005	(EXPRESSION <u></u> )     DW00007=1;		
NL-2	20000007-1,		
	setting offset (PARAM08-PARAM11)		
0006	EXPRESSION D		
0006	DW00008=0; //coil offset (PARAM08)		
NL-2	DW00009=0; //input relay offset (PARAM09) DW00010=0; //input register offset (PARAM10)		
	DW00011=0 //register offset (PARAM11)		
	ale at far ender maider (PAPAM42)		
	clear for system register (PARAM12)	-	
1007		(	0RE) [WLF]Dest DW00012
IL-2		[WLF]Src 00000	[WCF]Dest DW00012
00000			
8000	END_IF		
0008 NL-1			
	normal scan treatment		
	take it as timeout for abortion if not ended in 10 seconds after sending command.		
	sending command abort		timeout
	DB000200 DB000201		D 800020A
0009	/ <mark>(_TON[10ms] 因</mark> ) [₩]Set 01000		
NL-1	[M]Set 01000 [M]Count DW00031		
	PLIT PTACKAR OF TAKEN IN		
	release abort if timeout or error take place		
	timeout treating end DB00020A DB000211		abort DB000201
010			
013	11 14		
NL-1	error		
	DB000212		
	10.0		
	abort DB000201		

	possible to resend in 60 seconds after abortion	
	abort waiting end DB000201 DB000209	waiting DB000208
0011		O
NL-1	waiting	
	DB000208	
	1.1	
	waiting 08000208	waiting end D 8000209
0012	(TON(10ms) 2)	
0022 NL-1	[W]Set 06000 [W]Count DW00028	Ŭ
	sending message every 1 second after 5 seconds of scan started	
	use "SB000003" for low scan, "SB000001" for high scan.	
	After 5.0s,Scan Star t-up Relay	5>0N
	SB00003A	DB00020D
0013		0
NL-1		
	5s-ON treating end error waiting DB00020D DB000211 DB000212 DB000208	sending command DB000200
0014		
0027 NL-1		MgSet 00100
0015		MSG-SND function (MSG-SND Z)
0033 NL-1		[B]Execute DB000200 [B]Busy DB000210
ine i		[B]Abort DB000201 [B]Complete DB000211 [M]Dev-Typ 00006 [B]Error DB000212
		[M]Pro-Typ 00001 [M]Cir-No 00001
		[M]Ch-No 00001 [A]Param DA00000
	treatment after normally finished	
	after finish	
0016	(IF)	
0034 NL-1	D8000211==true	
	abort	
0017	DB000201	count for normal (INC 五)
0035 NL-2	171	[ML]Dest DW00024
ML-2		
0018		
NL-1		
	treatment while error taking place	
0019	while error	
0038 NL-1	DB000212==true	
		count for abnormal
0020		
0039 NL-2		[WL]Dest DW00025
	results save	
0021		
0040 NL-2	DW00026=DW00000; //results (PARAM00) DW00027=DW00001 //status (PARAM01)	
0022		
NL-1		
	treatment while timeout	
	timeout ON pulse DB00020A DB00020B	timeout taking place DB00020C
0023		0
NL-1		

6

6-15

count for timeout		timeout IF 🔼	)	 	
DWL]Dest DW0002	DBOO	)020C==true			
[WL]Dest DW0002					
					[MIL]Dest DW0002
( END_IF )	0				
		ID_IF_)			

The communication setting and the ladder program creation are now finished, when MP2300 acts as a master.

## (3) How to Start Communications

1. The MP2300S side starts to receive the messages.

When the automatic receive function is used, the message receive operation starts automatically.

2. Turn Execute ON for the message transmit function in the MP2300 side to transmit messages.

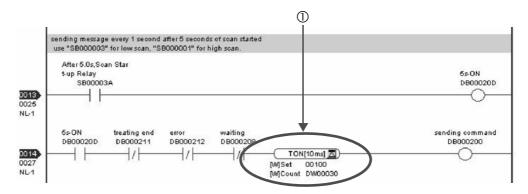
Messages are transmitted by turning ON the register (DB000200, for example), configured in Execute of the message transmit function, starting communication with the MP2300S.

I/O Definition	No.	Name	Setting Example	Content
Input Item	1	Execute	DB000200	Executes a transmission When Execute is ON, the message transmission will be carried out.

Table 6.3 Input/Output Definition for Message Transmit Function

The sample ladder program is created to transmit a message every one second when five seconds have elapsed after the low-speed scan (or high-speed scan) startup.

To change the message transmission interval, change the timer value  $\mathbb{O}$ .



The MP2300S can communicate with only one master when using the automatic receive function. To communicate with more than one master, use a ladder program with a message receive function (MSG-RCV) at the MP2300S end. You can use the message receive function (MSG-RCV) as well as the automatic receive function by keeping connections separate from each other.

This section explains how to communicate with an MP2300 message transmit function (MSG-SND) using the MP2300S message receive function (MSG-RCV).

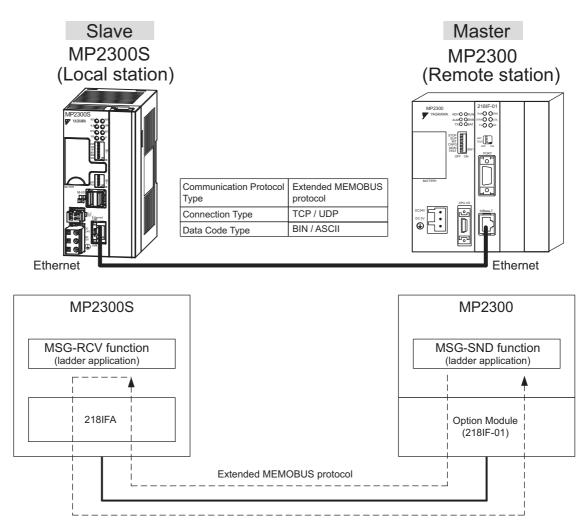
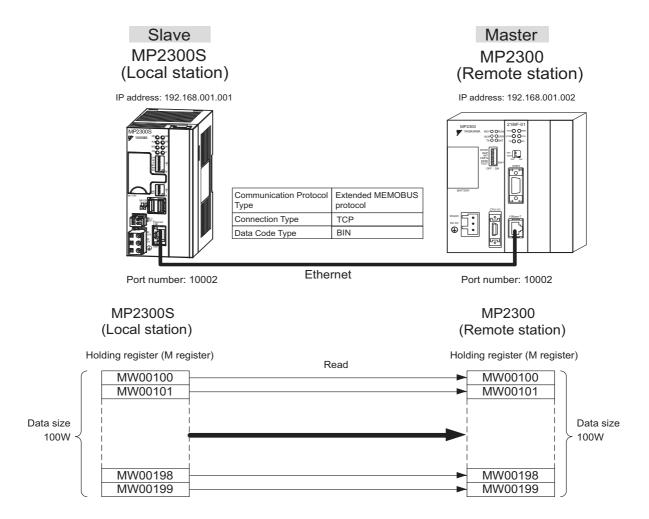


Fig. 6.3 Message Flow with MP2300 when Message Receive Function (MSG-RCV) Is Used

#### Setting Example

The following figure illustrates one example of writing the contents of the MP2300 (master) holding register (MW00100 to MW00199) into the MP2300S (slave) holding register (MW00100 to MW00199).



The particular setup procedure is explained in the subsequent pages.

## (1) How to Set up the MP2300S Side

If the setting of transmission parameters (IP address, subnet mask) is already completed, start from step 3.

- Module Details MP2300S SLOT#00 <u>Slot Number</u> 4 218IFA ▼ M-EXECUTOR ▼ Module Type CPU - SVA SVR 01 01 01 Controller Number Circuit Number 01 01 02 0000 0800 0C00 I/O Start Register ---I/O End Register 07FF OBFF 0C3F Enable Enable • • Disable Input Disable Output -Enable 🔽 Enable ---Motion Start Register 8000 8800 Motion End Register 87FF 8FFF MECHATROLINK Details Status Running Running Running Running Running
- 1. Double-click the 218IFA Tab in the Module Details of the module configuration definition.

#### 2. Set transmission parameters.

123	
Transmission Parameters   Sta	atus
Transmission Parameters -	Module Name Definition
IP Address	: 102 ÷ · 168 ÷ · 1 ÷ · 1 ÷ (0-255) Equipment name : CONTROLLER NAME
Subnet Mask	255 - 255 - 255 - 0 - (0-255)
Gateway IP Address	: 0 🐳 . 0 🐳 . 0 🐳 . 0 🐳 (0-255) Detail Definition

How to set up transmission parameters

- ① Set **IP Address** ("192.168.001.001," for example).
- <sup>(2)</sup> Set **Subnet Mask** ("255.255.255.000," for example).
- ③ Set Gateway IP Address ("000.000.000," for example).

Caution

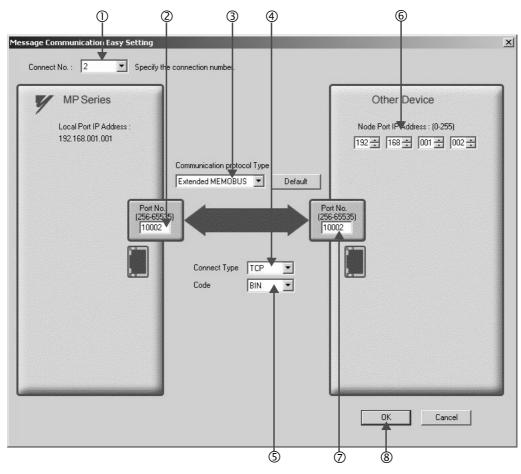
Set up a unique IP address in the network. For the IP address, check with your network administrator.

**3.** Click the **Easy Setting** Button in the **Message Communication** area of the connection parameter setting.

asy setting	is possit	ble to following parameter	setting eas	ily that communica	ate the message.			
CNO	Local Port	Node IP Address	Node Port	Connect Type	Protocol Type	Code	Automaticall V	Node Nar
01				-	-		Detail	
02				•	-			
03				-	-	-		
04				-		-		

Cannot the overlap to local station port number used by the communicate the 1/0 message.

4. Set a communication setting in the Message Communication Easy Setting Window.



#### How to set up in the Message Communication Easy Setting Window

- <sup>①</sup> When automatic receive is used, select "2" for the **Connect No.**
- ② Set Port No. of the MP2300S side ("10002," for example).
- ③ Select Extended MEMOBUS for Communication Protocol Type, and click the Default Button.
- ④ Select Connect Type (TCP, for example).
- S Select Code (BIN, for example).
- Set Node Port IP Address for the other device (MP2300) to be connected (to "192.168.001.002," for example).
- ⑦ Set Port No. of the other device (MP2300) to be connected (to "10002," for example).
- 8 Click OK.

#### Caution

When message functions (MSG-SND, MSG-RCV) are used with the connection number 01, disable the automatic receive function. If message functions are used while the automatic receive function is enabled, communications will not function properly.

Note: By default, the automatic receive function with a connection number 01 is set to "Enable."

#### 5. Click Yes in the parameter setting confirmation dialog.

#### Caution

Note that when a parameter with the same connection number is already set and you click **Yes** in the parameter setting confirmation dialog, the setting will be overwritten by the parameter configured in the **Message Communication Easy Setting** Window.

#### 6. Check the setting values.

asy setting	It is possi	ble to following parameter	setting ea:	sily that commu	nicate the message.					
CNO	Local Port	Node IP Address	Node Port	Connect Type	Protocol Type		Cod	le	Automaticall V	Node Name
01						٠		•	Detail	
02	10002	192.168.001.002	10002	тср 🔻	Extended MEMOBUS	•	BIN	•		
03				-		•		-	-	
04						-		-		

Cannot the overlap to local station port number used by the communicate the 1/0 message.

#### Caution

When any transmission or connection parameter is changed, the change will be reflected after FLASH has been saved and the power supply is turned ON again.

7. Create a ladder program with a message receive function (MSG-RCV) in it.

An example of a ladder program for receiving messages in the MP2300S side is as follows:

## Message receive function (MSG-RCV)

Required for receiving messages. A message reception is carried out by inputting and executing this message receive function in a ladder program.

-	·	MSG -	-RCV	
Communication device	Execute	DB000200	Busy	DB000210
Protocol type	Abort	DB000201	Complete	DB000211
	`Dev-Typ	00016	Error	DB000212
Circuit number=1	Pro-Typ	00001		
Communication buffer channel number	Cir-No	00001		
	Ch-No	00002		
Parameter list start address =DA00000	Param	DA00000		

Communica	ation devic	e	Circuit number=1						
dule Details MP2300S SL	OT#00	$\setminus$							
Slot Number	1	2				4		5	
Module Type	CPU	218IFA	•	SVB	-	SVR	•	M-EXECUTOR	
Controller Number	-	01		01		01		-	
Circuit Number	-	01		0]	ĵ	02	1	-	
I/O Start Register		0000		0800				0000	
I/O End Register		07FF		OBFF				0C3F	
Disable Input		<ul> <li>Enable</li> </ul>	-	Enable	•		•		
Disable Output		▼ Enable	-	Enable	-		-		
Motion Start Register					8000		8800		
Motion End Register					87FF		8FFF		
Details			,	MECHATR	OLINK				
Status	Running	Running		Running	1	Running		Running	

218IFA : 100M Ethernet in functions.

Fig. 6.4 MPE720 Module Configuration Definition Window

#### Input/output definition contents for message receive functions

The input/output definition content for message receive function is as follows:

I/O Definition	No.	Name	Setting Example	Contents			
	1	Execute	DB000200	Executes a reception When Execute is ON, message reception will be carried out.			
	2	Abort	DB000201	Aborts a reception When Abort is ON, message reception is forcibly stopped.			
	3	Dev-Typ 00016 Specify the type of		Communication device type Specify the type of the communication device used in reception. When Ethernet (218IF) is used, specify "16."			
	4	Рго-Тур	00001	Communication protocol Specify the type of the communication protocol. MEMOBUS(*1) = 1, non-procedure 1(*2) = 2, non-procedure 2(*2) = 3			
Input Item	Item         5         Cir-No         00001           6         Ch-No         00002		00001	Circuit number Specify a circuit number of the communication device. Specify it in accordance with the circuit number displayed in the MPE720 Module Configuration Definition Window.			
			00002	Communication buffer channel number Specify the channel number of the communication buffer. When Ethernet (218IF) is used, specify it in the range between "1" and "4." * Set up a unique channel number in the line.			
	7	Param	DA00000	Parameter list start address Specify the start address of the parameter list. For the Parameter List, 17 words are automatically assigned from the configured address.			
	1	Busy	DB000210	In process Busy will be ON while executing a message reception or forced abort process.			
Output Item	2	Complete	DB000211	Process completed When a message reception or forced abort process is properly com- pleted, Complete will turn ON only for one scan.			
	3	Error	DB000212	Error When an error occurs, Error will turn ON only for one scan.			

\* 1. When transmitting in MEMOBUS, Extended MEMOBUS, MELSEC, or MODBUS/TCP protocol, set the communication protocol (Pro-Typ) to MEMOBUS(=1). The communication device automatically converts the protocol.

\* 2. Non-procedure 1: In non-procedural communication, data is received on a per-word basis. Non-procedure 2: In non-procedural communication, data is received on a per-byte basis.

#### Parameter list setting example for message receive function

An example of a parameter list setting when receiving messages from a transmit source using the connection with a connection number = 2 follows:

Register Number	Setting Value	Parameter Number	IN/OUT	Remarks
DW00000	-	PARAM00	OUT	Process result
DW00001	-	PARAM01	OUT	Status
DW00002	00002	PARAM02	IN	Connection number = 2
DW00003	-	PARAM03	OUT	Option
DW00004	-	PARAM04	OUT	Function code
DW00005	-	PARAM05	OUT	Data address
DW00006	-	PARAM06	OUT	Data size
DW00007	-	PARAM07	OUT	Remote CPU number
DW00008	00000	PARAM08	IN	Coil offset = 0 word
DW00009	00000	PARAM09	IN	Input relay offset = 0 word
DW00010	00000	PARAM10	IN	Input register offset = 0 word
DW00011	00000	PARAM11	IN	Holding register offset = 0 word
DW00012	00000	PARAM12	IN	Writable address lower limit = MW00000
DW00013	65534	PARAM13	IN	Writable address upper limit = MW65534
DW00014	-	PARAM14	SYS	Reserved by the system. (Zero clear at startup)
DW00015	-	PARAM15	SYS	Reserved by the system.
DW00016	-	PARAM16	SYS	Reserved by the system.

Table 6.5 Parameter List Setting Example (parameter list start address Param=DA00000)

Note: IN: Input, OUT: Output, SYS: For system use

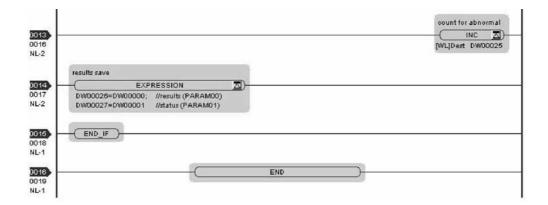
#### Example of Using the Message Receive Function in a Ladder Program

Here is an example of the message receive function through Ethernet (218IFA).

	message receiving ladder	orogram (218IFA)	
	RCV function on the first scan after pow	er on.	
	n, "SB000001" for high scan.		
1st scan after power on			
	D		
SB000003 == true			
clear for all D registers			
		(	00000
		MijData 0000 MijWidth 0003	00
		Jealerin Coos	52
setting connection No. (PARA	MUZ)		
DW00002=2;			
setting offset (PARAMOB-PAR	AM11)		
	RESSION <u>D</u> )		
DVM00009=0; //coil offs DVM00009=0; //input rel			
DW00010=0; //input re DW00011=0 //register of	gister offset (PARAM10)		
Section of the control of the section of the sectio			
witting range (PARAM12,PAR	P((015))		
EXI	PRESSION D		
DVI00012=0; //writ	ing range LO (PARAM12) ting range HI (PARAM13)		
20000013-00034, Milli	ing range er (FARRINIS)		
clear for system register (PAR	AM14)		
		C STORE	Z
		[WLF]Src 00000 [WLF]Dest DW	100014
normal scan treatment			
generating command for re-	eiving.		
Always ON abort		receiving o	ommar
SB000004 DB000201		08000	200
LL RL		0	/
		MSG-RCV function	_
		MSG-RCV [B]Execute DB000200 [B]Busy DB	口 000210
			00021
		[M]Pro-Typ 00001	
		[W]Ci+No 00001 [W]Ch-No 00002	
		[A]Param DA00000	
treatment after normally finis	ied		
after finish			
DB000211==true	)		
abort			em el
DB000201		count for no	
IV I		[ML]Dest Du	
END_IF			
treatment while error taking p	ace		
while error			
DB000212==true			
	10 C		

6

6-25



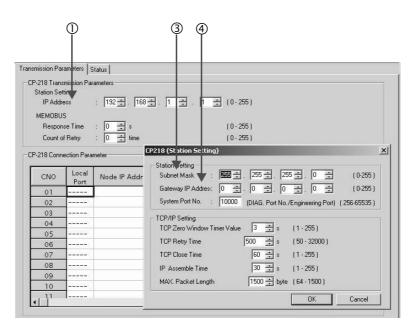
The communication setting and the ladder program creation are now finished, when the MP2300S acts as a slave.

## (2) How to Set up the Remote Device (MP2300) to Be Connected

If the setting of transmission parameters (IP address, subnet mask) is already completed, start from step 3.

- Module Configuration MP2300 Online Local PT#: 3 CPU#: 1 Controller Slot Number 00 01 02 03 MP2300 ▼ 218IF-01 ▼ UNDEFINED ▼ UNDEFINED ▼ Module Type Controller Number Circuit Number I/O Start Register I/O End Register \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ -• --Disable Input • • • Disable Output Motion Start Register Motion End Register Details Status Running Running 218IF-01: The module has Ethernet and RS232 functions Module Details 218IF-01 SLOT#01 Slot Number 1 Module Type 217IF 218IF 01 01 Controller Number Circuit Number 01 01 I/O Start Register ----I/O End Register --------Motion Start Register Motion End Register Details Running Running Status
- 1. Double-click the **218IF** Tab in the **Module Details** of the module configuration definition.

2. Set transmission parameters.



How to set up transmission parameters

① Set IP Address ("192.168.001.001," for example).

© Click Edit, and then click Local Station: TCP/IP Setting in the Engineering Manager Window.

③ Set Subnet Mask ("255.255.255.000," for example).

④ Set Gateway IP Address ("000.000.000.000," for example).

#### Caution

Set up a unique IP address in the network. For the IP address, check with your network administrator.

**3.** Set connection parameters.

		meter		_					
CNO	Local Port	Node IP Address	Ncde Port	Connect Type	t	Protocol Type		Coo	de
01	10001	192 68.001.001	10001	TC	•	Extended MEMOBUS	-	BIN	-
02	00002	192.168.001.001	10002	TCP	-	Extended MEMOBUS	-	BIN	-
03	10003	192.168.001.001	10003	ТСР	•	Extended MEMOBUS	-	BIN	-
04					-		•		-
05	10005	192.168.001.001	10005	TCP	•	Extended MEMOBUS	+	BIN	-
06	10006	192.168.001.001	10006	TCP	-	Extended MEMOBUS	-	BIN	-
07				Í.	•		-		-
08					-		-		-
09					•		+		-

#### How to set up with a connection number 02 in the **CP-218 Connection Parameter** Window

① Set Local Port (to the port number "10002" used in the MP2300 side, for example).

© Set the **Node IP Address** (to the IP address "192.168.001.001" configured in the MP2300S side, for example).

- ③ Set the Node Port (to the port number "10002" configured in the MP2300S side, for example).
- ④ Select Connect Type (TCP, for example).
- <sup>⑤</sup> Select Extended MEMOBUS for Protocol Type.
- © Select Code (BIN, for example).

#### Caution

When any transmission or connection parameter is changed, the change will be reflected after FLASH has been saved and the power supply is turned ON again.

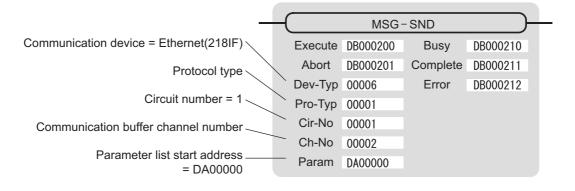
6.2.2 When the MP2300S Acts as a Slave (ladder program which uses a MSG-RCV function)

4. Create a ladder program containing a message transmit function (MSG-SND).

An example of a ladder program for transmitting messages in the remote device (MP2300S) side follows:

#### Message transmit function (MSG-SND)

Required for transmitting messages. Message transmission is carried out by describing and executing this message transmit function in a ladder program.



Communication	218IF	Circuit number =	
odule Details 218IF-01 SL(	DT#01		
Slot Number	1	2	
Module Type	217IF	218IF	
Controller Number	01	01	
Circuit Number	01	01	
I/O Start Register			
I/O End Register			
Motion Start Register			
Motion End Register			
Details			
Status	Running	Running	

Fig. 6.5 MPE720 Module Configuration Definition Screen

#### ■ Input/output definitions contents for message transmit functions

The input/output definition content for the message transmit function is as follows:

I/O Definition	No.	Name	Setting Example	Contents			
	1	Execute	DB000200	Executes a transmission When Execute is ON, the message transmission will be carried out.			
	2	Abort	DB000201	Forcibly aborts a transmission When Abort is ON, the message transmission is forcibly stopped.			
	3	Dev-Typ 00006		Communication device type Specify the type of the communication device used in transmission. When Ethernet (218IF) is used, specify "6."			
	4	Pro-Typ 00001		Communication protocol Specify the type of the communication protocol. MEMOBUS(*1) = 1, non-procedure 1(*2) = 2, non-procedure 2(*2) = 3			
Input Item	5	5 Cir-No 00001		Circuit number Specify a circuit number of the communication device. Specify it in accordance with the circuit number displayed in the MPE720 module configuration definition screen.			
	6	Ch-No	00002	Communication buffer channel number Specify the channel number of the communication buffer. When Ethernet (218IF) is used, specify it in the range between "1" and "10." * Set up a unique channel number in the line.			
	7	Param	DA00000	Parameter list start address Specify the start address of the parameter list. For the Parameter List, 17 words are automatically assigned from the configured address.			
	1	Busy	DB000210	In process Busy will be ON while executing a message transmission or forced abort process.			
Output Item	2	Complete	DB000211	Process completed When a message transmission or forced abort process is properly completed, Complete will turn ON only for one scan.			
	3	Error	DB000212	Error When an error occurs, Error will turn ON only for one scan.			

Table 6.6 Input/Output Definitions for Messag	e Transmit Functions
-----------------------------------------------	----------------------

\* 1. When transmitting in MEMOBUS, Extended MEMOBUS, MELSEC, or MODBUS/TCP protocol, set the communication protocol (Pro-Typ) to MEMOBUS(=1). The communication device automatically converts the protocol.

\* 2. Non-procedure 1: In non-procedural communication, data is transmitted on a per-word basis. Non-procedure 2: In non-procedural communication, data is transmitted on a per-byte basis.

6.2.2 When the MP2300S Acts as a Slave (ladder program which uses a MSG-RCV function)

#### Parameter list setting for the message transmit function

An example of a parameter list setting when reading 100 words of data from MW00100 from the destination using the connection with a connection number = 2 follows:

Register Number	Setting Value	Parameter Number	IN/OUT	Remarks
DW00000	-	PARAM00	OUT	Process result
DW00001	-	PARAM01	OUT	Status
DW00002	00002	PARAM02	IN	Connection number = 2
DW00003	-	PARAM03	IN	Option (Setting unnecessary)
DW00004	0009H	PARAM04	IN	Function code = 09H (Reads a holding register)
DW00005	00100	PARAM05	IN	Data address = 100 (Starting from MW00100)
DW00006	00100	PARAM06	IN	Data size = 100 (100 words)
DW00007	00001	PARAM07	IN	Remote CPU number = 1
DW00008	00000	PARAM08	IN	Coil offset = 0 word
DW00009	00000	PARAM09	IN	Input relay offset = 0 word
DW00010	00000	PARAM10	IN	Input register offset = 0 word
DW00011	00000	PARAM11	IN	Holding register offset = $0$ word
DW00012	-	PARAM12	SYS	Reserved by the system. (Zero clear at startup)
DW00013	-	PARAM13	SYS	Reserved by the system.
DW00014	-	PARAM14	SYS	Reserved by the system.
DW00015	_	PARAM15	SYS	Reserved by the system.
DW00016	-	PARAM16	SYS	Reserved by the system.

 Table 6.7 Parameter List Setting Example (parameter list start address Param=DA00000)

Note: IN: Input, OUT: Output, SYS: For system use

# Example of Using the Message Transmit Function in a Ladder Program

Here is one example of the message transmit function through Ethernet (218IF).

message sending ladder progr	am (218IF)
initializing setting parameters for MSG-SND function on the first scan after power on.	
use "SB000003" for low soan, "SB000001" for high soan. 1st soan after power	
on	
000 IF <u>D</u> ) SB000003 == true	
L-1	
clear for all D registers	
201)	SETW D
001 L-2	[W]Dest DW00000
	[W]Data 00000 [W]Width 00032
setting connection No. (PARAM02)	
02 EXPRESSION ▲ 02 DW00002=2:	
02 DW000002=2; .2	
setting function code (PARAM04)	
EXPREssion         D           03         DW00004=0x0009; //09H=reading register (extended)	
-2	
setting data address (PARAM05)/ date size (PARAM08)	
04 EXPRESSION	
-2 DW00006=100; //data size (100 words)	
setting partner CPU No.(PARAM07)	
06 EXPRESSION 06 DW00007=1;	
-2 setting offset (PARAM08-PARAM11)	
Setting diset (FARAbiloor Analisi Fi)	
06 DW00008=0; //coil offset (PARAM08) -2 DW00009=0; //input relay offset (PARAM09)	
DW00010=0; //input register offset (PARAM10)	
DW00011=0 //register offset (PARAM11)	
clear for system register (PARAM12)	
07	
07	[WLF]Src 00000 [WLF]Dest DW00012
-2	
1	
normal scan treatment take it as timeout for abortion if not ended in 10 seconds after sending co	mmand.
sending command abort	timeout
DB000200 DB000201	DB000204
09 / TON[10ms] Z) (W]Set 01000	
1 [W]Count DW00031	
release abort if timeout or error take place	
timeout treating end DB00020A DB000211	abort D8000201
DB00020A DB000211	
13	$\bigcirc$
-1 error DB000212	
abort	
DB000201	

6.2.2 When the MP2300S Acts as a Slave (ladder program which uses a MSG-RCV function)

- I	possible to resend i	in 60 seconds a	after abortion						
	abort DB000201	waiting en DB000201	d						waiting DB000208
	waiting DB000208	//							-0-
	waiting DB000208								waiting end DB000209
		( <u>TON[10m</u> M]Set 0600 M]Count DWD	0 0028						-0-
	After 5.0s,Scan t-up Relay	or low scan, "Si							5⊳ON
	SB00003A								
		treating end DB000211	error DB000212	waiting DB000208					ig command
>				/	(	(10 ms) <u>Z</u> )			0-
						DW00030			
. [						MSG-SND	function		
						(B)Execute (B)Abort (M)Dev-Typ (M)Pro-Typ (M)Cir-No (M)Ch-No (A)Param	DB000200 DB000201 00006	G-SND [B]Busy [B]Complete [B]Error	D8000210 D8000211 D8000212
	after finish DB000211==tri abort DB000201	ue						the second second second	r normal
		6							DW00024
	treatment while em	ortaking place							
	while error								
	DB000212==tr								
•	-							-	r abnormal INC DW00025
	results save								
	DW00028=DW DW00027=DW		Its (PARAMOO)						
	END_IF								
	treatment while tim								
		ON pulse DB00020B							taking place 00020C
	17.1								

6.2.2 When the MP2300S Acts as a Slave (ladder program which uses a MSG-RCV function)

0024) 0045 NL-1	while timeout IF DB00020C==true	
0026 0046 NL-2		count for timeout
0026 0047 NL-1	END_IF	
0027 0048 NL-1	END	

The communication setting and the ladder program creation are now finished, when MP2300 acts as a master.

# (3) How to Start Communications

1. The MP2300S side starts to receive the messages.

As the sample ladder program automatically starts the message receive operation just after system startup, you are not required to do anything. In normal operation, accept the default.

2. Turn Execute ON for the message transmit function in the MP2300 side to transmit messages.

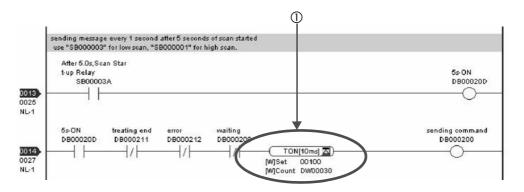
Messages are transmitted by turning on the register DB000200 configured in Execute of the message transmit function, for example, starting communication with MP2300S.

Table 6.8 Input/Output Definition for Message Transmit Function	
-----------------------------------------------------------------	--

I/O Definition	No.	Name	Setting Example	Contents
Input Item	1	Execute	DB000200	Executes a transmission When Execute is ON, the message transmission is carried out.

The sample ladder program is created to transmit a message every one second when five seconds have elapsed after the low-speed scan (or high-speed scan) startup.

To change the message transmission interval, change the timer value  $\mathbb{O}$ .



# 6.2.3 When MP2300S Acts as Master (I/O message communication function is used)

This section explains how to communicate with the MP2300 message receive function (MSG-RCV) using the MP2300S I/O message communication function.

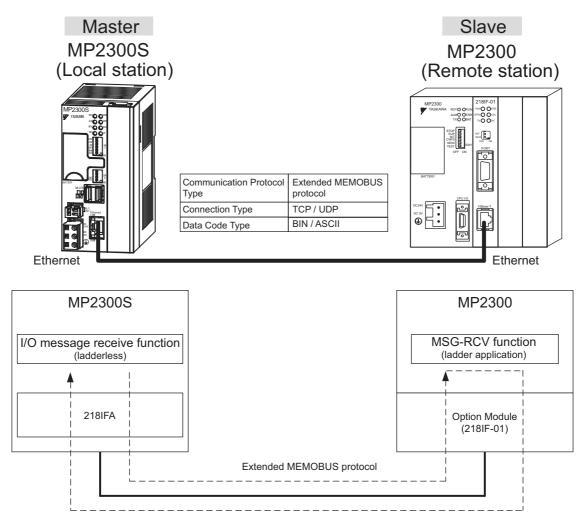


Fig. 6.6 Message Flow with MP2300 when I/O Message Communication Function Is Used

#### I/O Message Communication

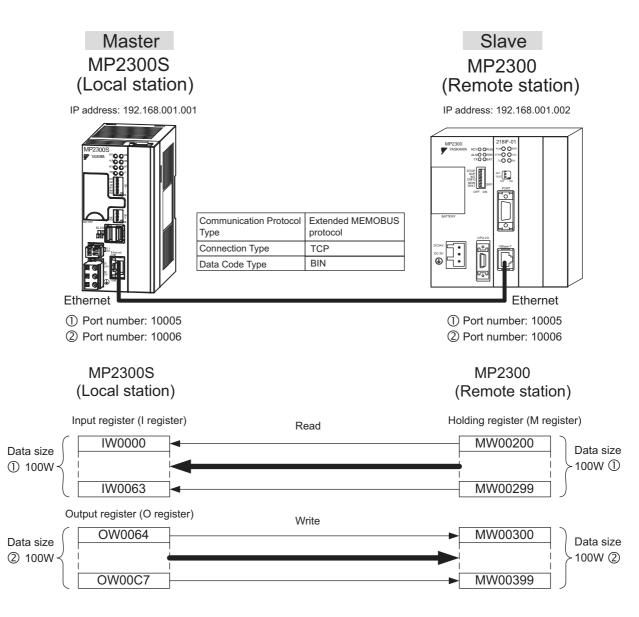
I/O message communication implements out 1:1 communication.

In addition, you can read and write only the holding register in the case of "Communication Protocol Type: Extended MEMO-BUS" used in the communication with MP series.

When you communicate with multiple remote devices, or when you need to read a coil state or input relay, or change a coil state as well as read/write a holding register, use the message transmit function (MSG-SND).

#### Setting Example

The following figure illustrates one example of reading the contents of the holding register (MW00200 to MW00299) of MP2300 (slave) into an input register (IW0000 to IW0063) of MP2300S (master) and writing the contents of an output register (OW0064 to OW00C7) of MP2300S (master) into a holding register (MW00300 to MW00399) of MP2300 (slave).



The particular setup procedure is explained in the subsequent pages.

# (1) How to Set up the MP2300S Side

If the setting of transmission parameters (IP address, subnet mask) is already completed, start from step 3.

1. Double-click the 218IFA Tab in the Module Details of the module configuration definition.

Slot Number	1	2	3	4	5
Module Type	CPU 🤆	218IFA *	· SVP ·	SVR 🔻	M-EXECUTOR
Controller Number	-	01	01	01	-
Circuit Number	-	01	01	02	-
I/O Start Register		0000	0800		0000
I/O End Register		07FF	OBFF		0C3F
Disable Input	-	Enable	🖌 Enable 🖉 🔻		
Disable Output	-	Enable	Enable 💌	-	•
Motion Start Register			8000	8800	
Motion End Register			87FF	8FFF	
Details			MECHATROLINK		
Status	Running	Running	Running	Running	Running

#### 2. Set transmission parameters.

003	
Transmission Parameters	Status
Transmission Parameters IP Address Subnet Mask	Image: Second state         Module Name Definition           :         168 ÷         1 ÷         (0.255)           :         255 ÷         255 ÷         0 ÷         (0.255)
Gateway IP Address	

How to set up transmission parameters

① Set IP Address ("192.168.001.001," for example).

<sup>(2)</sup> Set Subnet Mask ("255.255.255.000," for example).

③ Set Gateway IP Address ("000.000.000," for example).

Caution

Set up a unique IP address in the network.

For the IP address, check with your network administrator.

3. Click Enable in the I/O Message Communication of the connection parameter setting.

I/O Message	e Communicatio	n					
C Disable							
Enable	)						
Easy setti	ing It is possi	ible to set easily that comr	nunicate the	e I/O message.			
Data updal	te timing Low	💌 Scan					
		1				0 2 2	
Read	2 D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D	Node IP Address	Node Port	Connect	Protocol Type	Code	Node Name
Write			FUR	Туре	туре	-	
Read			-	-			
Write							
•							Þ
	Hea	ad register number data si:	ze .	Head regist	ernumber data size		
	🗖 input disab	2	1 5			_	
MP2300S				Hold register(MW		Node eq	uipment
	🗖 output disa	ible OW0004 4	W->	Hold register(MW	n 🔽 00004 4 🛛 🗤		

- n 34 6 I/O Message Communication Ea × **MP** Series Other Device Local Port IP Address Node Port IP Address : (0-255) 192.168.001.001 192 🛨 168 🛨 001 🛨 002 🛨 ommunication protoco Туре Input Reg(IWxxxx) • Extended MEMOBUS )efault IW0000 Read Reg Port N Port No. ▼ 002 MW (256-65 Read Size 100 W (256-655 10005 10005 T Input disable Output Reg(OWxxxx) Connect Type TCP BIN Write Reg Code OW0064 Port No. (256-65535) Port No. (256-65535) MW 💌 003 Write Size 100 10006 10006 Output dis Data update tin ina OK, Cance <u>(</u>) () () () ⓓ 108 6 働 位围
- 4. Set a communication setting in the I/O Message Communication Easy Setting Window.

- How to set up in the I/O Message Communication Easy Setting Window
  - <sup>①</sup> Set Port No. of the MP2300S side ("10005, 10006," X for example).
  - © Select Extended MEMOBUS for Communication Protocol Type, and click the Default Button.

When the communication protocol is Extended MEMOBUS, the register type that can select both read and write is fixed at the Holding Register (MW).

- ③ Select Connect Type (TCP, for example).
- ④ Select Code (BIN, for example).
- Set **Remote IP Address** for the other device (MP2300) to be connected ("192.168.001.002," for example).
- © Set Port No. of the other device (MP2300) to be connected ("10005, 10006," for example).
- Caution

In I/O message communication, as a message is transmitted from each port number for register read/write, a connected remote device needs the message receive functions to receive two messages.

Caution

- ⑦ Set a storage area (Input Reg) of data read by MP2300S (IW0000, for example).
- ® Set the Read Size of data to be the read by the MP2300S ("100" W, for example).
- Set a storage area (Output Reg) of data written by the MP2300S (OW0064, for example).
- <sup>®</sup> Set the Write Size of data written by the MP2300S ("100" W, for example).
- 1 Set an I/O data update timing (Data update timing) for CPU and built-in Ethernet ("Low" scan, for example).

#### Data Update Timing

Data update timing indicates when to send and receive data between the CPU and built-in Ethernet. Communication with the remote device is carried out asynchronously, so note that a message is not necessarily transmitted to the remote equipment at each set data update time.

- © Set the register type and start address (**Read Reg**) of the remote device (MP2300) read by the MP2300S ("MW00200," for example).
- Set the register type and start address (Write Reg) of the remote device (MP2300) written by the MP2300S
   ("MW00300," for example).

( Click OK.

5. Click Yes in the parameter setting confirmation window.

#### Caution

Note that when a parameter with the same connection number is already set and you click **Yes** in the parameter setting confirmation window, the setting will be overwritten by the parameter configured in the **Message Communication Easy Setting** Window.

#### 6. Check the setting values.

asy setting a update tir	· · · · ·	ble to set easily that comm Scan	nunicate th	e I/O messag	e.				
Read/ Write	Local Port	Node IP Address	Node Port	Connect Type	Protocol Type		Co	de	
Read	10005	192.168.001.002	10005	TCP	<ul> <li>Extended MEMO</li> </ul>	sus 🔻	BIN	-	
Write	10006	192.168.001.002	10006	TCP	<ul> <li>Extended MEMO</li> </ul>	SUS 🔻	BIN	•	

The I/O message communication is now set up, when MP2300S acts as a master.

#### Caution

When any transmission or connection parameter is changed, the change will be not reflected after FLASH has been saved and the power supply is turned ON again.

# (2) How to Set up the Remote Device (MP2300) to Be Connected

When the setting of transmission parameters (IP address, subnet mask) is already completed, start from step 3.

- Module Configuration MP2300 Online Local PT#: 3 CPU#: 1 Controller 00 01 02 03 Slot Number MP2300 ▼ 218IF-01 UNDEFINED -UNDEFINED • -Module Type Controller Number Circuit Number I/O Start Register ----I/O End Register \_\_\_\_ ----\_\_\_\_ -----• . --Disable Input -• --Disable Output Motion Start Register ----Motion End Register \_\_\_\_ Details Running Status Running 218IF-01: The module has Ethernet and RS232 functions. Module Details 218IF-01 SLOT#01 Slot Number 218IF Module Type 217IF 01 01 Controller Number Circuit Number 01 01 I/O Start Register \_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ I/O End Register ----Motion Start Register ----Motion End Register ..... Details Status Running Running
- 1. Double-click the 218IF Tab in the Module Details of the module configuration definition.

**2.** Set transmission parameters.

D 	3 4
Transmission Parameters Status	
CP-218 Transmission Parameters Station Setting IP Address : 192 — . 168 MEMOBUS Response Time : 0 — s	<ul> <li>. 1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</li></ul>
Count of Retry : 0 🛨 time	(0-255)
CP-218 Connection Parameter  CN0 Local Node IP Addr  01 02 03 04 05 06 06 07 08	P218         Station Setting         ×           Station Setting         .         255 ± .         .         0 ± .         (0.255)           Gateway IP Addres:         0 ± .         0 ± .         0 ± .         0.255)           System Port No.         10000         (DIAG. Port No./Engineering Port)         (256-65535)           TCP/AP Setting         TCP Zero Window Timer Value         3 ± .         (1 - 255)           TCP Retry Time         500 ± .         (50 - 32000)           TCP Close Time         60 ± .         (1 - 255)
09	IP Assemble Time 30 <sup>+</sup> / <sub>2</sub> s (1 · 255) MAX. Packet Length 1500 <sup>+</sup> / <sub>2</sub> byte (64 · 1500)
	OK Cancel

#### How to set up transmission parameters

① Set IP Address ("192.168.001.001", for example).

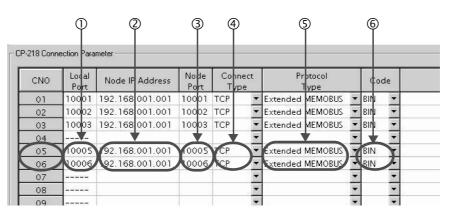
- © Click Edit, and then click Local Station: TCP/IP Setting in the Engineering Manager Window.
- <sup>3</sup> Set Subnet Mask ("255.255.255.000", for example).
- ④ Set Gateway IP Address ("000.000.000", for example).

#### Caution

Set up a unique IP address in the network.

For the IP address, check with your network administrator.

#### **3.** Set connection parameters.



How to set up in the CP-218 Connection Parameter Window with connection numbers 05, 06

① Set Local Port (the port number "10005, 10006" used in the MP2300 side, for example).

② Set Node IP Address (the IP address "192.168.001.001" configured in the MP2300S side, for example).

③ Set Node Port (the port number "10005, 10006" configured in the MP2300S side, for example).

④ Select Connect Type (TCP, for example).

© Select Extended MEMOBUS for Protocol Type.

© Select Code (BIN, for example).

#### Caution

When any transmission or connection parameter is changed, the change will be reflected after FLASH has been saved and the power supply is turned ON again.

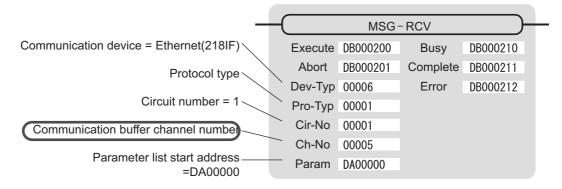
4. Create a ladder program with a message receive function (MSG-RCV) in it.

An example of a ladder program for receiving messages in the remote equipment (MP2300) side follows:

Message receive function (MSG-RCV)

Required for receiving messages. Message reception is carried out by inputting and executing this message receive function in a ladder program.

In addition, in order to support Read and Write by MP2300S, two message receive functions should be provided. Here, the input item and parameters (Communication buffer channel number and Connection number) of the message receive function need to accord with the MP2300S side settings.



Note: Similarly, a message receive function with the communication buffer channel number = 6 is required.

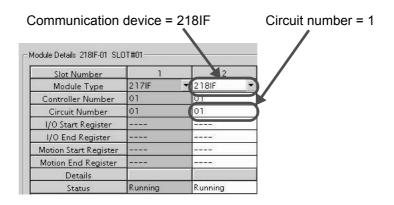


Fig. 6.7 MPE720 Module Configuration Definition Window

#### Input/output definition contents for message receive functions

The input/output definition content for message receive function is as follows:

I/O Definition	No.	Name	Setting Example	Content
	1	Execute	DB000200	Executes a reception When Execute is ON, message reception is carried out.
	2	Abort	DB000201	Forcibly aborts a reception When Abort is ON, the message reception is forcibly stopped.
	3	Dev-Typ	00006	Communication device type Specify the type of the communication device used in reception. When Ethernet (218IF) is used, specify "6."
	4	Pro-Typ	00001	Communication protocol Specify the type of the communication protocol. MEMOBUS(*1) = 1, non-procedure 1(*2) = 2, non-procedure 2(*2) = 3
Input Item	5	Cir-No	00001	Circuit number Specify a circuit number of the communication device. Specify it in accordance with the circuit number displayed in the MPE720 module configuration definition screen.
	6	Ch-No	00005 & 00006	Communication buffer channel number Specify the channel number of a communication buffer. When Ethernet (218IF) is used, specify it in the range between "1" and "10."
				* Set up a unique channel number in the line.
	7	Param	DA00000	Parameter list start address Specify the start address of the parameter list. For the Parameter List, 17 words are automatically assigned from the configured address.
	1	Busy	DB000210	In process Busy will be ON while executing a message reception or forced abort process.
Output Item	2	Complete	DB000211	Process completed When a message reception or forced abort process is properly com- pleted, Complete will turn ON only for one scan.
	3	Error	DB000212	Error When an error occurs, Error will turn ON only for one scan.

Table 6.9	Input/Output Definitions for Message Receive Functions
-----------	--------------------------------------------------------

\* 1. When transmitting in MEMOBUS, Extended MEMOBUS, MELSEC, or MODBUS/TCP protocol, set the communication protocol (Pro-Typ) to MEMOBUS (=1). The communication device automatically converts the protocol.

\* 2. Non-procedure 1: In non-procedural communication, data is received on a per-word basis. Non-procedure 2: In non-procedural communication, data is received on a per-byte basis.

#### Parameter list setting example for message receive function

An example of a parameter list setting when receiving messages from a transmit source using the connection with connection numbers = 5 and 6 follows:

Register Number	Setting Value	Parameter Number	IN/OUT	Remarks
DW00000	-	PARAM00	OUT	Process result
DW00001	-	PARAM01	OUT	Status
DW00002	00005	PARAM02	IN	Connection number = 5 (For receiving read operation)
DW00003	-	PARAM03	OUT	Option
DW00004	-	PARAM04	OUT	Function code
DW00005	-	PARAM05	OUT	Data address
DW00006	-	PARAM06	OUT	Data size
DW00007	-	PARAM07	OUT	Remote CPU number
DW00008	00000	PARAM08	IN	Coil offset = 0 word
DW00009	00000	PARAM09	IN	Input relay offset = 0 word
DW00010	00000	PARAM10	IN	Input register offset = 0 word
DW00011	00000	PARAM11	IN	Holding register offset = 0 word
DW00012	00000	PARAM12	IN	Writable address lower limit = MW00000
DW00013	65534	PARAM13	IN	Writable address upper limit = MW65534
DW00014	-	PARAM14	SYS	Reserved by the system. (Zero clear at startup)
DW00015	-	PARAM15	SYS	Reserved by the system.
DW00016	_	PARAM16	SYS	Reserved by the system.

Table 6.10 Parameter List Setting Example 1 (parameter list start address Param = DA00000)

Note: N: Input, OUT: Output, SYS: For system use

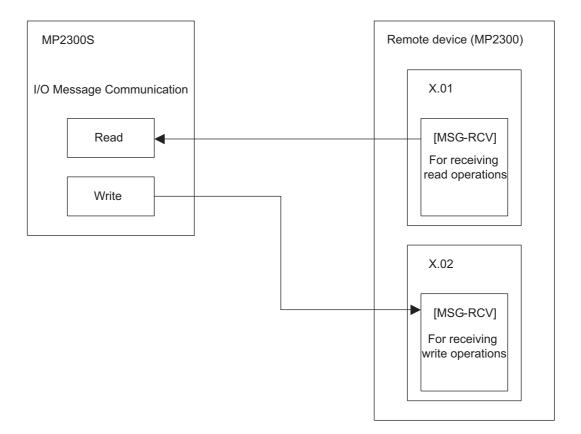
Table 6 11	Daramatar List	Sotting Example	2 (parameter list star	t address Param = DA00000)
	Falameter List		z (parameter not otar	1 audiess Falan - DA00000)

Register Number	Setting Value	Parameter Number	IN/OUT	Remarks
DW00000	-	PARAM00	OUT	Process result
DW00001	-	PARAM01	OUT	Status
DW00002	00006	PARAM02	IN	Connection number = 6 (For receiving write opera- tion)
DW00003	-	PARAM03	OUT	Option
DW00004	-	PARAM04	OUT	Function code
DW00005	-	PARAM05	OUT	Data address
DW00006	-	PARAM06	OUT	Data size
DW00007	-	PARAM07	OUT	Remote CPU number
DW00008	00000	PARAM08	IN	Coil offset = 0 word
DW00009	00000	PARAM09	IN	Input relay offset = 0 word
DW00010	00000	PARAM10	IN	Input register offset = 0 word
DW00011	00000	PARAM11	IN	Holding register offset = 0 word
DW00012	00000	PARAM12	IN	Writable address lower limit = MW00000
DW00013	65534	PARAM13	IN	Writable address upper limit = MW65534
DW00014	_	PARAM14	SYS	Reserved by the system. (Zero clear at startup)
DW00015	_	PARAM15	SYS	Reserved by the system.
DW00016	_	PARAM16	SYS	Reserved by the system.

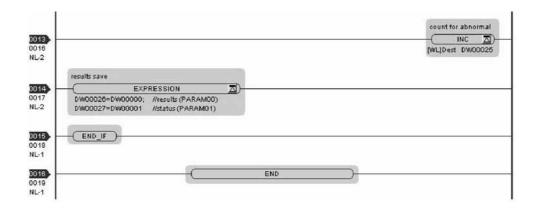
Note: N: Input, OUT: Output, SYS: For system use

#### Example of Using the Message Receive Function in a Ladder Program

Here is one example of using the message receive function through Ethernet (218IF). In addition, this ladder program is for receiving read operation. A ladder program for receiving write operations is required separately.



Initialized define guarding consistence of the Markov on the departs and the power on. define guarding constant: Second of the Markov on the departs and the power on. define guarding constant: Second of the Markov of the Ma		adder program (218IF)
OT       IF         Station of the register       IF		r power on.
If all the gifter         Set of all the gifter         Decode the gifter         Set of all the gifter         Decode the		
Image: setting constantion No. (PARAMO2)       Set DW/00002 = 6 to receive write operations.         Image: setting constantion No. (PARAMO2)       Set DW/00002 = 6 to receive write operations.         Image: setting constantion No. (PARAMO2)       Image: setting constantion No. (PARAMO2)         Image: setting constantion No. (PARAMO2)       Image: setting constantion No. (PARAMO2)         Image: setting constantion No. (PARAMO2)       Image: setting constantion No. (PARAMO2)         Image: setting constantion No. (PARAMO2)       Image: setting constantion No. (PARAMO2)         Image: setting constantion No. (PARAMO2)       Image: setting constantion No. (PARAMO2)         Image: setting constantion No. (PARAMO2)       Image: setting constantion No. (PARAMO2)         Image: setting constantion No. (PARAMO2)       Image: setting constantion No. (PARAMO2)         Image: setting constantion No. (PARAMO2)       Image: setting constantion No. (PARAMO2)         Image: setting constantion for receiving.       Image: setting constantion for receiving.         Image: setting constantion for receiving.       Image: setting constantion for receiving.         Image: setting constantion for receiving.       Image: setting constantion for receiving.         Image: setting constantion for receiving.       Image: setting constantion for receiving.         Image: setting constantion for receiving.       Image: setting constantion for receiving receive writing coperations.         Im	(IF)	
witterg consistion No. (*ARSAMD2)         ExtPRESSION         DW00002-0;         Sett DW00002-0;         satting onsetdon No. (*ARSAMD2)         DW00002-0;         DW00002-0;         Sett DW00002-0;         Sett DW00002-0;         DW00002-0;         Monoral Insat treatment         generating onsetdon No. (*ARSAMD2)         DW00002-0;         DW00002-0;         DW00002-0;         Monoral Insat treatment         generating onsetdon No. (*ARSAMD2)         DW00002-0;         DW00002-0;         DW00002-0;         DW00002-0;         DW00002-0;         DW00012-0;         DW00002-0;         DW00002-0;         DW00000;         DW00000;         DW00000;         DW00000;         DW00000;         DW00000;         DW00000;         DW1;         DW0000; <td>clear for all D registers</td> <td></td>	clear for all D registers	
witterg consistion No. (*ARSAMD2)         ExtPRESSION         DW00002-0;         Sett DW00002-0;         satting onsetdon No. (*ARSAMD2)         DW00002-0;         DW00002-0;         Sett DW00002-0;         Sett DW00002-0;         DW00002-0;         Monoral Insat treatment         generating onsetdon No. (*ARSAMD2)         DW00002-0;         DW00002-0;         DW00002-0;         Monoral Insat treatment         generating onsetdon No. (*ARSAMD2)         DW00002-0;         DW00002-0;         DW00002-0;         DW00002-0;         DW00002-0;         DW00012-0;         DW00002-0;         DW00002-0;         DW00000;         DW00000;         DW00000;         DW00000;         DW00000;         DW00000;         DW00000;         DW1;         DW0000; <td></td> <td>(SETW 🛛)</td>		(SETW 🛛)
Expression       Set DW00002 = 6         setting strate(#RAM05)=PARAM1)       Deceive write operations.         Image: Character (PARAM0)       Deceive write operations.         Dw0000-1/1/001 degree (PARAM1)       Dw0001-00: //optinitegree (PARAM1)         Image: Character (PARAM1)       Image: Character (PARAM1)		[M]Dest DW00000 [W]Data 00000
EXPRESSION       to receive write operations.         Image: setting strate(PARAMOS PARAM1)       to receive write operations.         Image: setting strate(PARAMOS PARAM1)       Image: setting strate(PARAM0)         Image: setting strate(PARAM1)       Image: setting strate(PARAM1)         Image: setting strate(PARAM1)       Image: settin	setting connection No. (PARAM02)	
setting offset(PARAMOS/PARAM1)		
DW00000-0:       // Induit Aliay Articl (PARAM00)         DW000010-0:       // Induit Aliay Articl (PARAM10)         DW00010-0:       // Induit Aliay Article (PARAM12)         DW00010-0:       // Induit Article (PARAM12)         DW00010-0:       // Induiting tange LD (PARAM12)         DW00010-0:       // Induiting tange LD (PARAM12)         DW00012-0:       // Induiting tange LD (PARAM14)         Induiting tange LD (PARAM14)       // Induiting tange LD (PARAM14)         Induiting tange LD (PARAM14)       // Induiting tange LD (PARAM14)         Induiting tange LD (PARAM14)       // Induiting tange LD (PARAM14)         Induiting tange LD (PARAM14)       // Induiting tange LD (PARAM14)         Induiting tange LD (PARAM14)       // Induitan         Bible-cou	setting offset (PARAM08-PARAM11)	operations.
DW00000-0:       // Induit Aliay Articl (PARAM00)         DW000010-0:       // Induit Aliay Articl (PARAM10)         DW00010-0:       // Induit Aliay Article (PARAM12)         DW00010-0:       // Induit Article (PARAM12)         DW00010-0:       // Induiting tange LD (PARAM12)         DW00010-0:       // Induiting tange LD (PARAM12)         DW00012-0:       // Induiting tange LD (PARAM14)         Induiting tange LD (PARAM14)       // Induiting tange LD (PARAM14)         Induiting tange LD (PARAM14)       // Induiting tange LD (PARAM14)         Induiting tange LD (PARAM14)       // Induiting tange LD (PARAM14)         Induiting tange LD (PARAM14)       // Induiting tange LD (PARAM14)         Induiting tange LD (PARAM14)       // Induitan         Bible-cou		
EXPRESSION       Image: Comparison of the co	DW00008=0; //coil offset (PARAM08) DW00009=0; //input relay offset (PARAM09) DW00010=0; //input register offset (PARAM10)	
DW00013=65534; //writing range LI (PARAM12) DW00013=65534; //writing range HI (PARAM13) olear for system register (PARAM14) UNLFJSrc 00000 [MLFJDest DW00014 UNLFJSrc 00000 [MLFJDest DW000210 [BlEmor BB000201 [BlEmor BB000211 [BlEmor BB	writing range (PARAM12,PARAM13)	
DW00013=65534; //writing range LI (PARAM12) DW00013=65534; //writing range HI (PARAM13) olear for system register (PARAM14) UNLFJSrc 00000 [MLFJDest DW00014 UNLFJSrc 00000 [MLFJDest DW000210 [BlEmor BB000201 [BlEmor BB000211 [BlEmor BB		
STORE       [WLF]Sie 00000       [WLF]Dext DW00014       Immediation frament seesiving command for receiving.       Awayer DN     abort       S000004     D8000201       Immediation     Immediation       Immediation	DW00012=0; //writing range LO (PARAM12)	
Image: pwi_Fise 00000     Image: pwi_Fise 00000       Image: pwi_Fise 00000     Image: pwi_Fise 000000       Image: pwi_Fise 000000     Image: pwi_Fise 000000       Image: pwi_Fise 0000000     Image: pwi_Fise 000000       Image: pwi_Fise 0000000     Image: pwi_Fise 000000       Image: pwi_Fise 0000000     Image: pwi_Fise 0000000       Image: pwi_Fise 000000000     Image: pwi_Fise 00000000       Image: pwi_Fise 0000000000000     Image: pwi_Fise 0000000000000       Image: pwi_Fise 000000000000000000000000000000000000	olear for system register (PARAM14)	
Image: pwi_Fise 00000     Image: pwi_Fise 00000       Image: pwi_Fise 00000     Image: pwi_Fise 000000       Image: pwi_Fise 000000     Image: pwi_Fise 000000       Image: pwi_Fise 0000000     Image: pwi_Fise 000000       Image: pwi_Fise 0000000     Image: pwi_Fise 000000       Image: pwi_Fise 0000000     Image: pwi_Fise 0000000       Image: pwi_Fise 000000000     Image: pwi_Fise 00000000       Image: pwi_Fise 0000000000000     Image: pwi_Fise 0000000000000       Image: pwi_Fise 000000000000000000000000000000000000		STORE N
normal scan treatment generating command for receiving. Always ON abot SB000004 DB000201 MSG-RCV function MSG-RCV function (B)Execute DB000200 (B)Busy DB000210 (B)Busy DB00020 (B)Busy DB00020 (B		
severating command for receiving.	END_IF	
severating command for receiving.		
SB000004     DB000201       MSG-RCV function       Image: SB000000       Image: SB0000000       Image: SB00000000       Image: SB000000000       Image: SB00000000       Image: SB0000000000000       Image: SB00000000000000000000000000       Image: SB000000000000000000000000000000000000		
MSG-RCV         [B]Execute       DB000201         [B]Execute       DB000211         [M]Cr-No       00001         [M]Ch-No       00000         [B]Execute       Set Ch-No = 6         to receive write       operations.         abort		
MSG-RCV         [B]Execute       DB000201         [B]Execute       DB000211         [M]Dex-Typ       00001         [M]Ch-No       00001         [M]Ch-No       000001         [M]Ch-No       000000         Set Ch-No = 6       to receive write operations.         DB000211==true       ecut for normal		O
MSG-RCV         [B]Execute       DB000201         [B]Execute       DB000211         [M]Cr-No       00001         [M]Ch-No       00000         [B]Execute       Set Ch-No = 6         to receive write       operations.         abort		
Image: Bighort DB000201       [B]Complete DB000211         [M]Dev-Typ 000016       [M]Error DB000212         [M]Pro-Typ 000005       [M]Fro-Typ 000005         [M]Pro-Typ 000005       [A]Faram DA00000         Image: Bight of the strength of the strengt of the strengen of the strength of the strength of the	1	
treatment after normally finished     Set Ch-No = 6 to receive write operations.       abort DB000201		[B]Abort D8000201 [B]Complete D8000211 [W]Dev-Typ 00016 [B]Error D8000212 [W]Pro-Typ 00001 [W]Ci-No 00001 [W]Ch-No 00005
atter finish       to receive write operations.         B000211==true       count for normal         abort       count for normal         DB000201       INC D         UNC_DE       DW00024	treatment after normally finished	
abort DB000211==true abort DB000201 // END_IF treatment while error taking place while error		
DB000201 count for normal INC D [WL]Dest DW00024 END_IF treatment while error taking place		
END_IF		count for normal
treatment while error taking place While error	/	
while error	END_IF	
while error	treatment while error taking place	
	Street and the second sec	



The communication setting and the ladder program creation are now finished, when MP2300 acts as a slave.

# (3) How to Start Communication

# **1.** The MP2300 side starts to receive the messages.

As the sample ladder program starts the message receive operation just after the system startup, you are not required to do anything. In normal operation, accept the default.

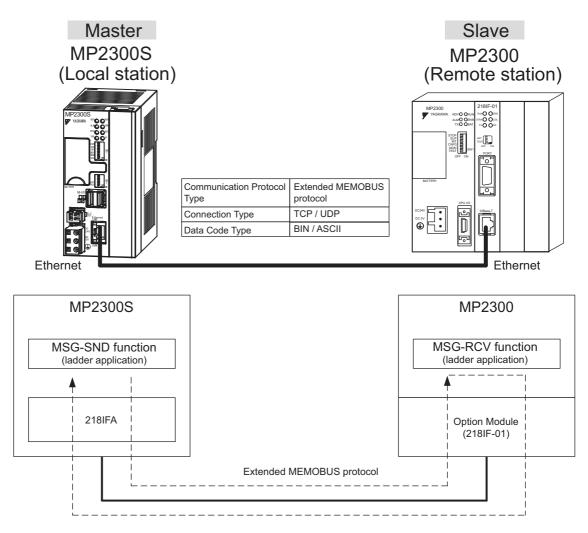
# 2. The MP2300S side transmits messages.

When an I/O message communication function is used, message transmit operation status automatically.

The I/O message communication function cannot operate any registers other than the holding register (M register). Note that it can communicate with only one slave.

To communicate with more than one slave, use a ladder program with a message transmit function (MSG-SND) on the MP2300S side. You can use the message transmit (MSG-SND) function as well as the I/O message communication function by keeping connections separate from each other.

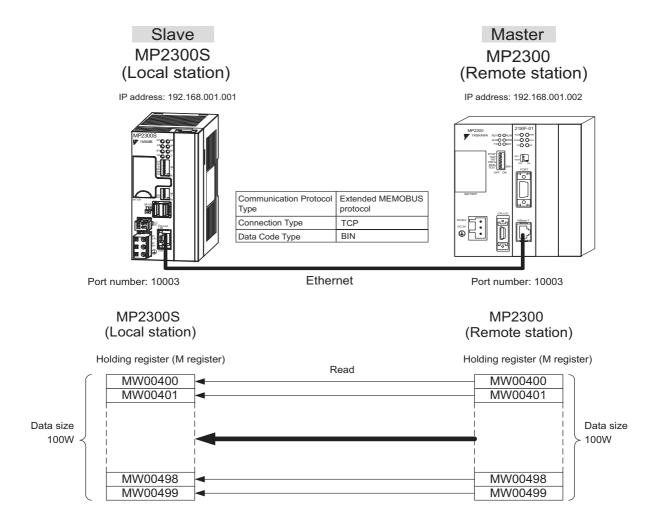
This section explains how to communicate with the MP2300 message receive function (MSG-RCV) using the MP2300S message transmit function (MSG-SND).





#### Setting Example

The following figure illustrates one example of reading the content of the MP2300 (slave) holding register (MW00400 to MW00499) into the MP2300S (master) holding register (MW00400 to MW00499).



The particular setup procedure is explained in the subsequent pages.

# (1) How to Set up the MP2300S Side

When the setting of transmission parameters (IP address, subnet mask) is already completed, start from step 3.

1. Double-click the 218IFA Tab in the Module Details of the module configuration definition.

Slot Number	1	2	_	3		4		5
Module Type	CPU 💽	218IFA	-	SVP	-	SVR	•	M-EXECUTOR
Controller Number	-	01		01		01		-
Circuit Number	-	01		01		02		-
I/O Start Register		0000		0800				0000
I/O End Register		07FF		OBFF				0C3F
Disable Input	-	Enable	-	Enable	•		•	
Disable Output	•	Enable	-	Enable	•		-	
Motion Start Register				8000		8800		
Motion End Register				87FF		8FFF		
Details		5		MECHATR	DLINK			
Status	Running	Running		Running		Runnina		Runnina

#### **2.** Set transmission parameters.

Transmission Parameters	tatus	
- Transmission Parameters	Module Name Definition	
	: 192 ÷ · 168 ÷ · 1 ÷ · 1 ÷ (0-255) Equipment name : CONTROLLER NAME	
Subnet Mask	: 255 + 255 + 255 + 0 + (0-255)	
Gateway IP Address	: 0	

How to set up transmission parameters

- ① Set IP Address ("192.168.001.001," for example).
- <sup>®</sup> Set Subnet Mask ("255.255.255.000," for example).
- ③ Set Gateway IP Address ("000.000.000," for example).

Set up a unique IP address in the network. For the IP address, check with your network administrator.

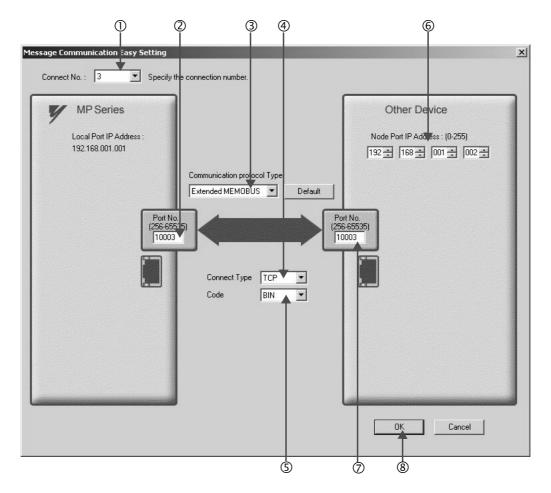
**3.** Click the **Easy Setting** Button in the **Message Communication** area of the connection parameter setting.

Easy setting	Dis possit	ole to following parameter	setting eas	ily that communicate	the message.				
CNO	Local Port	Node IP Address	Node Port	Connect Type	Protocol Type		Code	Automaticall V	Node Nam
01				-	100	•	•	Detail	
02				-		-	-		
03				-		•	-		
04						-	-		

Cannot the overlap to local station port number used by the communicate the 1/0 message.

Caution

4. Set a communication setting in the **Message Communication Easy Setting** Window.



#### How to set up in the Message Communication Easy Setting Window

O When automatic receive is used, select "3" for the Connect No.

- <sup>②</sup> Set **Port No.** of the MP2300S side ("10003," for example).
- ③ Select Extended MEMOBUS for Communication Protocol Type, and click the Default Button.
- ④ Select Connect Type (TCP, for example).
- S Select Code (BIN, for example).
- © Set Node Port IP Address for the other device (MP2300) to be connected ("192.168.001.002," for example).
- ⑦ Set Port No. of the other device (MP2300S) to be connected ("10003," for example).
- 8 Click OK.
- Caution

When message functions (MSG-SND, MSG-RCV) are used with the connection number 01, disable the automatic receive function. If message functions are used while the automatic receive function is enabled, the communication will not function properly.

Note: By default, the automatic receive function with a connection number 01 is set to "Enable."

5. Click Yes in the parameter setting confirmation dialog box.

#### Caution

Note that when a parameter with the same connection number is already set and you click **Yes** in the parameter setting confirmation dialog, the setting will be overwritten by the parameter configured in the **Message Communication Easy Setting** Window.

# 6. Check the setting values.

asy setting	It is possi	ble to following parameter	setting ea:	sily that comm	nuni	icate the message.				
CNO	Local Port	Node P Address		Protocol Type		Coc	le	Automaticall Y		
01					•	2	•		•	Detail
02					•		-		-	
03	10003	192.168.001.002	10003	TCP	•	Extended MEMOBUS	-	BIN	-	
04					-		-		-	

Cannot the overlap to local station port number used by the communicate the 1/0 message.

#### Caution

When any transmission or connection parameter is changed, the change will be reflected after FLASH has been saved and the power supply is turned ON again.

7. Create a ladder program containing a message transmit function (MSG-SND).

An example of a ladder program example for transmitting messages from the MP2300S side follows:

#### Message transmit function (MSG-SND)

Required for transmitting messages. A message transmission is carried out by describing and executing this message transmit function in a ladder program.

		MSG-	- SND	
Communication device	Execute	DB000200	Busy	DB000210
Protocol type	Abort	DB000201	Complete	DB000211
	Dev-Typ	00016	Error	DB000212
Circuit number = 1	Pro-Typ	00001		
Communication buffer channel number	Cir-No	00001		
	Ch-No	00003		
Parameter list start address =DA00000	Param	DA00000		

Communication device					Circuit number = 1					
dule Details MP2300S SL	.ot#00		$\setminus$							
Slot Number	1				В		4		5	_
Module Type	CPU	E	218IFA	-	)VB	•	SVR	•	M-EXECUTO	R
Controller Number	-		01		107		01		-	-
Circuit Number		(	01		01		02		-	
I/O Start Register			0000		0800				0000	
I/O End Register			07FF		OBFF				0C3F	
Disable Input		•	Enable	-	Enable	•		•		
Disable Output		-	Enable	-	Enable	-	1	-		
Motion Start Register					8000		8800			
Motion End Register		100 100			87FF		8FFF			
Details					MECHATRO	DLINK				
Status	Running		Running		Running		Running		Running	

Fig. 6.9 MPE720 Module Configuration Definition Window

#### ■ Input/output definition contents for message transmit functions

The input/output definition content for the message transmit function is as follows:

I/O Definition	No.	Name	Setting Example	Contents
	1	Execute	DB000200	Executes a transmission When Execute turns ON, the message transmission is carried out.
	2	Abort	DB000201	Aborts a transmission When the Abort bit turns ON, message transmission is forcibly stopped.
	3	Dev-Typ	00016	Communication device type Specify the type of the communication device used in transmission. When Ethernet (218IF) is used, specify "16."
	4	4 Pro-Typ 00001		Communication protocol Specify the type of the communication protocol. MEMOBUS(*1) = 1, non-procedure 1(*2) = 2, non-procedure 2(*2) = 3
Input Item	5	Cir-No	00001	Circuit number Specify a circuit number of the communication device. Specify it in accordance with the circuit number displayed in the MPE720 module configuration definition screen.
	6	Ch-No	00003	Communication buffer channel number Specify the channel number of a communication buffer. When Ethernet (218IF) is used, specify it in the range between "1" and "4." * Set up a unique channel number in the line.
	7	Param	DA00000	Parameter list start address Specify the start address of the parameter list. For the Parameter List, 17 words are automatically assigned from the configured address.
	1 Busy DB000210		DB000210	In process Busy is ON while executing a message transmission or forced abort process.
Output Item	2	Complete	DB000211	Process completed When a message transmission or abort process is properly completed, Complete will turn ON only for one scan.
	3	Error	DB000212	Error occurred When an error occurs, Error will turn ON only for one scan.

Table 6 12	Innut/Output	Dofinitiono	for Moccogo	<b>Transmit Functions</b>
	input/Output	Deminions	IUI MESSaye	

\* 1. When transmitting in MEMOBUS, Extended MEMOBUS, MELSEC, or MODBUS/TCP protocol, set the communication protocol (Pro-Typ) to MEMOBUS(=1). The communication device automatically converts the protocol.

\* 2. Non-procedure 1: In non-procedural communication, data is transmitted on a per-word basis. Non-procedure 2: In non-procedural communication, data is transmitted on a per-byte basis.

#### Parameter list setting example for the message transmit function

An example of a parameter list setting when writing 100 words of data from MW00400 to the destination using the connection with a connection number = 3 follows:

Register Number	Setting Val- ue	Parameter Num- ber	IN/OUT	Remarks
DW00000	-	PARAM00	OUT	Process result
DW00001	-	PARAM01	OUT	Status
DW00002	00003	PARAM02	IN	Connection number = 3
DW00003	-	PARAM03	IN	Option (Setting unnecessary)
DW00004	0009H	PARAM04	IN	Function code = 09H (Reads a holding register)
DW00005	00400	PARAM05	IN	Data address = 400 (Starting from MW00400)
DW00006	00100	PARAM06	IN	Data size = 100 (100 words)
DW00007	00001	PARAM07	IN	Remote CPU number = 1
DW00008	00000	PARAM08	IN	Coil offset = 0 word
DW00009	00000	PARAM09	IN	Input relay offset = 0 word
DW00010	00000	PARAM10	IN	Input register offset = 0 word
DW00011	00000	PARAM11	IN	Holding register offset = 0 word
DW00012	-	PARAM12	SYS	Reserved by the system. (Zero clear at startup)
DW00013	-	PARAM13	SYS	Reserved by the system.
DW00014	-	PARAM14	SYS	Reserved by the system.
DW00015	-	PARAM15	SYS	Reserved by the system.
DW00016	_	PARAM16	SYS	Reserved by the system.

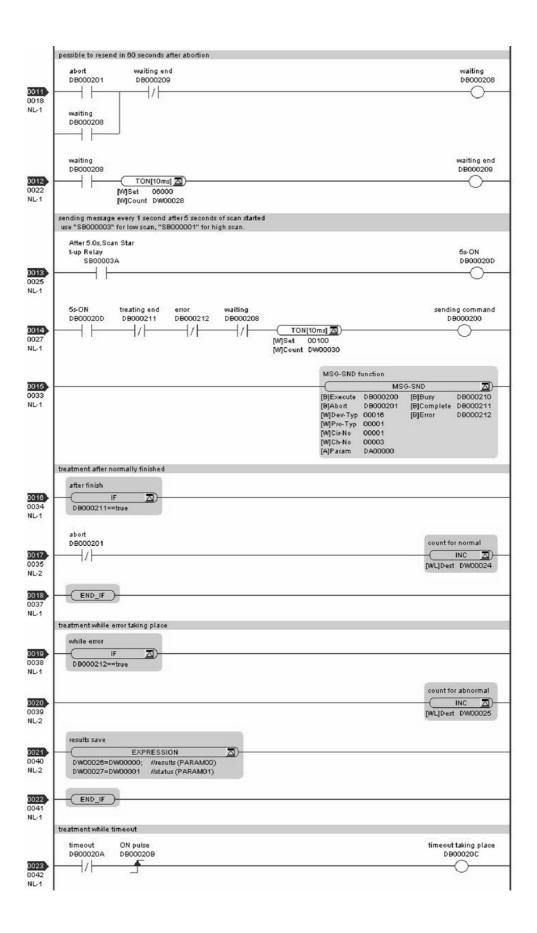
Table 6.13 Parameter List Setting Example (parameter list start address Param = DA00000)

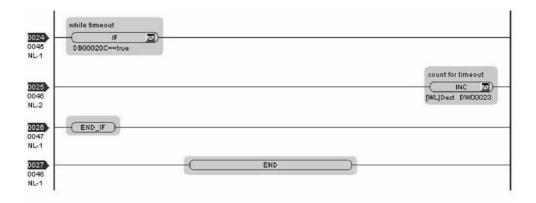
Note: N: Input, OUT: Output, SYS: For system use

# Example of Using the Message Transmit Function in a Ladder Program

Here is one example of using the message transmit function through Ethernet (218IFA).

	message sending ladder program (218)	FA)	
	initializing setting parameters for MSO-SND function on the first scan after power on. use "SB000003" for low scan, "SB000001" for high scan.		
	1st scan after power on		
0000 0000 NL-1	(IF <u>D</u> ) S8000003 == true		
10-1	clear for all D registers		
001		(	w ⊠)
1001 IL-2			00000
	setting connection No. (PARAM02)		
002			
002 L-2	DW00002=3;		
	setting function code (PARAM04)		
003			
003 L-2	DW00004=0x0009; //09H=reading register (extended)		
	setting data address(PARAM05)' date size (PARAM06)		
004			
004 L-2	DW00005=400; //data address (400); DW00006=100; //data size (100 words)		
	setting partner CPU No.(PARAM07)		
005			
005 L-2	DW00007=1;		
	setting offset (PARAM08-PARAM11)		
006			
006 L-2	DW00008=0: //oil offset (PARAM08) DW00009=0: //input relay offset (PARAM09) DW00010=0: //input register offset (PARAM10) DW00011=0 //register offset (PARAM11)		
	olear for system register (PARAM12)		
			-
007 007 L-2		[WLF]Src 00000 [WLF]Dest D	<u>风</u> ) W00012
112.00			
008 008 IL-1	(_END_IF_)		
	normal scan treatment take it as timeout for abortion if not ended in 10 seconds after sending command.		
	sending command abort D8000200 D8000201		B00020A
009			-0
IL-1	[M]Count DW00031		
	release abort if timeout or error take place		
	timeout treating end DB00020A DB000211		9000201
010			-0
L-1	error DB000212		
	abort		
	DB000201		





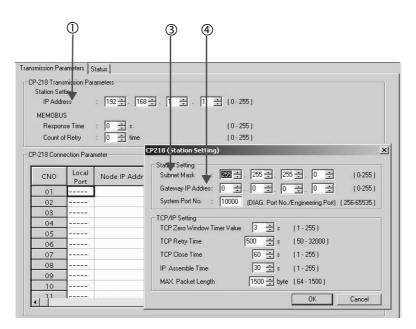
The communication setting and the ladder program creation are now finished, when MP2300S acts as a master.

# (2) How to Set up the Remote Equipment (MP2300) to Be Connected

If the setting of transmission parameters (IP address, subnet mask) is already completed, start from step 3.

- Module Configuration MP2300 Online Local PT#: 3 CPU#: 1 Controller 00 01 03 Slot Number 02 MP2300 • 218IF-01 UNDEFINED -UNDEFINED -• Module Type Controller Number Circuit Number I/O Start Register I/O End Register -------------• -Disable Input ---• -Disable Output Motion Start Register Motion End Register \_\_\_\_ Details Running Status Running 218IF-01: The module has Ethernet and RS232 functions. Module Details 218IF-01 SLOT#01 Slot Number Module Type 217IF 218IF 01 Controller Number Circuit Number 01 01 I/O Start Register ----I/O End Register ----Motion Start Register ----Motion End Register \_\_\_\_ Details Running Status Running
- 1. Double-click the 218IF Tab in the Module Details of the module configuration definition.

2. Set transmission parameters.



How to set up transmission parameters

- ① Set IP Address ("192.168.001.001," for example).
- © Click Edit, and then click Local Station: TCP/IP Setting in the Engineering Manager Window.
- <sup>3</sup> Set Subnet Mask ("255.255.255.000," for example).
- ④ Set Gateway IP Address ("000.000.000," for example).

#### Caution

Set up a unique IP address in the network.

For the IP address, check with your network administrator.

#### **3.** Set connection parameters.

18 Conn	nection Para	meter								
CNO	Local Port	Noce IP Address	Node Port	Connec Type	t	2 C	otocol Fype		Co	de
01	10001	192.168.001.001	10001	ТСР	•	Extended	MEMOBUS	•	BIN	-
02	10002	192. 68.001.001	10102	TCR	•	Extended	MEMOBUS	•	Bitt	-
03	0003	192.168.001.001	10003	TCP	*	Extended	MEMOBUS	*	BIN	-
04					•			•	1	-
05	10005	192.168.001.001	10005	TCP	•	Extended	MEMOBUS	*	BIN	-
06	10006	192.168.001.001	10006	TCP	•	Extended	MEMOBUS	-	BIN	-
07					•			-		-
08					-			-		-
09					-			+		-

- Procedure to set up in the CP-218 Connection Parameter Window, for example, with a connection number 03
  - ① Set Local Port (the port number "10003" used in the MP2300 side, for example).
  - © Set Node IP Address (the IP address "192.168.001.001" configured in the MP2300S side, for example).
  - ③ Set Node Port (the port number "10003" configured in the MP2300S side, for example).
  - ④ Select Connect Type, (TCP, for example).
  - <sup>⑤</sup> Select Extended MEMOBUS for Protocol Type.
  - <sup>©</sup> Select Code (BIN, for example).

#### Caution

When any transmission or connection parameter is changed, the change will be reflected after FLASH has been saved and the power supply is turned ON again.

4. Create a ladder program with a message receive function (MSG-RCV) in it.

An example of a ladder program for receiving messages in the remote equipment (MP2300) side follows:

#### Message receive function (MSG-RCV)

Required for receiving messages. Message reception is carried out by describing and executing this message receive function in a ladder program.

In addition, in order to support Read and Write by MP2300S, two message receive functions should be provided. Here, the input item and parameters (communication buffer channel number and connection number) of the message receive function need to accord with the MP2300S side settings.

-		MSG -	- RCV	
Communication device = Ethernet(218IF)	Execute	DB000200	Busy	DB000210
Protocol type	Abort	DB000201	Complete	DB000211
	Dev-Typ	00006	Error	DB000212
Circuit number = 1	Pro-Typ	00001		
Communication buffer channel number	Cir-No	00001		
	Ch-No	00003		
Parameter list start address —— = DA00000	Param	DA00000		

Note: Similarly, a message receive function with the communication buffer channel number=6 is required.

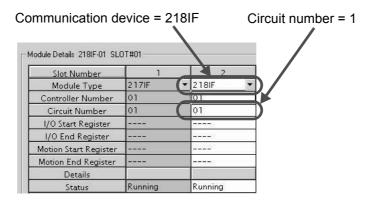


Fig. 6.10 MPE720 Module Configuration Definition Screen

#### ■ Input/output definitions contents for message receive functions

The input/output definition content for message receive function is as follows:

I/O Definition	No.	Name	Setting Example	Contents				
	1	Execute	DB000200	Executes a reception When Execute turns ON, the message reception is carried out.				
	2	Abort	DB000201	Aborts a reception When Abort turns ON, the message reception is forcibly stopped.				
	3	Dev-Typ	00006	Communication device type Specify the type of the communication device used in reception. When Ethernet (218IF) is used, specify "6."				
	4	Рго-Тур	00001	Communication protocol Specify the type of the communication protocol. MEMOBUS(*1) = 1, non-procedure 1(*2) = 2, non-procedure 2(*2) = 3				
Input Item	5 Cir-No 00001			Circuit number Specify a circuit number of the communication device. Specify it in accordance with the circuit number displayed in the MPE720 module configuration definition screen.				
	6	Ch-No	00003	Communication buffer channel number Specify the channel number of a communication buffer. When Ethernet (218IF) is used, specify it in the range between "1" and "10." * Set up a unique channel number in the line.				
	7	Param	DA00000	Parameter list start address Specify the start address of the parameter list. For the Parameter List, 17 words are automatically assigned from the configured address.				
	1	Busy	DB000210	In process Busy will be ON while executing a message reception or forced abort process.				
Output Item	2	Complete	DB000211	Process completed When a message reception or forced abort process is properly com- pleted, Complete will turn ON only for one scan.				
	3	Error	DB000212	Error occurred When an error occurs, Error will turn ON only for one scan.				

\* 1. When transmitting in MEMOBUS, Extended MEMOBUS, MELSEC, or MODBUS/TCP protocol, set the communication protocol (Pro-Typ) to MEMOBUS(=1). The communication device automatically converts the protocol.

\* 2. Non-procedure 1: In non-procedural communication, data is received on a per-word basis. Non-procedure 2: In non-procedural communication, data is received on a per-byte basis.

#### Parameter list setting example for message receive function

A parameter list setting example is as follows when receiving messages from a transmit source using the connection with a connection number = 3:

Register Number	Setting Value	Parameter Number	IN/OUT	Remarks
DW00000	-	PARAM00	OUT	Process result
DW00001	-	PARAM01	OUT	Status
DW00002	00003	PARAM02	IN	Connection number = 3 (For receiving read operation)
DW00003	-	PARAM03	OUT	Option
DW00004	-	PARAM04	OUT	Function code
DW00005	-	PARAM05	OUT	Data address
DW00006	-	PARAM06	OUT	Data size
DW00007	-	PARAM07	OUT	Remote CPU number
DW00008	00000	PARAM08	IN	Coil offset = 0 word
DW00009	00000	PARAM09	IN	Input relay offset = 0 word
DW00010	00000	PARAM10	IN	Input register offset = 0 word
DW00011	00000	PARAM11	IN	Holding register offset = 0 word
DW00012	00000	PARAM12	IN	Writable address lower limit = MW00000
DW00013	65534	PARAM13	IN	Writable address upper limit = MW65534
DW00014	-	PARAM14	SYS	Reserved by the system. (Zero clear at startup)
DW00015	-	PARAM15	SYS	Reserved by the system.
DW00016	_	PARAM16	SYS	Reserved by the system.

Table 6.15 Parameter List Setting Example1 (parameter list start address Param = DA00000)

Note: N: Input, OUT: Output, SYS: For system use

#### Example of Using the Message Receive Function in a Ladder Program

A ladder program for receiving messages in the remote equipment (MP2300) side is similar to that in (2) How to Set up the Remote Device (MP2300) to Be Connected of 6.2.3 When MP2300S Acts as Master (I/O message communication function is used).

However, change Communication buffer channel number and Connection number respectively based on the I/O definition and parameter list settings.

# (3) How to Start Communication

1. MP2300 side starts to receive the messages.

As the sample ladder program starts the message receive operation just after the system startup, you don't need to operate it particularly. Normally, accept the default.

2. Turn Execute ON for the message transmit function in the MP2300S side to transmit messages.

The sample ladder program is created to transmit a message every one second when five seconds elapsed after the low-speed scan (or high-speed scan) startup.

The way to change the message transmission interval is similar to that in (3) How to Start Communications of 6.2.1 When the MP2300S Acts as Slave (automatic receive function is used).

6.3.1 When MP2300S Acts as Slave

# 6.3 Communication with Touch Panel

This section explains how to communicate with a touch panel supporting for the Extended MEMOBUS protocol using the MP2300S automatic receive function.

In this section, GP3000 series manufactured by Digital Electronics Corp. is used as a touch panel supporting for the Extended MEMOBUS protocol.

# 6.3.1 When MP2300S Acts as Slave

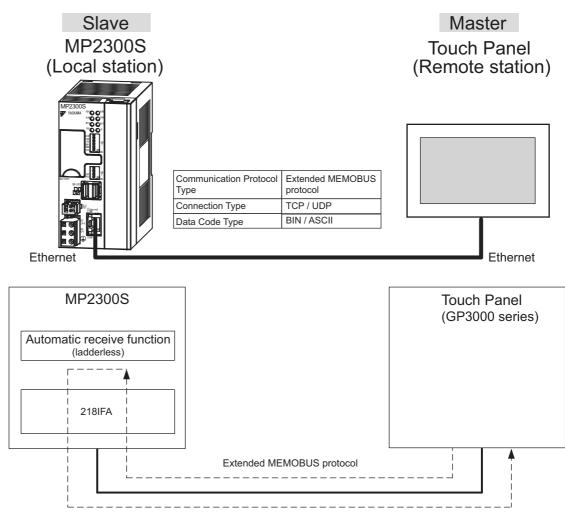
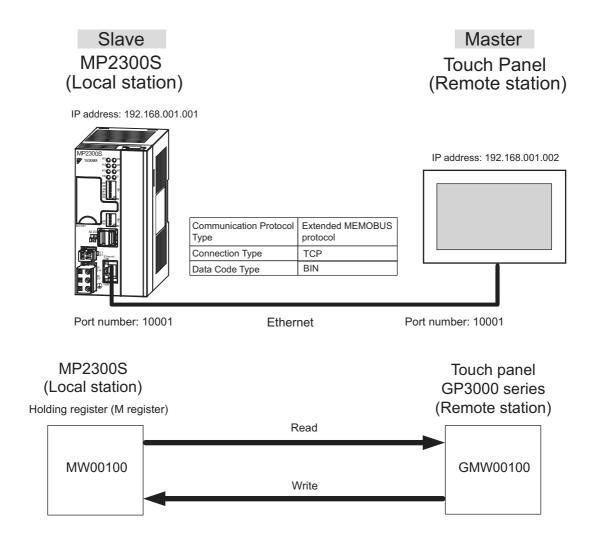


Fig. 6.11 Message Flow with Touch Panel (GP3000 series) when Automatic Receive Function Is Used

Note: Here, communication with the touch panel is carried out using the automatic receive function, but it can also use the message receive function (MSG-RCV). For information on how to set up when the message receive function (MSG-RCV) is used, refer to (2) How to Set up the Remote Device (MP2300) to Be Connected of 6.2.2 When the MP2300S Acts as a Slave (ladder program which uses a MSG-RCV function).

#### Setting Example

The following figure shows an example which displays the content of the MP2300S (slave) holding register (MW00100) on a touch panel and writes values from the touch panel to the same register.



## (1) How to Set up the MP2300S Side

1. Double-click the 218IFA Tab in the Module Details of the module configuration definition.

Slot Number	1	2	_	3		4		5	
Module Type	CPU 🤆	218IFA	•	SVP	•	SVR	•	M-EXECUTOR	
Controller Number	-	01		01		01		-	
Circuit Number	-	01		01		02		-	
I/O Start Register		0000		0800				0000	
I/O End Register		07FF		OBFF				0C3F	
Disable Input	-	Enable	•	Enable	•		-		
Disable Output	•	Enable	-	Enable	•		•		
Motion Start Register		8000			8800				
Motion End Register				87FF		8FFF			
Details				MECHATR	OLINK				
Status	Running	Running		Running		Running		Running	

#### 2. Set transmission parameters.

Transmission Farameters   Statu	at a second s	
Transmission Parameters IP Address : Subnet Mask : Gateway IP Address :	ISE       •       168       •       1       •       1       •       (0-255)         255       •       255       •       255       •       0       •       (0-255)         0       •       0       •       0       •       (0-255)	Module Name Definition Equipment name : CONTROLLER NAME Detail Definition

#### How to set up transmission parameters

- ① Set IP Address ("192.168.001.001," for example).
- <sup>®</sup> Set Subnet Mask ("255.255.255.000," for example).
- ③ Set Gateway IP Address ("000.000.000," for example).

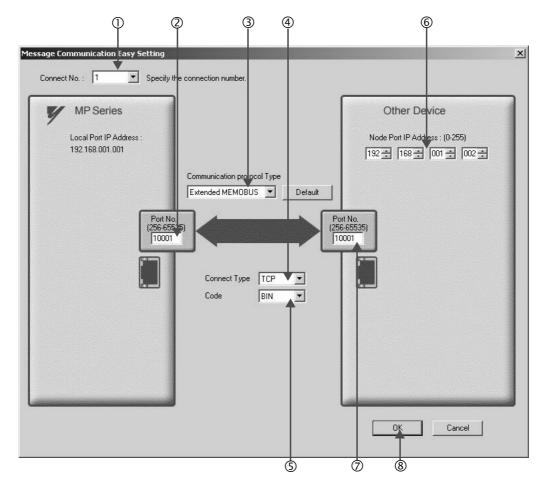
#### Caution

Set up a unique IP address in the network. For the IP address, check with your network administrator.

**3.** Click the **Easy Setting** Button in the **Message Communication** area of the connection parameter setting.

Easy setting	Ds possit	ble to following parameter	setting eas	ily that communicate	the message.			
CNO	Local Port	Node IP Address	Node Port	Connect Type	Protocol Type	Code	Automaticall Y	Node Name
01				•	•	-	Detail	
02				-	-	-		
03				•	•	-		
04				-	-	-		

4. Set a communication setting in the Message Communication Easy Setting Window.



#### How to set up in the Message Communication Easy Setting Window

 ${\rm \textcircled{O}}$  When automatic receive is used, select "1" for the Connect No.

- <sup>②</sup> Set **Port No.** of MP2300S side ("10001," for example).
- ③ Select Extended MEMOBUS for Communication Protocol Type, and click the Default Button.
- ④ Select Connect Type (TCP, for example).
- S Select Code (BIN, for example).
- Set Node Port IP Address for the other device (touch panel) to be connected ("192.168.001.002," for example).
- ⑦ Set Port No. of the other device (touch panel) to be connected ("10001," for example).
- ® Click OK.

When message functions (MSG-SND, MSG-RCV) are used with the connection number 01, disable the automatic receive function. If message functions are used while the automatic receive function is enabled, the communications will not function properly.

Note: By default, the automatic receive function with a connection number 01 is set to "Enable."

Caution

5. Click Yes in the parameter setting confirmation dialog box.

#### Caution

Note that when a parameter with the same connection number is already set and you click **Yes** in the parameter setting confirmation dialog, the setting will be overwritten by the parameter configured in the **Message Communication Easy Setting** Window.

6. Check the setting value and click the **Detail** Button in the **Automatically** column.

asy setting	It is possil	ble to following parameter	setting ea:	sily that comm	unicate the message.			
CNO	Local Port	Node IP Address	Node Port	Connect Type	Protocol Type		Code	Automaticall
01	10001	192.168.001.002	10001	TCP	<ul> <li>Extended MEMOBUS</li> </ul>	-	BIN	Detail
02					•	•		•
03					•	•		-
04					-	-		•

7. Check Enable in the Automatically Reception Setting Window and then click the OK Button.

	ated reception, when the o control sequence.
Transmission Buffer Channel 1	The automatic reception is fixed 1ch.
Slave I/F Register Settings	Head REG
Readout of Input Relay	IW0000
Readout of Input Register	IW0000
Readout / Write-in of Coil	MW00000
Readout / Write-in of Hold Register	MW00000
Write - in width of Coil/Hold Register LC	): MW00000
HI	: MW65534
Automatic input processing delay time	0 ms (0-100)
The influence on a low-speed scanning according to this parameter. [Attention] It is not in the setting of the period of an automatic reception.	

Note: For more information on Slave Side I/F Register Setting and Automatic Receive Process Delay Time, refer to 2.2.4 (4) (b) Automatic Receive Setting Screen for Message Communication on page 2-22. The automatic receive function for connecting the MP2300S to the touch panel is now set up.

#### Caution

When any transmission or connection parameter is changed, the change will be reflected after FLASH has been saved and the power supply is turned ON again.

6

## (2) How to set up a touch panel

This section explains the GP-Pro EX side set up procedure for connecting the MP2300S to an indicator (GP3000 series) and the screen creation example.

Note: The indicator (GP3000 series) and GP-Pro EX are manufactured by Digital Electronics Corp. Contact Digital Electronics Corp. for more information.

[a] How to Set up GP-Pro EX

- 1. Start up GP-Pro EX.
- 2. Create a new project.
- 3. Set its indicator type. Set the indicator type in accordance with the model in use.

Here, we explain the setting when AGP-3600T is used.

	31 O( I)
Series	GP3000 series
Genes	AGP33** series
Model	AGP-3600T
Installation Method	Horizontal model

4. Set up connected equipment.

Manufacturer	YASKAWA Electric Corporation
Series	MEMOBUS Ethernet

**5.** Set up the way to connect.

Table 6.18 Connection Method

Port	Ethernet (TCP)

- **6.** Select the **Connected Equipment Setting** from the **System** Tab to display the connected equipment setting screen.
- **7.** Set the communication setting.

Table 6.19 Communication Setting

Port Number*	10001
Timeout	3(sec)
Retry	0
Transmit Weight	0(ms)

\* For more information on the port number, refer to the following.

#### Port Number

- If you don't check Automatic Assignment of the port number in the communication setting screen, the automatic assignment will be disabled, and the GP3000 series port number will be fixed at the setting value.
- If you check Automatic Assignment of the port number in the communication setting screen, automatic assignment will be enabled, and the GP3000 series port number will be assigned in each case.

When you use Automatic Assignment, set *Unpassive open mode* in the 218IFA screen of MPE720. For more information about *Unpassive open mode*, refer to *2.2.4 (b) 218IFA Module Detailed Window* on page 2-16. For information on the relationship between GP-Pro EX and MPE720 settings, see the table below.

MPE720 Side Setting GP-Pro EX Side Setting	Unpassive open Mode	Fixed Value Setting
Automatic Assignment Enable	$\checkmark$	-
Automatic Assignment Disable	$\checkmark$	

Note:  $\sqrt{:}$  connectable, – : unconnectable

• How to set up *Unpassive open mode* of the MP2300S (reference)

Set Node IP Address to 000.000.000 and the Node Port to 0 to enter into the Unpassive open mode.

IP Address	ers : [1	192 🐳 - 168 🐳 - 1	÷ 1	÷ (0-255	Module Name Definiti Equipment name :		ITROLL	ER NA	ME	
Subnet Mask	: 2	255 🛨 255 🛨 25	5 🛨 🛛 🛛	÷ (0-255						
Gateway IP Addres	s : [0		÷. 0	÷ (0-255	Detail Definition					
-										
Easy setting CNO	lt is possib Local Port	ole to following parameter Node IP Address	setting eas Node Port	ily that commun Connect Τγpe	icate the message. Protocol Type		Code	e Ai	utomaticall γ	
	Local Port	For an arrest and	Node	Connect Type	Protocol	•	Code	e Ai		
CNO	Local Port	Node IP Address	Node Port	Connect Type	Protocol Type	* *		e Ai	γ	
CN0 01	Local Port	Node IP Address	Node Port	Connect Type	Protocol Type	* *		e Au	γ	

- **8.** Click the setup button of the connected PLC1 for each device setting to display the setting screen for each device.
- **9.** Set up the setting screen for each device.

In the setting screen for each device, set up a connected device (in this case, the MP2300S). Set the IP address, port number and data code in the same manner as the 218IFA screen of the MP2300S.

IP Address	192.168.001.001
Port Number	10001
Data Code	binary

• 218IFA screen (reference)

	eters				Module Name Definit	ion		
Address		192 🕂 - 168 🕂 - 1	÷ 1	+ 0-255	) Equipment name :	CONTROL	LER N	IAME
ibnet Mask	: [	255 ÷ 255 ÷ 25	55 🕂 🛛 🖸	÷ (0-255				
ateway IP Addr	ess : [	0 - 0 - 0	E. O	: (0-255	) Detail Definition			
ection Paramel essage Commi	unication —							
	unication —	ble to following parameter Node IP Address	Node	Connect	Protocol	Co	de /	Automaticall
essage Commi Easy setting CNO	It is possil Local	Node IP Address	Node Port	Connect Type	Protocol Type		de /	γ
essage Comm Easy setting	Unication It is possi Local	-	Node	Connect	Protocol		de /	Automaticall Y Detail
essage Comm Easy setting CNO 01	It is possil Local	Node IP Address	Node Port	Connect Type	Protocol Type		de V	γ

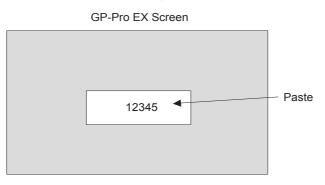
The setting is finished for now.

Create a screen and transfer the project to an indicator as required.

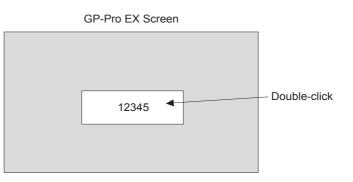
#### Caution

- Set up a unique IP address in the network. The MP2300S side IP address is set to "192.168.1.1" in self-configuration. For the IP address, check with your network administrator.
- Note: Set the GP3000 series IP address in the off-line mode of the indicator. Contact Digital Electronics Corp. for more information.

- [b] Screen Creation Example
  - 1. Create a base screen.
  - 2. Select Data Indicator from the toolbar to paste it on the screen.



**3.** Double-click the Data Indicator pasted on the screen.



4. Set as follows in the detailed setting screen of Data Indicator and click OK.

Table 6.21 Data Indicator Detailed Setting

Display Data	Numeric display
Monitor Word Address	GMW00100

■ Relationship between GP-Pro EX address display and MP2300S register

Device	GP-Pro EX Address Display	MP2300S Register
Coil (bit)	GMBDDDDD	MBDDDDDD
Coil (word)	GMWDDDDD	MWDDDDD
Input Relay (bit)	GIBDDDD	IBOOOO
Input Relay (word)	GIWDDDD	IWDDDD

## (3) How to Start Communication

#### 1. The MP2300S side starts to receive the messages.

When the automatic receive function is used, the message receive operation starts automatically, and you are not required to do anything.

### 2. Start up the touch panel (GP3000 series) to display the main screen.

After the system startup of the touch panel, communication with MP2300S will start. Note: Contact Digital Electronics Corp. for more information.

# 6.4 Communication with PLC Manufactured by Mitsubishi Electric Corporation (MELSEC protocol)

In Ethernet communication between the MP2300S and MELSEC (Q, A series) general-purpose PLC manufactured by Mitsubishi Electric Corporation, the MELSEC protocol (MELSEC ACPU common command) is used as a communication protocol.

Using the MELSEC protocol allows a master to read/write the slave register content.

This chapter explains communication when the MP2300S acts as a slave and a master respectively.

For using the MP2300S as a slave, we explain communication using the automatic receive function.

For using the MP2300S as a master, we explain communication using the I/O message communication function.

## 6.4.1 When the MP2300S Acts as Slave (automatic receive function is used)

This section explains how to carry out a fixed buffer communication with the BUFSND command (with procedure) of the MELSEC Q series using the MP2300S automatic receive function.

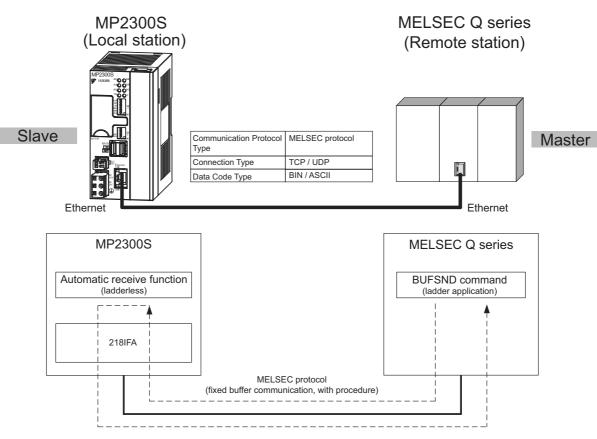


Fig. 6.12 Message Flow with the MELSEC Q Series when the Automatic Receive Function Is Used

6

#### Caution

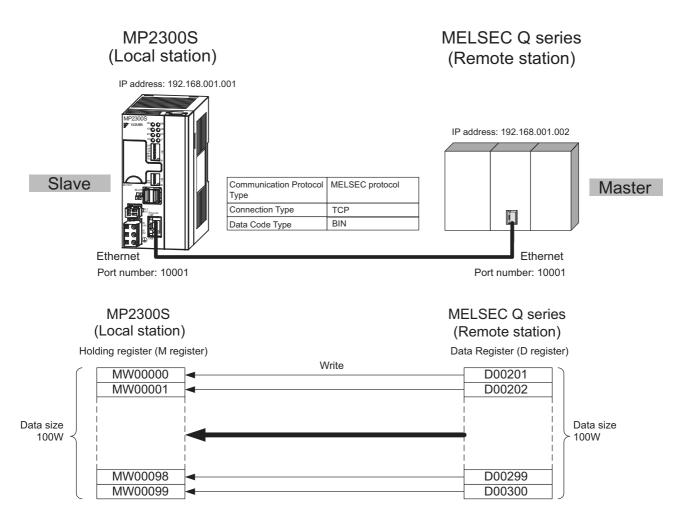
Communication using the automatic receive function is 1:1 communication.

Also, when "Communication Protocol Type: MELSEC" is used in communication with the MELSEC Q series, the MELSEC Q series (master) side can read/write the holding register of the MP2300S (slave) using fixed buffer communication. However, when the MP2300S acts as a slave, you cannot use the inter-CPU or random access communication, because of the MELSEC specifications.

In addition, use the message receive function (MSG-RCV) when communicating with multiple remote devices.

### Setting Example

The following figure illustrates one example of writing the contents of the data register (D00201 to D00300) of MELSEC Q series (master) into the MP2300S (slave) holding register (MW00000 to MW00099).



The particular setup procedure is explained in the subsequent pages.

## (1) How to Set up the MP2300S Side

If the setting of transmission parameters (IP address, subnet mask) is already completed, start from step 3.

1. Double-click the 218IFA Tab in the Module Details of the module configuration definition.

Slot Number	1	2		3		4		5
Module Type	CPU 🤆	218IFA	-	SVP	•	SVR	•	M-EXECUTOR
Controller Number	-	01		01		01	- 11	-
Circuit Number	-	01		01		02		-
I/O Start Register		0000		0800				0000
I/O End Register		07FF		OBFF				0C3F
Disable Input	-	Enable	-	Enable	•		•	
Disable Output	•	Enable	-	Enable	•		•	
Motion Start Register				8000		8800		
Motion End Register				87FF		8FFF		
Details				MECHATR	DLINK			
Status	Running	Running		Running		Running		Running

#### 2. Set transmission parameters.

003		
Transmission Parameters	tus	
- Transmission Parameter	Module Name Definition	
IP Address	IEE . 168 . 1 . 1 . (0-255) Equipment name : CONTROLLER NAME	-
Subnet Mask	255 - 255 - 255 - 0 - (0-255)	
Gateway IP Address	0 🚎 0 🚎 0 🐳 (0-255) Detail Definition	

#### How to set up transmission parameters

- ① Set IP Address ("192.168.001.001," for example).
- <sup>(2)</sup> Set **Subnet Mask** ("255.255.255.000," for example).
- ③ Set Gateway IP Address ("000.000.000," for example).

Set up a unique IP address in the network. For the IP address, check with your network administrator.

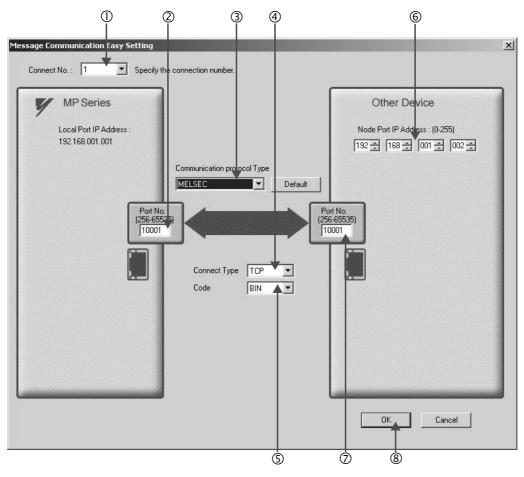
Caution

**3.** Click the **Easy Setting** Button in the **Message Communication** area of the connection parameter setting.

Easy setting	Ds possit	ble to following parameter	setting eas	ily that communical	e the message.			
CNO	Local Port	Node IP Address	Node Port	Connect Type	Protocol Type	Code	Automaticall V	Node Na
01				•		•	Detail	
02				-	•	-		
03				•	-	•		
04				-	-	-		

Cannot the overlap to local station port number used by the communicate the 1/0 message.

4. Set up the communication settings in the Message Communication Easy Setting Window.



#### How to set up in the **Message Communication Easy Setting** Window

- ${\rm \textcircled{O}}$  When automatic receive is used, select "1" for the Connect No.
- <sup>②</sup> Set **Port No.** of MP2300S side ("10001," for example).
- ③ Select MELSEC for Communication Protocol Type, and click the Default Button.
- ④ Select Connect Type (TCP, for example).
- Select Code (BIN, for example).
- Set Node port IP Address for the other device (MELSEC Q series) to be connected ("192.168.001.002," for example).
- The set Port No. of the other device (MELSEC Q series) to be connected ("10001," for example).
- ® Click OK.

#### Caution

When message functions (MSG-SND, MSG-RCV) are used with the connection number 01, disable the automatic receive function. If message functions are used while the automatic receive function is enabled, the communications will not function properly.

Note: By default, the automatic receive function with a connection number 01 is set to "Enable."

#### 5. Click Yes in the parameter setting confirmation dialog box.

#### Caution

Note that when a parameter with the same connection number is already set and you click **Yes** in the parameter setting confirmation dialog, the setting will be overwritten by the parameter configured in the **Message Communication Easy Setting** Window.

#### 6. Check the setting value and click the **Detail** Button in the **Automatically** column.

	Land		Mada	C		Durational	- i	C		A
CNO	Local Port	Node IP Address	Node Port	Conne Type		Protocol Type		Coc	de	Automaticall
01	10001	192.168.001.002	10001	ТСР	-	MELSEC	-	BIN	E	Detail
02					•		-		-	
03					-		-		-	
04					-		-		-	

Cannot the overlap to local station port number used by the communicate the 1/0 message.

7. Click Enable in the Automatically Reception Setting Window and then click the OK Button.

tomatically Reception Setting	
	ated reception, when the o control sequence.
Transmission Buffer Channel 1	The automatic reception is fixed 1ch.
Slave I/F Register Settings	Head REG
Readout of Input Relay	IW0000
Readout of Input Register	IW0000
Readout / Write-in of Coil	MW00000
Readout / Write-in of Hold Register	MW00000
Write - in width of Coil/Hold Register LO	HW00000
HI	MW65534
Automatic input processing delay time	0 ms (0-100)
The influence on a low-speed scanning according to this parameter. [Attention ] It is not in the setting of the	
period of an automatic reception.	

Note: For more information on Slave Side I/F Register Setting and Automatic Receive Process Delay Time, refer to 2.2.4 ( 4 ) (b) Automatic Receive Setting Screen for Message Communication on page 2-22.

The automatic receive function is now set up, when MP2300S acts as a slave.

#### Caution

When any transmission or connection parameter is changed, the change will be reflected after FLASH has been saved and the power supply is turned ON again.

## (2) How to Set up the Remote Device (MELSEC Q series) to Be Connected

This section explains the MELSEC Q series side procedure to set up for connecting the MP2300S with the MELSEC Q series.

Note: MELSEC Q series are manufactured by Mitsubishi Electric Corporation. Contact Mitsubishi Electric Corporation for more information.

- **1.** Start up GX Developer.
- 2. Create a new project.
- 3. Set up network parameters (MELSECNET/Ethernet).

Table 6.22	Network	Parameter	Setting	(example)
------------	---------	-----------	---------	-----------

Setting Item	Setting Details
Network Type	Ethernet
Start I/O No.	Any
Network No.	Any
Group No.	Any
Exchange Number	Any
Mode	Online

**4.** Set up Ethernet operation.

Table 6.23 Ethernet Operation Setting (example)

	U U U U
Setting Item	Setting Details
Communication Data Code Setting	Binary code communication
Initial Timing Setting	Any
IP Address	192.168.1.2
Transmit Frame Setting	Ethernet (V2.0)
TCP Alive Check Setting	Any
Permit Writing during RUN	Permitted

5. Set the open setting.

Table 6.24	Open	Setting	(example)
------------	------	---------	-----------

Setting Item	Setting Details (connection number=1)
Protocol	ТСР
Open System	Active
Fixed Buffer	Transmit
Procedure to Communicate with Fixed Buffer	With procedure
Pairing Open	Any
Check Alive	Any
Local Port Number	2711H (10001)
Remote IP Address for Communication	192.168.1.1
Remote Port Number for Update	2711H (10001)

#### Caution

Set up a unique IP address in the network. For the IP address, check with your network administrator.

#### Complement

Set up an initial setting and a router relay parameter below, if needed:

- Initial setting Set a timer relevant configuration when TCP is selected as a protocol. In most cases, accept the default. Set up if changes such as a shortened a TCP retransmit timer are required.
  Router relay parameter
- Set up when you use a subnet mask pattern or default gateway.

#### 6. Create a ladder program for communication.

#### Procedure overview to communicate using a ladder program

- ① Use an OPEN command to establish a connection with the remote device.
- ② Use a BUFSND command to write the register content configured by parameters below to the MP2300S holding register (M register).
- Setting example: When the BUFSND command is used to set the device start number for storing the transmit data to "D00200"

D00200 (transmit data length):100W

#### D00201 to D00300 (transmit data): Written into MW00000 to MW00099

③ If necessary, use a CLOSE command to close the operation.

Note: Contact Mitsubishi Electric Corporation for more information on the ladder program.

The setting is finished for now. If necessary, transfer the settings to the PLC after setting all parameters.

#### (3) How to Start Communication

1. The MP2300S side starts to receive the messages.

When an automatic receive function is used, the message receive operation starts automatically, so you are not required to do anything.

**2.** Use an OPEN command in the MELSEC Q series side to establish a connection with the MP2300S, and use a BUFSND command to transmit messages.

When messages are transmitted from the MESLSEC Q series, communication with the MP2300S will start.

## 6.4.2 When the MP2300S Acts as Master (I/O message communication function is used)

This section explains how to carry out the communications between CPU and the MELSEC Q series using the MP2300S I/O message communication function.

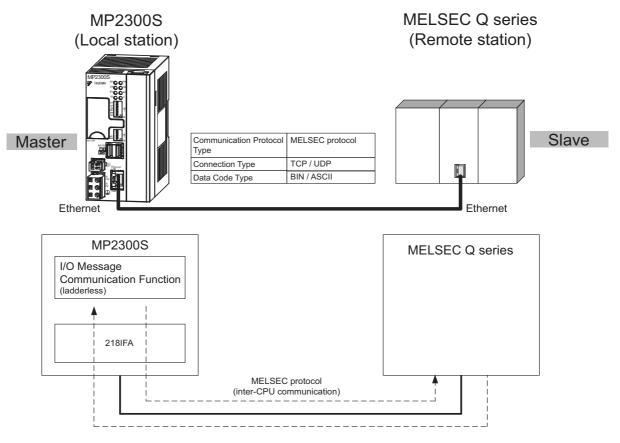


Fig. 6.13 Message Flow with MELSEC Q series when I/O Message Communication Function Is Used

#### Caution

I/O message communication is 1:1 communication.

In addition, you can read and write the registers below using inter-CPU communication when "Communication Protocol Type: MELSEC" is used in the communication with the MELSEC series.

- Bit device register ---- X, Y (read only), M, B
- Word device register - D, W, R

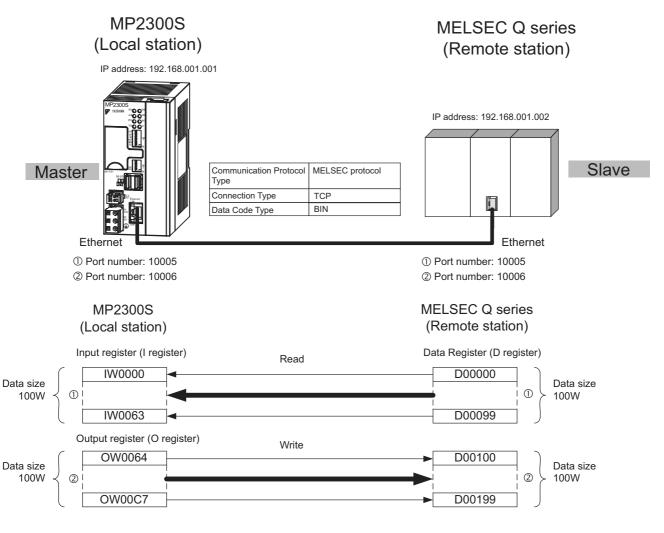
Note: A bit device register reads or writes on a per-word (16 bit) basis.

When communicating with multiple remote devices.

To carry out a fixed buffer/random access buffer communication when reading/writing registers other than those mentioned above, use the message transmit function (MSG-SND).

#### Setting Example

The following figure illustrates one example of reading the content of the data register (D00000 to D00099) of the MELSEC Q series (slave) into an input register (IW0000 to IW0063) of the MP2300S (master) and writing the content of an output register (OW0064 to OW00C7) of the MP2300S (master) in a data register (D00100 to D00199) of the MELSEC Q series (slave).



A particular setup procedure is explained in the subsequent pages.

#### (1) How to Set up the MP2300S Side

If the setting of transmission parameters (IP address, subnet mask) is already completed, start from step 3.

## 1. Double-click the 218IFA Tab in the Module Details of the module configuration definition.

Slot Number	1	2		3		4		5
Module Type	СРИ 🗸	218IFA	-	542	•	SVR	•	M-EXECUTOR
Controller Number	-	01		01		01		-
Circuit Number	-	01		01		02		-
I/O Start Register		0000		0800				0000
I/O End Register		07FF		OBFF				0C3F
Disable Input	-	Enable	•	Enable	•		-	
Disable Output	-	Enable	-	Enable	•		-	
Motion Start Register				8000		8800		
Motion End Register		87FF 8		8FFF				
Details				MECHATRO	OLINK			
Status	Running	Running		Running		Running		Running

#### **2.** Set transmission parameters.

Transmission Parameters	Status	
Transmission Parameters IP Address Subnet Mask	Image:	
Gateway IP Address	: 0 ÷ 0 ÷ 0 ÷ 0.255) Detail Definition	

How to set up transmission parameters

① Set IP Address ("192.168.001.001," for example).

- <sup>®</sup> Set Subnet Mask ("255.255.255.000," for example).
- ③ Set Gateway IP Address ("000.000.000," for example).

Set up a unique IP address in the network. For the IP address, check with your network administrator.

3. Click Enable in the I/O Message Communication of the connection parameter setting.

Easy setting Data update tin	· · · · · ·	ole to set easily that comm	iunicate the	e I/O message.			
Read/ Write	Local Port	Node IP Address	Node Port	Connect Type	Protocol Type	Code	
Read				-	-	-	
Write				-	*	•	
I ■ 100000000000000000000000000000000000	Head input disabl	d register number data siz e 1W0000 4 ole 0W0004 4	_	Head register		e / Node equipr	▶ nent

Caution

- 34 1 2 6 × I/O Message Communication Easy Setti MP Series Other Device Local Port IP Address Node Port IP Address : (0-255) 192.168.001.001 192 🛨 168 🛨 001 🛨 002 ᅷ Communication protocol Type Input Reg(IWxxxx) -MELSEC Default IW0000 Read Reg Port No. (256-65585) 10005 Port No (256-655) - 000r0 D IW/0 Read Size 100 W 10005 Input disable D Output Reg(OWxxxx) Connect Type TCF BIN Write Reg Code 0W0064 Port No. (256-65535) Port No. (256-65535) 10006 D • 00100 Write Size 100 10006 🔲 Output disable Data update timing Low • Scan Cancel OĶ 1 108 6 (14)  $\textcircled{1}{2}$ 000
- 4. Set-up a communication settings in the I/O Message Communication Easy Setting Window.

How to set up in the I/O Message Communication Easy Setting Window

① Set Port No. of MP2300S side ("10005, 10006," for example).
② Select MELSEC for Communication Protocol Type, and click the Default Button.

#### Caution

When the communication protocol is MELSEC, the register type for the default read/write is "Word Device Register: D."

- ③ Select Connect Type (TCP, for example).
- ④ Select Code (BIN, for example).
- Set Node Port IP Address for the other device (MELSEC Q series) to be connected ("192.168.001.002," for example).
- © Set Port No. of the other device (MELSEC Q series) to be connected ("10005, 10006," for example).

Caution

In I/O message communications, since a message is transmitted from each port number for register read/write, a connected remote device needs the two receive connections for receiving messages.

- ⑦ Set a storage area (Input Reg) for data read by the MP2300S (IW0000, for example).
- <sup>®</sup> Set Read Size of data to be read by the MP2300S ("100" W, for example).
- Set a storage area (Output Reg) for data written by MP2300S (OW0064, for example).
- <sup>®</sup> Set Write Size of data written by the MP2300S ("100" W, for example).
- Set an I/O data update timing (Data update timing) for the CPU and built-in Ethernet ("Low" scan, for example).

#### Data Update Timing

Data update timing indicates when to give and receive data between the CPU and built-in Ethernet. Communication with the remote device is carried out asynchronously, so note that a message is not necessarily transmitted to the remote device at each data update timing.

- In Set the register type and start address (Read Reg) of the remote device (MELSEC Q series) read by the MP2300S ("D00000," for example).
- Image: Set the register type and start address (Write Reg) of the remote device (MELSEC Q series) written by the MP2300S ("D00100," for example).
- Generation OK.
- 5. Click Yes in the parameter setting confirmation dialog box.

#### Caution

Note that when a parameter with the same connection number is already set and you click **Yes** in the parameter setting confirmation dialog, the setting will be overwritten by the parameter configured in the **Message Communication Easy Setting** Window.

**6.** Check the setting values.

Easy setting Data update tir	·	ble to set easily that comm	nunicate th	e I/O messag	3.				
Read/ Write	Local Port	Node IP Address	Node Port	Connect Type	Protocol Type		Co	de	
Read	10005	192.168.001.002	10005	TCP	MELSEC	-	BIN	-	
Write	10006	192.168.001.002	10006	TCP	MELSEC	•	BIN	•	
•									
	2200	d register number data siz			gister number da	ata siz			

The I/O message communication is now set up, when the MP2300S acts as a master.

#### Caution

When any transmission or connection parameter is changed, the change will be reflected after FLASH has been saved and the power supply is turned ON again.

## (2) How to Set up the Remote Equipment (MELSEC Q series) to Be Connected

This section explains the MELSEC Q series side procedure to set up for connecting the MP2300S with the MELSEC Q series.

Note: MELSEC Q series are products manufactured by Mitsubishi Electric Corporation. Contact Mitsubishi Electric Corporation for more information.

- 1. Start up GX Developer.
- 2. Create a new project.
- 3. Set up network parameters (MELSECNET/Ethernet).

Table 6.25 Network Parameter Setting (example)

Setting Item	Setting Details
Network Type	Ethernet
Start I/O No.	Any
Network No.	Any
Group No.	Any
Exchange Number	Any
Mode	Online

**4.** Set up Ethernet operation.

Table 6.26 Ethernet Operation Setting (example)

Setting Item	Setting Details
Communication Data Code Setting	Binary mode communication
Initial Timing Setting	Always waiting OPEN
IP Address	192.168.1.2
Transmit Frame Setting	Ethernet (V2.0)
TCP Alive Check Setting	Any
Permit Writing during RUN	Permitted

5. Set the open setting.

Table 6.27	Open	Setting	(example)
------------	------	---------	-----------

Setting Item	Setting Details (connection number=1)	Setting Details (connection number=2)
Protocol	ТСР	ТСР
Open System	Fullpassive	Fullpassive
Fixed Buffer	Any	Any
Procedure to Communicate with Fixed Buff- er	Any	Any
Pairing Open	Any	Any
Check Alive	Any	Any
Local Port Number	2715H (10005)	2716H (10006)
Remote IP Address for Communication	192.168.1.1	192.168.1.1
Remote Port Number for Update	2715H (10005)	2716H (10006)

#### Caution

Set up a unique IP address in the network.

For the IP address, check with your network administrator.

The setting is finished for now. If necessary, transfer the settings to the PLC after setting all parameters.

#### Complement

Set up an initial setting and a router relay parameter below, if needed:

- Initial setting Set a timer relevant configuration when TCP is selected as a protocol. In most cases, accept the default. Set up if changes such as a shortened TCP retransmit timer are required.
- · Router relay parameter
- Set up when you use a subnet mask pattern or default gateway.

## (3) How to Start Communication

**1.** The MELSEC Q series starts to receive messages.

The message receive operation starts automatically, so you are not required to do anything.

#### 2. The MP2300S side transmits messages.

When an I/O message communication function is used, the message transmit operation starts automatically, so you are not required to do anything.

6

## Slave CPU Synchronous Function

This chapter explains the slave CPU synchronous function details and the precautions for using it.

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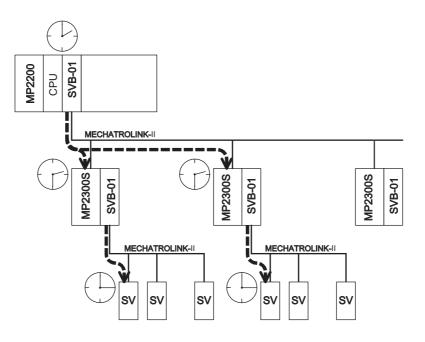
## 7.1 Function

## 7.1.1 Overview

A slave CPU synchronous function synchronizes the master side high-speed scan cycle with the MP2300S high-speed scan cycle, in a configuration where another MP2300S series controller acts as a MECHATROLINK master and the MP2300S with a built-in SVB acts as a MECHATROLINK slave.

This function automatically allows you the synchronization among slave CPUs and the distribution of application programs by connecting multiple MP2300Ss as a slave.

The following figure shows a schematic diagram of the slave CPU synchronous function of MECHATROLINK-II.



Here, there is a communication delay in MECHATROLINK-II as shown above, until a command from a master side application program is transmitted to a slave.

Since, the delay time is constant, you can use an application program to manage the timing between the master and slave. Note that you don't need to control the timing between slave CPUs.

#### Caution

A precaution is given to safely use the slave CPU synchronous function. For more information on the precautions, refer to 7.4 *Precautions*.

7.2.1 Supported Version

## 7.2 Requirements and Setting of Execution

## 7.2.1 Supported Version

In order to use the slave CPU synchronous function, the master side must support the MP2300S. The following table shows supported versions:

Controller	Model	Version
MP2100	JAPMC-MC2100(-E)	
MP2100M	JAPMC-MC2140(-E)	
MP2300	JEPMC-MP2300(-E)	Ver.2.60 or later
MP2300S	JEPMC-MP2300S-E	
MP2400	JEPMC-MP2400-E	
MP2000 series SVB-01	JAPMC-MC2310(-E)	Ver.1.21 or later

## 7.2.2 Requirements to Execute Slave CPU Synchronous Function

In order to use the slave CPU synchronous function, both master and slave sides must meet all the following requirements:

## (1) Master Side Requirements

- Supports the slave synchronous function (the versions mentioned above and later)
- H scan setting is either an integer multiple or an integer fraction of the MECHATROLINK communication cycle
- Communication system is MECHATROLINK-II (17Byte, 32Byte)

## (2) Slave Side Requirements

- Selects "Slave Synchronous Function = Enable" as a MECHATROLINK communication parameter
- H scan setting is either an integer multiple or an integer fraction of the MECHATROLINK communication cycle setting
- H scan setting is either an integer multiple or an integer fraction of the master side H scan setting
- Sets "Resume Control of Slave Synchronization = OFF" as an output register assigned to MP2300S/SVB

## (3) Setting Example

• Master side

Communication cycle setting : 1 ms — H scan setting : 4 ms —	0	
• Slave side	0	3
H scan setting : 2 ms —		

0 The master side H scan setting is an integral multiple of the MECHATROLINK communication cycle

 $\ensuremath{\mathbbm O}$  The slave side H scan setting is an integer fraction of the master side H scan setting

③ The slave side H scan setting is an integral multiple of the communication cycle setting

 $\rightarrow$  If requirements are met, a slave CPU synchronization can be executed.

7.2.3 How to Set up Slave CPU Synchronous Function

## 7.2.3 How to Set up Slave CPU Synchronous Function

The way to set up the slave CPU synchronous function is as follows:

## (1) Master Side Setting

The master side does not need to enable/disable the slave CPU synchronous function. Set the synchronous scan of MP2300S/SVB to "High" as a MECHATROLINK link assignment.

MECHATROLINK MP23005 Online Local			
#: 2 CPU#: 1	RACK#01	Slot #00 CIR#01 0000-03FF	
ansmission Parameters Link Assignment   1/0 Map   Stat	atus		
ST# TYPE D INPUT SIZ	ZE D OUTPUT SIZE SO	CAN Comment	i
	15 OW0010 15 High		
02 03 04 Select SVB-01 even when		Set the synchrono scan to "High."	ous
assigning MP2300S/SVB.			
08		•	

7.2.3 How to Set up Slave CPU Synchronous Function

### (2) Slave Side Setting

1. Select "Slave synchronous function = Enable" as a MECHATROLINK communication parameter.

ini Module Configuration MP23005 Online Local PT#: 2 CPU#: 1 日かりかり Controller Slot Number 00 Module Type MP23005 UNDEFINED 19 Controller Number Circuit Number 1/O Start Register 1/O End Register . Disable Input ٠ Disable Output Motion Start Register Motion End Register Details. Running Seaturs MP23005. Controller module with network servici control, ethemet, virtual aver, program control function Module Details MP2300S SL0T#00 Slot Number \* M-EXECUTOR\* \* 238IFA ▼ SVE Module Type SVR -Controller Number Circuit Number 01 02 1/O Start Register 0400 OFFF 103.FF 043F 1/O End Register Enable -Disable Input Enable ÷ · Enable Disable Output Enable Motion Start Register Double-click to open a 8765 BENER Motion End Register -MECHATROLINK detailed definition. Details MECHATROUNK \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* 11 • MEXECUTOR : Program control function MECHATROLINK MP23005 Online Local \_ [] × RACK#01 PT#: 2 CPU#: 1 Transmission Parameters | Link Assignment | 1/0 Map | Status | Communication Type MECHATROLINK-II (32 Byte Mode) Master/Slave ٠ Slave My station address 1 Transmission Speed × Transmission Byte Communication Cycle v. SigmaWin ¥ Number of retry to slaves Ŧ Number of slaves ÷. Select "Slave synchronous function Stave synchronous function =Enable." Enable -.... 10 .....

7.2.3 How to Set up Slave CPU Synchronous Function

2. Set the synchronous scan to High as a MECHATROLINK link assignment.

T#: 2	2 CP	U#: 1				RACK	<#(	)1 Slot #0	10	CIR#01	0000-03FF	₽►►►
ransr	nissior	n Parameters	Link Assignme	nt	1/0 Map	Status	ŧ					
Г	ST#	Т	YPE	D	INPUT	SIZE	D	OUTPUT	SIZE	SCAN	4	Com
**		SVB-01	¥		IW0000	15		OW0310	15			
	02		-					-			Set the syncl	nronous
	03		*								scan to "High	ı." ∬
	04		•									
	05		•							-		
	06		•									
	07			100			100	ł				

## 7.2.4 How to Execute Slave CPU Synchronous Function

When the execution requirements described in 7.2.2 Requirements to Execute Slave CPU Synchronous Function are met, slave CPU synchronization will be automatically executed after the communication between the master and the MP2300S is established, so you do not need to explicitly command the start. Of course, you can explicitly control the start, if you wish, by using a slave side control bit SLVSC.

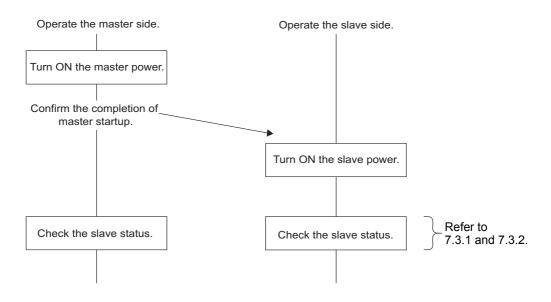
A precaution for the slave CPU synchronous process is given when powering the equipment. As described in *7.4.1 Precautions on Usage*, when transforming from the asynchronous to synchronous state using the slave CPU synchronous function, a slave side scan cycle (high/low speed) may delay up to one scan cycle, affecting the slave side application.

To avoid this impact, the procedures of "Turning on the Master Side Power First" and "Turning on the Slave Side Power First," are suggested.

In general, we recommend that you execute the simple procedure for "Turning on the Master Side Power First."

## (1) Turning ON the Master Side Power First

After confirming that the master side startup is complete, turn ON the slave side power. To determine the startup completion within the application, use system register SB000401 "RUN".



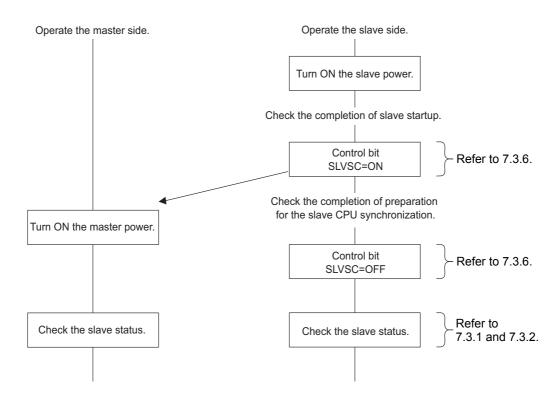
7.2.4 How to Execute Slave CPU Synchronous Function

## (2) Turning ON the Slave Side Power First

After confirming that the slave side startup is complete, use an application program to set control bit  $SLVSC = ON^*$ . Then, turn ON the master side power.

After confirming that no axis connected to the motion module installed in a slave side optional slot is moving, the slave CPU synchronization can be executed by setting control bit SLVSC = OFF(\*).

\* For more information, refer to 7.3.6 Management to Resume Slave CPU Synchronization.

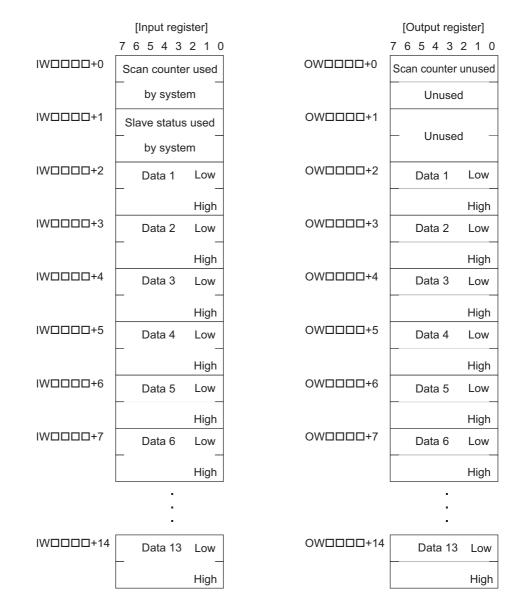


## 7.3 Operation

## 7.3.1 Input/Output Register

This section describes the details of the input/output register configured in the link assignment.

## (1) Master Side Input/Output Data



#### Input data details

Item	Description
Scan Counter	One byte of area which allows a master side application to check a value configured and updated by a slave side application. It is used for the following purposes: • Checks the update of input data from MP2300S. • Determines the MP2300S behavior (in operation/in pause). Note that the use of this area is optional.
Slave Status	Status of MECHATROLINK transmission unit of MP2300S. The configuration is shown on the subsequent page:
Data	Up to 6 words of data area for MECHATROLINK-II (17Byte) and up to 13 words of data area for MECHATROLINK-II (32Byte) are available.

7.3.1 Input/Output Register

### Slave status details

bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
SYNC	SYNCRDY	SBUSY	(	)	CMDRDY	WARNG	0

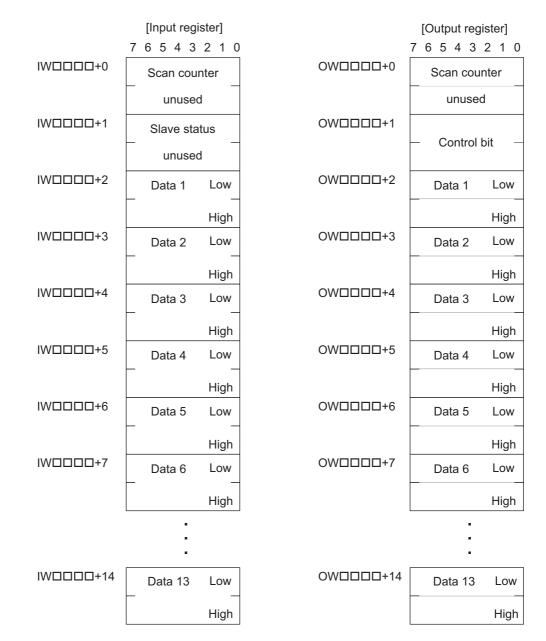
Name		Definition	Description				
	0	Normal	When a slave detects one of the following errors, this bit is turned ON.				
WARNG	1	Warning	<ul> <li>When the cause is corrected, it is turned OFF.</li> <li>Receive error</li> <li>Unsupported command reception</li> <li>Transmission cycle is out of the specification range</li> <li>Data error in the receive command</li> <li>Command execution requirement is not met</li> </ul>				
CMDRDY	0 Command Unreceivable (busy)		Turned ON when a process for the MECHATROLINK command trans- mitted from a master is completed and the slave is ready to receive the				
CINDICD I	1	Command receivable (ready)	next command.				
SBUSY	0	Steady state	This bit is turned ON while the slave CPU synchronization is in pro-				
30031	1	Transient state	cess.				
	0 Preparation for slave syn- chronization not completed						
SYNCRDY	1	Preparation for slave syn- chronization completed	<ul><li>An execution requirement of the slave CPU synchronization has not been met.</li><li>A control bit "SLVSC" is turned ON by MP2300S side</li></ul>				
SYNC	0	Slave asynchronous state	This bit is turned ON when entering the slave CPU synchronous state.				
	1	Slave synchronous state	This on is turned on when entering the slave CPO synchronous state.				

Note: When a receive error occurs, both system registers "I/O Error Count" (SW00200) and "Input Error Count" (SW00201) increase.

## Output data details

Item	Description
Scan Counter	<ul> <li>One byte of area which allows a master side application to check a value configured and updated by a slave side application. It is used for the following purposes:</li> <li>Checks the update of output data from the master</li> <li>Determines the master behavior (in operation/in pause)</li> <li>Note that the use of this area is optional and the data input/output process is carried out without updating the scan counter value.</li> </ul>
Data	Up to 6 words of data area for MECHATROLINK-II (17Byte) and up to 13 words of data area for MECHATROLINK-II (32Byte) are available.

## (2) Slave Side Input/Output Data



## Input data details

Item	Description
Scan Counter	<ul> <li>One byte of area which allows a slave side application to check a value configured and updated by a master side application. It is used for the following purposes:</li> <li>Checks the update of output data from the master.</li> <li>Determines the master behavior (in operation/in pause).</li> <li>Note that the use of this area is optional.</li> </ul>
Slave Status	Status of MECHATROLINK transmission unit of a slave-status MP2300S. It is the same content as reported to the master.
Data	Up to 6 words of data area for MECHATROLINK-II (17Byte) and up to 13 words of data area for MECHATROLINK-II (32Byte) are available.

## Output data details

Item	Description
Scan Counter	<ul> <li>One byte of area which allows a master side application to check a value configured and updated by a slave side application. It is used for the following purposes:</li> <li>Checks the update of input data from MP2300S</li> <li>Determines the MP2300S behavior (in operation/in pause)</li> <li>Note that the use of this area is optional and the data input/output process is carried out without updating the scan counter value.</li> </ul>
Control Bit	Sets the behavior of the MECHATROLINK transmission unit of the control bit MP2300S. The configuration is shown as follows:
Data	Up to 6 words of data area for MECHATROLINK-II (17Byte) and up to 13 words of data area for MECHATROLINK-II (32Byte) are available.

## Control bit details

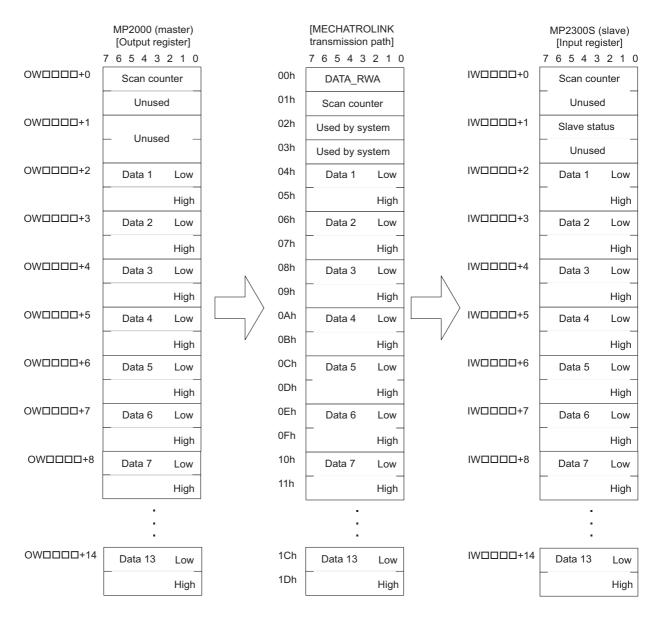
bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0		
Unused									
bit15	bit14	bit13	bit12	bit11	bit10	bit9	bit8		
Unused									

Name	Definition		Description
SLVSC	0	Resume enable	Even when the slave CPU synchronization is not carried out, the slave CPU synchronization is automatically resumed.
	1	Resume disable	Even when the slave CPU synchronization is not carried out, it contin- ues to work in an asynchronous state.

Note: For information on SLVSC usage, refer to 7.3.6 Management to Resume Slave CPU Synchronization.

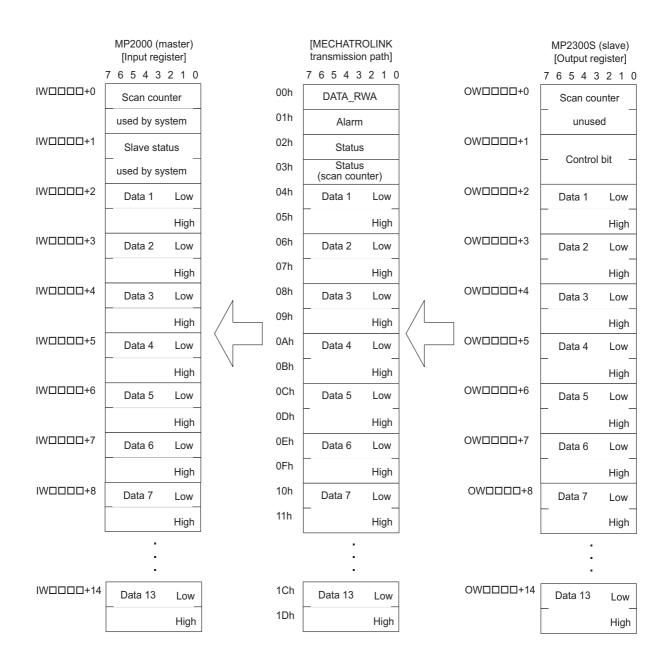
### (3) Input/Output Data Flow between Master and Slave

From MP2000 (master) to MP2300S (slave)



7.3.1 Input/Output Register

### From MP2300S (slave) to MP2000 (master)

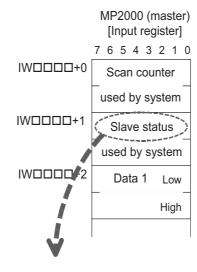


## 7.3.2 How to Determine Slave CPU Synchronous State

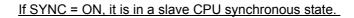
The way to determine the slave CPU synchronous state from an application program is as follows:

### (1) How to Check with a Master Side Application

Use bit 7 "SYNC" of the second word "Slave Status" (IW + 1) of an input register assigned to MP2300S.

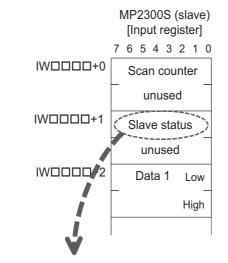


bit7	Bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
SYNC	SYNCRDY	SBUSY	(	0	CMDRDY	WARNG	0



### (2) How to Check with a Slave Side Application

Use bit7 "SYNC" of the second word "Slave Status" ( $IW\square\square\square\square + 1$ ) of an input register assigned to a local station.



ſ	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
ſ	SYNC	SYNCRDY	SBUSY	0		CMDRDY	WARNG	0

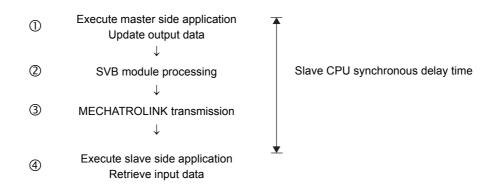
If SYNC = ON, it is in a slave CPU synchronous state.

7.3.3 Calculation of Slave CPU Synchronous Delay Time

## 7.3.3 Calculation of Slave CPU Synchronous Delay Time

In a slave CPU synchronous arrangement, a command from the master is processed as in the following flow, and transmitted to the slave side.

Here, the time between and is constant.



This delay time is referred to as "Slave CPU Synchronous Delay Time" and is calculated as follows:

Slave CPU synchronous delay time = Master H scan cycle × 2 + MECHATROLINK cycle

[Setting Example]

## 7.3.4 How to Use Scan Counter

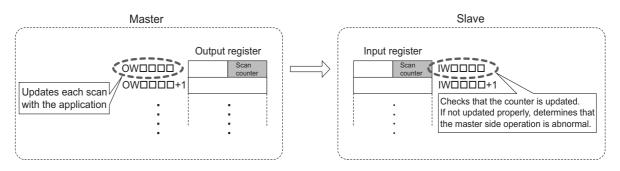
A scan counter enables the reception device to check that data is updated by the transmission device.

It also allows the master and slave to confirm each other's proper working order.

Use of the scan counter is optional, and there is no problem if you choose not to use it.

An example follows. In this example, H scan cycles of both master and slave sides are assumed to have the same setting.

## (1) Checking the Master Status Using a Slave Side Application



### Master processing

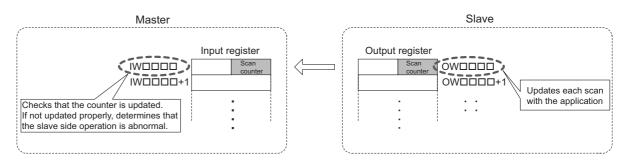
A master side application is increased the setting value by one for the start word of an output register assigned to the MP2300S/SVB.

### Slave processing

A slave side application checks that the scan counter value is increased by one from the previous value +1. As the scan counter is one byte of data, it only checks the lower byte.

If not updated normally, it determines that a problem has occurred with the master.

## (2) Checking a Slave Status Using a Master Side Application



### Master processing

A master side application checks that a scan counter value is increased by one from the previous value. As the scan counter is one byte of data, it only checks the lower byte.

If not updated normally, it determines that a problem has occurred with the slave.

### Slave processing

A slave side application is increased the setting value by one for the start word of an output register mapped to SVB.

Note: In this example, H scan cycles of both master and slave sides have the same setting. When they have a different scan cycle setting, they must be updated and checked accordingly. 7.3.5 How to Determine Input Error

## 7.3.5 How to Determine Input Error

## (1) How to Determine an Input Error Using an Application Program

If it is determined that an input error has occurred, error processing, such as discarding the input data, must be implemented.

### [a] Master Side

1) Check S register "I/O Error Status"

Checks whether the bit of a station mapped to the MP2300S is turned ON in the I/O error status of a slot attached with SVB. ON indicates that an input error has occurred. When an input error occurs, the entered data is cleared to zero.

 $\downarrow$ 

② Check "Slave Status"

Checks that the second word "Slave Status" of an input register assigned to the MP2300S is in the following state: bit1 WARNG = OFF bit2 CMDRDY = ON bit7 SYNC = ON (only when slave synchronous mode is enabled)

Otherwise, a command error is issued by a master, or a slave operation error may occur.

 $\downarrow$ 

③ Check the scan counter

Checks that the first word "Scan Counter" of an input register mapped to the MP2300S is updated based on the rules decided by an application.

If not updated normally, an operation error on the slave side may occur.

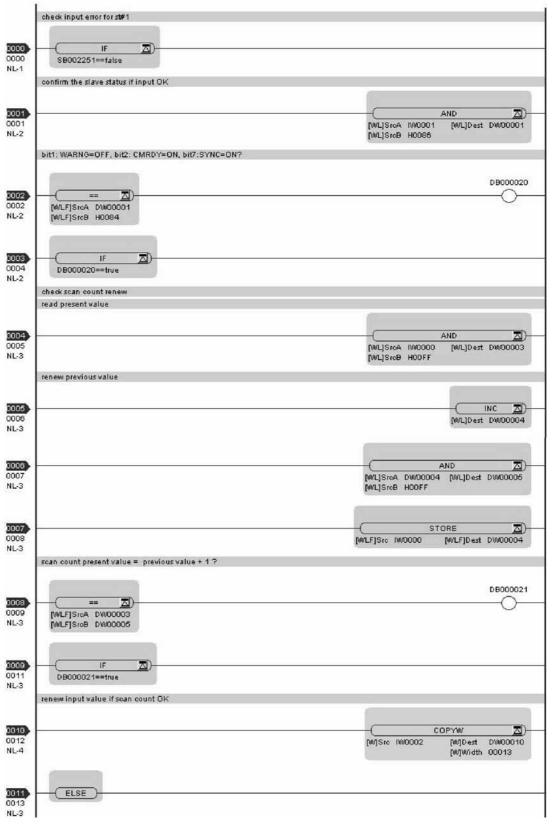
An example of an application which checks an input error is shown in the next page.

[Conditions] Use MP2200/CPU-02. SVB-01 is attached to the slot 1 of rack 1.

MP2300S is assigned	d to st#1
INPUT: IW0000	SIZE: 15W
OUTPUT: OW0010	SIZE: 15W

Register	Meaning	Remarks
DW00001	Copy of slave status	
DW00002	Condition check result	
DW00003	Copy of current value of scan counter	
DW00004	Previous value of scan counter	
DW00005	Data for checking scan counter	
DW00007	Input error counter value	Increased by one when an input error is detected.
DW00008	Error counter value of slave status	Increased by one when an error of the slave sta- tus is detected.
DW00009	Error counter value of a scan counter	Increased by one when an error of the scan counter is detected.
DW000010	Copy of input data (data 1)	
•	•	
DW000022	Copy of input data (data 13)	

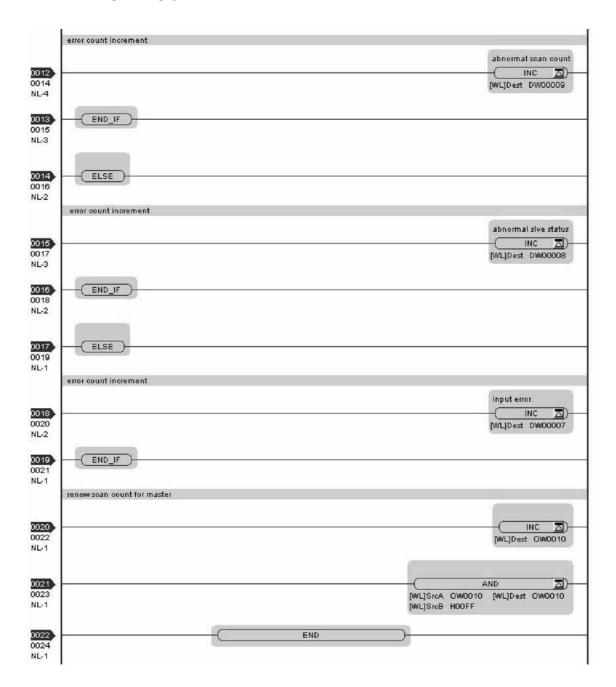
### Application Example



Continued on the next page

7.3.5 How to Determine Input Error

Continued from the previous page



### [b] Slave Side

Check whether the bit of a local station is turned ON in the I/O error status of an MP2300S with built-in SVB. The bit ON indicates that an input error has occurred. When an input error occurs, the entered data is cleared to zero. (Note)

 $\downarrow$ 

2 Check "Slave Status."

Check that the second word "Slave Status" of an input register assigned to the MP2300S is in the following state:

bit1 WARNG = OFF

bit2 CMDRDY = ON

bit7 SYNC = ON (only when slave synchronous mode is enabled)

Otherwise, a command error issued by a master or a slave operation error may be considered.

 $\downarrow$ 

③ Check the scan counter.

Check that the first word "Scan Counter" of an input register assigned to the MP2300S is updated based on the rules decided by an application.

If not updated normally, an operation error of the master may be considered.

Note: For an error to be reported to an I/O Error Status, at least one normal input must be executed. For example, when the power is turned ON while unconnected to a master, the local bit of the I/O error status remains OFF.

An example of an application which checks input error is shown on the next page.

[Conditions] Local station (MP2300S) is assigned to st#1.

INPUT: IW0800, SIZE: 15W OUTPUT: OW0810, SIZE: 15W

Register	Meaning	Remarks
DW00001	Copy of a slave status	
DW00002	Inspection result of conditions	
DW00003	Copy of current value of a scan counter	
DW00004	Previous value of a scan counter	
DW00005	Data for checking a scan counter	
DW00007	Input error counter value	Increased by one when an input error is detected.
DW00008	Error counter value of slave status	Increased by one when an error of the slave status is detected.
DW00009	Error counter value of scan counter	Increased by one when an error of the scan counter is detected.
DW000010	Copy of input data (data 1)	
•		
DW000022	Copy of input data (data 13)	

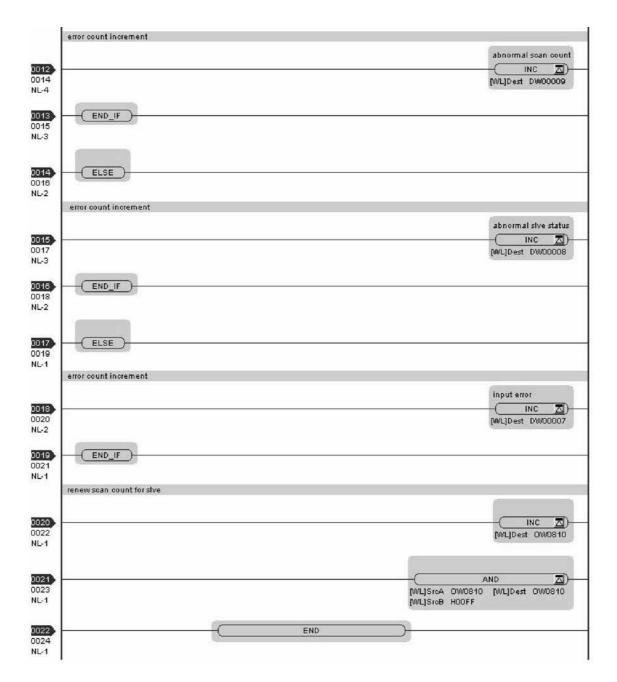
7.3.5 How to Determine Input Error

Application Example

check input error for self station (st#1)	
(IF SB002141==false	
confirm the slave status if input OK	
	[WIL]STOA INDED1 [WIL]Dest DWDDDD [WIL]STOB HOOSE
bit1: WARNG=OFF, bit2: CMRDY=ON, bit7:SYNC=ON?	
	D80000
() [WLF]SrcA DW00001 [WLF]SrcB H0084	0
(	
check scan count renew	
read present value	
	[W/L]SrcA (WO800 [W/L]Dest DW0000 [W/L]SrcB H00FF
renew previous value	
	[WL]Dest DW0000
	C AND Z
	[WL]SICA DWD0004 [WL]Dest DWD000 [WL]SICB HODFF
	(STORE Z MVLFJS10 NV0800 (MVLFJDest DVV0000
scan count present value = previous value + 1 ?	
	080000
(WLF)SroA DW00003	O
DWLFJSTOR DWODCOS	
(	
renew input value if scan count OK	
	<u>עשריין איז איז איז איז איז איז איז איז איז איז</u>
ELSE	

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### (2) How to Recover from Input Error

Recovery is automatic, and no particular operation is needed. However, if input errors occur frequently, check the following:

- Are local station addresses duplicated?
- Do scan time-overs occur?
- Is a MECHATROLINK terminating resistor attached?
- Is there a problem with MECHATROLINK wiring?

7.3.6 Management to Resume Slave CPU Synchronization

## 7.3.6 Management to Resume Slave CPU Synchronization

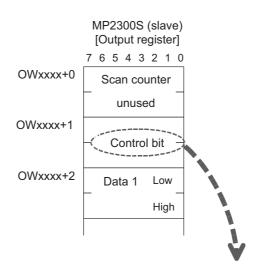
The slave CPU synchronous process is automatically carried out when its execution requirements are met. Here, in a transient state from slave CPU asynchronous to slave CPU synchronous state, the following operations are carried out by the system:

- Start of timing adjustment of the slave scan cycle
- · When SVB-01 is attached to a optional slave slot, the MECHATROLINK communication is reset

As a result operation of the slave side application is affected as follows:

- One scan with a longer cycle than the setup time occurs
- When a servo connected to the SVB-01 is running, its axis stops and an alarm occurs

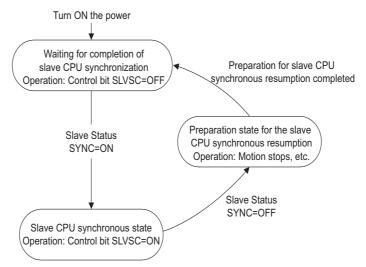
To avoid these impacts (to avoid automatic recovery to the slave CPU synchronous state), use the slave side application to operate a control bit "SLVSC (slave CPU synchronous resume control)". Operating this bit allows you to control the synchronous process.



bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
	Unused				SLVSC		
bit15	bit15 bit14 bit13 bit12 bit11 bit10 bit9 bit8						
	Unused						

Name		Definition	Description
SLVSC	0	Resume enable	When out of slave CPU synchronization, the slave CPU synchroniza- tion is automatically resumed.
SEVOC	1	Resume disable	Even when out of slave CPU synchronization, the operation continues in an asynchronous state.

The example below shows how the slave side application controls the slave CPU synchronous resumption. In this example, the status is divided into three parts, and resumption is considered in a state transition diagram.



In each state, the following processes are carried out:

State	Process Description
Waiting state for the completion of slave CPU synchronization	Where the power was turned ON. Sets a control bit SLVSC=OFF, allowing you to execute the slave CPU synchronous process. If SYNC is turned ON while monitoring slave status "SYNC", changes the state to "slave CPU syn- chronous state".
Slave CPU synchronous state	When entering slave CPU synchronous state, turns ON the control bit SLVSC, and prohibits the slave CPU synchronous resumption. Thus, even when entering slave CPU asynchronous state, automatic recovery is not carried out. If SYNC is turned OFF while monitoring slave status "SYNC," changes the state to "Preparation for slave CPU synchronous resumption."
Preparation state for slave CPU synchronous resumption	Prepares for the resumption of slave CPU synchronization. In particular, stops an axis connected to the motion module attached to an optional slot. If ready, changes the state to "Waiting state for the completion of the slave CPU synchronization."

An example in which this process is executed using a ladder application is shown in the next page.

[Conditions] Local station (MP2300S) is assigned to st#1. INPUT: IW0800, SIZE: 15W OUTPUT: OW0810, SIZE: 15W

Register	Meaning	Remarks
MW00200	State	<ul> <li>0: Waiting for the completion of slave CPU synchronization</li> <li>1: Slave CPU synchronous state</li> <li>2: Preparation state for slave CPU synchronous resumption</li> <li>Note: Initialized at figure A or the first scan.</li> </ul>
MW00201	Check flag of preparation for a synchronous resumption	When resumption preparation is completed, set to 1.
DW00000	Temporary for updating condi- tion	-

7.3.6 Management to Resume Slave CPU Synchronization

Application Example

	VLFJSrc MW00200 (WLFJDest DW000)
waiting for slave CPU synchronous	
MW00200==0	
control bit SLVSYNV = OFF	
Always ON SB000004	0803
	C
slave status SYNC = ON ?	
IB08017==true	
status change : slave CPU synchronous	
status change . stave of o synchronous	
·	STORE
	[WLF]Src 00001 [WLF]Dest DW0000
END_IF	
stave CPU synchronous	
MW00200==1	
control bit SLVSC = ON	
Always ON	
SB000004	0808
slave status SYNC = OFF ?	
IB08017==false	
status change : slave CPU re-synchronous prepare	
	STORE
	[WLF]Src 00002 [WLF]Dest DW000

Continued on the next page

7.3.6 Management to Resume Slave CPU Synchronization

Continued from the previous page

1 (A)	6						
MW00200==2							
	8						
take the preparation of re-syn	nchronous as OK afte	er confirming the	stopped of servo, etc	0.			
MW00201==1	J.						
status change : waiting for sl	ave CBU everyteen ev	a complete					
status onange . waiting for si	alle CFO Synchronot	is comprete					
				1			
5 <del></del>				-(		TORE	7
				[WLF]Src	00000	[WLF]Dest	DW0000
END_IF							
END_IF							
				_			
						TORE	
				[W/LF]Sre		TORE [WLF]Dest	Z MW0020
				[W/LF]Sre			
		E	ND				

## 7.4 Precautions

### 7.4.1 Precautions on Usage

- When using the slave CPU synchronous function, the slave side cannot use option module PO-01. To use PO-01, disable the slave CPU synchronous function.
- In the transient condition from asynchronous to synchronous state using the slave CPU synchronous function, a slave-side scan cycle (high/low speed) may be delayed by up to one scan cycle. For an application which requires fixed timing and fixed cycles, take preventative measures if using any data that would affect the timing of such an application.
- When an SVA-01 is attached to a slave side optional slot, and the slave CPU synchronous state is entered, the operation may suffer such an impact that an axis is shocked. Stop the SVA-01 operation in advance.
- When an SVB-01 is attached to a slave side optional slot, during transition to the slave CPU synchronous state, disconnect and later reconnect the communication between a slave and its connected SVB-01. When a slave device such as a servo or inverter is connected, stop their operation in advance. Due to the disconnection of communications, the device may suffer shock when an axis is suddenly stopped.
- The operations below change the slave CPU synchronous state to the asynchronous state:

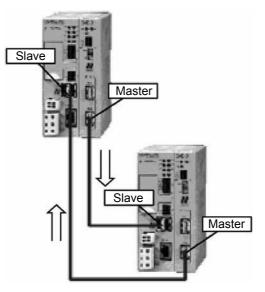
[Master side operation]

- Change of an H scan setting
- · Saving of a MECHATROLINK communications definition
- Self-configuration
- [Slave side operation]
  - Change of an H scan setting
  - Self-configuration

While recovering to the slave CPU synchronous state, a scan cycle disturbance may occur.

- When a communication error occurs, the condition changes from slave CPU synchronous to asynchronous state.
- When the MP2300S with a built-in SVB is changed from slave to master, flash save the change and turn ON the power again.
- The slave CPU synchronous function is available only when the MP2000 series SVB is used as a master. When connected to another master controller, it works in asynchronous mode.

■ When the MP2300S with a built-in SVB works as a slave and the SVB-01 in an optional slot works as a master, never connect them so that they form a loop, as shown in the following figure.



## 7.4.2 Effect of Error on Slave CPU Synchronous Operation

When an error occurs in a slave CPU synchronization, the slave side behavior reacts as follows:

Action	State
The master side power is turned OFF	Continues to work in slave CPU asynchronous state. An input error may occur, but other scan operations are not affected.
MECHATROLINK communication ca- ble is disconnected	Continues to work in slave CPU asynchronous state. An input error may occur, but other scan operations are not affected.
MP2300S assignment is deleted in the master assignment	Continues to work in slave CPU asynchronous state. An input error may occur, but other scan operations are not affected.
MECHATROLINK definition is saved in the master side	Enters slave CPU asynchronous state once. When a control bit SLVSC=OFF, the master side will recover and communication will be resumed, and then enters slave CPU synchronous state again.
A transmission error occurs	If only a received data error occurs, it may not affect slave CPU synchronization. However, as the input data is not updated, when you are checking the state using a user application, a scan counter error may be detected according to the scan cycle and communication cycle settings. When an error (transmission cycle disturbance) of the MECHATROLINK communi- cation itself occurs, it may affect slave CPU synchronization. In some cases, the MP2300S H-scan process may be disturbed.
RUN/STOP of the master side CPU	CPU RUN/STOP does not affect slave CPU synchronization.
RUN/STOP of the slave side CPU	CPU RUN/STOP does not affect slave CPU synchronization.
Master side H scan setting is changed	Enters into slave CPU asynchronous state once. When the changed H scan setting meets the execution requirement of slave CPU synchronization and control bit SLVSC=OFF, enters slave CPU synchronous state again.
Slave side H scan setting is changed	Enters slave CPU asynchronous state once. When the changed H scan setting meets the execution requirement of slave CPU synchronization and control bit SLVSC=OFF, enters slave CPU synchronous state again.

# Maintenance, Inspection, and Troubleshooting

This chapter explains daily and regular inspection items to ensure that the MP2300S can always be used at its best conditions.

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8.1.1 Daily Inspections

## 8.1 Inspection Items

This section summarizes daily and regular inspection items that must be performed by the customer.

## 8.1.1 Daily Inspections

The following table lists the daily inspection items.

No.	Inspect	ion Item	Inspection Details	Criteria	Action
1	Installation conditions of Module, etc.		Check the mounting screws for looseness. Check whether the covers are all in place.	The screws and covers must be secured correctly.	Retighten the screws.
	2 Connection conditions		Check the terminal screws for looseness.	The screws must be tight.	Retighten the screws.
2			Check the connectors for loose- ness.	The connectors must be tight.	Retighten the connector set screws.
			Check the gap between crimp terminals.	There must be an appropriate gap between the terminals.	Correct as necessary.
	F	RDY	Check whether the indicator is lit.	The indicator must be lit. (It is abnormal if the indicator is not lit.)	
		RUN	Check whether the indicator is lit while the system is in RUN state.	The indicator must be lit. (It is abnormal if the indicator is not lit.)	
3	LED			The indicator must be not lit. (It is abnormal if the indicator is lit.)	Refer to 8.2 Troubleshooting on page 8-5.
5	Indicators			The indicator must be not lit. (It is abnormal if the indicator is lit.)	
				The indicator must be lit. (It is abnormal if the indicator is not lit.)	
		BAT	Check whether the indicator is not lit.	The indicator must not be lit. (The battery voltage is too low if the indicator is lit.)	Replace the battery.

## 8.1.2 Regular Inspections

This section explains inspection items that must be performed once or twice every six months to one year.

Inspections must also be performed when the equipment is relocated or modified or when the wiring is changed.

# 

• Do not replace the built-in fuse. If the customer replaces the built-in fuse, the MP2300S may malfunction or break down. Contact your Yaskawa representative.

No.	Ins	spection Item	Inspection Details	Criteria	Action	
		Ambient Temperature	Check the temperature and	0°C to 55°C	If the MP2300S is used	
1	Operating	Ambient Humidity	humidity with a thermometer	30% to 95% RH	inside a panel, treat the tem-	
	Environment	Atmosphere	and hygrometer, respectively. Check for corrosive gases.	There must be no corrosive gases.	perature inside the panel as the ambient temperature.	
2	Power Supply Voltage Check	PS Module	Measure the voltage between 24-VDC terminals.	19.2 to 28.8 VDC	Change the power supply as necessary.	
	Installation	Looseness and Excess Play	Attempt to move the Module.	The Module must be secured properly.	Retighten the screws.	
3	Conditions	Dust and Other For- eign Matter	Visually check.	The Module must be free from dust and other foreign matter.	Clean.	
		Check the Terminal Screws for Looseness.	Check by retightening the screws.	The screws must be tight.	Retighten.	
4	Connection Conditions	Gap between Crimp Terminals	Visually check.	There must be an appropriate gap between the terminals	Correct.	
		Looseness of Connectors	Visually check.	The screws must be tight.	Retighten the connector set screws.	
5	Battery		Check the BAT indicator on the front panel of the Basic Module.	The BAT indicator must be not lit.	If the BAT indicator is lit, replace the battery.	

8.1.3 Replacing the Basic Module Battery

## 8.1.3 Replacing the Basic Module Battery

The Basic Module has one replaceable built-in battery. This battery is used to back up data to prevent the data stored in the memory from being lost when power is interrupted (e.g., when the power supply to the Basic Module is turned OFF).

The built-in battery can retain the contents of the memory until the total time of power interruptions reaches one year. The warranty period of the battery is five years from the date of purchase. These values, however, differ according to the operating conditions, including the ambient temperature.

If the BAT indicator on the Basic Module lights, replace the battery with a replacement battery (JZSP-BA01) within two weeks. Any delay in battery replacement will result in the data stored in the memory being lost.

The appearance of the battery is illustrated below.

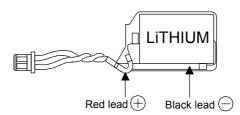


Fig. 8.1 JZSP-BA01 (Battery with Cable)

This battery is not commercially available. Contact your Yaskawa representative.

### (1) Procedure

# 

- There is danger of electric shock if the battery is not replace correctly. Furthermore, machine malfunction may occur, the operator may be injured, or the machine may be damaged. Allow only a qualified technician trained in safety procedures to replace the battery.
- When replacing the battery, always do so with power supplied to the Basic Module. If power to the Basic Module is turned OFF when the battery is replaced, data stored in the memory in the Module may be lost.
- Do not touch the battery electrodes. The battery may be destroyed by the static electricity.
- **1.** Save the data stored in the Motion Board to a compact flash memory, hard disk on an external computer, or other media.

This data is used to restore any data accidently lost during battery replacement.

- For information on saving methods, refer to the MPE720 Programming Device Software for MP900/MP2000 Machine Controllers User's Manual (Manual No. SIEPC88070005).
- 2. Check that the RDY indicator on the MP2300S Basic Module is lit.
- 3. Open the battery cover on the unit front surface.
- **4.** Remove the connector on the end of lead of the built-in battery from the connector on the MP2300S Basic Module. Then, remove the built-in battery from the battery holder.
- **5.** Insert securely the connector on the end of the lead of the replacement battery into the connector on the MP2300S. Then, insert the replacement battery into the battery holder.
- 6. Check if the BAT indicator on the MP2300S is unlit.
- 7. Close the battery cover. This completes replacing the battery.

# 8.2 Troubleshooting

This section describes the basic troubleshooting methods and provides a list of errors.

## 8.2.1 Basic Flow of Troubleshooting

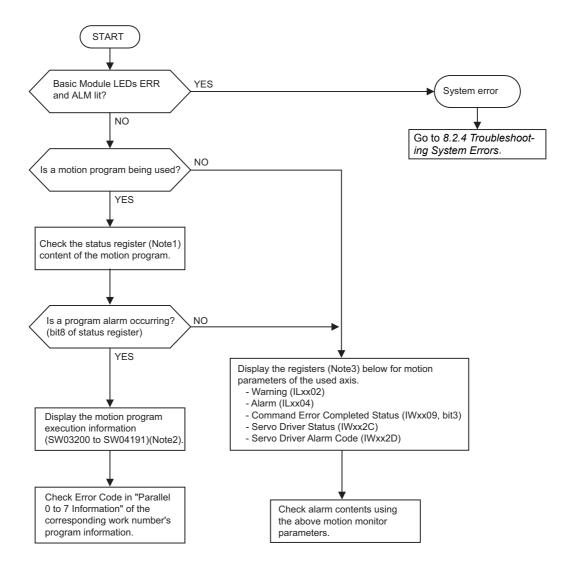
When problems occur, it is important to quickly find the cause of the problems and get the system running again as soon as possible. The basic flow of troubleshooting is illustrated below.

Step 1	Visually confirm the following items.
<ul> <li>Power sup</li> <li>I/O device</li> <li>Wiring stat</li> <li>Indicator stat</li> <li>Switch sett</li> </ul>	status
Step 2	Monitor the system to see if the problem changes for the following operations.
Resetting a	the Controller to STOP status alarms e power supply OFF and ON
	₩
Step 3	Determine the location of the cause from the results of steps 1 and 2.
Sequence	or external? control or motion control? r hardware?

8.2.2 MP2300S Error Check Flowchart

## 8.2.2 MP2300S Error Check Flowchart

Find corrective actions for the problem using the following flowchart, if the cause of the problem is thought to be the MP2300S or SERVOPACK.

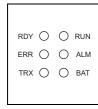


Note: 1. Refer to 5.2.2 ( 4 ) Work Register .

- 2. Refer to 5.2.2 ( 6 ) Monitor the motion program execution information using S register.
- 3. Refer to 8.2.6 List of Causes for Command Error Completed Status and 8.2.7 Troubleshooting Motion Errors.

## 8.2.3 LED Indicators

### (1) LED Indicators



The status of the LED indicators on the front of the MP2300S can be used to determine the error status and meaning.

The locations in the program that need to be corrected can be determined by using the LED indicator status to determine the general nature of the error, using the contents of system (S) registers to check drawings and function numbers causing the error, and knowing the meaning of operation errors.

### (2) LED Indicator Meanings

The following table shows how to use the LED indicators to determine the operating status of the MP2300S, as well as relevant error information when the LED indicator status indicates an error.

Classification		L	LED Indicator			Indicator Details Countermeasures	
ClassificatiOff	RDY	RUN	ALM	ERR	BAT		CounterniedSuleS
	Not lit	Not lit	Lit	Lit	Not lit	Hardware reset status	Usually the CPU will start within 10 seconds. If this status continues for
	Not lit	Not lit	Not lit	Not lit	Not lit	Initialization	more than 10 seconds, either a pro- gram error or hardware failure has occurred. Refer to 8.2.4 Trouble-
Normal	Not lit	Lit	Not lit	Not lit	Not lit	Drawing A (DWGA) being executed.	<i>shooting System Errors</i> on page 8-8 and correct any system errors.
Normal operation	Lit	Not lit	Not lit	Not lit	Not lit	User program stopped. (Offline Stop Mode)	<ul> <li>This status occurs</li> <li>When the stop operation is executed from the MPE720</li> <li>When the STOP switch is turned ON</li> <li>This status does not indicate an error.</li> </ul>
	Lit	Lit	Not lit	Not lit	Not lit	User program being executed nor- mally.	This is the normal status.
	Not lit	Not lit	Not lit	Lit	Not lit	A serious error has occurred.	Refer to 8.2.4 ( 4 ) Correcting User
	No lit	Not lit	Lit	Not lit	Not lit		Program Errors on page 8-12.
Errors	Not lit	Not lit	Not lit	Blinking	Not lit	Software Error Number of LED blinks indicates error type. 3: Address error (read) exception 4: Address error (write) exception 5: FPU exception 6: Illegal general command exception 7: Illegal slot command exception 8: General FPU inhibited exception 9: Slot FPU inhibited exception 10: TLB multibit exception 11: LTB error (read) exception 12: LTB error (write) exception 13: LTB protection violation (read) exception 14: LTB protection violation (write) exception 15: Initial page write exception	A hardware error has occurred. Replace the Module.
	Not lit	Not lit	Blinking	Blinking	Not lit	Hardware Error Number of LED blinks indicates error type. 2: RAM diagnostic error 3: ROM diagnostic error 4: CPU function diagnostic error 5: FPU function diagnostic error	
	_	_	_	_	Lit	Battery alarm	Refer to 8.1.3 <i>Replacing the Basic</i> <i>Module Battery</i> on page 8-4 and replace the Battery.
Warnings	Lit	Lit	Lit	Not lit	Not lit	Operation error I/O error	Refer to 8.2.4 [ c ] System Register Configuration and Error Status on page 8-19 and 8.2.4 [ e ] System Reg- ister Configuration and Error Status on page 8-21.

## 8.2.4 Troubleshooting System Errors

The LED indicators on the front of the Basic Module can be used to determine MP2300S operating status and error status. To obtain more detailed information on errors, the system (S) registers can be used. A detailed check of the contents of system registers can be used to determine the location of the error and take the corrective measures. Details on system registers are provided below.

## (1) System Register Allocations

The following table shows the overall structure of the system registers.

SW00000	System Service Register	
SW00030	System Status	→ 8.2.4 [ a ] System Register Allocations on page 8-9
SW00050	System Error Status	→ 8.2.4 [ b ] Accessing System Registers on page 8-10
SW00080	User Operation Error Status	→ 8.2.4 [ c ] Correcting User Program Errors on page 8-15
SW00090	System Service Execution Status	→ 8.2.4 [ d ] Correcting User Program Errors on page 8-16
SW00110	User Operation Error Status Details	→ 8.2.4 [ c ] Correcting User Program Errors on page 8-15
SW00190	Alarm Counter and Alarm Clear	→ 8.2.4 [ e ] System Register Configuration and Error Status on
SW00200	System I/O Error Status	page 8-21
SW00500	Reserved by the system.	
SW00698	Interrupt Status	
SW00800	Module Information	→ 8.2.4 [ g ] System Register Configuration and Error Status on page 8-24
SW01312	Reserved by the system.	
SW02048	Reserved by the system.	
SW03200	Motion Program Information	$\rightarrow$ 8.2.5 Motion Program Alarms on page 8-25
SW05200 to SW08191	Reserved by the system.	

### (2) Accessing System Registers

To access the contents of system registers, start the MPE720 Programming Tool and use the **Register List** or **Quick Reference** function.

### [a] Register List Display Procedure

Use the following procedure to display the register list.

1. Select *File - Open - Tool - Register List* from the MPE720 Engineering Manager Window to open the **Register List** Window.

View Help			
File Manager Ct	rl+F		
Open	Definition	•	
Print Ct	rl+P Program	•	
Princa. C	Tool	▶ Re	gister List
Exit	C Register	► Cri	oss Reference
	Define Data	Table 🕨 Dis	abled Coil List
	Motion Prog	ram 🕨 Co	mment List
	Sequence P	rogram 🕨 Im	port Axis Comments

2. Select *ViewMode - HEX* to change the view mode to hexadecimal.

File	ViewMode	View Window Help
	DEC	DEC HEX BIN LONG FLO ASC 9
HEX	HEX	II II   *
5000 24630 24630	FLOAT	D05 MP23005 Online Local
PT	BIN LONG	.168.1.1 CPU#: 1
F		DWG D

**3.** Input the register number of the first system register to be accessed for *Register*, input the register number of the last system register to be accessed for */D*, and click anywhere in the list. The contents of the specified range of register numbers will be displayed.

F#: 2 IP#:1	92 168 1.1 CPU#:	1	$\sim$					
Register I	SW00040 DWG		96 TYPE HEX	<ul> <li>Controlle</li> </ul>	er MP2300S	Select Controller		
SW00040	= 8083	SW00041	= 0000	SW00042	= 0000	SW00043	= 0000	L.
SW00044	= 0000	SW00045	= 0000	SW00046	= 0000	SW00047	= 0000	
SW00048	= 008C	SW00049	= 0000	SW00050	= 0000	SW00051	= 0000	
SW00052	= 0000	SW00053	= 0000	SW00054	= 0000	SW00055	= 0000	
SW00056	= 0000	SW00057	= 0000	SW00058	= 0000	SM00028	= 0000	
SW00060	= 0000	SW00061	= 0000	SW00062	= 0000	SM00063	= 0000	
SW00064	= 0000	SW00065	= 0000	SW00066	= 0000	SW00067	= 0000	
SM00068	= 0000	SW00069	= 0000	SW00070	= 0000	SW00071	= 0000	
SW00072	= 0000	SW00073	= 0000	SW00074	= 0000	SW00075	= 0000	
SW00076	= 0000	SW00077	= 0000	SW00078	= 0000	SW00079	= 0000	
08000W2	= 0000	SW00081	= 0000	SW00082	= 0000	SM00083	= 0000	
SW00084	= 0000	SW00085	= 0000	SW00086	= 0000	SW00087	= 0000	
SW00088	= 0000	SW00089	= 0000	SW00090	= 0000	SW00091	= 0000	
<u>.</u> ຣອດດດາສະ	= 0000	51000093	= 0000	510/00094	= 0000	51000095	= 0000	

8.2.4 Troubleshooting System Errors

### [b] Displaying a Register List with the Quick Reference

Register lists can also be accessed with the Quick Reference.

1. Select *View - Quick Reference* from the MPE720 Engineering Manager Window.

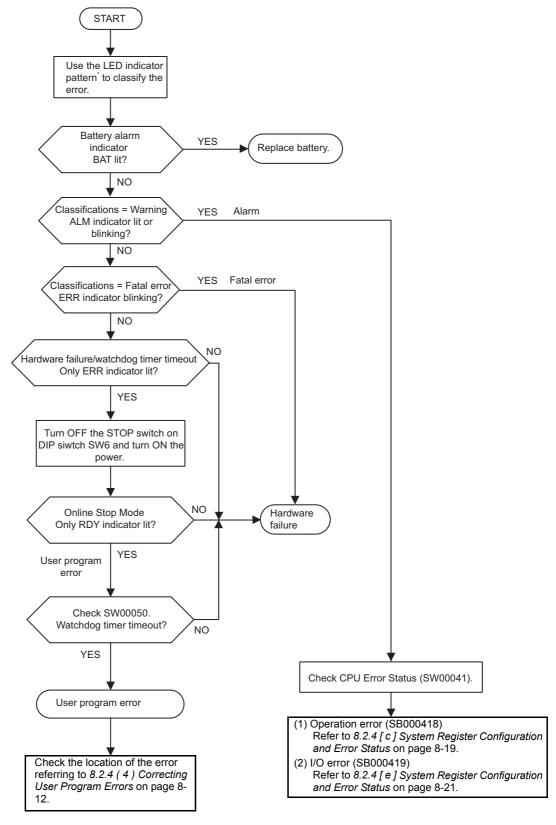
File	View	Order	Window	Help		1.52			
X 🖻	1.000	ol Bar Itus Bar			,				
T#: 2	Qu	ick Refe	rence						
- Contri		tion Tasi	k Manager						
		xt Page		Ctrl+N	d.	⊢	 ñ		-
Sec. 1	Bad	k Page		Ctrl+E	3			01	- S

- 2. Click the Register List Tab to switch to the register list.
- **3.** Input the register number of the first system register to be accessed for *Register*, input the register number of the last system register to be accessed for */D*, and click anywhere in the list. The contents of the specified range of register numbers will be displayed.

egister List Watch Page Time C	hart		
Register to SW00030 DW		Controller MP23005	
SW00030 = 0000	SW00031 = 0000	SW00032 = 0000	SW00033 = 0000
SW00034 = 0000	SW00035 = 0000	SW00036 = 0000	SW00037 = 0000

### (3) Troubleshooting Flowchart for System Errors

A troubleshooting flowchart for system errors is provided below.



\* For LED indicator pattern, refer to 8.2.3 (2) LED Indicator Meanings on page 8-7.

8.2.4 Troubleshooting System Errors

### (4) Correcting User Program Errors

A serious error may have occurred if the ALM and ERR indicators on the front of the MP2300S Basic Module are lit red. Set the MP2300S in stop status (STOP switch on DIP switch 1-6: ON) and investigate the error. Use the following procedure to investigate ladder program errors.

(1) Investigate type of serious error.	Check the contents of SW00050 (Error Type) to determine if the type of the serious error is a system error or a user program error.
	Ŧ
(2) Investigate type of program in which there is an error.	Check the contents of SW00055 (Program Type) to determine if the error is in a drawing or function.
	<b>↓</b>
(3) Investigate the drawing with the error.	Check the contents of SW00054 (Error Task) and SW00056 (Drawing Number to determine the drawing with the error.
	¥
(4) Investigate the function with the error.	If SW00056 (Drawing Number) contains 0100H, the error is in a function. Check the contents of SW00057 (Error Task) and SW00058 (Drawing Number to determine the drawing with the error. Check the contents of SW00059 (Function Referencing Drawing Step No.) to determine the step number with the operation error.
	¥
(5) Check to see whether an oper- ation error has occurred.	Check the error count for each drawing in SW00080 to SW00088. If errors have been counted, an operation error has occurred. Go to (6).
	¥
(6) Investigate the type of opera- tion error and its location.	<ol> <li>Check Error Details         Check error codes for drawings where the error is counted.         DWG.A: SW00111, DWG.H: SW00143         DWG.I: SW00127, DWG.L: SW00175     </li> <li>Check the Drawing Number         Check the error drawing number for the drawing number where an error         occurred.         DWG.A: SW00122, DWG.H: SW00154         DWG.I: SW00138, DWG.L: SW00186     </li> <li>Errors in Functions         Check the Function Referencing Drawing Number and Function Referencing         STEP Number.         DWG.A: SW00123, 4; DWG.H: SW00155, 6         DWG.I: SW00139, 40; DWG.L: SW00187, 8     </li> </ol>
	¥
(7) Determine the error occur- rence location.	After the investigation of an error drawing or error function is complete, set the corresponding drawing, function, or sequence program to Disable and turn on the power supply in the RUN state to check that no error occurs. Refer to 8.2.4 [ a ] How to Disable a User Program on page 8-14.

Go on to the next page.

Continued on from the previous page.

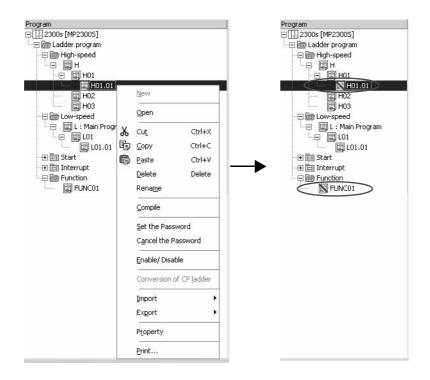
(8) Investigate the I/O state	When the error cause can be assumed to be a problem with the external input data or output data from the user program, disable the corresponding I/O process to investigate a cause based on the I/O data. Refer to 8.2.4 [ a ] How to Disable a User Program on page 8-14. Also, when investigating an output point, refer to 8.2.4 [ c ] How to Forcibly Turn ON/OFF Coil on page 8-15.		
	$\mathbf{+}$		
(9) Correct Programs.	Correct the program that causes error.		
	+		
(10) Investigate the scan time	If no problem is found in the program, investigate the scan time. Check to see whether the maximum value for high-speed scan time is in excess of or equal to the setting value in the scan time screen, or whether the maximum value for slow-speed scan time is in excess of the setting value. Refer to 8.2.4 [d] Operation in Case of Scan Time Over on page 8-16.		
	•		
(11) Change the scan time	Change the scan time setting value. Refer to <i>5.5.3 Setting and Changing the Scan Time</i> on page 5-56.		

8.2.4 Troubleshooting System Errors

### [a] How to Disable a User Program

#### · Drawing or Function

In the ladder subwindow of the MPE720 online mode, right-click the corresponding drawing and function and select Enable/Disable in the popup menu.



· Sequence Program

In the module configuration definition screen of the MPE720 online mode, open the M-EXECUTOR module definition and check D of the sequence program definition to save the definition.

No.	D	Execution type		Setting	Program
	K	equence program(Start)		Direct	SPM001
1	V	Sequence program(L-scan)	-	Direct	SPM002
2	N	Sequence program(H-scan)	-	Direct	SPM003
3			-		
4			-		

#### Caution

When a drawing, function, or sequence program is disabled, the equipment may become unstable, causing personal injury or damage to the equipment. If carrying out an investigation, be aware of the behavior of the equipment when it is disabled. After the investigation, make sure to enable the drawing, function, or sequence program again.

### (b) How to Disable the I/O Process

In the module configuration definition screen of the MPE720 online mode, open the detailed definition of the module for which you want to disable the I/O process. Click "D" and save it, to disable the I/O process for the clicked item. You can change the disabled input register to any value.

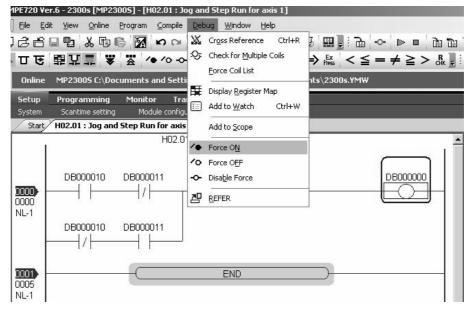
T#:	2 CPU#: 1			RACK	RACK#01 Slot #01 0C40-0C41			
No.	ltem	D	REG	Word	SCAN	Current Value	HEX	
1	Local Input 1	R	WOC40	1	HIGH 🔻			
2	Local Input 2		IW0C41	1	HIGH 🔻			
3	Local Output 1		DW0C40	1	HIGH 🔻			
4	Local Output 2		OW0C41	1	HIGH 🔻			
5	IRQ Input 1	V	IB0C400					
6	IRQ Input 2	K	IBOC401		- I			
7	IRQ Input 3	V	IBOC410		88 <u>-</u> 0			
8	IRQ Input 4	K	IBOC411		50 <del></del> )			

### Caution

When an I/O process is disabled, the equipment may become unstable, causing personal injury or damage to the equipment. If carrying out an investigation, be aware of the behavior of the equipment when it is disabled. After the investigation, make sure you enable the I/O service again.

### [c] How to Forcibly Turn ON/OFF Coil

In the main menu of the MPE720 online mode, select Debug - Force ON or Force OFF menus, in that order.



### Caution

When a coil is set to forced ON or OFF, the equipment may become unstable, causing personal injury or damage to the equipment. If carrying out an investigation, be aware of the behavior of the equipment when it is forcibly turned ON/OFF. After the investigation, make sure to forcibly cancel the setting.

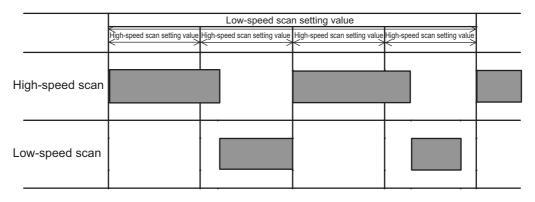
8.2.4 Troubleshooting System Errors

### [d] Operation in Case of Scan Time Over

When the maximum value for high-speed scan time is equal to a setting value, a watchdog timeout error will occur because the time for performing a low-speed scan cannot be ensured.

		Low-speed scan setting value					
	High-speed scan setting value						
High-speed scan							
Low-speed scan							

When the maximum value for a scan time is in excess of a setting value, the scan cannot be performed at every setting value. SW00044 is added due to a high-speed scan over, SW00046 is added due to a low-speed scan over.



## (5) System Register Configuration and Error Status

### [a] System Status

System operating status and error status is stored in registers SW00040 to SW00048. Checking of system status details are used to determine whether hardware or software is the cause of an error.

Name	Register No.		Descripti	on
Reserved by the system.	SW00030 to SW00039			
		SB000400	READY	0: Failure 1: Normal
		SB000401	RUN	0: Stopped, 1: Running
		SB000402	ALARM	0: Normal, 1: Alarm
		SB000403	ERROR	0: Normal, 1: Error
		SB000404	Reserved by the system.	
		SB000405	Reserved by the system.	
CPU Status	SW00040	SB000406	FLASH	1: Flash operation
		SB000407	WEN	0: Write-disabled, 1: Write-enabled
		SB000408		
		to SB00040D	Reserved by the system.	
		SB00040E	Operation Stop Request	0: RUN selection, 1: STOP selection
		SB00040F	Run Switch Status at Power ON	0: STOP 1: RUN
		SB000410	Serious Failure	1: WDGE, undefined command See SW00050 for details.
		SB000411	Reserved by the system.	
		SB000412	Reserved by the system.	
		SB000413	Exception Error	
CPU Error	SW00041	SB000414		
Status		to SB000417	Reserved by the system.	
		SB000418	User operation error	1: User operation error
		SB000419	I/O Error	1: I/O error
		SB00041A to SB00041F	Reserved by the system.	
H Scan Over Counter	SW00044			
L Scan Over Counter	SW00046			
Reserved	SW00047			
		SB000480	TEST	
		SB000481	MON	
		SB000482	CNFG	
		SB000483	INIT	DIP switch alarms 0: ON, 1: OFF
Hardware		SB000484	SUP	],
Configuration Status	SW00048	SB000485	STOP	
olaluo		SB000486	-	
		SB000487	Battery Alarm	
		SB000488 to SB00048F	Reserved by the system.	
Reserved by the system.	SW00049	SW000490 to SW00049F	Reserved by the system.	

8.2.4 Troubleshooting System Errors

## [b] System Error Status

System error status is stored in registers SW00050 to SW00060.

Name	Register No.		Description			
		0001H	Watchdog timer over error			
		0041H	ROM diagnosis error			
		0042H	2H RAM diagnosis error			
		0043H CPU diagnosis error				
		0044H     FPU diagnosis error				
		00E0H	Address read execption error			
	SW00050	0100H	Address write execption error			
32-bit Error Code	3 100050	0120H	FPU exception error	1		
		012011	Illegal general command error	)r		
		01A0H	Illegal slot command error	)]		
		01E0H	User break after command er			
		0800H	General FPU prohibition exe			
	GN/00051	0820H	Slot FPU prohibition exeptio	n error		
	SW00051	For system error analysis				
32-bit Addresses	SW00052	For system error analysis				
Generating Error	SW00053					
Program Error Task	SW00054	0000H: System	0002H: DWG.I	0005H: DWG.L		
5		0001H: DWG.A	0003H: DWG.H			
		000011. C	000011 DWC I	0005H: DWGL		
Program Type	SW00055	0000H: System 0001H: DWGA	0002H: DWG.I 0003H: DWG.H	0008H: Function 000FH: Motion program/		
		000111. DW0.A	000511. D WO.11	sequence program		
		Ladder program parent d	rawing: FFFFH			
D		Ladder program function				
Program Error	SW00056		awing: 🗆 🗆 00H (H 🗖 🗆 : Child	drawing number)		
Drawing Number			ild drawing: 🗖 🛛 yyH (Hyy: Gi			
		Motion program/sequence program: F0xxH (Hxx: program number)				
		Type of drawing that calls the ladder program function in which an error occurred.				
			0005H: DWG.L			
Calling Drawing	SW00057	0001H: DWG.A	0008H: Ladder program	0010H: Reserved by system.		
Туре		0002H: DWG.I	function	0011H: Reserved by system.		
		0003H: DWG.H	000FH: Motion program/ sequence program			
		Number of drawing that	calls the ladder program function	on in which an error occurred		
Ladder Program		_				
Function Calling	SW00058	Parent drawing: FFFFH Function: 0100U				
Drawing Number		Function: 0100H Grandchild drawing: DDyyH (Hyy: Grandchild drawing number)				
Ladder Program		STEP number of the dray	wing that calls the ladder progr	am function in which an error		
Function Calling	SW00059	occurred.	0			
Drawing Number		0 when there is an error i	n the drawing.			
	SW00060 and	Reserved by the system.				
	SW00061	Reserved by the system.				
	SW00062 to	Name of Task Generating	<sup>9</sup> Error			
	SW00065	Tunie of Tusk Scheruting	SERIO			
	SW00066 and	Reserved by the system.				
	SW00067					
	SW00068	Year Generated				
Error Data	SW00069	Month Generated				
	SW00070	Day of Week Generated				
	SW00071	Day of Month Generated				
	SW00072	Hour Generated				
	SW00073	Minutes Generated				
	SW00074	Seconds Generated				
	SW00074 SW00075	Milliseconds Generated (	(Not used.)			
			Not used.)			

### [c] Ladder Program User Operation Error Status

Error information for user operation errors in ladder programs is stored in registers SW00080 to SW00089 (Error Status 1) and SW00110 to SW00189 (Error Status 2).

Name	Register No.	Description
DWG.A Error Count Error	SW00080	
Code	SW00081	
DWG.I Error Count Error	SW00082	
Code	SW00083	Operation error code:
DWG.H Error Count Error	SW00084	See Ladder Program User Operation Error Codes 1.
Code	SW00085	
Reserved by the system.	SW00086	Error code when an index error occurs: See Ladder Program User Operation Error Codes 2.
Reserved by the system.	SW00087	See Laader 1 rogram Oser Operation Error Codes 2.
DWG.L Error Count Error	SW00088	]
Code	SW00089	]

Table 8.1 Ladder Program User Operation Error Status 1

Table 8.2	Ladder Program	User Opera	tion Error Status 2
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Name		Regist	ter No.		Remarks
Name	DWG.A	DWG.I	DWG.H	DWG.L	Remains
Error Count	SW00110	SW00126	SW00142	SW00174	
Error Code	SW00111	SW00127	SW00143	SW00175	Error Drawing Number
Error A Register	SW00112	SW00128	SW00144	SW00176	Parent drawing: FFFFH
LITON A Register	SW00113	SW00129	SW00145	SW00177	Child drawing: □□00H (H□□: Child
Modification A	SW00114	SW00130	SW00146	SW00178	drawing number) Grandchild drawing: □□yyH (Hyy:
Register	SW00115	SW00131	SW00147	SW00179	Grandchild drawing number)
Error F Register	SW00116	SW00132	SW00148	SW00180	Function: 8000H
	SW00117	SW00133	SW00149	SW00181	Motion program/sequence program: F0xxH (Hxx: program number)
Modification F	SW00118	SW00134	SW00150	SW00182	Foxxii (IIXX: program number)
Register	SW00119	SW00135	SW00151	SW00183	
Address Generating	SW00120	SW00136	SW00152	SW00184	Function Calling Drawing Number
Error	SW00121	SW00137	SW00153	SW00185	Number of the drawing that calls the func- tion in which an error occurred.
Error Drawing Number	SW00122	SW00138	SW00154	SW00186	tion in which an error occurred.
Function Calling Drawing Number	SW00123	SW00139	SW00155	SW00187	Function Calling DWG Step Number
Function Calling DWG Step Number	SW00124	SW00140	SW00156	SW00188	Step number of the drawing that calls the function in which an error occurred.
Reserved by the system.	SW00125	SW00141	SW00157	SW00189	0 when there is an error in the drawing.

8.2.4 Troubleshooting System Errors

	Error Code	Error C	ontents	User*	S	System Default Value
	0001H	Integer operation - underflow	V	Yes	-32768	[-32768]
	0002H	Integer operation - overflow			32767 [	[32767]
	0003H	Integer operation - division e	error	Yes	The A r	register remains the same.
Integer	0009H	Double-length integer operat	ion - underflow	Yes	-21474	83648 [-2147483648]
Operations	000AH	Double-length integer operat	ion - overflow	Yes	214748	3647 [2147483647]
	000BH	Double-length integer operat	ion - division error	Yes	The A r	register remains the same.
	010□H	Operation error drawing - int to B)	teger operation error ( $\Box = 1$	No	Default	indicated above.
	0010H	Integer storage - non-numeri	c error	Yes	Store no	ot executed. [00000]
	0011H	Integer storage - underflow		Yes	Store no	ot executed. [-32768]
	0012H	Integer storage - overflow		Yes	Store no	ot executed. [+32767]
	0021H	Real number storage - under	flow	Yes	Store not executed. [-1.0E+38]	
	0022H	Real number storage - overflow		Yes	Store not executed. [1.0E+38]	
	0023H	Real number operation - division-by-zero error		Yes	Operation not executed. The F register remains the same.	
	0030H	Real number operation - invalid operation (non-numeric)		No	Operati	on not executed.
	0031H	Real number operation - exponent underflow		No	0.0	
	0032H	Real number operation - exp	onent overflow	No	Maximum value	
Real	0033H	Real number operation - divi	sion error (non-numeric 0/0)	No	Operation not executed.	
Number	0034H	Real number storage - expon	ent underflow	No	Stores (	).0.
Operation	0035H	Real number operation - stac	k error			
		Standard System Functions Real number operation errors	5	No	Interrup	ot operation and $output = 0.0$
		0040H: SQRT	0041H: SIN	0042H	: COS	0043H: TAN
	0040H	0044H: ASIN	0045H: ACOS	0046H	: ATAN	0047H: EXP
	40	0048H: LN	0049H: LOG	004AF	I: DZA	004BH: DZB
	to	004CH: LIM	004DH: PI	004EH	I: PD	004FH: PID
	0059H	0050H: LAG	0051H: LLAG	0052H	: FGN	0053H: IFGN
		0054H: LAU	0055H: SLAU	0056H	: REM	0057H: RCHK
		0058H: BSRCH	0059H: SQRT			
		1000H or 2000H is added for an index error.				

Table 8.3 Ladder Program User Operation Error Codes 1

\* Yes: Can be set to value other than system default from the user program.

No: The system default cannot be changed from the user program.

	Error Code	Error Contents		U	ser	System Default	
Integer - Real	1000H	Index error within drawing			×	Execute again with $i, j = 0$ .	
Number Operations	2000H	Index error within function		:	×	Execute again with $i, j = 0$ .	
	□060H Integer system func Index error		tions	:	×	1 1	ped and output = input. remains the same.
Integer Operation	to □077H	□06DH: PI	□06EH: PE	)	□06F	H: PID	□070H: LAG
Operation	$(\Box = 1, 2)$	□071H: LLAG	□072H: FG	N	□073H: IFGN		□074H: LAU
	. , ,	□075H: SLAU □076H: FGN □0		□077	H: IFGN		

Table 8.4 Ladder Program User Operation Error Codes 2

# [d] System Service Execution Status

Name	Register No.	Remarks
Reserved by the system.	SW00090 to SW00097	
Existence Of Data Trace Definition	SW00098	Bit 0 to 3 = Group 1 to 4 Definition exists = 1, No definition = 0
Data Trace Execution Status	SW00099	Bit 0 to 3 = Group 1 to 4 Trace stopped = 1, Trace executing = 0

#### Table 8.5 Data Trace Execution Status

#### Table 8.6 Latest Data Trace Record Numbers

Name	Register No.	Remarks
Data Trace Group 1	SW00100	Latest record number
Data Trace Group 2	SW00101	Latest record number
Data Trace Group 3	SW00102	Latest record number
Data Trace Group 4	SW00103	Latest record number

# [e] System I/O Error Status

Name	Register No.	Remarks
Current Alarm	SW00190	Cleared when power is turned ON.
Number of Alarm History Records	SW00191	The number of alarms in the alarm history.
Clear Alarms	SW00192	1: Alarm cleared 2: Current alarm and alarm history cleared
I/O Error Count	SW00200	Number of I/O errors
Input Error Count	SW00201	Number of input errors
Input Error Address	SW00202	Latest input error address (IWDDDD register number)
Output Error Count	SW00203	Number of output errors
Output Error Address	SW00204	Latest output error address (OWDDDD register number)
	SW00205	
Reserved by the system.	SW00206	(Not used.)
	SW00207	
	SW00208 to SW00215	Slot 0 error status
	SW00216 to SW00223	Reserved by the system.
	SW00224 to SW00231	Slot 1 error status
I/O Error Status	SW00232 to SW00239	Reserved by the system. (Slot 2 error status)
	SW00240 to SW00247	Reserved by the system. (Slot 3 error status)
	SW00248 to SW00255	Reserved by the system. (Slot 4 error status)
	SW00456 to SW00463	Reserved by the system. (Slot 30 error status)

8.2.4 Troubleshooting System Errors

#### [f] Actions to be Taken when a Transmission Error Occurs

When a transmission error occurs during system I/O, the error status is reported in the system registers as shown below.

Name	Register No.	Remarks
Slot 0 Error Status	SW00208 to SW00215	Refer to Basic Module Error Status.
Reserved by the system.	SW00216 to SW00223	(Depends on the mounted module and error code.)
Slot 1 Error Status	SW00224 to SW00231	(Depends on the mounted module and error code.)
Reserved by the system. (Slot 2 Error Status)	SW00232 to SW00239	(Depends on the mounted module and error code.)
Reserved by the system. (Slot 3 Error Status)	SW00240 to SW00247	(Depends on the mounted module and error code.)
Reserved by the system (Slot 4 Error Status)	SW00248 to SW00255	(Depends on the mounted module and error code.)
Reserved by the system (Slot 30 Error Status)	SW00456 to SW00463	(Depends on the mounted module and error code.)

The following [a] to [c] show the allocations of the registers when the Basic Module is allocated to the slot 0, the LIO-01/LIO-02 Module to the slot 1, and the 260IF-01 Module to the slot 3.

#### Basic Module Error Status (Slot 0)

(Bit number)	F		8	7		0
SW00208		Error code (station error=	1)	S	ubslot number	(= 2)
(Bit number)	F		8	7		0
SW00213		Error code (station error=	1)	S	ubslot number	(= 3)
(Bit number)	F		3	2	1	0
SW00214	ST #15		ST #3	ST #2	ST #1	Unused
SW00215	Unused	ST #30			ST #17	ST #16
		•				
SW00216	Unused					Unused
	-					
SW00217	Unused					Unused

LIO-01/LIO-02	Module Error	<sup>-</sup> Status (Exa	ample: Slot 1)

(Bit No.)	F	8	7	0	
SW00224	Erro	r Code (I/O error = 2)	Sub-slot No. (= 1)		
SW00225	Erro	r Code (I/O error = 2)	Sub-slot No. (=	2)	
SW00226	Not used			Not used	
SW00227	Not used			Not used	
SW00228	Not used			Not used	
SW00229	Not used			Not used	
SW00230	Not used			Not used	
SW00231	Not used			Not used	
■ 260IF-01 Mo	odule Error	Status (Example: Slot 1	)		

(Bit No.)	F	8	7	0
SW00224	Error Code (Station error = 1)		Sub-slot No. (= 2)	
SW00225	ST15			ST#0
		•		
SW00226	ST31			ST#16
		·		
SW00227	ST47			ST#22
		·		
SW00228	ST63			ST#48

[Error status details]

Item	Code	Remarks
	0	Normal communication
ST#n	1	Communication error at station n (when slave, n becomes a local station number)

8.2.4 Troubleshooting System Errors

# [g] Module Information

Name	Register No.	Contents
	SW00800	Basic Module (C380H)
	SW00801	Reserved by the system.
	SW00802	CPU Software version (BCD)
	SW00803	Number of sub-slots (0004H)
	SW00804	CPU Function ID (C310H)
	SW00805	CPU Function Module Status
	SW00806	I/O Function Module ID (8070H)
	SW00807	I/O Function Module Status
	SW00808	SVB Function Module ID (9113H)
Module	SW00809	SVB Function Module Status
Information	SW00810	SVR Function Module ID (9210H)
	SW00811	SVR Function Module Status
	SW00812	M-EXECUTOR function module ID (8430H)
	SW00813	M-EXECUTOR function module status
	SW00814 to SW00815	Reserved by the system.
	SW00816 to SW00823	Slot 1
	SW00824 to SW00831	Reserved by the system. (Slot 2)
	SW00832 to SW00839	Reserved by the system. (Slot 3)
	SW01008 to SW01015	Reserved by the system (Slot 26)

# 8.2.5 Motion Program Alarms

If a motion program alarm occurs, find the cause of alarm indicated by the alarm code.

The alarm code, alarm name, and its corrective actions in a motion program can be checked on the error information screen.

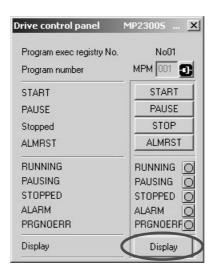
This section explains the error information screen and motion alarm codes:

# (1) Error Information Screen

The following two options are available for displaying the error information screen.

#### [a] Open from Operation Control Panel

Click the Display Button on the Drive Control Panel Window to display error information.



[b] Open from Right-click Menu on the Motion Editor

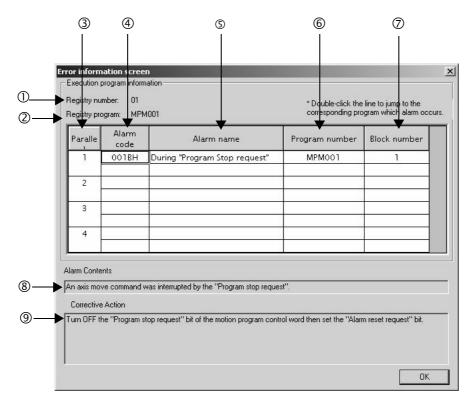
Select Motion alarm analyzer from the menu displayed by right-clicking on the motion editor.

Undo		
Cut		
Сору		
Paste		
Motion command assist	F12	
Insert motion command		
Move execution position		
Set/Delete Breakpoint		
Enable/Disable Breakpoint		
Select All		
Add Register		
Register for Trace Manager		
Defer		
Motion alarm analyzer		

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8.2.5 Motion Program Alarms

This section explains the error information screen.



#### ① Registry number

When an alarm occurs in a motion program registered in the M-EXECUTOR program execution definition, the M-EXECUTOR registry number is shown.

When an alarm occurs in a motion program referenced by an MSEE command from the ladder program, "---" is shown.

#### ② Registry program

When an alarm occurs in a motion program registered in the M-EXECUTOR program execution definition, the program name registered in M-EXECUTOR is shown.

When an alarm occurs in a motion program referenced by an MSEE command from the ladder program, "---" is shown.

#### 3 Parallel

When a parallel execution command (PFORK) is used in the motion program, multiple alarms may occur at the same time. For more information, refer to 3.1.11 Parallel Execution Command (PFORK, JOINTO, PJOINT) of Machine Controller MP900/MP2000 Series Users Manual, Motion Program Section (manual number: SIE-C887-1.3).

#### ④ Alarm code

The alarm code is shown.

#### S Alarm name

The alarm name is shown.

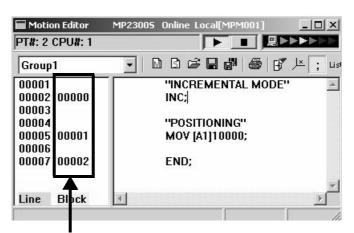
#### Program number

The name of the program where an error occurred is shown.

#### ⑦ Block number

The number of the block where an error occurred is shown.

Double-clicking the number will bring you to the corresponding program where the error occurred. The block number is shown in the motion editor.



Block number

#### 8 Alarm Contents

The alarm content are shown.

Orrective Action
 Orrective Action
 Orrective
 Orrectiv

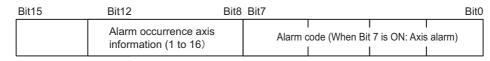
Corrective actions for the alarm are shown.

8.2.5 Motion Program Alarms

# (2) Motion Program Alarm Codes

# (a) Configuration of Motion Program Alarms

The following diagram shows the configuration of alarms.



# (b) Alarm Code List for Motion Program

The following table shows the alarm codes of motion programs.

Alarm Code	Name	Description	Corrective Actions
02h	Division error	Data divided by 0	Review the motion program.
10h	A circle instead of radius was specified	Turn number was specified instead of radius in the circular arc or helical interpolation com- mand.	<ul> <li>Designate a center coordinate instead of a radius to perform the circular arc or helical interpolation command.</li> <li>Never specify the turn number.</li> </ul>
11h	Interpolation feeding speed over limit	Interpolation feeding speed exceeded the valid range of the FMX command.	Modify the interpolation feeding speed of the interpolation command
12h	No interpolation feeding speed specified	No interpolation feeding speed was specified. (once specified, this can be omitted as in the motion program)	Specify the interpolation feeding speed in the interpolation command.
13h	Range exceeded after converting acceleration parameter	Indirect acceleration parameter exceeded the valid range.	Change the indirect register value.
14h	Circular arc length exceeded LONG_MAX	Circular arc length exceeded the valid range in the circular arc or helical interpolation command.	Review the circular arc length in the circular arc or helical interpolation command.
15h	Vertical axis not speci- fied for circular arc plane	Vertical axis was not specified in the circular arc or helical interpolation command.	Use PLN command to specify the axis.
16h	Horizontal axis not specified for circular arc plane	Horizontal axis was not specified in the circular arc or helical interpolation command.	Use PLN command to specify the axis.
17h	Specified axis over limit	Too many axes were configured in the circular arc (two axes) or helical (three axes) interpola- tion command.	Modify the axis in the circular arc or helical interpolation command.
18h	Turn number over limit	Turn number exceeded the valid range in the circular arc or helical interpolation command.	Modify the turn number in the circular arc or helical interpolation command.
19h	Radius exceeded LONG_MAX	Radius exceeded the valid range in the circular arc or helical interpolation command.	Review the radius in the circular arc or heli- cal interpolation command.
1Ah	Center point error	Improper center point was specified in the cir- cular arc or helical interpolation command.	Specify the center point properly in the circular arc or helical interpolation command.
1Bh	Running emergency stop command	Axis move command stopped due to a pro- gram stop request.	Turn OFF the program stop request for the motion program control signal, and turn ON the alarm reset request.
1Ch	Linear interpolation moving amount exceeded LONG_MAX	Moving amount exceeded the valid range in the linear interpolation command.	Review the moving amount in the linear interpolation command.
1Dh	FMX undefined	FMX command not executed in the motion program containing an interpolation command.	Perform an FMX command. The FMX command is required in each program con- taining an interpolation command.
1Eh	Address T out of range	Designation exceeded the valid range in the IAC/IDC/FMX commands.	Review the setting in the IAC/IDC/FMX command.
1Fh	Address P out of range	Designation exceeded the valid range in the IFP command.	Review the setting in the IFP command.

Alarm Code	Name	Description	Corrective Actions
21h	PFORK execution error	A motion command was instructed simulta- neously at the second line in the PFORK of both a source motion program and a subpro- gram.	Review the source motion program or sub- program.
22h	Indirect register range error	Specified register address exceeds the register size range.	Review the motion program.
23h	Moving amount out of range	Axis moving amount with decimal point for an axis move command exceeded the possible range.	Review the axis moving amount.
80h	Use of logical axis pro- hibited	Multiple motion commands instructed against the same axis at the same time.	Review the motion program.
81h	Designation exceeded POSMAX in the infinite length axis	Moving distance designation exceeded POS- MAX in the infinite length axis.	<ul><li>Modify a fixed parameter "Maximum infinite length axis counter"</li><li>Review the motion program.</li></ul>
82h	Axis moving distance exceeded LONG_MAX	Axis moving distance designation exceeded the valid range.	Review the motion program.
84h	Duplicated motion com- mand	Multiple commands ware executed against a single axis.	Check whether another program gave a command to the same axis at the same time. If so, review the program.
85h	Motion command response error	A motion command response different from that instructed by the motion command is reported from a motion module.	<ul> <li>Remove the alarm cause from the destination axis.</li> <li>If the servo is not turned ON, turn ON the servo.</li> <li>Check whether another program gave a command to the same axis at the same time. If so, review the program.</li> </ul>
87h	VEL setting data out of range	An instruction in the VEL command exceeded the valid range.	Review the VEL command.
88h	INP setting data out of range	An instruction in the INP command exceeded the valid range.	Review the INP command.
89h	ACC/SCC/DCC setting data out of range	An instruction in the ACC/SCC/DCC com- mand exceeded the valid range.	Review the ACC/SCC/DCC command.
8Ah	No time specified in the MVT command	T designation in the MVT command was zero.	Review the MVT command.
8Bh	Command execution disabled	A motion command which cannot be executed by the destination motion module was instructed.	Review the motion program.
8Ch	Distribution incom- pleted	A motion command was executed when a motion module was not in the Distribution Completed state.	Review the motion program so that a motion command is executed in the Distribution Completed state.
8Dh	Motion command abnormally aborted	Motion module fell into the "Motion com- mand abnormally aborted" state.	<ul><li> Release the destination axis error.</li><li> Review the motion program.</li></ul>

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8.2.6 List of Causes for Command Error Completed Status

# 8.2.6 List of Causes for Command Error Completed Status

The Command Error Completed Status ( $IW\square\square09$ , bit 3) turns ON when the set motion command cannot be executed for some reasons or the execution of motion command ended with error. The cause for which this bit turns ON differ depending on motion command.

The following table shows the causes of Command Error Completed Status by motion command.

	Motion Command Code	Cause of Command Error Occurrence	Warning (W:) and Alarm (A:) That Occur at Command Error Occurrence
		The positioning moving amount exceeds the allowable range.	A: Excessive Positioning Moving Amount
	Positioning	The axis is a ABS infinite-length, and the zero point return setting is not completed	A: Zero Point Not Set
1	(POSING)	In servo OFF status	A: Servo OFF
		Alarm is occurring.	_
		Asynchronous communication status	A: Servo Driver Synchronization Com- munication Error
		The positioning moving amount exceeds the allowable range.	A: Excessive Positioning Moving Amount
		The axis is a ABS infinite-length, and the zero point return setting is not completed	A: Zero Point Not Set
		In servo OFF status	A: Servo OFF
		Alarm is occurring.	-
2	External Positioning (EX_POSING)	Asynchronous communication status	A: Servo Driver Synchronization Com- munication Error
		SERVOPACK parameter writing was not com- pleted within the specified time.	A: Servo Driver Command Timeout Error
		Warning A.94 or A.95 occurred in the SERVOPACK.	W: Servo Driver Error
		The selected external signal is out of the setting range.	W: Setting Parameter Error
		In machine lock status	_
		In servo OFF status	1: Servo OFF
		An alarm is occurring.	_
		Asynchronous communication status	A: Servo Driver Synchronization Com- munication Error
		SERVOPACK parameter reading or writing was not completed within the specified time.	A: Servo Driver Command Timeout Error
3	Zero Point Return	Warning A.94 or A.95 is occurring in the SERVOPACK.	W: Servo Driver Error
-	(ZRET)	The selected zero point return method is out of the setting range.	W: Setting Parameter Error
		POT method is selected for zero point return, but the approach speed is a negative value.	W: Setting Parameter Error
		NOT method is selected for zero point return, but the approach speed is a positive value.	W: Setting Parameter Error
		During zero point return using DEC1 + Phase- C, ZERO signal, or Phase-C method, the OT signal in zero point return direction was ON.	OT Alarm or OT Warning in Zero Point Return Direction
4	Interpolation (INTERPOLATE) Interpolation last segment	The commanded moving distance for one scan exceeds the segment that can be commanded to the MECHATROLINK SERVOPACK, or the speed feed forward value exceeds the allowable maximum speed.	A: Excessive Speed
5		The axis is ABS infinite length, and the zero point return (setting) is not completed.	A: Zero Point Not Set
	(ENDOF_INTERPOLATE)	In servo OFF status	A: Servo OFF
		An alarm is occurring.	-
		Asynchronous communication status	A: Servo Driver Synchronization Com- munication Error

# 8.2.6 List of Causes for Command Error Completed Status

	Motion Command Code		
	Latch	The commanded moving amount for one scan exceeds the segment that can be commanded to the MECHATROLINK SERVOPACK, or the speed feed forward value exceeds the allowable maximum speed.	A: Excessive Speed
6	(LATCH)	The axis is ABS infinite length, and the zero point return (setting) is not completed.	A: Zero Point Not Set
		In servo OFF status	A: Servo OFF
		An alarm is occurring.	-
		The selected latch signal is out of the setting range.	W: Setting Parameter Error
		In machine lock status	-
	JOG Operation	In servo OFF status	A: Servo OFF
7	(FEED)	An alarm is occurring.	_
		Asynchronous communication status	A: Servo Driver Synchronization Com- munication Error
		Positioning moving amount exceeds the allow- able value.	A: Excessive Positioning Moving Amount
8	STEP operation	In servo OFF status	A: Servo OFF
0	(STEP)	An alarm is occurring.	-
		Asynchronous communication status	A: Servo Driver Synchronization Com- munication Error
	Zero Point setting	An alarm is occurring.	-
9	(ZSET)	Asynchronized communication status	A: Servo Driver Synchronization Com- munication Error
		An alarm is occurring.	-
	Change Acceleration Time	Asynchronous communication status	A: Servo Driver Synchronization Com- munication Error
10 • 11	Change Acceleration Time (ACC) Change Deceleration Time (DCC)	Executed while the distribution has not been completed (DEN = OFF)	-
		SERVOPACK parameter writing was not com- pleted within the specified time.	A: Servo Command Timeout Error
		Warning A.94 or A.95 occurred in the SERVOPACK.	W: Servo Driver Error
		An alarm is occurring.	-
		Asynchronous communication status	A: Servo Driver Synchronization Com- munication Error
12		Executed while the distribution has not been completed (DEN = OFF)	A: Filter Time Constant Change Error
	(SCC)	SERVOPACK parameter writing was not com- pleted within the specified time.	A: Servo Driver Command Timeout Error
		Warning A.94 or A.95 occurred in the SERVOPACK.	W: Servo Driver Error
		An alarm is occurring.	-
	Change Filter Type	Asynchronous communication status	A: Servo Driver Synchronization Com- munication Error
13	(CHG_FILTER)	Executed while the distribution has not been completed (DEN = OFF).	A: Filter Time Constant Change Error
		The selected filter type is out of the setting range.	W: Setting Parameter Error
	Change Speed Loop Gain	An alarm is occurring.	_
14 •	(KVS) Change Position Loop Gain	Asynchronous communication status	A: Servo Driver Synchronization Com- munication Error
15 •	(KPS) Change Speed Feed Forward	SERVOPACK parameter writing was not com- pleted within the specified time.	A: Servo Driver Command Timeout Error
16	Forward (KFS)	Warning A.94 or A.95 occurred in the	W: Servo Driver Error

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8.2.6 List of Causes for Command Error Completed Status

	Motion Command Code	Cause of Command Error Occurrence	Warning (W:) and Alarm (A:) That Occur at Command Error Occurrence
		An alarm is occurring.	_
	Read SERVOPACK	Asynchronized communication status	A: Servo Driver Synchronization Com- munication Error
17 •	Parameter (PRM_RD) Write SERVOPACK	SERVOPACK parameter reading was not com- pleted within the specified time.	A: Servo Driver Command Timeout Error
18	Parameter (PRM_WR)	Warning A.94 or A.95 occurred in the SERVOPACK.	W: Servo Driver Error
		SERVOPACK parameter number or size is out of the setting range.	W: Setting Parameter Error
19	Monitor SERVOPACK Alarms	The command to the SERVOPACK was not completed within the specified time.	A: Servo Driver Command Timeout Error
• 20	(ALM_MON) Monitor SERVOPACK Alarm History (ALM_HIST)	Servo driver alarm monitor number is out of setting range.	W: Setting Parameter Error
21	Clear SERVOPACK Alarm History (ALMHIST_CLR)	The command to the SERVOPACK was not completed within the specified time.	A: Servo Driver Command Timeout Error
		This command was used for $\Sigma$ -I SERVOPACK.	_
		Executed while servo is ON.	_
22	Reset Absolute Encoder (ABS_RST)	Asynchronous communication status	A: Servo Driver Synchronization Com- munication Error
		The command to the SERVOPACK was not completed within the specified time.	A: Servo Driver Command Timeout Error
	Speed Reference (VELO)	Commanded when having been connected to MECHATROLINK-I	_
23		An alarm is occurring.	_
		Asynchronous communication status	A: Servo Driver Synchronization Com- munication Error
	Torque Reference (TRQ)	Commanded when having been connected to MECHATROLINK-I	-
24		An alarm is occurring	_
		Asynchronous communication status	A: Servo Driver Synchronization Com- munication Error
		The axis is ABS infinite length, and the zero point return (setting) is not completed.	A: Zero Point Not Set
25	Phase Reference (PHASE)	In servo OFF status	A: Servo OFF
		An alarm is occurring. Asynchronous communication status	<ul> <li>A: Servo Driver Synchronization Com- munication Error</li> </ul>
		An alarm is occurring.	-
	Change Position Loop	Asynchronous communication status	A: Servo Driver Synchronization Com- munication Error
26	Integration Time Constant (KIS)	SERVOPACK parameter writing was not com- pleted within the specified time.	A: Servo Driver Command Timeout Error
		Warning A.94 or A.95 occurred in the SERVOPACK.	W: Servo Driver Error
		An alarm is occurring.	-
	Others Parameter Automatic	Asynchronous communication status	A: Servo Driver Synchronization Com- munication Error
	Updating when Execution of Move	SERVOPACK parameter writing was not com- pleted within the specified time.	A: Servo Driver Command Timeout Error
	Command Starts *	Warning A.94 or A.95 occurred in the SERVOPACK.	W: Servo Driver Error
		The distribution was not completed (DEN = OFF).	-

\* When the fixed parameter Automatic Updating of Parameter was enabled, and the setting of Filter Time Constant, Acceleration Rate/Time, or Deceleration Rate/Time was changed at the time a move command was set

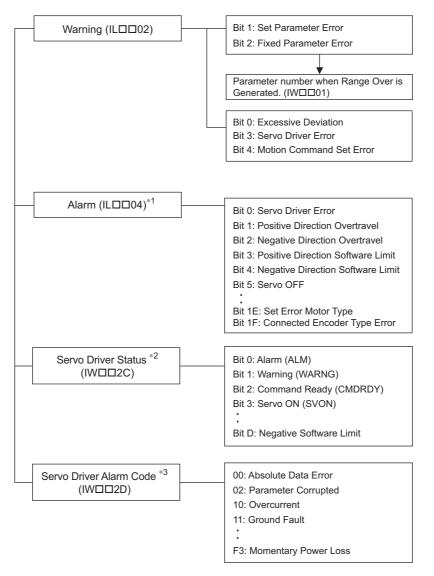
# 8.2.7 Troubleshooting Motion Errors

This section explains the details and remedies for errors that occur in motion control functions.

#### (1) Overview of Motion Errors

Motion errors in the MP2000-series Machine Controller include axis alarms detected for individual SERVOPACKs. The failure location can be determined and appropriate corrections can be taken simply by checking the contents of the Warning (IL $\Box\Box$ 02) and Alarm (IL $\Box\Box$ 04) monitoring parameters.

The motion alarms for the Machine Controller Basic Module's MECHATROLINK-I or MECHATROLINK-II functionality are shown below.



- \* 1. Refer to "[ a ] Alarm (ILDD04) List".
- \* 2. Refer to "[ a ] Servo Driver Status (IWDD2C) List".
- \* 3. Refer to "[ b ] Servo Driver Status (IWDD2C) List".

8.2.7 Troubleshooting Motion Errors

# (2) Motion Error Details and Corrections

The following tables show the contents of the axis alarms (IL $\Box\Box$ 04) (subsection a) and axis alarm details (subsection b).

#### [a] Alarm (ILDD04) List

ILDD04	Alarm Contents	ILDD04	Alarm Contents
Bit 0	Servo Driver Error	Bit 10	Servo Driver Synchronization Communica- tions Error
Bit 1	Positive Direction Overtravel	Bit 11	Servo Driver Communication Error
Bit 2	Negative Direction Overtravel	Bit 12	Servo Driver Command Time-out Error
Bit 3	Positive Direction Software Limit	Bit 13	Excessive ABS Encoder Rotations
Bit 4	Negative Direction Software Limit	Bit 14	Reserved
Bit 5	Servo OFF	Bit 15	Reserved
Bit 6	Positioning Time Over	Bit 16	Not used
Bit 7	Excessive Positioning Moving Amount	Bit 17	Not used
Bit 8	Excessive Speed	Bit 18	Not used
Bit 9	Excessive Deviation	Bit 19	Not used
Bit A	Filter Type Change Error	Bit 1A	Not used
Bit B	Filter Time Constant Change Error	Bit 1B	Not used
Bit C	Not used	Bit 1C	Not used
Bit D	Zero Point Unsetting	Bit 1D	Not used
Bit E	Not used	Bit 1E	Motor Type Set Error
Bit F	Not used	Bit 1F	Connected Encoder Type Error

#### [b] Bit 0: Servo Driver Error

Detection Timing	SERVOPACK alarms are continuously monitored by the alarm management section.
Processing when Alarm Occurs	<ul> <li>The current command will be aborted. If a SERVOPACK error is detected during execution of a POSING command, the positioning will be aborted and the axis will decelerate to a stop.</li> <li>The Command Error Completed Status in the Motion Command Status (IWDD09, bit 3) will turn ON.</li> </ul>
Error and Cause	• The cause of the error depends on the type of alarm. The contents of an alarm is monitored in IWDD2D. Refer to the list of SERVOPACK alarms in 8.2.7 [b] Servo Driver Status and Servo Driver Error Codes on page 8-40 for details.
Correction	Confirm the SERVOPACK alarm and remove the cause.     Reset the alarm.

• The above status bit will turn ON for any of the SERVOPACK alarm codes for alarms classified as SERVOPACK alarms.

#### [c] Bit 1: Positive Direction Overtravel and Bit 2: Negative Direction Overtravel

Detection Timing	<ul> <li>Overtravel is continuously monitored by the position management section during execution of a motion command.</li> <li>Overtravel is detected when the overtravel signal in the direction of movement turns OFF.</li> </ul>
Processing when Alarm Occurs	<ul> <li>The SERVOPACK performs stop processing. The stop method and processing after stopping depends on the SERVOPACK parameter settings.</li> <li>The Command Error Completed Status in the Motion Command Status (IW□□09, bit 3) will turn ON.</li> <li>Machine Controller Processing The command is canceled and the axis decelerates to a stop. Follow-up processing (each scan the current position of the machine is adjusted to the reference position) is executed.</li> </ul>
Error and Cause       One of the following is possible.         • A move command that exceeded the travel limit of the machine was executed as follow         A user program command exceeded the travel limit.         The software limit was exceeded in manual operation.         • Overtravel signal malfunction.	
Correction	<ul> <li>Check the following. Check the overtravel signal. Check the program or manual operation.</li> <li>Then, after clearing the motion command code and resetting the alarm, use a return operation to eliminate the overtravel status. (Commands in the overtravel direction will be disabled and an alarm will occur again if one is executed.)</li> </ul>

#### Precautions

- For a vertical axis, the following should be set at the SERVOPACK to avoid dropping and vibration at the overtravel limit.
  - An emergency deceleration stop
  - Zero clamp status after the deceleration stop

#### [d] Bit 3: Positive Direction Software Limit and Bit 4: Negative Direction Software Limit

Detection Timing	<ul><li>Enabled when using a motion command and detected by the position management section.</li><li>The software limits are valid after a ZRET or ZSET command has been completed.</li></ul>
Processing when Alarm Occurs	<ul> <li>The axis decelerates to a stop at the software limit.</li> <li>The Command Error Completed Status in the Motion Command Status (IWDD09, bit 3) will turn ON.</li> </ul>
Error and Cause	• A move command that exceeded a software limit of the machine was executed as follows: A user program command exceeded the software limit. The software limit was exceeded in manual operation.
Correction	<ul> <li>Check the program or manual operation.</li> <li>Then, after clearing the motion command code and resetting the alarm, use a return operation to eliminate the software limit status. (Commands in the direction of the software limit will be disabled and an alarm will occur again if one is executed.)</li> </ul>

#### [e] Bit 5: Servo OFF

Detection Timing	Servo OFF status is detected when a move command is executed.
Processing when Alarm Occurs	<ul> <li>The specified movement command will not be executed.</li> <li>The Command Error Completed Status in the Motion Command Status (IWDD09, bit 3) will turn ON.</li> </ul>
Error and Cause	• A move command (commands for positioning, external positioning, STEP operation, JOG operation, etc.) was executed when the SERVOPACK was Servo OFF status.
Correction	• After clearing the motion command and resetting the alarm, turn the SERVOPACK to the Servo ON sta- tus.

8.2.7 Troubleshooting Motion Errors

# [f] Bit 6: Positioning Time Over

Detection Timing	• Positioning was not completed within Positioning Completion Cheek Time (OWDD26) after completing pulse distribution.
Processing when	The current command was ended forcibly.
Alarm Occurs	• The Command Error Completed Status in the Motion Command Status (IWDD0,9 bit 3) will turn ON.
Error and Cause	<ul> <li>One of the following is possible.</li> <li>The position loop gain and speed loop gain are not set correctly, creating poor response. Or, there is oscillation.</li> <li>The Positioning Completion Cheek Time (OWDD26) is too short.</li> <li>The capacity of the motor is insufficient for the machine load.</li> <li>Connections are not correct between the SERVOPACK and the motor.</li> </ul>
Correction	<ul> <li>Check the following.</li> <li>Check the SERVOPACK gain parameters.</li> <li>Check connections between the SERVOPACK and the motor.</li> <li>Check the motor capacity.</li> <li>Check the Positioning Completion Cheek Time (OW□□26).</li> </ul>

• The above check is not performed if the Positioning Completion Cheek Time (OWDD26) is set to 0.

#### [g] Bit 7: Excessive Positioning Moving Amount

Detection Timing	Positioning command is executed.
Processing when Alarm Occurs	<ul> <li>The move command is not executed.</li> <li>The Command Error Completed Status in the Motion Command Status (IWDD09, bit 3) will turn ON.</li> </ul>
Error and Cause	• A move command (commands for positioning, external positioning, or STEP operation) was executed that exceeded the limit of the positioning moving amount.
Correction	Check the moving amount for the axis being positioned.

#### [h] Bit 8: Excessive Speed

Detection Timing	• A move command is executed.
Processing when Alarm Occurs	<ul> <li>The move command is not executed.</li> <li>The Command Error Completed Status in the Motion Command Status (IWDD09, bit 3) will turn ON.</li> </ul>
Error and Cause	• The speed (moving amount output for one scan in case of interpolation) commanded to MECHA- TROLINK servo exceeds the upper limit.
Correction	• Check the settings for speed reference, interpolation command moving amount per scan, and speed com- pensation.

#### [i] Bit 9: Excessive Deviation

Detection Timing	Always except during speed control and torque control
Processing when Alarm Occurs	<ul> <li>The move command is not executed.</li> <li>The Command Error Completed Status in the Motion Command Status (IWDD09, bit 3) will turn ON.</li> </ul>
Error and Cause	<ul> <li>One of the following is possible.</li> <li>The position loop gain and speed loop gain are not set correctly, creating poor response.</li> <li>The Error Count Alarm Detection (OL□□22) is too small.</li> <li>The capacity of the motor is insufficient for the machine load.</li> <li>SERVOPACK failure</li> </ul>
Correction	<ul> <li>Check the following and correct the problem. If the problem persists, contact the maintenance department.</li> <li>Check the position loop gain and speed loop gain.</li> <li>Check the Error Count Alarm Detection (OL□□22).</li> <li>Check the motor capacity.</li> </ul>

• The above check is not performed if the Error Count Alarm Detection (OLDD22) is set to 0.

#### [j] Bit A: Filter Type Change Error

Detection Timing	Continuously monitored by the motion command processing section.
Processing when Alarm Occurs	<ul> <li>The Change Filter Type command will not be executed.</li> <li>The Command Error Completed Status in the Motion Command Status (IWDD09, bit 3) will turn ON.</li> </ul>
Error and Cause	• An error occurs if the Change Filter Type command is executed before the specified pulse distribution has not been completed (i.e., when IWDD0C, bit 0 was OFF).
Correction	• Correct the program to execute the Change Filter Type command after Discharging Completed status (i.e., that IWDD0C, bit 0 is ON) is checked.

• The command running will not stop even if the above error occurs. The stop processing from the user program is needed to stop running commands when necessary.

#### [k] Bit B: Filter Time Constant Change Error

Detection Timing	Continuously monitored by the motion command processing section.
Processing when Alarm Occurs	<ul> <li>The SCC (Change Filter Time Constant) command will not be executed.</li> <li>The Command Error Completed Status in the Motion Command Status (IWDD09, bit 3) will turn ON.</li> </ul>
Error and Cause	<ul> <li>An error occurs if the SCC command is executed before the specified pulse distribution has not been completed (i.e., when IW□□0C0, bit 0 was OFF).</li> </ul>
Correction	• Correct the program to execute the SCC command after Discharging Completed status (i.e., that IB DOC0 is ON) is checked.

• The command running will not stop even if the above error occurs. The stop processing from the user program is needed to stop running commands when necessary.

#### [1] Bit D: Zero Point Unsetting

Detection Timing	<ul> <li>Enabled only when an absolute encoder is used for an infinite length axis and detected when the next command is set in the Motion Command Response Code (OWDD08).</li> <li>Commands: Positioning, External Positioning, Interpolation, Interpolation with position detection function, phase reference</li> </ul>
Processing when Alarm Occurs	<ul> <li>The set command will not be executed.</li> <li>The Command Error Completed Status in the Motion Command Status (IWDD09, bit 3) will turn ON.</li> </ul>
Error and Cause	• A move command was set without executing the ZSET command (IWDD0C, bit 5 is OFF).
Correction	• After clearing the motion command and resetting the alarm, execute a Zero Point Setting operation.

#### [m] Bit 10: Servo Driver Synchronization Communications Error

Detection Timing	• Detected by the communication control section when communication are synchronized between the Machine Controller and SERVOPACK.
Processing when Alarm Occurs	• The current command will be aborted.
Error and Cause	Data of either Machine Controller or servo was not correctly updated.
Correction	Check the MECHATROLINK cable and reset the alarm.

#### [n] Bit 11: Servo Driver Communication Error

Detection Timing	• Detected by the communication control section when communication is not synchronized between the Machine Controller and SERVOPACK.
Processing when Alarm Occurs	<ul> <li>The current command will be aborted.</li> <li>The SERVOPACK will be Servo OFF status.</li> </ul>
Error and Cause	MECHATROLINK communication stopped because the cable was disconnected, there is nois interference
	to the communication line or the power supply to the SERVOPACK was turned OFF.
Correction	<ul> <li>Check the MECHATROLINK cable and reset the alarm.</li> <li>If this error frequently occurs, refer to <i>MECHATROLINK-II Installation Manual</i> (manual number: SIEPS 80000030) to correct wiring and eliminate noise interference.</li> </ul>

# [ o ] Bit 12: Servo Driver Command Time-out Error

Detection Timing	<ul> <li>Detected during execution of each motion commands.</li> <li>Detected by the MECHATROLINK communication control section when the Servo command responses are checked for each process.</li> </ul>
Processing when Alarm Occurs	• The current command will be aborted.
Error and Cause	• The MECHATROLINK Servo command did not complete within the specified time (5 s).
Correction	Check for alarms in the SERVOPACK for MECHATROLINK communication.

• The above error occurs when Module allocations of SERVOPACK for MECHATROLINK communication have been completed and the power is not being supplied to the SERVOPACK.

# [p] Bit 13: Excessive ABS Encoder Rotations

Detection Timing	• Enabled only when an absolute encoder is used for a finite length axis, and the electronic gear used. Detected by the position management section when power is turned ON.
Processing when Alarm Occurs	• The absolute position information read from the absolute encoder when the SEN signal turned ON is ignored.
Error and Cause	• An operation error occurred when the absolute position information read from the absolute encoder is con- verted from pulses to reference units at power ON.
Correction	Check the gear ratio, number of encoder pulses for other motion fixed parameters.

# [q] Bit 1E: Set Error Motor Type

Detection Timing	Detected when the communication with the SERVOPACK is established.
Processing when Alarm Occurs	• None
Error and Cause	• The motor type setting (rotary/linear) of the Machine Controller fixed parameter does not agree with that of SERVOPACK parameter (Start Selection Pn000.3 for SGDH, Rotary/Linear for SGDS).
Correction	Check the setting and model of the SERVOPACK.

# [r] Bit 1F: Connected Encoder Type Error

Detection Timing	• Detected when the communication with the SERVOPACK is established.
Processing when Alarm Occurs	• None
Error and Cause	• The motor type setting (rotary/linear) of the Machine Controller fixed parameter does not agree with the motor type connected to the SERVOPACK.
Correction	Check the motor.

# (3) Servo Driver Status and Servo Driver Error Codes

#### [a] Servo Driver Status (IWDD2C) List

The status of a SERVOPACK for MECHATROLINK communication can be monitored in Monitor Parameter (IWDD2C).

The list of Monitor Parameter (IWDD2C) is provided in the following table.

Bit No.	Status	Description
Bit 0	Alarm (ALM)	OFF: No alarm occurred. ON: Alarm occurred.
Bit 1	Warning (WARNG)	OFF: No warning occurred. ON: Warning occurred.
Bit 2	Command Ready (CMDRDY)	OFF: Command reception not possible (busy). ON: Command reception possible (ready).
Bit 3	Servo ON (SVON)	OFF: Servo OFF (baseblock) ON: Servo ON (baseblock cleared)
Bit 4	Main Power Supply ON (PON)	OFF: Main power OFF ON: Main power ON
Bit 5	Machine Lock (MLOCK)	OFF: Machine lock released ON: Machine locked
Bit 6	Zero Position (ZPOINT)	OFF: The APOS (absolute position) is not in the zero point. ON: The APOS (absolute position) is in the zero point range.
Bit 7	Locating Complete (PSET)	<ul><li>OFF: Pulse distribution is not completed or the APOS is not in the positioning completed width.</li><li>ON: Pulse distribution is completed and the APOS is within the positioning completed width.</li></ul>
Bit 8	Command Profile Complete (DEN)	OFF: Pulse distribution is being performed for positioning command. ON: Pulse distribution for positioning commands has been completed
Bit 9	Torque Restriction (T_LIM)	OFF: A torque limit is not being applied. ON: A torque limit is being applied.
Bit A	Latch Complete (L_CMP)	OFF: Latch not completed. ON: Latch completed.
Bit B	Locating neighborhood (NEAR)	OFF: The APOS is outside the position proximity range. ON: The APOS is inside the position proximity range.
Bit C	Positive Software Limit (P-SOT)	OFF: The positive software limit has not been exceeded. ON: The positive software limit has been exceeded.
Bit D	Negative Software Limit (N-SOT)	OFF: The negative software limit has not been exceeded. ON: The negative software limit has been exceeded.
Bit E	Reserved	-
Bit F	Reserved	-

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8.2.7 Troubleshooting Motion Errors

#### [b] Servo Driver Alarm Code (IWDD2D)

When the Servo Driver Error (IL $\Box\Box$ 04, bit 0) turns ON, a SERVOPACK alarm will exist. The content of the alarm can be confirmed using the Servo Driver Alarm Code (monitoring parameter IW $\Box$ 2D). The Servo alarm codes are listed in the following tables.

# $\blacksquare \Sigma-I \text{ Series}$

Name	Register Number	Code	Meaning
		99	Normal
		94	Parameter Setting Warning
		95	MECHATROLINK Command Warning
		96	MECHATROLINK Communication Error Warning
		00	Absolute Value Data Error
		02	Parameter Corrupted
		10	Overcurrent
		11	Ground Fault
		40	Overvoltage
		41	Undervoltage
		51	Overspeed
		71	Overload (Instantaneous)
		72	Overload (Continuous)
		7A	Heat Sink Heating
		80	Absolute Encoder Error
	IWDD2D	81	Absolute Encoder Backup Error
		82	Absolute Encoder Checksum Error
Servo Driver Alarm Code		83	Absolute Encoder Battery Error
Alami Code		84	Absolute Encoder Data Error
		85	Absolute Encoder Overspeed
		B1	Gate Array 1 Error
		B2	Gate Array 2 Error
		B3	Current Feedback Phase-U Error
		B4	Current Feedback Phase-V Error
		B5	Watchdog Detector Error
		C1	Servo Run-away
		C2	Encoder Phase Error Detected
		C3	Encoder Phase-A or -B Broken
		C4	Encoder Phase-C Broken
		C5	Incremental Encoder Initial Pulses Error
		D0	Position Error Exceeded
		E5	MECHATROLINK Sync Error
		E6	MECHATROLINK Communication Error
		F1	Broken Phase in Power Line
		F3	Momentary Power Loss

#### Σ-II Series

Name	Register Number	Code	Meaning
		99	Normal
		90	Excessive Position Deviation Warning
		91	Overload Warning
		92	Regeneration Overload Warning
		93	Absolute Encoder Battery Error
		94	Data Setting Warning
		95	Command Warning
		96	Communication Warning
		02	Parameter Corrupted
		03	Main Circuit Detector Error
		04	Parameter Setting Error
		05	Combination Error
		09	Divider Setting Error
		0A	Encoder Type Mismatch
		10	Overcurrent or Heat Sink Overheat
		30	Regeneration Error
		32	Regeneration Overload
		33	Main Circuit Wiring Error
		40	Overvoltage
		41	Undervoltage
		51	Overspeed
		71	Overload (Instantaneous Maximum Load)
		72	Overload (Continuous Maximum Load)
Servo Driver		73	DB Overload
Alarm Code	IWDD2D	74	Inrush Resistance Overload
		7A	Heat Sink Overheat
		81	Encoder Backup Alarm
		82	Encoder Checksum Alarm
		83	Encoder Battery Alarm
		84	Encoder Data Alarm
		85	Encoder Overspeed
		86	Encoder Overheat
		B1	Speed Reference A/D Error
		B2	Torque Reference A/D Error
		B3	Current Sensor Error
		B6	Gate Array Error
		BF	System Alarm
		C1	Servo Run-away
		C6	Fully-closed Loop Phase-A or -B Broken
		C7	Fully-closed Loop Phase-C Broken
		C8	Encoder Clear Error Multiturn Limit Setting Error
		C9	Encoder Communication Error
		CA	Encoder Parameter Error
		CB	Encoder Echoback Error
	-	CC	Multiturn Limit Mismatch
		D0 D1	Excessive Position Error
		E0	Excessive Error between Motor Load and Position
		E0 E1	No Option
		EI	Option Timeout

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# 8.2.7 Troubleshooting Motion Errors

Name	Register Number	Code	Meaning		
				E2	Option WDC Error
		E5	WDT Error		
		E6	Communication Error		
	IW□□2D (cont'd)	E7	Application Module Detection Failure		
		E9	Bus OFF Error		
Servo Driver		EA	SERVOPACK Failure		
Alarm Code		EB	SERVOPACK Initial Access Error		
(cont'd)	(cont d)	EC	SERVOPACK WDC Error		
		ED	Command Execution Not Completed		
		EF	Application Module Alarm		
		F1	Broken Phase in Power Line		
		F5	Motor Wire Disconnection (when control power supply is turned ON)		
		F6	Motor Wire Disconnection (when Servo is ON)		

# Σ-III Series

Name	Register Number	Code	Meaning			
		000	Normal			
		900	Excessive Position Error			
		901	Excessive Position Error at Servo ON			
		910	Overload			
		911	Vibration			
		920	Regeneration Overload			
		930	Absolute Encoder Battery Error			
		941	Parameter Change Requiring Power Recycling			
		94A	Data Setting Warning 1 (Parameter Number)			
		94B	Data Setting Warning 2 (Outside Data Range)			
		94C	Data Setting Warning 3 (Calculation Error)			
		94D	Data Setting Warning 4 (Parameter Size)			
		95A	Command Warning 1 (Command Conditions Not Met)			
		95B	Command Warning 2 (Unsupported Command)			
Servo Driver		95C	Command Warning 3			
Alarm Code		95D	Command Warning 4			
		95E	Command Warning 5			
		960	MECHATROLINK Communication Warning			
		020	Parameter Checksum Error 1			
		021	Parameter Format Error 1			
		022	System Constant Checksum Error 1			
					023	Parameter Password Error 1
		02A	Parameter Checksum Error 2			
		02B	System Constant Checksum Error 2			
		030	Main Circuit Detector Error			
		040	Parameter Setting Error 1			
		04A	Parameter Setting Error 2			
			041	Divided Pulse Output Setting Error		
		042	Parameter Combination Error			
		050	Combination Error			
		051	Unsupported Product Alarm			

Name	Register Number	Code	Meaning
		0B0	Servo ON Reference Invalid Alarm
		100	Overcurrent or Heat Sink Overheat
		300	Regeneration Error
		320	Regeneration Overload
		330	Main Circuit Wiring Error
		400	Overvoltage
		410	Undervoltage
		510	Overspeed
		511	Divided Pulse Output Overspeed
		520	Vibration Alarm
		710	Overload (Instantaneous Maximum Load)
		720	Overload (Continuous Maximum Load)
		730, 731	DB Overload
		740	Inrush Resistance Overload
		7A0	Heat Sink Overheat
		810	Encoder Backup Alarm
		820	Encoder Checksum Alarm
		830	Encoder Battery Alarm
		840	Encoder Data Alarm
		850	Encoder Over Speed
		860	Encoder Overheat
		870	
Servo Driver		870	Fully-closed Serial Encoder Checksum Alarm
Alarm Code		8A0	Fully-closed Serial Encoder Data Alarm
cont'd)		8A0 8A1	Fully-closed Serial Encoder Scale Error
		8A1 8A2	Fully-closed Serial Encoder Module Error
		-	Fully-closed Serial Encoder Sensor Error (Incremental Value)
		8A3	Fully-closed Serial Encoder Position Error (Absolute Value)
		B31	Current Detection Error 1
		B32	Current Detection Error 2
		B33	Current Detection Error 3
		B6A	MECHATROLINK Communication ASIC Error 1
		B6B	MECHATROLINK Communication ASIC Error 2
		BF0	System Alarm 0
		BF1	System Alarm 1
		BF2	System Alarm 2
		BF3	System Alarm 3
		BF4	System Alarm 4
		C10	Servo Run-away
		C80	Encoder Clear Error Multiturn Limit Setting Error
		C90	Encoder Communication Error
		C91	Encoder Communication Position Data Acceleration Error
		C92	Encoder Communication Timer Error
		CA0	Encoder Parameter Error
		CB0	Encoder Echoback Error
		CC0	Multiturn Limit Mismatch
		CF1	Fully-closed Serial Conversion Unit Communication Error (Reception
		CIT	Failure)

8.2.7 Troubleshooting Motion Errors

Name	Register Number	Code	Meaning
		CF2	Fully-closed Serial Conversion Unit Communication Error (Timer Stopped)
		D00	Excessive Position Error
		D01	Excessive Position Error Alarm at Servo ON
		D02	Excessive Position Error Alarm for Speed Limit at Servo ON
		D10	Excessive Error between Motor Load and Position
		E00	COM Alarm 0
		E01	COM Alarm 1
		E02	COM Alarm 2
Servo Driver Alarm Code		E07	COM Alarm 7
(cont'd)		E08	COM Alarm 8
(001110)		E09	COM Alarm 9
		E40	MECHATROLINK-II Transmission Cycle Setting Error
		E50	MECHATROLINK-II Sync Error
		E51	MECHATROLINK-II Sync Failure
		E60	MECHATROLINK-II Communication Error
		E61	MECHATROLINK-II Transmission Cycle Error
		EA0	DRV Alarm 0
		EA1	DRV Alarm 1
		EA2	DRV Alarm 2

Alarm codes are normally two digits, but three-digit codes are stored in the Alarm Monitor for motion commands.

# Appendices

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A

# Appendix A System Registers Lists

# A.1 System Service Registers

# (1) Shared by All Drawings

Name	Register No.	Remarks
Reserved (Reserved for the system)	SB000000	(Not used)
High-speed Scan	SB000001	ON for only the first scan after high-speed scan is started.
Low-speed Scan	SB000003	ON for only the first scan after low-speed scan is started.
Always ON	SB000004	Always ON (= 1)
Reserved (Reserved for the system)	SB000005 to SB00000F	(Not used)

# (2) DWG.H Only

The following relays are reset at the start of the high-speed scan.

Name	Register No.	Remarks
1-scan Flicker Relay	SB000010	->   - 1 scan 
0.5-s Flicker Relay	SB000011	
1.0-s Flicker Relay	SB000012	
2.0-s Flicker Relay	SB000013	
0.5-s Sampling Relay	SB000014	↓ 0.5s ↓ 0.5s ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓
1.0-s Sampling Relay	SB000015	
2.0-s Sampling Relay	SB000016	
60.0-s Sampling Relay	SB000017	60.0s 60.0s ← 1 scan
1.0 s After Start of Scan Relay	SB000018	1.0s
2.0 s After Start of Scan Relay	SB000019	2.0s
5.0 s After Start of Scan Relay	SB00001A	5.0s

# DWG.L Only

The following relays are reset at the start of the low-speed scan.

Name	Register No.	Remarks
One-scan Flicker Relay	SB000030	→   ← 1 scan ← 1 scan ►   ← 1 scan
0.5-s Flicker Relay	SB000031	
1.0-s Flicker Relay	SB000032	
2.0-s Flicker Relay	SB000033	2.0s 2.0s
0.5-s Sampling Relay	SB000034	↓ 0.5s ↓ 0.5s ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓
1.0-s Sampling Relay	SB000035	1.0s 1.0s 1.0s 1.0s 1.0s 1.0s
2.0-s Sampling Relay	SB000036	2.0s 2.0s
60.0-s Sampling Relay	SB000037	60.0s 60.0s ← 1 scan
1.0 s After Start of Scan Relay	SB000038	1.0s
2.0 s After Start of Scan Relay	SB000039	2.0s
5.0 s After Start of Scan Relay	SB00003A	5.0s

Appendices

Α

# A.2 Scan Execution Status and Calendar

Name	Register No.	Remarks
High-speed Scan Set Value	SW00004	High-speed Scan Set Value (0.1 ms)
High-speed Scan Current Value	SW00005	High-speed Scan Current Value (0.1 ms)
High-speed Scan Maximum Value	SW00006	High-speed Scan Maximum Value (0.1 ms)
Reserved by the system.	SW00007 to SW00009	(Not used)
Low-speed Scan Set Value	SW00010	Low-speed Scan Set Value (0.1 ms)
Low-speed Scan Current Value	SW00011	Low-speed Scan Current Value (0.1 ms)
Low-speed Scan Maximum Value	SW00012	Low-speed Scan Maximum Value (0.1 ms)
Reserved by the system.	SW00013	(Not used)
Executing Scan Current Value	SW00014	Executing Scan Current Value (0.1 ms)
Calendar: Year	SW00015	1999: 0099 (BCD) (Last two digits only)
Calendar: Month Day	SW00016	December 31: 1231 (BCD)
Calendar: Hours Minutes	SW00017	23 hours 59 minutes: 2359 (BCD)
Calendar: Seconds	SW00018	59 s: 59 (BCD)
Calendar: Day of Week	SW00019	0 to 6: Sun., Mon. to Sat.

# A.3 Program Software Numbers and Remaining Program Memory Capacity

Name	Register No.	Remarks
System Program Software Number	SW00020	$S\square\square\square\square$ ( $\square\square\square\square$ is stored as BCD)
System Number	SW00021 to SW00025	(Not used)
Remaining Program Memory Capacity	SL00026	Bytes
Total Memory Capacity	SL00028	Bytes

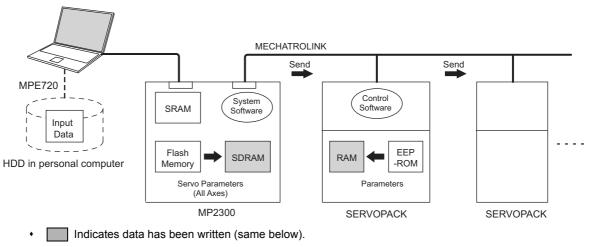
# Appendix B SERVOPACK Parameter Data Flow

In systems connected to MECHATROLINK, SERVOPACK parameters can be read directly from the MP2300S. (Refer to *11.1 Parameters That Are Automatically Updated* in the Machine Controller MP2000-series SVB/SVB-01 Motion Module User's Manual (manual no.: SIEPC88070033). This means that parameters are saved in the memory area of both the MP2300S and the SERVOPACK. It is thus necessary to consider the relationship between the settings in both memory areas.

# B.1 Operations and Parameter Data Flow

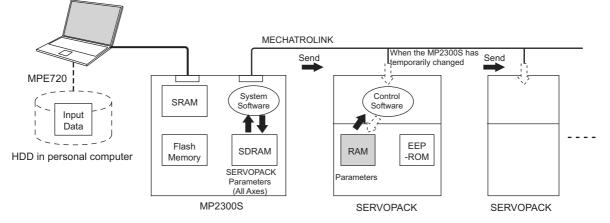
#### (1) Power ON

- 1. Parameter data saved in the SERVOPACK's EEPROM<sup>\*1</sup> is copied to SERVOPACK's RAM<sup>\*2</sup>.
- **2.** Parameter data saved in the MP2300S's flash memory<sup>\*1</sup> for all axes is copied to SDRAM<sup>\*2</sup>. Some gain-related settings are sent from the MP2300S to SERVOPACK RAM.
  - \* 1. EEPROM, flash memory, and SRAM: Store data even when the power is turned OFF.
  - \* 2. RAM (SRAM, SDRAM): Lose data when the power is turned OFF.



# (2) Normal Operation

- 1. Control software of the SERVOPACK operates based on the parameter data held in SERVOPACK's RAM.
- **2.** Some of MP2300S setting parameters and commands temporarily change SERVOPACK parameters. Refer to *Chapter 4* in the Machine Controller MP2000-series SVB/SVB-01 Motion Module User's Manual (manual no. SIEPC88070033) for details. RAM in the SERVOPACK are written.

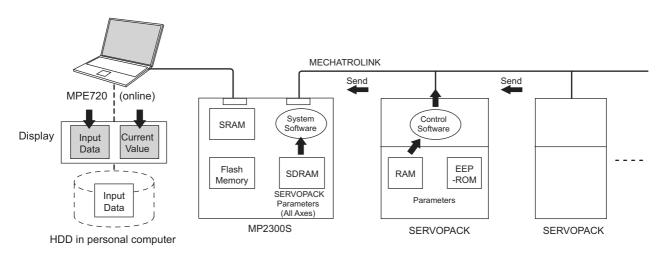


• Parameters held in the SERVOPACK's RAM are displayed on a Digital Operator connected to the SERVO-PACK. They are also written to EEPROM when the DATA/ENTER Key is pressed.

# (3) When the SERVOPACK Tab Page Is Open

The data flow for SERVOPACK parameters is as follows when the SERVOPACK Tab Page is open in the SVB Definitions Window on the MPE720 (refer to 2.2.5 ( 5 ) SVB Definition on page 2-45 for details on how to open the SERVO-PACK Tab Page.)

The MPE720 writes and displays the parameters that are held in the SERVOPACK'S RAM for the relevant axis to the *Current Value* in the SERVOPACK Tab Page.
 It also reads and displays the values that are held in the MP2300S'S SDRAM values to the *Input Data* in the SERVOPACK Tab Page.



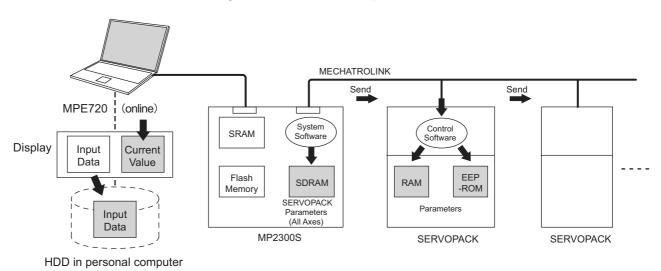
2. The following figure shows an example of the SERVOPACK Tab in the SVB Definition Window. The values in *Current Value* are different from the values in *Input Data*.

#: 2 CPU#: 1	RACK#01 Slot	#00  CIR#0	1 8000-87FF	• •
xis 1 💽 SERVOPACK SGDS-****1*** Version 00	20 💌 Servo Type Rota	ių 💌		
No. Name	Input Data	Unit	Current Value	
0000 Function Selection Basic Switch 0	0000 H	÷	0000 H	
0001 Function Selection Application Switch 1	0000 H	<u>è</u>	0000 H	
0002 Function Selection Application Switch 2	0011 H	-	0011 H	
0004 Function Selection Application Switch 4	0110 H	-	0110 H	
0006 Function Selection Application Switch 6	0002 H	-	0002 H	
0007 Function Selection Application Switch 7	0000 H	-	0000 H	
0008 Function Selection Application Switch 8	4000 H		4000 H	
0100 Speed Loop Gain	40.0	Hz	100.0	١
0101 Speed Loop Integral Time Constant	20.00	ms	40.00	
0102 Position Loop Gain	40.0	ls	100.0	Į
0103 Moment of Inertia Ratio/Mass ratio.	0	%	0	
0104 2nd Speed Loop Gain	40.0	Hz	40.0	
0105 2nd Speed Loop Integral Time Constant	20.00	ms	20.00	
0106 2nd Position Loop Gain	40.0	/s	40.0	
0107 Bias	0	min-1	0	

(4) SERVOPACK Parameters Saved in the MPE720

The data flow for SERVOPACK parameters is as follows when *File - Save* is selected from the SERVOPACK Tab Page:

- 1. The MPE720 writes all the parameters in **Input Data** currently displayed on **SERVOPACK** Tab Page of the relevant axis to the followings.
  - HDD (hard disk) of the personal computer
  - SDRAM of MP2300S
  - RAM and EEPROM of the SERVOPACK
- 2. After having completed writing the parameters, the MPE720 updates the values in **Current Value** on the **SERVOPACK** Tab Page with the SERVOPACK parameter values stored in the RAM.



Appendices

**3.** The following figure shows a display example after having executed save operation on the **SERVO**-**PACK** Tab in the **SVB Definition** Window. After having saved the data, the values in **Input Data** of all the parameters become the same as the values in **Current Value** on the **SERVOPACK** Tab.

Doforo	anving
Before	saving

#: 2 C	PU#: 1	RACK#01 Slot	#00 CIF	#01 8000-87FF	<u>,</u> ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
xis 1	SERVOPACK SGDS.***1** Version 002	Servo Type Rot.	ary 💌		
Fixed Pa	arameters Setup Parameters SERVOPACK Monitor				
No.	Name	Input Data	Unit	Current Va	lue
0000	Function Selection Basic Switch 0	0000 H	-		0000 H
0001	Function Selection Application Switch 1	0000 H			0000 H
0002	Function Selection Application Switch 2	0011 H	-		0011 H
0004	Function Selection Application Switch 4	0110 H	_		0110 H
0006	Function Selection Application Switch 6	0002 H	-		0002 H
0007	Function Selection Application Switch 7	0000 H	-		0000 H
0008	Function Selection Application Switch 8	4000 H	2		4000 H
0100	Speed Loop Gain	40.0	Hz		100.0
0101	Speed Loop Integral Time Constant	20.00	ms		40.00
0102	Position Loop Gain	40.0	/s		100.0
0103	Moment of Inertia Ratio/Mass ratio.	0	%		C
0104	2nd Speed Loop Gain	40.0	Hz		40.0
0105	2nd Speed Loop Integral Time Constant	20.00	ms		20.00

After saving

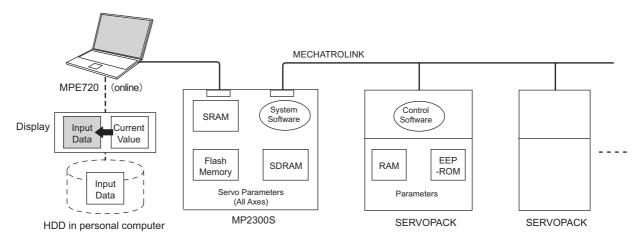
SVB Definition MP23005 Online Local #: 2 CPU#: 1		RACK#01 Slot	#00 CIR#	01 8000-87FF	
Initial SERVOPACK SGDS-****1** Fixed Parameters   Setup Parameters   SERVOPAC	Version 0020 Ж Monitor	Servo Type Rot	ary 💌		
No. Name		Input Data	Unit	Current Valu	e L
0000 Function Selection Basic Switch 0		0000 H	-	0	000 H -
0001 Function Selection Application Swite	h 1	0000 H		0	000 H
0002 Function Selection Application Swite	h 2	0011 H	-	0	011 H
0004 Function Selection Application Swite	h 4	0110 H	2	0	110 H
0006 Function Selection Application Swite	h 6	0002 H	-	0	002 H
0007 Function Selection Application Swite	h 7	0000 H	-	0	000 H
0008 Function Selection Application Switc	h 8	4000 H	2	-4	000 H
0100 Speed Loop Gain		40.0	Hz		40.0
0101 Speed Loop Integral Time Constant		20.00	ms		20.00
0102 Position Loop Gain		40.0	15		40.0
0103 Moment of Inertia Ratio/Mass ratio.		0	%		0
0104 2nd Speed Loop Gain		40.0	Hz		40.0
		20.00		8	20.00

• The saving operation of SERVOPACK parameters can be used for writing data after SERVOPACK replacement because it writes all the parameters of the relevant axis.

# (5) Copying Current Values to Set Values (Input Data) in the SERVOPACK Tab

The data flow for SERVOPACK parameters is as follows when selecting *Edit - Copy Current Value* from the SERVO-PACK Tab in the SVB Definition Window on the MPE720:

1. The MPE720 copies the values currently displayed in **Current Value** to **Input Data** on the **SERVO-PACK** Tab and displays.



Α

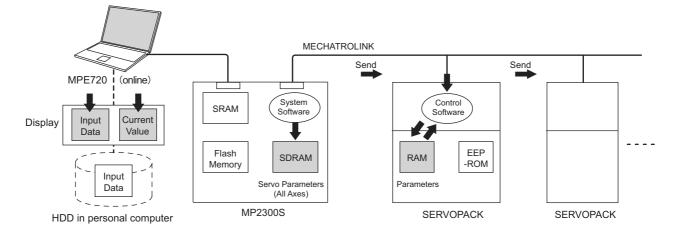
2. The following figure shows a display example after having selected *Edit - Copy Current Value* on the SERVOPACK Tab in the SVB Definition Window. The values in Current Value are copied to Input Data.

PT#: 2 C	PU#: 1	RACK#01 Slot #	00 CIR#	01 8000-87FF
Axis 1	SERVOPACK SGDS-***1** Version 002	0 Servo Type Rotary	Ŧ	
Fixed P	rameters   Setup Parameters   SERVOPACK   Monitor			
No.	Name	Input Data	Unit	Current Value
0000	Function Selection Basic Switch 0	0000 H -		00
0001	Function Selection Application Switch 1	0000 H -		00
0002	Function Selection Application Switch 2	0011 H -		00
0004	Function Selection Application Switch 4	0110 H -		01
0006	Function Selection Application Switch 6	0002 H -		00
0007	Function Selection Application Switch 7	0000 H -		00
0008	Function Selection Application Switch 8	4000 H -	_	40
0100	Speed Loop Gain	40.0 H	z	1
0101	Speed Loop Integral Time Constant	20.00 m	s 🗲	4
0102	Position Loop Gain	40.0 /		1
0103	Moment of Inertia Ratio/Mass ratio.	0 %		
0104	2nd Speed Loop Gain	40.0 H	7	
0105	2nd Speed Loop Integral Time Constant efinition MP23005 Online Local	20.00 n	s	2
0105	2nd Speed Loop Integral Time Constant efinition MP23005 Online Local	20.00 n	s	2352
0105	2nd Speed Loop Integral Time Constant efinition MP23005 Online Local CPU#: 1	20.00 m	s 100 CIR#	2
0105	2nd Speed Loop Integral Time Constant efinition MP23005 Online Local CPU#: 1 SERVOPACK SGDS-***1** Version 002	20.00 m	s 100 CIR#	2
O105	2nd Speed Loop Integral Time Constant         efinition       MP23005 Online Local         CPU#: 1         Image: ServOPACK SGDS-meeters       Version 0000         arameters       Setup Parameters       SERVOPACK	20.00 m RACK#01 Slot # 20 💌 Servo Type Rota	s 100 CIR#	2 201 8000-87FF
O105	2nd Speed Loop Integral Time Constant efinition MP23005 Online Local CPU#: 1 SERVOPACK SGDS-sec1=se Version 007 arameters Setup Parameters SERVOPACK Monitor Name	20.00 m RACK#01 Slot # 20 💌 Servo Type Rota Input Data	s 100 CIR#	2 201 8000-87FF
0105 SVBD PT#: 2 Axis 1 Fixed F No. 00000	2nd Speed Loop Integral Time Constant efinition MP23005 Online Local CPU#: 1 SERVOPACK SGDS-****1*** Version 00: arameters Setup Parameters SERVOPACK Monitor Name Function Selection Basic Switch 0	20.00 m RACK#01 Slot # 20  Servo Type Rota Input Data 0000 H	s 200 CIR# y y Unit	2 201 8000-87FF
0105 SVBD PT#: 2 Axis 1 Fixed F No. 00000 0001	2nd Speed Loop Integral Time Constant efinition MP23005 Online Local CPU#: 1 SERVOPACK SGDS-***1*** Version 00: arameters Setup Parameters SERVOPACK Monitor Name Function Selection Basic Switch 0 Function Selection Application Switch 1	20.00 n RACK#01 Slot # 20  Servo Type Rota Input Data 0000 H 0000 H	s 200 CIR# y v	2 201 8000-87FF Current Value 00 00
0105           SVB D           PT#: 2           Axis 1           Fixed F           00000           0001           0002	2nd Speed Loop Integral Time Constant         efinition       MP23005 Online Local         CPU#: 1         Image: SERVOPACK SGDS-***1**       Version 00:         arameters       Setup Parameters       SERVOPACK Monitor         Image: Setup Parameters       SERVOPACK Monitor       Monitor         Image: Setup Parameters       Setup Parameters       SERVOPACK Monitor         Image: Setup Parameters       Setup Parameters       SERVOPACK Monitor         Image: Setup Parameters       Setup Parameters       Setup Parameters         Image: Setup Parameters       Setup Parameters       Setup Parameters <t< td=""><td>20.00 m <b>FACK#01 Slot #</b> 20 <b>Y</b> Servo Type Rota Input Data 0000 H 0000 H 0000 H</td><td>s 200 CIR# y T Unit</td><td>2 01 8000-87FF  Current Value 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00</td></t<>	20.00 m <b>FACK#01 Slot #</b> 20 <b>Y</b> Servo Type Rota Input Data 0000 H 0000 H 0000 H	s 200 CIR# y T Unit	2 01 8000-87FF  Current Value 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
0105           SVBD           PT#: 2           Axis 1           Fixed I           00000           0001           0002           0004	2nd Speed Loop Integral Time Constant         efinition       MP23005 Online Local         CPU#: 1         Image: SERVOPACK SGDS-***1**       Version 002         arameters       Setup Parameters       SERVOPACK Monitor         Image: Setup Parameters       SERVOPACK Monitor       Monitor         Image: Setup Parameters       Setup Parameters       SERVOPACK Monitor         Image: Setup Parameters       Setup Parameters       Setup Parameters         Image: Setup Parameters       Setup Parameters       Setup Parameters <td>20.00 m <b>FACK#01  Slot #</b> 20 Servo Type Rota 10000 H 0000 H 0000 H 0001 H 0011 H 0110 H</td> <td>s 200 CIR# y y Unit</td> <td>2 01 8000-87FF  Current Value  Current Value  00  00  00  00  00  00  00  00  00</td>	20.00 m <b>FACK#01  Slot #</b> 20 Servo Type Rota 10000 H 0000 H 0000 H 0001 H 0011 H 0110 H	s 200 CIR# y y Unit	2 01 8000-87FF  Current Value  Current Value  00  00  00  00  00  00  00  00  00
0105           SVB0           PT#: 2           Axis 1           Fixed I           No.           00000           0001           0002           0004           0006	2nd Speed Loop Integral Time Constant efinition MP23005 Online Local CPU#: 1 SERVOPACK SGDS-***1** Version 00: arameters Setup Parameters SERVOPACK Monitor Name Function Selection Basic Switch 0 Function Selection Application Switch 1 Function Selection Application Switch 4 Function Selection Application Switch 6	20.00 m RACK#01 Slot # 20 Servo Type Rota Input Data 0000 H 0000 H 0011 H 0110 H 0002 H	s 200 CIR# y v Unit -	2 2 201 8000-87FF  Current Value Current Value 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 0
0105           SVBD           PT#: 2           Axis 1           Fixed F           0000           0000           0000           0000           0000           0000           0000           0000           0000           0000           0000           0000	2nd Speed Loop Integral Time Constant         efinition       MP23005 Online Local         CPU#: 1         Image: Set	20.00 n RACK#01 Slot # 20 Servo Type Rota Input Data 0000 H 0000 H 0011 H 0110 H 0002 H 0000 H	s 200 CIR# y Unit - -	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
0105           SVBD           PT#: 2           Axis 1           Fixed I           00000           00002           00002           00002           00002           00002           00002           00002           00002           00002           00002           00004           00005	2nd Speed Loop Integral Time Constant         efinition       MP23005 Online Local         CPU#: 1         Image: Set and Set an	20.00 n RACK#01 Slot # 20 Servo Type Rota 20 Servo Type Rota 0000 H 0000 H	s 200 CIR# y Unit - -	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
Olio5           SYBD           PT#: 2           Axis 1           Fixed F           00000           00002           00002           00002           00002           00002           00002           00002           00002           00002           00002           00002           00002           00002           00002           00002           00002	2nd Speed Loop Integral Time Constant         efinition       MP23005 Online Local         CPU#: 1         Image: Set and Set an	20.00 m RACK#01 Slot # 20 Servo Type Rota 20 Servo Type Rota 0000 H 0000 H	s 200 CIR# y Unit	2 001 8000-87FF
Olio5           SYBD           PT#: 2           Axis 1           Fixed F           00002           00002           00002           00002           00002           00002           00002           00002           00002           00002           00002           00002           00002           00002           00002           00002           00002           00002           00002           00002           00002           00002           00002           00002           00002           00002           00002           00002           00002           00002           00002           00002           0102	2nd Speed Loop Integral Time Constant efinition MP23005 Online Local CPU#: 1 ▼ SERVOPACK SGDS-***1** Version 00: arameters Setup Parameters SERVOPACK Monitor Name Function Selection Application Switch 1 Function Selection Application Switch 2 Function Selection Application Switch 4 Function Selection Application Switch 4 Function Selection Application Switch 4 Function Selection Application Switch 7 Function Selection Application Switch 7 Function Selection Application Switch 8 Speed Loop Gain Speed Loop Integral Time Constant	20.00 m RACK#01 Slot # 20 Servo Type Rota 20 Servo Type Rota 0000 H 0000 H 0001 H 0011 H 0011 H 0002 H 0000 H 4000 H 100.0 40.00	s 200 CIR# y v Unit - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
O105           SV80           PT#: 2           Axis 1           Fixed R           0000           0000           0000           0000           0000           0000           0000           0000           0000           0000           0000           0000           0000           0000           0000           0000           0000           0000           0100           0100           0100	2nd Speed Loop Integral Time Constant         efinition       MP23005 Online Local         CPU#: 1         Image: SERVOPACK SGDS-Image       Version 002         arameters       Setup Parameters       SERVOPACK         Marme       Name         Function Selection Basic Switch 0       Function Selection Application Switch 1         Function Selection Application Switch 4       Function Selection Application Switch 4         Function Selection Application Switch 6       Function Selection Application Switch 7         Function Selection Application Switch 7       Function Selection Application Switch 7         Function Selection Application Switch 7       Function Selection Application Switch 7         Function Selection Application Switch 7       Speed Loop Gain         Speed Loop Gain       Speed Loop Gain	20.00 n  RACK#01  Slot #  RACK#01  Slot #  Servo Type Rota  Input Data  O000 H	s 200 CIR# y Unit - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	2 001 8000-87FF
O105           SV80           PT#: 2           Axis 1           Fixed R           0000           0000           0000           0000           0000           0000           0000           0000           0000           0000           0000           0000           0000           0000           0000           0000           0000           0000           0100           0100           0100	2nd Speed Loop Integral Time Constant         efinition       MP23005 Online Local         CPU#: 1         Image: SERVOPACK SGDS-***1**       Version 00:         arameters       Setup Parameters       SERVOPACK         Marme       Name         Function Selection Basic Switch 0       Function Selection Application Switch 1         Function Selection Application Switch 4       Function Selection Application Switch 4         Function Selection Application Switch 6       Function Selection Application Switch 7         Function Selection Application Switch 7       Speed Loop Gain         Speed Loop Gain       Speed Loop Gain         Moment of Inertia Ratio/Mass ratio.       Moment of Inertia Ratio/Mass ratio.	20.00 n RACK#01 Slot # 20 Servo Type Rota 20 Servo Type Rota 0000 H 0000 H	5 200 CIR# y y y Unit - - - - - - - - - - - - -	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2

# (6) Changing Parameters in the SERVOPACK Tab Page

The data flow for SERVOPACK parameters is as follows when parameters for the cursor position are changed from the **SERVOPACK** Tab Page in the SVB Definition Window for MPE720:

- **1.** The MPE720 writes parameters of the relevant axis to the followings when the **Enter** Key is pressed on the computer. (The parameters other than those of the relevant axis will not be written.)
  - Input Data (set data) on the SERVOPACK Tab Page
  - SDRAM of the MP2300S
  - RAM of the SERVOPACK
- **2.** After having completed writing, the MPE720 updates the values in **Input Data** on the **SERVOPACK** Tab Page with the parameter values stored in the RAM of the SERVOPACK.



**3.** The following figure shows a display example after having changed the value (*2nd Speed Loop Gain*) in Input Data on the SERVOPACK Tab. After having pressed the Enter Key, the values of Speed Loop Gain, Speed Loop Integral Time Constant, and Position Loop Gain (boxed in dotted line) in Input Data remain different from the values in Current Value since the parameters other than the one that has been changed are not written.

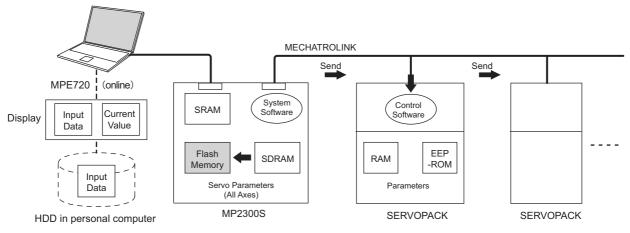
efore pressing	SYB Definition MP23005 Online Local		
NTER Key	PT#: 2 CPU#: 1	RACK#01 Slot #00 C	IR#01 8000-87FF
	Axis 1 SERVOPACK SGDS.***1** Version 002 Fixed Parameters Setup Parameters SERVOPACK Monitor	0 💌 Servo Type Rotary 💌	
	No. Name	Input Data Unit	Current Value
	0000 Function Selection Basic Switch 0	0000 H -	0000 H -
	0001 Function Selection Application Switch 1	0000 H -	0000 H
	0002 Function Selection Application Switch 2	0011 H -	0011 H
	0004 Function Selection Application Switch 4	0110 H -	0110 H
	0006 Function Selection Application Switch 6	0002 H -	0002 H
	0007 Function Selection Application Switch 7	0000 H -	0000 H
	0008 Function Selection Application Switch 8	4000 H -	4 <u>000</u> H
	0100 Speed Loop Gain	40.0 Hz	100.0
	0101 Speed Loop Integral Time Constant	20.00 ms	40.00
	0102 Position Loop Gain	40.0 /s	100.0
	0103 Moment of Inertia Ratio/Mass ratio.	0.%	<u></u>
	0104 2nd Speed Loop Gain	100 Hz	40.0
	0105 2nd Speed Loop Integral Time Constant	20.00 ms	20.00
	0106 2nd Position Loop Gain	40.0 /s	40.0
	0107 Bias	0 min-1	0

After having	SVB Definition MP23005 Online Local		
pressed ENTER	PT#: 2 CPU#: 1	RACK#01 Slot #00 CIR	#01 8000-87FF PDDDDD
Кеу	Axis 1 SERVOPACK SGDS-***1** Version 00 Fixed Parameters Setup Parameters SERVOPACK Monitor	20 💌 Servo Type Rotary 💌	
	No. Name	Input Data Unit	Current Value
	0000 Function Selection Basic Switch 0	0000 H -	0000 H
	0001 Function Selection Application Switch 1	0000 H -	0000 H
	0002 Function Selection Application Switch 2	0011 H -	0011 H
	0004 Function Selection Application Switch 4	0110 H -	0110 H
	0006 Function Selection Application Switch 6	0002 H -	0002 H
	0007 Function Selection Application Switch 7	0000 H -	0000 H
	0008 Function Selection Application Switch 8	4000 H -	4000 H
	0100 Speed Loop Gain	40.0 Hz	100.0
	0101 Speed Loop Integral Time Constant	20.00 ms	40.00
	0102 Position Loop Gain	40.0 /s	100.0
	0103 Moment of Inertia Ratio/Mass ratio.	0%_	<u>8</u>
	0104 2nd Speed Loop Gain	100.0 Hz	100.0
	0105 2nd Speed Loop Integral Time Constant	20.00 ms	20.00
	0106 2nd Position Loop Gain	40.0 /s	40.0
	0107 Bias	0 min-1	0

## (7) Saving Data to Flash Memory

The data flow for SERVOPACK parameters is as follows when saving the parameters to flash memory on the MPE720.

1. The MP2300S writes the parameters data (Input Data) held in SDRAM to flash memory.



• Save to flash memory also after having changed set data of SERVOPACK parameter.

#### Precautions When Saving SERVOPACK Parameters

Before executing a saving operation in the **SERVOPACK** Tab Page, except during SERVOPACK replacement, always select *Edit - Current Value - Setting Value* to copy the values in **Current Value** to **Input Data**.

# Appendix C Initializing SERVOPACKs

This section describes the procedure for initializing  $\Sigma$ -III SERVOPACKs using the Digital Operator. Always initialize SERVOPACKs that have been transferred from other systems.

- SERVOPACKs that are being used for the first time do not need to be initialized.
- 1. Check that the SERVOPACK power is OFF and then insert the Digital Operation connection plug into the CN3 connector on the SERVOPACK.
- 2. Turn ON the SERVOPACK control power and main power.
- **3.** Turn ON the Digital Operator power.
- Press the Key on the Digital Operator to display the Auxiliary Function Mode main menu, and use the or Keys to select Fn005.

BB	- F U N C T I O N -
F n 0 0 4	
<u>Fn005</u>	
Fn006	
F n 0 0 7	

- **5.** Press the Key to switch to the Fn005 parameter initialization execution display.
  - \* If the display does not change and "NO-OP" is displayed on the status display, a Write Prohibited password has been set using Fn010 and the user settings cannot be initialized. Clear the write protection and execute the operation again.
- **6.** Press the DATA Key again and execute Fn005.

"Parameter Init" will flash during initialization.

BB <u>Parameter Init</u> Start : [DATA] Return: [SET]

The flashing will stop when initialization has been completed and the status display will change from BB to Done to A.941.

- To cancel initialization, press the Key before pressing the LATA Key. The display returns to the Auxiliary Function Mode main menu.
- 7. Turn the SERVOPACK control and main power supplies from OFF to ON to enable the initialization.

# Appendix D Initializing the Absolute Encoder

The procedure for initializing an absolute encoder for a  $\Sigma$ -I,  $\Sigma$ -II, or  $\Sigma$ -III SERVOPACK is given below.

• Refer to 9.2.1 System Startup Flowchart in the Machine Controller MP2000-series SVB/SVB-01 Motion Module User's Manual (manual no. SIEPC88070033) for the procedure for absolute-position detection.

## D.1 $\Sigma$ -III SERVOPACK

Refer to the following manuals for information on Σ-III series SERVOPACKs:
 Σ-III Series SGM□S/SGDS User's Manual (Manual No. SIEP S8000000),
 Σ-III Series SGM□S/SGDS User's Manual for MECHATROLINK-II Communications (Manual No. SIEP S8000001),
 and Σ-III Series SGM□S/SGDS Digital Operator Instructions Manual (Manual No. TOBP S80000001)

Follow the setup procedure below using a Digital Operator.

1. Press the Key to display the Utility Function Mode main menu. Use the Key or Key to select Fn008.

BB	- F U N C T I O N -
F n 0 0 7	
F n 0 0 8	
F n 0 0 9	
Fn00A	

**2.** Press the DATA Key.

The display is switched to the execution display of Fn008 (Absolute encoder multi-turn reset and encoder alarm reset).

BB Multiturn Clear PGCL<u>1</u>

- If the display is not switched and "NO\_OP" is displayed in the status display, the Write Prohibited setting (Fn010 = 0001) is set. Check the status and reset. Then clear the Write Prohibited setting.
- **3.** Keep pressing the **A** Key until "PGCL1" is changed to "PGCL5."

ВВ	
Multiturn	Clear
P G C L <u>5</u>	

**4.** Press the DATA Key.

"BB" in the status display changes to "Done."

Don	е				
Мu	I	t	it	urn	Clear
			PG	CL <u>5</u>	

5. Press the Key. The display returns to the Utility Function Mode main menu.

This completes setting up the absolute encoder. Turn the power supply OFF and then back ON to reset the SERVO-PACK.

# D.2 Σ-II SERVOPACK

- Refer to the following manuals for information on Σ-II SERVOPACKs.
   Σ-II Series SGM□H/SGDH User's Manual (SIEP S800000 05)
   Σ-II Series SGM□H/SGDM User's Manual (SIEP S800000 15)
- (1) Initialization Using a Hand-held Digital Operator
  - 1. Press the DSPL/SET Key to select the Auxiliary Function Mode.



2. Select parameter Fn008 by pressing the LEFT (<) and RIGHT (>) Keys to select the digit to be changed and then using the UP ( $\land$ ) and DOWN ( $\lor$ ) Keys to change the value of the digit.



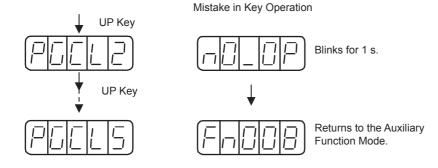
3. Press the DATA/ENTER Key.

The following display will appear.

	[-	[		
Ľ	<u>י</u> _י	<u>'</u>	'	

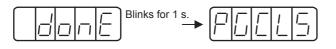
**4.** The rightmost digit will be incremented each time the UP ( $\land$ ) Key is pressed. Press the UP ( $\land$ ) Key several times until "PGCL5" is displayed.

If a mistake is made in the key operation, "nO\_OP" will blink on the display for 1 second and then the display will return to the Auxiliary Function Mode. If this happens, return to step 3, above, and repeat the operation.



5. Press the DSPL/SET Key.

The display will change as shown below and the clear operation will be performed for multiturn data for the absolute encoder.



This completes initializing the absolute encoder. Reset the SERVOPACK to turn the power supply OFF and then back ON.

- (2) Initialization Using the Built-in Panel Operator
  - 1. Press the MODE/SET Key to select the Auxiliary Function Mode.

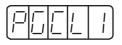


2. Press the UP (▲) and DOWN (▼) Keys to select parameter Fn008.



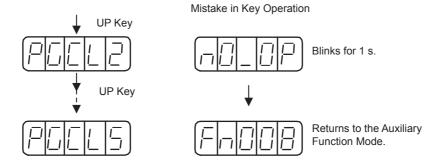
**3.** Press the DATA/ENTER Key for more than one second.

The following display will appear.



The rightmost digit will be incremented each time the UP (▲) Key is pressed. Press the UP (▲) Key several time until "PGCL5" is displayed.

If a mistake is made in the key operation, "nO\_OP" will blink on the display for 1 second and then the display will return to the Auxiliary Function Mode. If this happens, return to step 3, above, and repeat the operation.



#### 5. Press the MODE/SET Key.

The display will change as shown below and the clear operation will be performed for multiturn data for the absolute encoder.



This completes initializing the absolute encoder. Reset the SERVOPACK to turn the power supply OFF and then back ON.

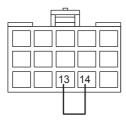
# D.3 Σ-I SERVOPACK

Refer to the following manuals for information on Σ-I SERVOPACKS.
 Σ Series SGM<sup>[]</sup>/SGD User's Manual (Manual No. SIE-S800-26.3)
 Σ Series SGM<sup>[]</sup>/SGDB High-speed Field Network MECHATROLINK-compatible AC Servo Driver User's Manual (Manual No. SIE-S800-26.4)

## (1) Initializing a 12-bit Absolute Encoder

Use the following procedure to initialize a 12-bit absolute encoder.

- **1.** Properly connect the SERVOPACK, Servomotor, and MP2300S.
- **2.** Disconnect the connector on the encoder end and short-circuit pins 13 and 14 on the encoder end connector for 2 seconds or more.



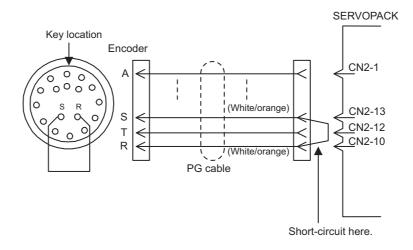
- **3.** Remove the short piece and insert the connector securely in its original position.
- **4.** Connect the cables using normal wiring and make sure the encoder battery is connected.
- **5.** Turn ON the system.

Repeat the procedure starting from step 1 if an Absolute Encoder Alarm occurs, so the system has been successfully initialized.

### (2) Initializing a 15-bit Absolute Encoder

Use the following procedure to initialize a 15-bit absolute encoder.

- 1. Turn OFF the SERVOPACK and MP2300S.
- 2. Discharge the large-capacity capacitor in the encoder using one of the following methods.
- At the SERVOPACK End Connector
  - 1) Disconnect the connector on the SERVOPACK end.
  - 2) Use a short piece to short-circuit together connector pins 10 and 13 on the encoder end and leave the pins short-circuited for at least 2 minutes.
  - 3) Remove the short piece and insert the connector securely in its original position.
- At the Encoder End Connector
  - 1) Disconnect the connector on the encoder end.
  - 2) Use a short piece to short-circuit together connector pins R and S on the encoder end and leave the pins short-circuited for at least 2 minutes.
  - 3) Remove the short piece and insert the connector securely in its original position.



- 3. Connect the cables using normal wiring and make sure the encoder battery is connected.
- **4.** Turn ON the system.

Repeat the procedure starting from step 1 if an Absolute Encoder Alarm occurs, so the system has been successfully initialized.

# Appendix E Motion Parameter Details

# E.1 Fixed Parameter List

The following table provides a list of SVB and SVR motion fixed parameters.

Slot Number	Name	Contents	SVB	SVR
		0: Normal Operation Mode	Yes	Yes
		1: Axis Unused	Yes	Yes
0	Selection of Operation Modes	2: Simulation Mode	Yes	
		3: Servo Driver Transmission Reference Mode	Yes	
		4 and 5: Reserved	-	-
		Bit 0: Axis Selection (0: Finite length axis/1: Infinite length axis) • Set to 0 for linear type.	Yes	Yes
		Bit 1: Soft Limit (Positive Direction) Enable/Disable	Yes	
		Bit 2: Soft Limit (Negative Direction) Enable/Disable	Yes	
		Bit 3: Overtravel Positive Direction Enable/Disable	Yes	
		Bit 4: Overtravel Negative Direction Enable/Disable	Yes	
1	Function Selection Flag 1	Bits 5 to 7: Reserved	-	-
		Bit 8: Interpolation Segment Distribution Processing	Yes	
		Bit 9: Simple ABS Rotary Pos. Mode (Simple Absolute Infinite Axis Position Control) (0: Disabled/1: Enabled) • Set to 0 for linear type.	Yes	
		Bit A: User Constants Self-writing Function	Yes	
		Bits B to F: Reserved		
		Bit 0: Communication Abnormality Detection Mask	Yes	
2	Function Selection Flag 2	Bit 1: WDT Abnormality Detection Mask	Yes	
		Bits 2 to F: Reserved for system use.	-	-
3	_	Reserved	-	-
4	Reference Unit Selection	<ul> <li>0: pulse, 1: mm, 2: deg, 3: inch, 4:μm</li> <li>For linear type, only valid for 0: pulse, 1: mm, 4: μm. When 2: deg, 3: inch is set, converted into 1: mm.</li> </ul>	Yes	Yes
5	Number of Digits below Decimal Places	1 = 1 digit	Yes	Yes
6	Travel Distance per Machine Rotation (Rotary Motor)	1 = 1 reference unit	Yes	Yes
	Linear Scale Pitch (Linear Type)	1 = 1 reference unit	Yes	Yes
8	Servo Motor Gear Ratio	1 = 1 rotation (This setting is ignored if a linear motor is selected.)	Yes	Yes
9	Machine Gear Ratio	1 = 1 rotation (This setting is ignored if a linear motor is selected.)	Yes	Yes
10	Infinite Length Axis Reset Position (POSMAX)	1 = 1 reference units • Invalid for linear type.	Yes	Yes
12	Positive Software Limit Value	1 = 1 reference unit	Yes	
14	Negative Software Limit Value	1 = 1 reference unit	Yes	
16	Backlash Compensation Amount	1 = 1 reference unit	Yes	
18 to 29		Reserved	-	-
30	Encoder Selection	0: Incremental Encoder 1: Absolute Encoder 2: Absolute Encoder (Incremental encoder is used.) 3: Reserved	Yes	
31 to 33	_	Reserved	-	-

			(00	ont'a)
Slot Number	Name	Contents	SVB	SVR
34	Rated Motor Speed (Rotary Motor)	1 = 1 rpm	Yes	Yes
34	Rated Speed (Linear Type)	1 = 0.1  m/s, 0.1  mm/s	Yes	Yes
36	Number of Pulses per Motor Rotation (Rotary Motor)	1 = 1 pulse/rev Set the value after multiplication.	Yes	Yes
30	Number of Pulses per Linear Scale Pitch (Linear Type)	1 = 1 pulse/scale pitch	Yes	Yes
38	Maximum Number of Absolute Encoder Turns Rotation	<ul><li>1 = 1 rotation</li><li>Set to 0 when a direct drive motor is being used.</li></ul>	Yes	
40 to 41	_	Reserved	-	-
42	Feedback Speed Movement Av- eraging Time Constant	1 = 1 ms	Yes	Yes

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# E.2 Setting Parameter List

The following table provides a list of SVB and SVR motion setting parameters.

- Refer to the pages listed in the *Details* column for details of each setting parameter.
- Refer to 2.2.6 SVR Virtual Motion Module on page 2-47 for information on SVR.

Register No.	Name	Contents	SVB	SVR
		Bit 0: Servo ON (0: OFF/1: ON)	Yes	Yes
		Bit 1: Machine Lock (0: Normal operation/1: Machine locked)	Yes	
		Bits 2 to 3: Reserved		
		Bit 4: Latch Detection Demand (0: OFF/1: ON)	Yes	
		Bit 5: Reserved for system use.		
		Bit 6: POSMAX Turn Number Presetting Demand		<u> </u>
		(0: OFF/1: ON)	Yes	Yes
		Set to 0 for linear type.		ļ
	DUN Commond	Bit 7: Request ABS Rotary Pos. Load (Absolute System Infinite Length Posi-	Yes	
OW□□00	RUN Command Setting	tion Information LOAD) (0: OFF/1: ON) • Set to 0 for linear type.	105	
	Cotting	Bit 8: Forward Outside Limiting Torque/Thrust Input		<u> </u>
		(Forward External Limiting Torque/Thrust Input) (0: OFF/1: ON)	Yes	
		Bit 9: Reverse Outside Limiting Torque/Thrust Input (Reverse External Limiting Torque/Thrust Input) (0: OFF/1: ON)	Yes	
		Bit A: Reserved		
		Bit B: Integration Reset (0: OFF/1: ON)	Yes	
		Bits C to D: Reserved		
		Bit E: Communication Reset (0: OFF/1: ON)	Yes	
		Bit F: Alarm Clear (0: OFF/1: ON)	Yes	Yes
	Mode Setting 1	Bit 0: Excessive Deviation Error Level Setting (0: Alarm/1: Warning)	Yes	
		Bits 1 to 2: Reserved		<u> </u>
		Bit 3: Speed Loop P/PI Switch	Yes	<u> </u>
		Bit 4: Gain Switch	Yes	
		Bit 5: Gain Switch 2	Yes	<u> </u>
		Bits 6 to F: Reserved		<u> </u>
		Bit 0: Monitor 2 Enabled	Yes	
		Bits 1 to 3: Reserved		
	Mode Setting 2	Bits 4: Reserved		
00	Mode Setting 2	Bits 5 to 7: Reserved		
		Bits 8 to 15: Stop Mode Selection	Yes	
		Bits 0 to 3: Speed Unit Selection		
		0: Reference unit/s		
		1: 10 <sup>n</sup> reference unit/min	Yes	Yes
		2: Percentage of rated speed $(1 = 0.01\%)$		
		3: Percentage of rated speed $(1 = 0.0001\%)$		
		Bits 4 to 7: Acceleration/Deceleration Degree Unit Selection	Yes	Yes
	Function Setting 1	0: Reference units/s <sup>2</sup> 1: ms	105	105
0112200	· anotion cotting ·	Bits 8 to B: Filter Type Selection		
		0: No filter	Vag	Vac
		1: Exponential acceleration/deceleration filter	Yes	Yes
		2: Moving average filter		
		Bits C to F: Torque Unit Selection	v	v
		0: Percentage of rated toque (1 = 0.01%) 1: Percentage of rated toque (1 = 0.0001%)	Yes	Yes
		1.1  crossinge of factor toque  (1 = 0.000170)		

	1	1		ont'd)
Register No.	Name	Contents	SVB	SVF
		Bits 0 to 3: Latch Detection Signal Selection		
		0: -		
		1:-		
		2: Phase-C Pulse Input Signal	Yes	
		3: /EXT1	Yes	
		4: /EXT2	Yes	
		5: /EXT3	Yes	
	Function Setting 2	Bits 4 to 7: External Positioning Signal Setting		
0111104		0: -		
		1: -		
		2: Phase-C Pulse Input Signal	Yes	
		3: /EXT1	Yes	
		4: /EXT2	Yes	
		5: /EXT3	Yes	
		Bits 8 to B: Reserved		
		Bits C to F: Bank Selector	Yes	
		Bit 1: Phase Reference Creation Calculation Disable (0: Enabled/1: Disabled)	Yes	
OWDD05	Function Setting 3	Bits 2 to A: Reserved		
		Bit B: Zero Point Return Input Signal (0: OFF/1: ON)	Yes	
		Bits C to F: Reserved		
to	-	Reserved	-	_
OWDD07				
OW D08	Motion Command	<ul> <li>0: NOP (No Command)</li> <li>1: POSING (Position Mode)(Positioning)</li> <li>2: EX_POSING (Latch Target Positioning)(External Positioning)</li> <li>3: ZRET (Zero Point Return)</li> <li>4: INTERPOLATE (Interpolation)</li> <li>5: ENDOF_INTERPOLATE (Last Interpolation Segment)</li> <li>6: LATCH (Interpolation Mode with Latch Input)</li> <li>7: FEED (Jog Mode)</li> <li>8: STEP (Relative Position Mode)(Step Mode)</li> <li>9: ZSET (Set Zero Point)</li> <li>10: ACC (Change Acceleration Time)</li> <li>11: DCC (Change Deceleration Time)</li> <li>12: SCC (Change Filter Time Constant)</li> <li>13: CHG FILTER (Change Filter Type)</li> <li>14: KVS (Change Speed Loop Gain)</li> <li>15: KPS (Change Feed-Forward)</li> <li>17: PRM_RD (Read User Constant)(Read SERVOPACK Parameter)</li> <li>18: PRM_WR (Write User Constant)(Write SERVOPACK Parameter)</li> <li>19: ALM_MON (Alarm Monitor)</li> <li>20: ALM_HIST_CLR (Clear Alarm History)</li> <li>22: ABS_RST (Absolute Encoder Reset)</li> <li>23: VELO (Speed Reference)</li> <li>24: TRQ (Torque/Thrust Reference)</li> <li>25: PHASE (Phase Reference)</li> <li>26: KIS (Change Position Loop Integral Time Constant)</li> <li>27: PPRM_WR (Stored Parameter Write)</li> </ul>	Yes	Yes

Appendices

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(cont'd) Register No. SVB SVR Name Contents Yes Yes Bit 0: Holds a Command. (0: OFF/1: ON) Yes Yes Bit 1: Interrupt a Command. (0: OFF/1: ON) Bit 2: Moving Direction (JOG/ STEP) Yes Yes (0: Forward rotation/1: Reverse rotation) Bit 3: Zero Point Return Direction Selection Yes Motion Command (0: Reverse rotation/1: Forward rotation) OW□□09 Control Flag Yes Bit 4: Latch Zone Effective Selection (0: Disabled/1: Enabled) Bit 5: Position Reference Type Yes Yes (0: Incremental Addition Mode/1: Absolute Mode) Bit 6: Phase Compensation Type Yes (0: Incremental Addition Mode/1: Absolute Mode) Bits 7 to F: Reserved 0: NOP (No Command) Yes Yes 1: PRM RD (Read User Constant)(Read SERVOPACK Parameter) 2: PRM WR (Write User Constant)(Write SERVOPACK Parameter) Yes Motion Subcommand 3: Reserved 4: SMON (Status Monitor) 5: FIXPRM RD (Read Fixed Parameters) Yes Yes OWDD0B Reserved Torque/Thrust Yes Yes Unit is according to OWDD03, bits 12 to 15 (Torque Unit). **Reference Setting** Speed Limit Setting OWDD0E at the Torque/Thrust 1 = 0.01% (percentage of rated speed) Yes Reference OWDD0F Reserved Speed Reference Yes OLDD10 Unit is according to OWDD03, bits 0 to 3 (Speed Unit). Yes Setting Reserved to OW□□13 Positive Side Limiting Torque/Thrust OLDD14 Yes Unit is according to OWDD03, bits C to F (Torque Unit). Setting at the Speed Reference Secondly Speed OLDD16 Yes Yes Unit is according to OWDD03, bits 0 to 3 (Speed Unit). Compensation Override Yes OW□□18 1 = 0.01%OWDD19 Reserved to OWDD1B Position Reference OLDD1C Yes Yes 1 = 1 reference unit Setting Width of Positioning OLDD1E 1 = 1 reference unit Yes Completion NEAR Signal Output OLDD20 1 = 1 reference unit Yes Width Error Count Alarm OL0022 Yes 1 = 1 reference unit Detection OLDD24 Reserved for system use. **Position Complete** Yes OW□26 1 = 1 msCheek Time OWDD27 Reserved for system use. Phase Correction OLDD28 Yes 1 = 1 reference unit Setting Latch Zone Lower OLDD2A Yes 1 = 1 reference unit Limit Setting

Register No.	Name	Contents	SVB	ont'd) SVR
	Latch Zone Upper Limit Setting	1 = 1 reference unit	Yes	
OWDD2E	Position Loop Gain	1 = 0.1/s	Yes	
OWDD2F	Speed Loop Gain	1 = 1 Hz	Yes	
OW□□30	Speed Feedforward Amends	1 = 0.01% (percentage of distribution segment)	Yes	
OW□□31	Speed Compensation	1 = 0.01% (percentage of rated speed)	Yes	Yes
OW□□32	Position Integration Time Constant	1 = 1  ms	Yes	
OW□□33	-	Reserved	-	-
OW□□34	Speed Integration Time Constant	1 = 0.01  ms	Yes	
OW□□35	-	Reserved	-	_
OL□□36	Straight Line Acceler- ation/ Acceleration Time Constant	Unit is according to OW□□03, bits 4 to 7 (Speed Unit).	Yes	Yes
OL□□38	Straight Line Decel- eration/ Deceleration Time Constant	Unit is according to OWDD03, bits 4 to 7 (Speed Unit).	Yes	Yes
OW□□3A	Filter Time Constant	1 = 0.1  ms	Yes	Yes
OWDD3B	Bias Speed for Index Deceleration/Accel- eration Filter	Unit is according to OWDD03, bits 0 to 3 (Speed Unit).		Yes
		0: DEC1 + C (DEC 1 and C-Phase) 1: ZERO (Zero signal) 2: DEC1 + ZERO (DEC 1 and zero signal) 3: C (C-pulse)	Yes	
		4 to 10: Reserved	-	-
OW⊡⊡3C	Zero Point Return Method	<ol> <li>11: C Pulse</li> <li>12: POT &amp; C Pulse</li> <li>13: POT Only</li> <li>14: HOME LS &amp; C Pulse</li> <li>15: HOME Only</li> </ol>	Yes	
		<ul><li>16: NOT &amp; C Pulse</li><li>17: NOT Only</li><li>18: INPUT &amp; C Pulse</li><li>19: INPUT Only</li></ul>	Yes	
OW□□3D	Width of Starting Point Position Output	1 = 1 reference unit	Yes	Yes
OLDD3E	Approach Speed	Unit is according to OWDD03, bits 0 to 3 (Speed Unit).	Yes	
OLDD40	Creep Rate	Unit is according to OW 03, bits 0 to 3 (Speed Unit).	Yes	
OL0042	Zero Point Return Travel Distance	1 = 1 reference unit	Yes	
OL0044	STEP Travel Distance	1 = 1 reference unit	Yes	Yes
OL□□46	External Positioning Final Travel Distance	1 = 1 reference unit	Yes	
OLDD48	Zero Point Position in Machine Coordinate System Offset	1 = 1 reference unit	Yes	Yes
OLDD4A	Work Coordinate System Offset	1 = 1 reference unit	Yes	Yes
OLDD4C	Number of POSMAX Turns Presetting Data	<ul><li>1 = 1 reference unit</li><li>Invalid for linear type.</li></ul>	Yes	Yes

Α

(cont'd) Register No. Contents SVB SVR Name Bits 0 to 3: Monitor 1 (Setting impossible) Servo User Monitor Bits 4 to 7: Monitor 2 OWDD4E Yes Bits 8 to B: Monitor 3 (Setting impossible) Setting Bits C to F: Monitor 4 Servo Driver Alarm OW□□4F Yes Set the number of the alarm to monitor. Monitor No. Servo Driver User Yes OW□□50 Set the number of the SERVOPACK parameter. Constant No. Servo Driver User OW□□51 **Constant Number** Yes Set the number of words in the SERVOPACK parameter. Size Servo Driver User OLDD52 Yes Set the setting for the SERVOPACK parameter. **Constant Set Point** Servo Driver for OW□□54 Assistance User Yes Set the number of the SERVOPACK parameter number. Constant No. Servo Driver for OW□□55 Assistance User Yes Set the number of words in the SERVOPACK parameter. **Constant Size** Servo Driver for Assistance User Yes OLDD56 Set the setting for the SERVOPACK parameter. Constant Set Point OW□□58 to Reserved OWDD5B **Fixed Parameter** Set the number of the fixed parameter to read with the FIXPRM RD motion OW□□5C Yes Yes Number subcommand. OWDD5D Reserved \_ \_ **Encoder Position** 1 = 1 pulse OLDD5E When Power is OFF Yes • Do not set in the linear type. (Lower 2 Words) Encoder Position 1 = 1 pulse When Power is OFF OLDD60 Yes • Do not set in the linear type. (Upper 2 Words) Pulse Position When 1 = 1 pulse Power is OFF OLDD62 Yes • Do not set in the linear type. (Lower 2 Words) Pulse Position When 1 = 1 pulse Power is OFF Yes OLDD64 • Do not set in the linear type. (Upper 2 Words) OLDD66 to Reserved \_ \_ OLDD6E OWDD70 Command Buffer for This area is used for command data when MECHATROLINK servo com-Transparent Yes to mands are specified directly. Command Mode OWDD7F

# E.3 Monitoring Parameter List

The following table provides a list of SVB and SVR motion monitoring parameters.

Register No.	Name	Contents	SVB	SVF
		Bit 0 Motion Controller Operation Ready	Yes	Yes
		Bit 1: Running (At Servo ON)	Yes	Yes
	RUN Status	Bit 2: System Busy	Yes	
		Bit 3: Servo Ready	Yes	
		Bit 4: Latch Mode	Yes	
		Bits 5 to F: Reserved	-	-
	Parameter Number When Range Over is Generated	Setting parameters: 0 or higher Fixed Parameters: 1000 or higher	Yes	Yes
		Bit 0: Excessive Deviation	Yes	
		Bit 1: Set Parameter Error (Setting Parameter Error)	Yes	Yes
		Bit 2: Fixed Parameter Error	Yes	Yes
		Bit 3: Servo Driver Error	Yes	
		Bit 4: Motion Command Set Error	Yes	Yes
IL002	Warning	Bit 5: Reserved (AD Conversion Error)	-	-
		Bit 6: Positive Direction Overtravel	Yes	
		Bit 7: Negative Direction Overtravel	Yes	
		Bit 8: Servo ON Incomplete	Yes	
		Bit 9: Servo Driver Communication Warning	Yes	
		Bits A to 1F: Reserved		
		Bit 0: Servo Driver Error	Yes	
		Bit 1: Positive Direction Overtravel	Yes	
		Bit 2: Negative Direction Overtravel	Yes	
		Bit 3: Positive Direction Software Limit	Yes	
		Bit 4: Negative Direction Software Limit	Yes	
		Bit 5: Servo OFF	Yes	Yes
		Bit 6: Positioning Time Over	Yes	
		Bit 7: Excessive Positioning Moving Amount	Yes	
		Bit 8: Excessive Speed	Yes	
		Bit 9: Excessive Deviation	Yes	
		Bit A: Filter Type Change Error	Yes	
		Bit B: Filter Time Constant Change Error	Yes	
	Alarm	Bit C: Reserved	-	_
		Bit D: Zero Point Unsetting • Invalid for linear type.	Yes	
		Bit E: Reserved	Yes	
		Bit F: Reserved	Yes	
		Bit 10: Servo Driver Synchronization Communications Error	Yes	
		Bit 11: Servo Driver Communication Error	Yes	
		Bit 12: Servo Driver Command Time-out Error	Yes	
		Bit 13: Excessive ABS Encoder Rotations • Invalid for linear type.	Yes	
		Bits 14 to 1D: Reserved	-	-
		Bit1E: Motor Type Set Error		
		Bit1F: Connected Encoder Type Error		
	-	Reserved	-	-
	Motion Command Response Code	Same as OW□□08 (Motion Command).	Yes	Yes

Α

	1			cont'd)
Register No.	Name	Contents	SVB	SVR
		Bit 0: Command Execution Flag	Yes	Yes
		Bit 1: Command Hold Completed	Yes	Yes
		Bit 2: Reserved	-	-
	Motion Command	Bit 3: Command Error Completed Status (Command Error Occurrence)	Yes	Yes
	Status	Bits 4 to 6: Reserved	_	_
		Bit 7: Reset Absolute Encoder Completed	Yes	
		Bit 8: Command Execution Completed	Yes	Yes
		Bits 9 to F: Reserved	-	-
	Subcommand Re-			
	sponse Code	Same as OWDD0A (Motion Subcommand).	Yes	Yes
		Bit 0: Command Execution Flag	Yes	Yes
		Bits 1 to 2: Reserved	-	-
	Subcommand Status	Bit 3: Command Error Completed Status (Command Error Occurrence)	Yes	Yes
		Bits 4 to 7: Reserved	-	-
		Bit 8: Command Execution Completed	Yes	Yes
		Bits 9 to F: Reserved	-	-
		Bit 0: Distribution Completed	Yes	Yes
		Bit 1: Positioning Completed	Yes	Yes
		Bit 2: Latch Completed	Yes	
		Bit 3: NEAR Position	Yes	Yes
		Bit 4: Zero Point Position	Yes	Yes
		Bit 5: Zero Point Return (Setting) Completed	Yes	Yes
	Position Management	Bit 6: During Machine Lock	Yes	
	Status	Bit 7: Reserved	-	-
		Bit 8: ABS Rotary Pos. Load Complete (ABS System Infinite Length Position Control Information Load Completed) Invalid for linear type.	Yes	
		Bit 9: POSMAX Turn Preset Complete (TPRSE)	Yes	Yes
		Invalid for linear type.		
		Bits A to F: Reserved		
	-	Reserved	-	-
	Target Position in Machine Coordinate System (TPOS)	1 = 1 reference unit	Yes	Yes
	Calculated Position in Machine Coordinate system (CPOS)	1 = 1 reference unit	Yes	Yes
IL0012	Machine Coordinate System Reference Position (MPOS)	1 = 1 reference unit	Yes	Yes
	CPOS for 32 bit	1 = 1 reference unit	Yes	Yes
ILDD16	Machine Coordinate System Feedback Position (APOS)	1 = 1 reference unit	Yes	Yes
ILDD18	Machine Coordinate System Latch Position (LPOS)	1 = 1 reference unit	Yes	
ILDD1A	Position Error (PERR)	1 = 1 reference unit	Yes	
ILDD1C	Target Position Difference Monitor	1 = 1 reference unit		Yes
ILOO1E	Number of POSMAX Turns	1 = 1 turn • Invalid for linear type.	Yes	Yes

			(	cont'd)
Register No.	Name	Contents	SVB	SVR
IL□□20	Speed Reference Output Monitor	pulse/s	Yes	
IL□□22 to IL□□2A	_	Reserved	-	-
IW□□2C	Servo Driver Status	Bit 0: Alarm (ALM)         Bit 1: Warning (WARNG)         Bit 2: Command Ready (CMDRDY)         Bit 3: Servo ON (SVON)         Bit 4: Main Power Supply ON (PON)         Bit 5: Machine Lock (MLOCK)         Bit 6: Zero Position (ZPOINT)         Bit 7: Locating Completed (Positioning Completed)(PSET)         Bit 8: Command Profile Complete (Distribution Completed) (DEN)         Bit 9: Torque Restriction (T_LIM)         Bit A: Latch Complete (L_CMP)         Bit B: Locating Neighborhood (NEAR Position) (NEAR)         Bit C: Positive Software Limit (P_SOT)         Bit D: Negative Software Limit (N_SOT)         Bits E to F: Reserved	Yes	_
IWDD2D	Servo Driver Alarm Code	Stores the alarm code from the SERVOPACK.	Yes	
IWDD2E	Servo Driver I/O Moni- tor	Bit 0: Forward Side Limit Switch Input Bit 1: Reverse Side Limit Switch Input Bit 2: Deceleration Dog Switch Input Bit 3: Encoder Phase-A Signal Input Bit 4: Encoder Phase-B Signal Input Bit 5: Encoder Phase-C Signal Input Bit 6: EXT1 Signal Input Bit 7: EXT2 Signal Input Bit 8: EXT3 Signal Input Bit 9: Brake State Output Bit A: Reserved Bit B: Reserved Bit B: Reserved Bit C: CN1 Input Signal (IO12) Bit D: CN1 Input Signal (IO13) Bit E: CN1 Input Signal (IO14) Bit F: CN1 Input Signal (IO15)	Yes	
IWDD2F	Servo Driver User Monitor Information	Bits 0 to 3: Monitor 1 Bits 4 to 7: Monitor 2 Bits 8 to B: Monitor 3 Bits C to F: Monitor 4	Yes	
	Servo Driver User Monitor 2	Stores the result of the selected monitor.	Yes	
IL0032	Servo Driver User Monitor 3	Reserved		
IL0034	Servo Driver User Monitor 4	Stores the result of the selected monitor.	Yes	
IWDD36	Servo Driver User Constant No. (SERVOPACK Pa- rameter No. for MECHATORLINK Command Area)	Stores the number of the parameter being processed.	Yes	
IWDD37	Supplementary Servo Driver User Constant No. (SERVOPACK Parameter No. for MECHATROLINK Subcommand Area)	Stores the number of the parameter being processed.	Yes	

Α

			(	conťd)
Register No.	Name	Contents	SVB	SVR
IL□□38	Servo Driver User Constant Reading Data (SERVOPACK Parameter Reading Data for MECHATROLINK Command Area)	Stores the data of the parameter being read.	Yes	
ILDD3A	Supplementary Servo Driver User Constant Reading Data (SERVOPCK Parameter Reading Data for MECHATROLINK Subcommand Area)	Stores the data of the parameter being read.	Yes	
IWDD3F	Motor Type	Stores the type of motor actually connected. 0: Rotation type motor 1: Linear motor	Yes	
IL□□40	Feedback Speed	Unit is according to OW 03, bits 0 to 3 (Speed Unit).	Yes	Yes
IL0042	Feedback torque/thrust	Unit is according to OW 03, bits 12 to 15 (Torque Unit).	Yes	Yes
IW□□44 to IW□□55	-	Reserved	_	-
	Fixed Parameter Monitor	Stores the data of the fixed parameter when FIXPRM-RD has been specified in the Motion Subcommand.	Yes	Yes
IW□□58 to IW□□5C	-	Reserved	_	-
ILDD5E	Encoder Position When the Power is OFF (Lower 2 Words)	1 = 1 pulse	Yes	
	Encoder Position When the Power is OFF (Upper 2 Words)	1 = 1 pulse	Yes	
ILDD62	Pulse Position When the Power is OFF (Lower 2 Words)	1 = 1 pulse	Yes	
	Pulse Position when the Power is OFF (Upper 2 Words)	1 = 1 pulse	Yes	
IW□□66 to IW□□6F	-	Reserved	-	_
IW□□70 to IW□□7F	Response Buffer for Transparent Command Mode	Stores the response data when MECHATROLINK Servo commands are specified directly.	Yes	

# Appendix F How to Set up Communication Process

This section explains how to set up a communication process connecting the MPE720 and MP2300S. In MPE720 Ver6, set the communication process on the MPE720 screen. Prepare the following equipment to carry out this procedure:

# F.1 Preparation

## (1) Controller

Product Name	Model	Q'ty
MP2300S	JEPMC-MP2300S-E	1

## (2) Personal Computer

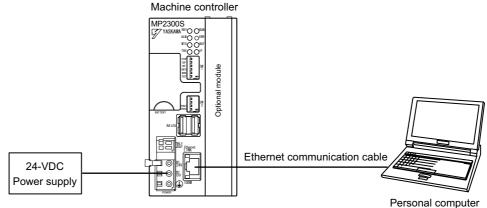
Product Name	Model	Q'ty
MPE720	CPMC-MPE770 (Ver.6.04 or later)	1
Ethernet Communication Cable	Any Commercial product Ethernet cross cable (category 5 or more)	1
Personal Computer Main Unit	Any Commercial product	1

### (3) Necessary Others

Name	Specification	Q'ty
24-VDC Power Supply	Current capacity 2A or more	1

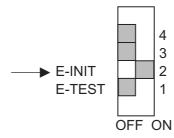
## F.2 Procedure

- 1. Turn OFF the MP2300S 24-VDC power supply.
- 2. Wire MPE720 and MP2300S.



versonal compute with MPE720

3. Turn ON E-INIT of DIP switch (SW2) in the MP2300S main unit.



**4.** Turn ON the 24-VDC power supply of the MP2300S, and confirm that the RDY, RUN, and IP LEDs are lit on the MP2300S main unit.

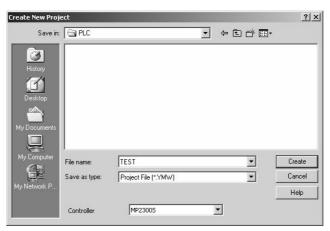
When the IP LED is lit, you can confirm that the MP2300S side has successfully retrieved an IP address.

RDY	0	$\bigcirc$ RUN		RDY 🔘	RUN
ALM	Ο	○ ERR ○ BAT	-	ALM O MTX O	$^{\circ}$ err
MTX	Ο	⊖ bat		MTX 🔘	$\bigcirc$ bat
TRX	Ο	O IP		trx ()	IP
				<b>A</b> 11 14	
				U:Lit	⊖:Unlit

5. Double-click the icon on the personal computer desktop to start up MPE720 Ver6.



6. Create a new PLC folder.



7. Click Communications Setting.

. Pr	oject	
N	e₩	Communications Setting
0,	pen	Connection [2:Ethernet(LP) IP192.168.1.1]

8. Select Ethernet (LP) (IP:192.168.1.2) as the communication port.

Personal computer IP address

Note: You can check the personal computer IP address in the control panel.

		n setting		Connection
ommunicatio	n port		P) (IP:192.168.1.2)	Setting
o address	<	2 : Ethernet(LF	1) P) (IP:192.168.1.2)	Cancel
earch Contro	oller	3 : Ethernet (in - : USB		<< Detail
Controller	IP add	dress/port	Module name	

#### ■ Difference between Ethernet (LP) and Ethernet

The LP of Ethernet (LP) is short for "Long packet." Compared with Ethernet, Ethernet (LP) transmits and receives larger packets at one time, resulting in high-speed data transfer. Available communication ports may differ depending on the module of the connected controller. Select the communication port according to the table below.

Module of the Connected Controller Side	Name	Communication Port to Be Selected in MPE720
218IF-01	218IF	Ethernet
218IF-02	218IFB	Ethernet (LP)
MP2300S Built-in Ethernet	218IFA	Ethernet (EF)

#### When there are multiple LAN ports on the personal computer

If there are multiple LAN ports on the personal computer, multiple IP addresses will be shown in the communication port. Select the IP address of the LAN port to which the cable is connected.

#### Controller search function

When Ethernet is selected in the communication port, the controller search function will be unavailable.

#### 9. Click the Search Button.

et the commu Communication		2 : Ethe	erne	t(LP)	(IP:	192.1	68.1.	2) 🔻	1	Connection
P address		192		168		1	,	1		Cancel
iearch Contro	oller	1			<		Searc	:h	⋗	<< Detail
Controller	IP ad	dress/por	t			Modu	ule na	ime	Ī	

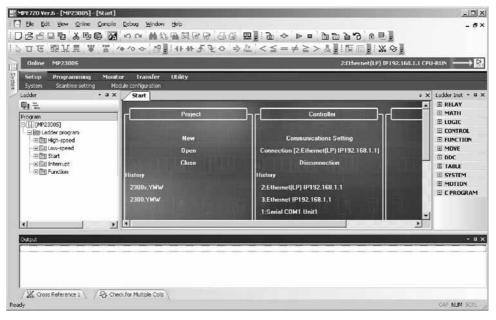
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**10.** A controller search list will appear. Select the found controller and click the **Connection** Button.

Iommunicatio	n port 2 : Ethernet(LF	P) (IP:192.168.1.2) 💌	Setting
P address	192 . 16	58 . 1 . 1	Cancel
5earch Contro	) oller	Search	<< Detail
Controller	IP address/port	Module name	
MF23005	192.168.1.1 / 9999	CONTROLLER	_

Personal computer IP address

**11.** MPE720 connects to the controller.



# Appendix G MSG-SND/ MSG-RCV Functions

# G.1 Message Transmit Function (MSG-SND)

This section explains the message transmit function (MSG-SND) used in a ladder program when transmitting messages.

# G.1.1 Specification Overview of the Message Transmit Function

Function Name				MSG-SND
Function	Transmits messages to a remote station on the circuit specified by the communication device type. Supports multiple protocols. Keep the execution command (Execute) until Complete or Error turns ON.			
Function Definition		_	Execute Abort Dev-Typ Pro-Typ Cir-No Ch-No Param	MSG-SND Busy Complete Error
I/O Definition	No.	Name	I/O Option <sup>(*1)</sup>	Contents
	1	Execute	B-VAL	Executes a transmission
	2	Abort	B-VAL	Forcibly ends a transmission
	3	Dev-Typ	I-REG	Communication device type Ethernet (218IF) = 6, Ethernet (218IFA) = 16
Input Item	4	Pro-Typ	I-REG	Communication protocol MEMOBUS <sup>(*2)</sup> = 1, non-procedure $1^{(*3)} = 2$ , non-procedure $2^{(*3)} = 3$
	5	Cir-No	I-REG	Circuit number Ethernet (218IF) = 1 to 8, Ethernet (218IFA) = 1 to 8
	6	Ch-No	I-REG	Communication buffer channel number Ethernet (218IF) = 1 to 10, Ethernet (218IFA) = 1 to 4
	7	Param	Address input	Parameter list start address (MA, DA)
	1	Busy	B-VAL	In process
Output Item	2	Complete	B-VAL	Process completed
	3	Error	B-VAL	Error has occurred

\* 1. The meanings of I/O options are as follows:

B-VAL: Specify I/O by bit type data.

I-REG: Specify I/O by integer type data. When specifying, set an integer type register number. As for the input only, it can be a constant (literal).

Address input: The address of the specified register (any integer register) is passed to the function.

\* 2. When transmitting in MEMOBUS, Extended MEMOBUS, MELSEC, OMRON, or MODBUS/TCP protocol, set the communication protocol (Pro-Typ) to MEMOBUS(=1). The communication device automatically converts the protocol.

\* 3. Non-procedure 1: In non-procedural communication, data is transmitted on a per-word basis. Non-procedure 2: In non-procedural communication, data is transmitted on a per-byte basis.

# G.1.2 I/O Item Details of the Message Transmit Function

## (1) Input Item

The following table shows registers available for each input item.

Input Item	I/O Option	Available Register
Execute Abort	B-VAL	Every bit type register (except #, C registers), Same as above with subscript
Dev-typ Pro-Typ Cir-No Ch-No	I-REG	Every integer type register, Same as above with subscript, Constant
Param	Address input	Register address (except #, C registers), Same as above with subscript

#### **1.** Execute (executes a transmission)

Specifies a bit to command execution of a message transmission.

When the Execute bit turns ON, message transmission is implemented. To execute the process, a ladder program or the like needs to be used to switch it ON/OFF.

Note: Keep Execute (executes a transmission) ON until Complete (process completed) or Error (error occurred) is turned ON. When the command turns ON, the message transmission is implemented. To continuously command the transmit execution, make sure to turn Execute (executes a transmission) OFF for one scan or more.

### 2. Abort (forcibly ends a transmission)

Specify a bit to command a forced terminated of a message transmission. When the Abort bit turns ON, the message transmission is forcibly terminated. Abort takes precedence over Execute.

In order to execute the forced abort, a ladder program or the like needs to be used to switch it ON/OFF.

#### **3.** Dev-Typ (communication device type)

Specify the type code of the communication device (refer to the table below).

Communication Device	Type Code
Ethernet (218IF)	6
Ethernet (218IFA)	16

### 4. Pro-Typ (communication protocol)

Specify the type code of the communication device (refer to the table below).

Type Code	Communication Protocol	Remarks
1	MEMOBUS	Set the type code to "1" when also transmitting using Extended MEMO- BUS, MELSEC, or MODBUS/TCP protocol. The communication device automatically converts the protocol.
2	Non-procedure 1 (per word)	Data is transmitted on a per-word basis in non-procedural communica- tion. No response is received from the remote.
3	Non-procedure 2 (per byte)	Data is transmitted on a per-byte basis in the non-procedural communi- cation. No response is received from the remote.

#### 5. Cir-No (line number)

Specify a circuit number for the communication device.

Specify it in accordance with the circuit number displayed in the MPE720 Module Configuration Definition Window.

			Choi	uit number	
odule Details MP2300S SL	.OT#00		/		
Slot Number	1	2		4	5
Module Type	CPU 🔻	218IFA 🔻	SVB 👻	SVR 🔻	M-EXECUTOR
Controller Number	-	01	×	01	-
Circuit Number	-	01	01	02	-
I/O Start Register		0000	0800		0000
I/O End Register		07FF	OBFF		0C3F
Disable Input	-	Enable 🔻	Enable 🔻	-	
Disable Output	-	Enable 💌	Enable 🔻	-	
Motion Start Register			8000	8800	
Motion End Register			87FF	8FFF	
Details			MECHATROLINK		
Status	Running	Running	Running	Running	Running

J218IFA : 100M Ethernet in functions.

Fig. G.1 MPE720 Module Configuration Definition Window

The following table shows the scope of circuit numbers.

Communication Device	Valid Circuit Number	
Ethernet (218IF or 218IFA)	1 to 8	

#### 6. Ch-No (communication buffer channel number)

Specify the channel of the communication buffer.

It can be any channel in the scope. However, when starting up multiple functions at the same time, set a unique channel for each function. If you do not start up multiple functions at the same time, the channel numbers can duplicate each other.

The following table shows the scope of channel numbers.

Communication Device	Valid Channel Number
Ethernet (218IF)	1 to 10
Ethernet (218IFA)	1 to 4

When the communication device is Ethernet (218IFA), because the communication buffer common to the transmission and reception has four channels, four transmissions (or receptions) are available at the same time by using channels 1 to 4.

Note: 1. As many MSG-SND (or MSG-RCV) functions as lines used at the same time are required.

2. For information on communication buffer channels, refer to G.3 Communication Buffer Channel on page A-102.

#### 7. Param (parameter list start address)

Specify the start address of the parameter list. For the "parameter list," 17 words are automatically assigned from the configured address. In the parameter list, enter the function code and its relevant parameter data. Also, process result and status are output.

Note: For more information about the parameter list, refer to the parameter details for each protocol from G.1.4 Function Setting and Parameter Details for MEMOBUS and Extended MEMOBUS Protocols on page A-41 to G.1.7 Function Setting and Parameter Details for Non-procedural Protocol on page A-61.

Example: When "DA00000" is specified as a parameter list start address.

Register	Parameter list F ··· ··· ··· 0
DW00000	PRAM00
DW00001	PRAM01
DW00002	PRAM02
DW00003	PRAM03
DW00004	PRAM04
DW00005	PRAM05
DW00006	PRAM06
DW00007	PRAM07
DW00008	PRAM08
DW00009	PRAM09
DW00010	PRAM10
DW00011	PRAM11
DW00012	PRAM12
DW00013	PRAM13
DW00014	PRAM14
DW00015	PRAM15
DW00016	PRAM16

### (2) Output Item

The following table shows the registers available for each output item.

Input Item	I/O Option	Available Register
Busy Complete Error	B-VAL	Every bit type register (except #, C registers), Same as above with subscript

#### **1.** Busy (in process)

Specify a bit that reports a message is transmitting. The Busy bit is ON while executing a message transmission or forced abort process. Keep Execute or Abort ON while Busy is ON.

#### 2. Complete (process completed)

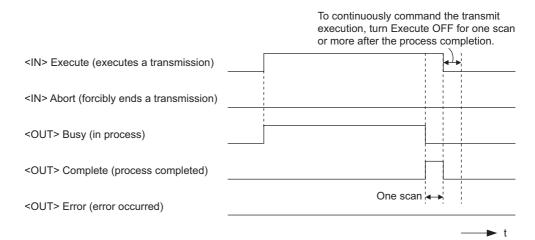
Specify a bit that reports that message transmission has ended. When a message transmission or forced abort process is completed properly, the Complete bit will turn ON only for one scan.

#### **3.** Error (error occurred)

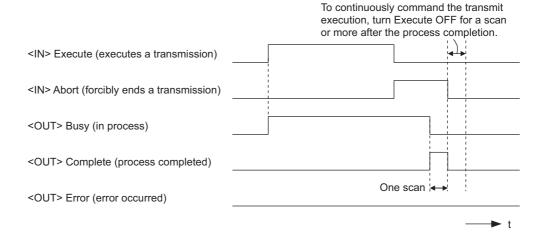
Specify a bit that reports that an error has occurred in the message transmission. When an error occurs, the Error bit will turn ON only for one scan.

Note: For more information about the error cause, refer to G.1.4 (2) Process Result (PARAM00) on page A-42 and G.1.4 (3) Status (PARAM00) on page A-43.

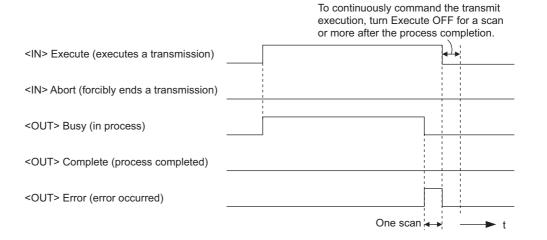
A timing chart of bit type I/O items in the MSG-SND function is as follows: [In Normal Condition]



#### [When Forcibly Aborted]



#### [When Error Occurs]



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# G.1.3 Message Transmit Function Parameter List (Param) Overview

The param of the MSG-SND function has a parameter list structure composed of 17 words. (The value of the Param itself is the start address (MA, DA) of the parameter list.)

In the parameter list, enter a connection number, function code and its relevant parameter data. Process results and status are also output.

When MEMOBUS or non-procedure is used as a communication protocol, the parameter list is as follows: Note: Parameter details are explained in the parameter details for each protocol type. Refer to the following

items:

- *G.1.4 Function Setting and Parameter Details for MEMOBUS and Extended MEMOBUS Protocols* on page A-41
- G.1.5 Function Setting and Parameter Details for MELSEC Protocol on page A-51
- G.1.6 Function Setting and Parameter Details for MODBUS/TCP Protocol on page A-56
- G.1.7 Function Setting and Parameter Details for Non-procedural Protocol on page A-61

### (1) MEMOBUS Parameter List

Param No.	IN/OUT	Contents	Description
00	OUT	Process result	Process result is output.
01	OUT	Status	The status of the communication device is output.
02	IN	Connection number	Specifies the remote destination.
03	IN	Option	Sets a unique setting for each communication device.
04	IN	Function code	Sets a function code to transmit.
05	IN	Data address	Specifies the start address of the data.
06	IN	Data size	Sets the data size for a read/write request.
07	IN	Remote CPU number	Sets a remote CPU number.
08	IN	Coil offset	Sets the coil's offset word address.
09	IN	Input relay offset	Sets the offset word address of an input relay.
10	IN	Input register offset	Sets the offset word address of an input register.
11	IN	Holding register offset	Sets the offset word address of a holding register.
12	SYS	Reserved 1	
13 to 16	SYS	Reserved 2	

Note: IN: Input, OUT: Output, SYS: For system use

### (2) Non-procedual Parameter List

Param No.	IN/OUT	Contents	Description
00	OUT	Process result	Process result is output.
01	OUT	Status	The status of the communication device is output.
02	IN	Connection number	Specifies the remote destination.
03	IN	(unused)	
04	IN	(unused)	
05	IN	Data address	Specifies the start address of the data.
06	IN	Data size	Sets the data size for a write request.
07	IN	(unused)	
08	IN	(unused)	
09	IN	(unused)	
10	IN	(unused)	
11	IN	Register offset	Sets the offset word address of the register.
12	SYS	Reserved 1	
13 to 16	SYS	Reserved 2	

Note: IN: Input, OUT: Output, SYS: For system use

# G.1.4 Function Setting and Parameter Details for MEMOBUS and Extended MEMO-BUS Protocols

This section explains the MSG-SND function setting and its parameter list details when MEMOBUS or Extended MEMOBUS is used as a protocol type.

### (1) Message Transmit Function Setting

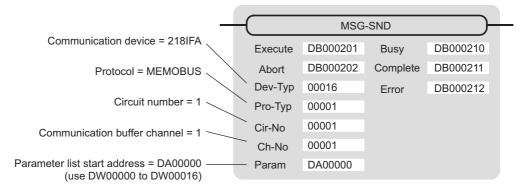
#### (a) 218IFA Setting Example

An example of a function setting when 218IFA is used as a communication device follows: Set the protocol type to MEMOBUS even when used in Extended MEMOBUS protocol.

Set the circuit number in accordance with the line number allocated to the target 218IFA.

Set a unique communication buffer channel for the same circuit.

For information on the register number, refer to G.1.2 (1) Input Item on page A-36 and G.1.2 (2) Output Item on page A-38.



#### (b) 218IF Setting Example

An example of a function setting when 218IF is used as a communication device follows:

Set the protocol type to MEMOBUS even when used in Extended MEMOBUS protocol.

Set the circuit number in accordance with the line number allocated to the target 218IF.

Set a unique communication buffer channel for the same circuit.

For information on the register number, refer to G.1.2 (1) Input Item on page A-36 and G.1.2 (2) Output Item on page A-38.

		MSG	-SND	
Communication device = 218IF	Execute	DB000201	Busy	DB000210
Protocol = MEMOBUS	Abort	DB000202	Complete	DB000211
	Dev-Typ	00006	Error	DB000212
Circuit number = 1	Pro-Typ	00001		
Communication Buffer Channel = 1	Cir-No	00001		
	Ch-No	00001		
Parameter list start address = DA00000 (use DW00000 to DW00016)	Param	DA00000		

# (2) Process Result (PARAM00)

Process result is output to the upper byte. Lower byte is used for system analysis.

Value of Process Result	Meaning
0000H	In process (Busy)
1000H	Process completed (Complete)
8у□□Н	Error occurred (Error)

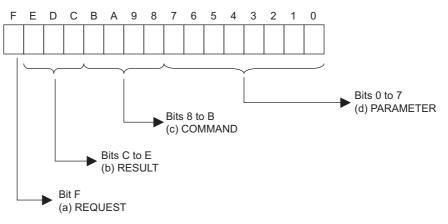
When an error occurs, take corrective action by referring to the following error contents:

Value of Process Result	Error Contents	Description
8000H	_	Reserved
8100H	Function code error	Unused function code was transmitted or received. Check PARAM04 (function code).
8200H	Error in setting address	The following setting is out of the setting range. Check the setting. PARAM05 (data address) PARAM08 (coil offset) PARAM09 (input relay offset) PARAM10 (input register offset) PARAM11 (holding register offset)
83DDH	Data size error	The transmit or receive data size is out of the setting range. Check PARAM04 (data size).
84DDH	Error in setting circuit number	The circuit number is out of the setting range. Check Cir-No (circuit number) of the MSG-SND function.
8500H	Error in setting channel number	The communication buffer channel number is out of the setting range. Check Ch-No (communication buffer channel number) of the MSG-SND function.
86DDH	Connection number error	The connection number is out of the setting range. Check PARAM02 (connection number).
8700H	_	Reserved
8800H	Communication section error	An error response was returned from the communication section (commu- nication device). Check the equipment connection. In addition, confirm communication with the remote device.
8900H	Device select error	Unavailable device is set. Check Dev-Typ (communication device type) of the MSG-SND function.

## (3) Status (PARAM00)

Outputs status of the communication section (communication device).

The following figure shows the bit assignment and the bit assignment details is listed in the table (a) and after.



### (a) REQUEST (request)

Outputs whether the MSG-SND function is requesting processing.

Bit State	Description
1	Requesting processing.
0	The acceptance of the process request is complete.

#### (b) RESULT (result)

Outputs the execution result of the MSG-SND function

Code	Abbreviation	Meaning
0	CONN_NG	In Ethernet communication, transmit error or connection error is complete
1	SEND_OK	Normal transmission complete
2	REC_OK	Normal reception complete
3	ABORT_OK	Forced abort complete
4	FMT_NG	Parameter format error
5	SEQ_NG	Command sequence error
6	RESET_NG	Reset state
7	REC_NG	Data reception error (error detected in the lower layer program)

### (c) COMMAND (command)

Outputs a process command for the MSG-SND function. The executed process contents may differ depending on the command.

Code	Abbreviation	Meaning
1	U_SEND	General-purpose message transmission (for non-procedural protocol)
2	U_REC	General-purpose message reception (for non-procedural protocol)
3	ABORT	Forced termination
8	M_SEND	MEMOBUS command transmission: Completed when response is received
9	M_REC	MEMOBUS command reception: Accompanies a response transmission
С	MR_SEND	MEMOBUS response transmission

## (d) PARAMETER (parameter)

When RESULT(process result) = 4 (FMT\_NG: parameter format error), an error code in the table below is output. Otherwise, the connection number is output.

RESULT (process result)	Code (Hex)	Meaning
	00	No error
	01	Connection number is out of range
	02	Time error for monitoring to receive MEMOBUS response
When RESULT	03	Error in setting retransmit count
(process result) = 4 (FMT_NG: parameter format	04	Error in setting cyclic area
error)	05	CPU number error
	06	Data address error
	07	Data size error
	08	Function code error
Others	XX	Connection number

## (4) Connection Number (PARAM02)

Specify the remote destination.

When the communication device is Ethernet (218IF/218IFA), set the connection number. The following table shows the range of settings.

Communication Device	Connection Number	Remarks
Ethernet (218IF)	1 to 20	Transmits to the remote station set for the specified connection number.
Ethernet (218IFA)	1 to 4	Same as above

Note: When the communication device is Ethernet (218IF/218IFA), set the connection number in accordance with the connection number in the 218IF/218IFA Parameter Setting Window for the MPE720 module configuration definition.

smission Paramete	-				Module Name Defin	ition				
<sup>o</sup> Address	: [	192 🛨 · 🛛 168 🛨 · 🗍	÷ 1	÷ (0-25	5) Equipment name :	CO	NTROLI	ER	NAME	
ubnet Mask	: [	255 🕂 255 🛨 25	55 🕂 🛛 🖸	0-25						
ateway IP Addres	s : [		. C	0-25	5)Detail Definition					
nection Parameter Message Commun Easy setting	ication	ble to following parameter	setting ea:	sily that comm	nicate the message.					
Message Commun Easy setting CNO	ication It is possi Local Port	Node IP Address	Node Port	Connect Type	Protocol Type		Cod	e	Automaticall	
Vessage Commun Easy setting CNO 01	ication It is possil Local Port 0001	Node IP Address	Node Port 20001	Connect Type	Protocol Type Extended MEMOBUS	<b>•</b>	BIN	e		
Message Commun Easy setting CNO	ication It is possi Local Port	Node IP Address	Node Port	Connect Type	Protocol Type	•		e •	γ	
Vessage Commun Easy setting CNO 01	ication It is possil Local Port 0001	Node IP Address	Node Port 20001	Connect Type UDP TCP	Protocol Type Extended MEMOBUS	* * *	BIN	e • • •	γ	

Fig. G.2 218IFA Parameter Setting Screen for the MPE720 Module Configuration Definition

18 Trans	mission Par	rameters								
ation Set	ting									
IP Addr	ess	: 192 🛨 . 168 🛨	. 1 🛨	1 🕂		( 0 - 255 )				
ЕМОВИ	s									
Respon	ise Time	: 0 🕂 s			ł	(0-255)				
Count o	f Retry	: 0 🕂 time				(0 - 255)				
	ection Para		Node	Connect		Protocol				
CNO	Local Port	Node IP Address	Node Port	Connect Type		Protocol Type	1-000	Cod	e	
	Local Port 0010	Node IP Address	Port 20100	Type TCP	•	Type MELSEC	¥	ASCII	e 🗸	
CNO	Local Port	Node IP Address	Port	Type TCP	•	Туре	* *	515.03	e •	
CNO 01	Local Port 0010 0020	Node IP Address	Port 20100 20200	Type TCP UDP	• •	Type MELSEC	* * *	ASCII	e • •	
CNO 01 02	Local Port 0010 0020	Node IP Address 192.168.001.003 192.168.001.006 000.000.000.000	Port 20100 20200 00000	Type TCP UDP TCP	• •	Type MELSEC Extended MEMOBUS	* * *	ASCII BIN	e • •	
CNO 01 02 03	Local Port 0010 0020 0030	Node IP Address 192.168.001.003 192.168.001.006 000.000.000.000	Port 20100 20200 00000	Type TCP UDP TCP	• •	Type MELSEC Extended MEMOBUS MEMOBUS	* * *	ASCII BIN RTU	e • • • •	
01 02 03 04	Local Port 0010 0020 0030 0040	Node IP Address 192.168.001.003 192.168.001.006 000.000.000.000	Port 20100 20200 00000	Type TCP UDP TCP	• •	Type MELSEC Extended MEMOBUS MEMOBUS	* * * * * *	ASCII BIN RTU	e • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	

Fig. G.3 218IF Parameter Setting Screen for the MPE720 Module Configuration Definition

## (5) Option (PARAM03)

Choose a unique setting for each communication device. When the protocol is MEMOBUS or Extended MEMOBUS, this is not used, and no setting is necessary.

# (6) Function Code (PARAM04)

Set a function code to transmit.

The functions (read coil or input relay state, write to holding register, etc.) registered in the function codes are made available by specifying the code.

The following table shows the function codes available when using a MEMOBUS or Extended MEMOBUS protocol.

	Target Data		Protoco	ы Туре
Function Code	Туре	Function	Extended MEMOBUS	MEMOBUS
00H	-	Unused	-	-
01H	В	Reads coil state		$\checkmark$
02H	В	Reads input relay state		$\checkmark$
03H	W	Reads holding register content	V	$\checkmark$
04H	W	Reads input register content	V	$\checkmark$
05H	В	Changes single coil state		$\checkmark$
06H	W	Writes to single holding register		$\checkmark$
07H	-	Unused	-	-
08H	-	Loopback test		
09H	W	Reads holding register content (extended)		-
0AH	W	Reads input register content (extended)		-
0BH	W	Writes to holding register (extended)	V	-
0CH	-	Unused	-	-
0DH	W	Discontinuously reads holding register (extended)	$\checkmark$	-
0EH	W	Discontinuously writes to holding register (extended)	$\checkmark$	-
0FH	В	Changes multiple coil states	V	$\checkmark$
10H	W	Writes to multiple holding registers		$\checkmark$

Table G.1 Function Code List (MEMOBUS, Extended MEMOBUS)

Note: 1. B: Bit type, W: Integer type

2.  $\sqrt{:}$  Available, -: Not available

- 3. Transmit and receive registers in the master operation mode are MW (MB) only.
- 4. In slave operation mode, the coil, holding register, input relay, and input register are MB, MW, IB, IW respectively.

# (7) Data Address (PARAM05)

Specify the start address of the data.

The address must be input in decimal or hexadecimal numbers.

Example: When the start address is MW01000, specify "1000 (decimal)" or "3E8H (hexadecimal)."

The range of data addresses may differ, depending on the function code.

The following table shows the valid ranges of data addresses when using a MEMOBUS or Extended MEMOBUS protocol.

Function	Target	Function	Valid Range of	Data Addresses
Code	Data Type	Function	Ethernet (218IF)	Ethernet (218IFA)
00H	_	Unused	Dis	able
01H	В	Reads coil state <sup>*1</sup>	0 to 65535 (	0 to FFFFH)
02H	В	Reads input relay state <sup>*1</sup>	0 to 65535 (0 to FFFFH)	
03H	W	Reads holding register content <sup>*2</sup>	0 to 65534 (0 to FFFEH)	
04H	W	Reads input register content*2	0 to 32767 (0 to 7FFFH)	0 to 65535 (0 to FFFFH)
05H	В	Changes single coil state <sup>*1</sup>	0 to 65535 (0 to FFFFH)	
06H	W	Writes to single holding register <sup>*2</sup>	0 to 65534 (0 to FFFEH)	
07H	_	Unused	Disable	
08H	-	Loopback test	Disable	
09H	W	Reads holding register content (extended)*2	0 to 65534 (	0 to FFFEH)
0AH	W	Reads input register content (extended)*2	0 to 32767 (0 to 7FFFH)	0 to 65535 (0 to FFFFH)
0BH	W	Writes to holding register (extended)*2	0 to 65534 (	0 to FFFEH)
0CH	_	Unused	Disable	
0DH	W	Discontinuously reads holding register (extended)*3	0 to 65534 (0 to FFFEH)	
0EH	W	Discontinuously writes to holding register (extended) <sup>*3</sup>	0 to 65534 (0 to FFFEH)	
0FH	В	Changes multiple coil states <sup>*1</sup>	0 to 65535 (	0 to FFFFH)
10H	W	Writes to multiple holding registers <sup>*2</sup>	0 to 65534 (	0 to FFFEH)

Table G.2 Valid Range of Data Addresses (MEMOBUS, Extended MEMOBUS)

\* 1. Request for reading/writing coil or input relay: Specifies the start bit address of data

\* 2. Request for continuously reading/writing register: Specifies the start word address of data

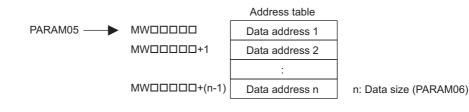
\* 3. Request for discontinuously reading/writing register: Specifies the start M register number of the address table Note: Address Table

An address table is used for specifying addresses indirectly in order to indicate discontinuous data. The PARAM06 (data size) sizes of addresses at the beginning of the M register set by PARAM05 (data address) are used as an address table.

When reading, specify the remote station's address to read for the data addresses 1-n. Read values are stored locally according to the data addresses 1-n.

When writing, data stored in the local data addresses 1-n is picked up and written into the remote station's data addresses 1-n.

The address table used when discontinuously reading/writing registers is as follows:



Appendices

# (8) Data Size (PARAM06)

Set the data size (number of bits or words) for the read/write request.

Be sure that the last data address determined based on the offset, data address, and data size does not go beyond the scope of the data addresses.

The range of data addresses may differ, depending on the function code and communication device.

The following table shows the valid ranges of data sizes when using a MEMOBUS or Extended MEMOBUS protocol.

Function Code	Target	Function	Valid Range	Valid Range of Data Sizes		
Function Code	Data Type	Function	Ethernet(218IF)	Ethernet(218IFA)		
00H	-	Unused	Dis	able		
01H	В	Reads coil state <sup>*1</sup>	1 to	2000		
02H	В	Reads input relay state <sup>*1</sup>	1 to	2000		
03H	W	Reads holding register content <sup>*2</sup>	1 to	0125		
04H	W	Reads input register content <sup>*2</sup>	1 to	125		
05H	В	Changes single coil state	Dis	able		
06H	W	Writes to single holding register	Dis	able		
07H	-	Unused	Dis	able		
08H	_	Loopback test	Dis	able		
09H	W	Reads holding register content (extended)*2	1 to 508	1 to 2044 (BIN) 1 to 1020 (ASCII)		
0AH	W	Reads input register content (extended)*2	1 to 508	1 to 2044 (BIN) 1 to 1020 (ASCII)		
0BH	W	Writes to holding register (extended)*2	1 to 507	1 to 507 1 to 2043 (BIN) 1 to 1019 (ASCII)		
0CH	-	Unused	Dis	able		
0DH	W	Discontinuously reads holding register (extended) <sup>*2</sup>	1 to 508 1 to 2044 (BIN) 1 to 1020 (ASCII			
0EH	W	Discontinuously writes to holding register (extended) <sup>*2</sup>	1 to 254 1 to 1022 (BIN) 1 to 510 (ASCII)			
0FH	В	Changes multiple coil states <sup>*1</sup>	1 to 800			
10H	W	Writes to multiple holding registers <sup>*2</sup>	1 to 100			

Table G.3 Valid Range of Data Sizes (MEMOBUS, Extended MEMOBUS)

\* 1. Specifies the number of bits

\* 2. Specifies the number of words

Note: Data size in the table is represented as a decimal number.

# (9) Remote CPU Number (PARAM07)

Set a remote CPU number.

When the remote device is MP2□00 series, specify "1".

When the remote device is a controller manufactured by YASKAWA Electric Corporation, but other than the MP2□00 series, and comprises multiple CPU modules, specify the destination CPU number. Otherwise, specify "0".

# (10) Offset (PARAM08, PARAM09, PARAM10, PARAM11)

Specify the offset addresses of read data storage areas and write data source of the transmission side. The address for the transmission side will be displaced by the number of words designated by the offset. Note: 1. For more information, refer to *G.1.8 Relationship between Data Address, Data Size, and Offset for* 

- MSG-SND Function on page A-66.
- 2. The offset cannot be a negative value.

The offset parameter is prepared for each target data type. The following table lists the offset parameters.

Parameter	Content	Description
PARAM08	Coil offset	Sets the coil's offset word address.
PARAM09	Input relay offset	Sets the offset word address of an input relay.
PARAM10	Input register offset	Sets the offset word address of an input register.
PARAM11	Holding register offset	Sets the offset word address of a holding register.

#### Table G.4 Offset Parameter List

The valid offset parameter may differ, depending on the function code. The following table provides the valid parameters for each function code.

Table G.5 Valid Parameter List for Offset of Each Function Code
-----------------------------------------------------------------

Function		Valid Offset	Protoc	ol Type
Code	Eunction		Extended MEMOBUS	MEMOBUS
01H	Reads coil state	PARAM08	V	
02H	Reads input relay state	PARAM09		
03H	Reads holding register content	PARAM11	V	
04H	Reads input register content	PARAM10	V	
05H	Changes single coil state	PARAM08	V	
06H	Writes to single holding register	PARAM11	V	
09H	Reads holding register content (extended)	PARAM11	$\checkmark$	-
0AH	Reads input register content (extended)	PARAM10	$\checkmark$	-
0BH	Writes to holding register (extended)	PARAM11	$\checkmark$	-
0DH	Discontinuously reads holding register (extended)	PARAM11	$\checkmark$	_
0EH	Discontinuously writes to holding register (extended)	PARAM11	$\checkmark$	_
0FH	Changes multiple coil states	PARAM08		
10H	Writes to multiple holding registers	PARAM11		

Note:  $\sqrt{}$ : Available, -: Not available

# (11) Reserved by System 1 (PARAM12)

Used by system (the channel number of the communication buffer in use is stored). Note: Before the first scan during power up, make sure to set it to "0" by using a user program. After that, the register is used by the system, so never change the value with the user program.

## (12) Reserved by System 2 (PARAM13 to PARAM16)

Used by the system. Never change the value with the user program, etc.

# G.1.5 Function Setting and Parameter Details for MELSEC Protocol

This section explains MSG-SND function setting and its parameter list details when MELSEC is used as a protocol.

## (1) Message Transmit Function Setting

#### (a) 218IFA Setting Example

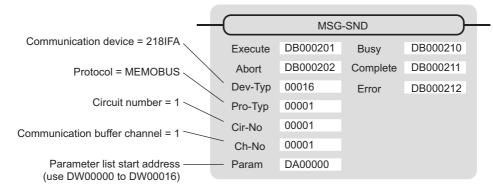
An example of a function setting when 218IFA is used as a communication device follows:

Set the protocol type to MEMOBUS when used in MELSEC protocol.

Set the circuit number in accordance with the circuit number allocated to the target 218IFA.

Set a unique communication buffer channel for the same circuit.

For information on the register number, refer to G.1.2 (1) Input Item on page A-36 and G.1.2 (2) Output Item on page A-38.



#### (b) 218IF Setting Example

An example of a function setting when 218IF is used as a communication device follows:

Set the protocol type to MEMOBUS when used in MELSEC protocol.

Set the circuit number in accordance with the circuit number allocated to the target 218IF.

Set a unique communication buffer channel for the same circuit.

For information on the register number, refer to G.1.2 (1) Input Item on page A-36 and G.1.2 (2) Output Item on page A-38.

	MSG-SND			
Communication device = 218IF	Execute	DB000201	Busy	DB000210
Protocol = MEMOBUS	Abort	DB000202	Complete	DB000211
	Dev-Typ	00006	Error	DB000212
Circuit number = 1	Pro-Typ	00001		
Communication buffer channel = 1	Cir-No	00001		
	Ch-No	00001		
Parameter list start address (use DW00000 to DW00016)	Param	DA00000		

# (2) Process Result (PARAM00)

Refer to G.1.4 (2) Process Result (PARAM00) on page A-42.

# (3) Status (PARAM01)

Refer to G.1.4 (3) Status (PARAM00) on page A-43.

# (4) Connection Number (PARAM02)

Refer to G.1.4 (4) Connection Number (PARAM02) on page A-45.

# (5) Option (PARAM03)

Choose a unique setting for each communication device. This is not used by the MELSEC protocol, and does not require setting when MELSEC is used.

# (6) Function Code (PARAM04)

Set a function code to transmit.

The functions (read bit/word device, write to word device, etc.) registered in the function codes are made available by specifying the code.

The following table lists function codes used with the MELSEC protocol.

Function Code	MELSEC ACPU Common Command	Target Data Type	Function		
01H/02H	00H	В	Reads bit device in units		
03H/04H/09H/0AH	01H	W	Reads word device in units		
05H/0FH	02H	В	Writes to bit device in units		
06H/0BH/10H	03H	W	Writes to word device in units		
08H	16H	-	Loopback test		
0EH	05H	В	Specifies a device number for each word device at random and sets/resets each device		
31H	60H	W	Writes to the fixed buffer in words		
32H	61H	W	Reads from the random access buffer in words		
33H	62H	W	Writes to the random access buffer in words		

Table G.6	Function	Code List
10010 0.0	i anotion	OOGO LIOU

Note: 1. B: Bit type, W: Integer type

2. AnCPU dedicated commands are not supported. When accessing AnCPU, also use the ACPU common commands. You cannot access the AnCPU extended file register.

# (7) Data Address (PARAM05)

Specify the start address of the data.

The address must be input in decimal or hexadecimal numbers.

Example: When the start address is MW01000, specify "1000 (decimal)" or "3E8H (hexadecimal)."

The valid range of usable function codes and data addresses may differ, depending on the device type and device range of the MELSEC side.

The following table gives the valid ranges of data addresses when using MELSEC as a protocol.

Device	Device Range of ACPU Common Commands	Decimal/ Hexa- decimal	Function Code	Valid Range of Data Addresses	Corresponding Register Number
Х	X0000 to X07FF	Hexadecimal	02H: Input relay	0 to 2047	MB000000 to MB00127F
Y	Y0000 to Y07FF	Hexadecimal	01H/0FH: Coil	0 to 2047	MB000000 to MB00127F
М	M0000 to M2047	Decimal	01H/05H/0FH: Coil	2048 to 4095	MB001280 to MB00255F
М	M9000 to M9255	Decimal	01H/05H/0FH: Coil	4096 to 4351	MB002560 to MB00271F
В	B0000 to B03FF	Hexadecimal	01H/05H/0FH: Coil	4352 to 5375	MB002720 to MB00335F
F	F0000 to F0255	Decimal	01H/05H/0FH: Coil	5376 to 631	MB003360 to MB00351F
TS	TS000 to TS255	Decimal	02H: Input relay	2048 to 2303	MB001280 to MB00143F
TC	TC000 to TC255	Decimal	02H: Input relay	2304 to 2559	MB001440 to MB00159F
CS	CS000 to CS255	Decimal	02H: Input relay	2560 to 2815	MB001660 to MB00175F
CC	CC000 to CC255	Decimal	02H: Input relay	2816 to 3071	MB001760 to MB00191F
М	M2048 to M8191	Decimal	01H/05H/0FH: Coil	8192 to 14335	MB005120 to MB00895F

Table G.7	Valid Range of Data Addresses	(MELSEC bit device)
10010 0.1	valia i lange el Bala i laal eeee	

Table G.8 Valid Range of Data Addresses (MELSEC word device)

Device	Device Range of ACPU Common Commands	Decimal/ Hexa- decimal	Function Code	Valid Range of Data Addresses	Corresponding Register Number		
TN	TN000 to TN255	Decimal	04H/0AH: Input register	0 to 255	MW00000 to MW0255		
CN	CN000 to CN255	Decimal	04H/0AH: Input register	256 to 511	MW00256 to MW00511		
D	D0000 to D1023	Decimal	03H/06H/09H/0BH/ 0EH/10H: Holding register	0 to 1023	MW00000 to MW01023		
D (special)	D9000 to D9255	Decimal	03H/06H/09H/0BH/ 0EH/10H: Holding register	1024 to 1279	MW01024 to MW01279		
W	W0000 to W03FF	Hexadecimal	03H/06H/09H/0BH/ 0EH/10H: Holding register	1280 to 2303	MW01280 to MW02303		
R	R0000 to R8191	Decimal	03H/06H/09H/0BH/ 0EH/10H: Holding register	2304 to 10495	MW02304 to MW10495		
D	D1024 to D6143	Decimal	03H/06H/09H/0BH/ 0EH/10H: Holding register	10496 to 15615	MW10496 to MW15615		

Note: 1. The device range may differ according to the MELSEC sequencer even within the device range. For more information, refer to the MELSEC manual.

2. The register number corresponding to MP2□00 can be adjusted by the offset setting of the MSG-SND function.

# (8) Data Size (PARAM06)

Set the data size (number of bits or words) for the read/write request.

Be sure that the last data address determined based on the offset, data address, and data size does not go beyond the scope of the data addresses.

The range of data addresses may differ, depending on the function code and communication device.

The following table gives the valid ranges of data sizes when using MELSEC as a protocol.

	MELSEC		Valid Range	of Data Sizes
Function Code	ACPU Common Command	Function	Ethernet(218IF)	Ethernet(218IFA)
01H/02H	00H	Reads bit device in units	1 to 25	56 units
03H/04H/ 09H/0AH	01H	Reads word device in units	1 to 25	56 units
05H/0FH	02H	Writes to bit device in units	1 to 256 units	
06H/0BH/ 10H	03H	Writes to word device in units	1 to 256 units	
08H	16H	Loopback test	_	
0EH	05H	Specifies a device number for each word device at random and sets/resets each word device	1 to 40 units	
31H	60H	Writes to the fixed buffer in words	See the table below.	
32H	61H	Reads from the random access buffer in words		
33H	62H	Writes to the random access buffer in words		

#### Table G.9 Valid Range of Data Sizes

Function			Valid Range of Data Sizes		
FUICION	Connection Type	Code	Ethernet(218IF)	Ethernet(218IFA)	
	ТСР	BIN	1 to 507 words	1 to 727 words	
Writes to the fixed buffer in words	ICr	ASCII	1 to 362 words	1 to 362 words	
whites to the fixed buller in words	UDP	BIN	1 to 507 words	1 to 1017 words	
	UDP	ASCII	1 to 507 words	1 to 508 words	
	ТСР	BIN	1 to 508 words	1 to 728 words	
Reads from the random access buffer in	-	ASCII	1 to 363 words	1 to 363 words	
words	LIDD	BIN	1 to 508 words	1 to 1017 words	
	UDP	ASCII	1 to 508 words	1 to 508 words	
	ТСР	BIN	1 to 507 words	1 to 726 words	
Writes to the random access buffer in	101	ASCII	1 to 361 words	1 to 361 words	
words	UDP	BIN	1 to 508 words	1 to 1017 words	
	ODI	ASCII	1 to 508 words	1 to 508 words	

Note: The restricted data size when using TCP is the maximum size transmitted using one segment.

The segment size is determined by MTU (maximum transfer unit) as a TCP data transfer unit. The valid range of data sizes mentioned above is for MTU = 1500 bytes.

# (9) Remote CPU Number (PARAM07)

Refer to G.1.4 (9) Remote CPU Number (PARAM07) on page A-49.

#### (10) Offset (PARAM08, PARAM09, PARAM10, PARAM11)

Specify the offset addresses of the read data storage area and the write data source of the transmission side. The address for the transmission side will be displaced by the number of words designated by the offset. Note: 1. For more information, refer to *G.1.8 Relationship between Data Address, Data Size, and Offset for* 

- MSG-SND Function on page A-66.
- 2. The offset cannot be a negative value.

The offset parameter is prepared for each target data type. The following table provides the offset parameters.

Table G.10 Offset Parameter L	Table G.10	Offset Parameter List	
-------------------------------	------------	-----------------------	--

Parameter	Contents	Description
PARAM08	Coil offset	Sets the coil's offset word address.
PARAM09	Input relay offset	Sets the offset word address of an input relay.
PARAM10	Input register offset	Sets the offset word address of an input register.
PARAM11	Holding register offset	Sets the offset word address of a holding register.

The valid offset parameter may differ according to function code. The following table provides the valid parameters for each function code.

Table G 11	Valid Parameter List for Offset of Each Function Code

Function Code	Function	Valid Offset Parameter
01H	Reads coil state	PARAM08
02H	Reads input relay state	PARAM09
03H	Reads holding register content	PARAM11
04H	Reads input register content	PARAM10
05H	Changes single coil state	PARAM08
06H	Writes to single holding register	PARAM11
09H	Reads holding register content (extended)	PARAM11
0AH	Reads input register content (extended)	PARAM10
0BH	Writes to holding register (extended)	PARAM11
0EH	Discontinuously writes to holding register (extended)	PARAM11
0FH	Changes multiple coil states	PARAM08
10H	Writes to multiple holding registers	PARAM11
31H	Write to fixed buffer	PARAM11
32H	Reads the random access buffer PARAM1	
33H	Writes to the random access buffer	PARAM11

#### (11) Reserved by System 1 (PARAM12)

Used by system (the channel number of the communication buffer in use is stored).

Note: At the first scan during power up, make sure to set it to "0" by using the user program. After that, the register is used by system. Do not change the value thereafter with the user program.

#### (12) Reserved by System 2 (PARAM13-PARAM16)

Used by system. Never change this value with the user program, etc.

# G.1.6 Function Setting and Parameter Details for MODBUS/TCP Protocol

This section explains the MSG-SND function setting and its parameter list details when MODBUS/TCP is used as a protocol type.

## (1) Message Transmit Function Setting

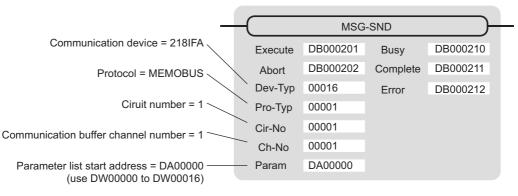
#### (a) 218IFA Setting Example

An example of a function setting when 218IFA is used as a communication device follows: Set the protocol type to MEMOBUS when used in MODBUS/TCP protocol.

Set the circuit number in accordance with the circuit number allocated to the target 218IFA.

Set a unique communication buffer channel number for the same circuit.

For information on the register number, refer to G.1.2 (1) Input Item on page A-36 and G.1.2 (2) Output Item on page A-38.



#### (b) 218IF Setting Example

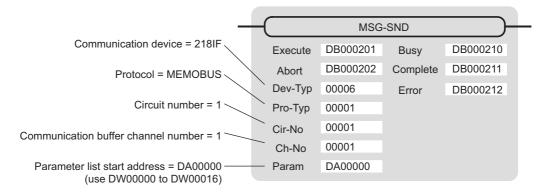
An example of a function setting when 218IF is used as a communication device follows:

Set the protocol type to MEMOBUS when used in MODBUS/TCP protocol.

Set the circuit number in accordance with the circuit number allocated to the target 218IF.

Set a unique communication buffer channel number for the same circuit.

For information on the register number, refer to G.1.2 (1) Input Item on page A-36 and G.1.2 (2) Output Item on page A-38.



#### (2) Process Result (PARAM00)

Refer to G.1.4 (2) Process Result (PARAM00) on page A-42.

# (3) Status (PARAM01)

Refer to G.1.4 (3) Status (PARAM00) on page A-43.

# (4) Connection Number (PARAM02)

Refer to G.1.4 (4) Connection Number (PARAM02) on page A-45.

#### (5) Option (PARAM03)

Choose a unique setting for each communication device. The following table provides the scope of the setting.

Communication Device	Valid Range	Remarks
Ethernet(218IF or 218IFA) 0 to 247, 255		Set a remote unit ID when MODBUS/TCP protocol is used. When the transmission target is MP2□00 series, specify "0."

# (6) Function Code (PARAM04)

Set a function code to transmit.

The functions (read coil and input relay state, write to holding register, etc.) registered in the function codes are made available by specifying the code.

The following table shows the available function codes when using MODBUS/TCP as a protocol.

Function	Target Data	Function	Communic	Communication device	
Code	Туре	Function	Ethernet(218IF)	Ethernet(218IFA)	
00H	-	Unused	-	-	
01H	В	Reads coil state	$\checkmark$		
02H	В	Reads input relay state	V	V	
03H	W	Reads holding register content	V	V	
04H	W	Reads input register content	V	V	
05H	В	Changes single coil state	V	V	
06H	W	Writes to single holding register	V	V	
07H					
:	- 1	Unused	-	-	
0EH					
0FH	В	Changes multiple coil states	V	V	
10H	W	Writes to multiple holding registers			
11H					
:	-	Unused	-	-	
15H	1				
16H	W	Mask writes to holding register	-	N	
17H	W	Reads/Writes multiple holding registers	-		

Table G.12 Function Code List (MODBUS/TCP)	Table G.12	Function Cod	e List (MODBUS/TC	P)
--------------------------------------------	------------	--------------	-------------------	----

Note: 1. B: Bit type, W: Integer type

2.  $\sqrt{:}$  Available, -: Not available

- 3. Transmit and receive registers in the master operation mode are MW (MB) only.
- 4. In the slave operation mode, coil, holding register, input relay, and input register are MB, MW, IB, IW respectively.

# (7) Data Address (PARAM05)

Specify the start address of the data.

The address must be a decimal or hexadecimal number.

Example: When the start address is MW01000, specify "1000 (decimal)" or "3E8H (hexadecimal)."

The range of data addresses may differ according to the function code.

The following table gives the valid ranges of data addresses when using MODBUS/TCP as a protocol.

Function Code	Target Data Type	Function	Valid Range of Data Addresses
00H	-	Unused	Disable
01H	В	Reads coil state	0 to 65535 (0 to FFFFH)
02H	В	Reads input relay state	0 to 65535 (0 to FFFFH)
03H	W	Reads holding register content	0 to 65534 (0 to FFFEH)
04H	W	Reads input register content	0 to 32767 (0 to 7FFFH)
05H	В	Changes single coil state	0 to 65535 (0 to FFFFH)
06H	W	Writes to single holding register	0 to 65534 (0 to FFFEH)
07H			
:	-	Unused	Disable
0EH			
0FH	В	Changes multiple coil states	0 to 65535 (0 to FFFFH)
10H	W	Writes to multiple holding registers	0 to 65534 (0 to FFFEH)
11H			
:	1 –	Unused	Disable
15H			
16H	W	Mask writes to holding register <sup>*1, *2</sup>	0 to 65534 (0 to FFFEH)
17H	W	Reads/Writes multiple holding register <sup>*1, *3</sup>	0 to 65534 (0 to FFFEH)

Table G.13 Valid Range of Data Addresses (MODBUS/TCP)

\* 1. Invalid when Ethernet (218IF) is used.

\* 3. Request for reading/writing multiple holding registers: Specify the start M register number of an address table

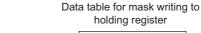
Note: 1. Data table

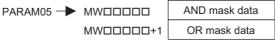
A data table used for a mask write request to the holding register is used for storing mask data. The two words of addresses at the beginning of the M register specified by PARAM05 (data address) are used as an address table.

Specify AND and OR mask data for the data table.

Note that PARAM05 (data address) used for the mask write request to the holding register doubles as the start M register number in the local station, which is also used for specifying the start data address and as the data table in the remote station for mask writing.

The contents of the data table used when mask writing to the holding register is as follows:





<sup>\* 2.</sup> Mask write request to holding register: Specify the start M register number of the remote address-cum-local data table

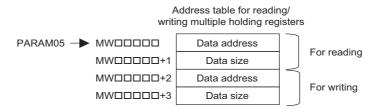
2. Address table

An address table used for the read/write request to the multiple holding registers is used for specifying addresses indirectly in order to indicate read/write data. The four words of addresses at the beginning of the M register set by PARAM05 (data address) are used as an address table.

For the address table, specify a data address and data size for reading and a data address and data size for writing.

Read behaves same as "Reads holding register content (function code: 03H)". Write behaves same as "Writes to multiple holding registers (function code: 10H)".

The address table used when reading/writing multiple holding registers is as follows:



#### (8) Data Size (PARAM06)

Set the data size (number of bits or words) for the read/write request.

Be sure that the last data address determined based on the offset, data address, and data size does not go beyond the scope of the data addresses.

The range of data sizes may differ, depending on the function code.

The following table gives the valid ranges of data sizes when using MODBUS/TCP as a protocol.

Function Code	Target Data Type	Function	Valid Range of Data Addresses
00H	-	Unused	Disable
01H	В	Reads coil state <sup>*1</sup>	1 to 2000
02H	В	Reads input relay state <sup>*1</sup>	1 to 2000
03H	W	Reads holding register content*2	1 to 125
04H	W	Reads input register content <sup>*2</sup>	1 to 125
05H	В	Changes single coil state <sup>*1</sup>	Disable
06H	W	Writes to single holding register <sup>*2</sup>	Disable
07H			
:	-	Unused	Disable
0EH			
0FH	В	Changes multiple coil states <sup>*1</sup>	1 to 00
10H	W	Writes to multiple holding registers <sup>*2</sup>	1 to 100
11H			
:	-	Unused	Disable
15H			
16H	W	Mask writes to holding register <sup>*2, *3</sup>	Disable
17H	W	Reads/Writes multiple holding registers*2, *3	Read: 1 to 125 Write: 1 to 100

Table G.14	Valid Range	of Data Sizes	(MODBUS/TCP)
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\* 1. Specify the number of bits

\* 2. Specify the number of words

\* 3. Invalid when Ethernet (218IF) is used.

Note: The data size in the table is represented in decimal number.

# (9) Remote CPU Number (PARAM07)

Refer to G.1.4 (9) Remote CPU Number (PARAM07) on page A-49.

## (10) Offset (PARAM08, PARAM09, PARAM10, PARAM11)

Specify the offset addresses of the read data storage area and the write data source of the transmission side. The address for the transmission side will be displaced by the number of words designated by the offset. Note: 1. For more information, refer to *G.1.8 Relationship between Data Address, Data Size, and Offset for* 

- MSG-SND Function on page A-66.
- 2. The offset cannot be a negative value.

The offset parameter is prepared for each target data type. The following table lists the offset parameters.

Parameter	Contents	Description
PARAM08	Coil offset	Sets the coil's offset word address.
PARAM09	Input relay offset	Sets the offset word address of an input relay.
PARAM10	Input register offset	Sets the offset word address of an input register.
PARAM11	Holding register offset	Sets the offset word address of a holding register.

The valid offset parameter may differ, depending on the function code. The following table lists the valid parameters for each function code.

Function Code	Function	Valid Offset Parameter
01H	Reads coil state	PARAM08
02H	Reads input relay state	PARAM09
03H	Reads holding register content	PARAM11
04H	Reads input register content	PARAM10
05H	Changes single coil state	PARAM08
06H	Writes to single holding register	PARAM11
0FH	Changes multiple coil states	PARAM08
10H	Writes to multiple holding registers	PARAM11
16H	Mask writes to holding register	PARAM11
17H	Reads/Writes multiple holding registers	PARAM11

#### Table G.16 Valid Parameter List for Offset of Each Function Code

# (11) Reserved by System 1 (PARAM12)

Used by system (the channel number of communication buffer in use is stored).

Note: At the first scan during power up, make sure to set it to "0" by using the user program. After that, the register is used by system. Do not change the value thereafter with the user program.

# (12) Reserved by System 2 (PARAM13 to PARAM16)

Used by system. Never change the value with the user program, etc.

# G.1.7 Function Setting and Parameter Details for Non-procedural Protocol

This section explains the MSG-SND function setting and its parameter list details when non-procedure is used as a protocol.

Note: Non-procedure communication protocol transmits the M register content intact without a protocol conversion. You can create any protocol in accordance with the remote equipment.

#### (1) Message Transmit Function Setting

#### (a) 218IFA Setting Example

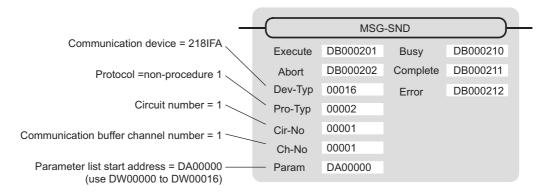
An example of a function setting when 218IFA is used as a communication device is as follows: When non-procedure 2 (per byte) is used, set the Pro-Typ field to "00003" (non-procedure 1 (per word)).

when non-procedure 2 (per byte) is used, set the Pro-1yp field to "00003" (non-procedure 1 (per word

Set the circuit number in accordance with the circuit number allocated to the target 218IFA.

Set a unique communication buffer channel number for the same circuit.

For information on the register number, refer to G.1.2 (1) Input Item on page A-36 and G.1.2 (2) Output Item on page A-38.



#### (b) 218IF Setting Example

An example of a function setting when 218IF is used as a communication device follows:

When non-procedure 2 (per byte) is used, set the Pro-Typ field to "00003" (non-procedure 1 (per word)) .

Set the circuit number in accordance with the circuit number allocated to the target 218IF.

Set a unique communication buffer channel number for the same circuit.

For information on the register number, refer to G.1.2 (1) Input Item on page A-36 and G.1.2 (2) Output Item on page A-38.

	(MSG-SND)-			
Communication device = 218IF	Execute	DB000201	Busy	DB000210
Protocol =non-procedure 1	Abort	DB000202	Complete	DB000211
	Dev-Typ	00006	Error	DB000212
Circuit number = 1	Pro-Typ	00002		
Communication buffer channel number = 1	Cir-No	00001		
	Ch-No	00001		
Parameter list start address = DA00000 (use DW00000 to DW00016)	Param	DA00000		

# (2) Process Result (PARAM00)

The process result is output to the upper byte. The lower byte is used for system analysis.

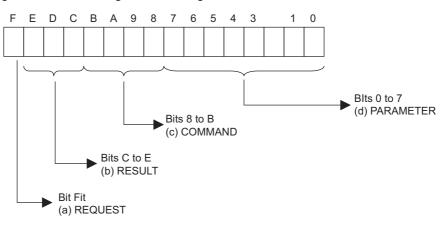
Value of Process Result	Meaning
0000H	In process (Busy)
1000H	Process completed (Complete)
8у□□Н	Error occurred (Error)

When an error occurs, take corrective action by referring to the following error contents:

Value of Process Result	Error Contents	Description	
8000H	-	Reserved	
8100H	-	_	
82□□H	Error in setting address	The following setting is out of range. Check the setting. PARAM05 (data address) PARAM11 (register offset)	
83DDH	Data size error	The transmit or receive data amount is out of range. Check PARAM06 (data size).	
84DDH	Error in setting circuit number	The circuit number is out of range. Check Cir-No (circuit number) of the MSG-SND function.	
85DDH	Error in setting channel number	The communication buffer channel number is out of range. Check Ch-No (communication buffer channel number) of the MSG- SND function.	
86□□H	Connection number error	The connection number is out of range. Check PARAM02 (connection number).	
8700H	-	Reserved	
8800H	Communication section error	An error response was returned from the communication section (com- munication device). Check the equipment connection. In addition, con- firm that the remote device is open to communication.	
89DDH	Device select error	Unavailable device is set. Check Dev-Typ (communication device type) of the MSG-SND function.	

# (3) Status (PARAM01)

Outputs status of the communication section (communication device). The following figure illustrates bit assignment. Bit assignment details are listed in the table below.



## (a) REQUEST (request)

Outputs whether MSG-SND function is requesting a process.

Bit State	te Contents	
1	Requesting processing	
0	The acceptance of process request is completed	

#### (b) RESULT (result)

Outputs an execution result of the MSG-SND function

Code	Abbreviation	Meaning	
0	CONN_NG	In Ethernet communications, transmit error or connection error is complete	
1	SEND_OK	Normal transmission complete	
2	REC_OK	Normal reception complete	
3	ABORT_OK	Forced abort complete	
4	FMT_NG	Parameter format error	
5	SEQ_NG	Command sequence error	
6	RESET_NG	Reset state	
7	REC_NG	Data reception error (error detected in the lower layer program)	

#### (c) COMMAND (command)

Outputs a process command for the MSG-SND function. The executed process contents can be found according to the command.

Code (Hex)	Abbreviation	Meaning	
1	U_SEND	General-purpose message transmission	
2	U_REC	General-purpose message reception	
3	ABORT	Forced abort	
8	M_SEND	MEMOBUS command transmission: Complete when response is received (for MEMOBUS protocol)	
9	M_REC	MEMOBUS command reception: Accompanies a response transmission (for MEMOBUS protocol)	
С	MR_SEND	MEMOBUS response transmission (for MEMOBUS protocol)	

Appendices

#### (d) PARAMETER (parameter)

When RESULT (process result) = 4 (FMT\_NG: parameter format error), an error code in the table below is output. Otherwise, the connection number is output.

RESULT (process result)	Code (Hex)	Meaning	
-	00	No error	
	01	Connection number is out of range	
When RESULT	02	Time error while monitoring to receive MEMOBUS response (for MEMOBUS protocol)	
(process result) = 4	03	Error in setting retransmit count	
(FMT_NG: parameter format	04	Error in setting cyclic area	
error)	05	CPU number error	
	06	Data address error	
	07	Data size error	
	08	Function code error (for MEMOBUS protocol)	
Others	XX	Connection number	

# (4) Connection Number (PARAM02)

Refer to G.1.4 (4) Connection Number (PARAM02) on page A-45.

## (5) Data Address (PARAM05)

Specify the start address of the data.

The address must be input in a decimal or hexadecimal number.

Example: When the start address is MW01000, specify "1000 (decimal)" or "3E8H (hexadecimal)." The following table provides the valid ranges of the data addresses.

Table G.17	Valid Range	of Data Addresses	(non-procedure)
10010 0.11	vana i tango	or Data / taal 00000	(non procoduro)

Non-procedural	Target Data	Function	et Data Valid Range of Data Addresses		
Туре	Туре	T difetion	Ethernet(218IF)	Ethernet(218IFA)	
Non-procedure 1	W	Transmits data in words	0 to 65534 (	0 to FFFEH)	
Non-procedure 2	В	Transmits data in bytes <sup>*1</sup>	0 to 65534 (	0 to FFFEH)	

\* 1. The unit for address setting is word address.

# (6) Data Size (PARAM06)

Set the data size (number of bits or words) for the write request.

Be sure that the last data address determined based on the offset, data address, and data size does not go beyond the scope of the data addresses.

The valid range of data sizes may differ according to the communication device.

Non-procedural Target Data	Function	Valid Range of Data Sizes		
Туре	Туре	Function	Ethernet (218IF)	Ethernet (218IFA)
Non-procedure 1	W	Transmits data in words <sup>*1</sup>	1 to 510	1 to 2046 (BIN) 1 to 1023 (ASCII)
Non-procedure 2	В	Transmits data in bytes <sup>*2</sup>	1 to 1020	1 to 4092 (BIN) 1 to 2046 (ASCII)

Table G.18 Valid Range of Data Sizes (non-procedure)

\* 1. Specify the number of words

\* 2. Specify the number of bytes

Note: The data size in the table is represented in decimal numbers.

# (7) Register Offset (PARAM11)

Specify the offset address of write data source in the transmission side.

The address for the transmission side will be displaced by the number of words designated by the offset.

- Note: 1. For more information, refer to G.1.8 Relationship between Data Address, Data Size, and Offset for MSG-SND Function on page A-66.
  - The offset cannot be a negative value. Example: When specifying 1000 words of offset for the register address: PARAM11=1000

# (8) Reserved by System 1 (PARAM12)

Used by system (the channel number of the communication buffer in use is stored). Note: At the first scan during power up, make sure to set this to "0" by the user program. After that, the register is used by system, so do not change the value with the user program.

#### (9) Reserved by System 2 (PARAM13-PARAM16)

Used by system. Do not change the value with the user program, etc.

# G.1.8 Relationship between Data Address, Data Size, and Offset for MSG-SND Function

The relationship between data address, data size, and offset is as follows, when transmitted with offset:

# (1) When Reading

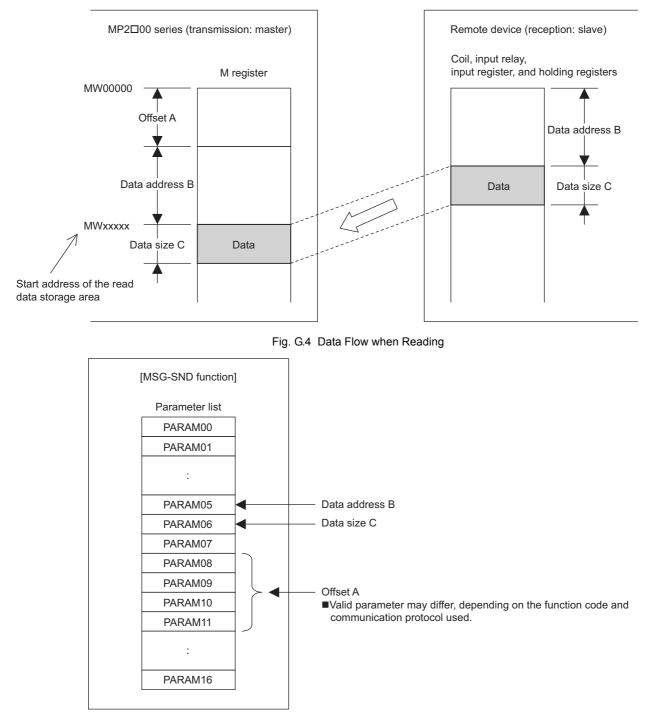


Fig. G.5 Parameter Setting

# (2) When Writing

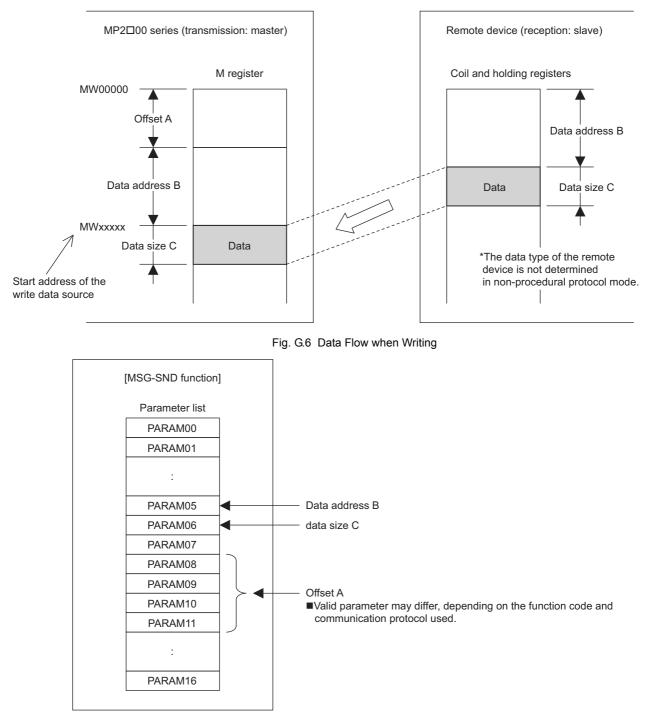


Fig. G.7 Parameter Setting

Example: When reading coil state with offset:

The various setting values and their relationships with the data of the remote device are as follows, when transmitting "reading coil state" with offset in MEMOBUS protocol:

• Description of the MSG-SND function in ladder program

-	MSG-SND			
Communication device = 218IFA	Execute	DB000201	Busy	DB000210
Protocol = MEMOBUS	Abort	DB000202	Complete	DB000211
	Dev-Typ	00016	Error	DB000212
Circuit number = 1	Pro-Typ	00001		
Communication buffer channel number = 1	Cir-No	00001		
	Ch-No	00001		
Parameter list start address ——— (use DW00000 to DW00016)	- Param	DA00000		

• Parameter list setting of the MSG-SND function

Register Num- ber	Setting Value	Parameter Num- ber	IN/OUT	Remarks
DW00000	_	PARAM00	OUT	Process result
DW00001	-	PARAM01	OUT	Status
DW00002	00001	PARAM02	IN	Connection number=1
DW00003	-	PARAM03	IN	Option (setting unnecessary)
DW00004	00001	PARAM04	IN	Function code=1 (reads coil state)
DW00005	08192	PARAM05	IN	Data address=8192 bits (512 words)
DW00006	00100	PARAM06	IN	Data size=100
DW00007	00001	PARAM07	IN	Remote CPU number=1
DW00008	01000	PARAM08	IN	Coil offset=1000 words
DW00009	00000	PARAM09	IN	Input relay offset=0 word
DW00010	00000	PARAM10	IN	Input register offset=0 word
DW00011	00000	PARAM11	IN	Holding register offset=0 word
DW00012	-	PARAM12	SYS	Reserved (zero clear at startup)
DW00013	-	PARAM13	SYS	Reserved
DW00014	-	PARAM14	SYS	Reserved
DW00015	-	PARAM15	SYS	Reserved
DW00016	-	PARAM16	SYS	Reserved

Table G.19 Parameter List Setting

Note: IN: Input, OUT: Output, SYS: For system use

• Relationship with the Data of the Remote Device

The following figure shows the data flow when transmitting "reads coil state" with offset:

When transmission and reception are carried out normally in the figure below, the coil state in the device is stored in MW01512 and after of MP2300S.

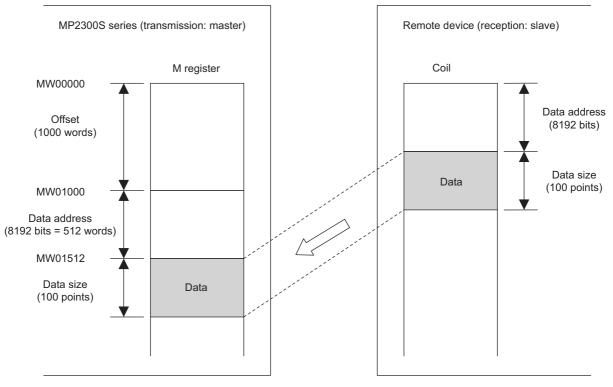


Fig. G.8 Reading Example of Coil State

# G.2 Message Receive Function (MSG-RCV)

This section explains how the message receive function (MSG-RCV) is used in a ladder program when receiving messages.

# G.2.1 Specification Overview of the Message Receive Function

Function Name	MSG-RCV			
Function	Receives messages from the remote station on the circuit specified by the communication device type. Supports multiple protocol types. Keep the execution command (Execute) until Complete or Error turns ON.			
		-		MSG-RCV
Function Defi-			Execute	Busy
			Abort	Complete
			Dev-Typ	Error
nition			Pro-Typ	
			Cir-No	
			Ch-No	
			Param	
I/O Definition	No.	Name	I/O Option <sup>(*1)</sup>	Contents
	1	Execute	B-VAL	Executes a reception
	2	Abort	B-VAL	Forcibly ends a reception
	3	Dev-Typ	I-REG	Communication device type Ethernet (218IF) = 6, Ethernet (218IFA) = 16
Input Item	4	Pro-Typ	I-REG	Communication protocol MEMOBUS <sup>*2</sup> = 1, non-procedure $1^{*3} = 2$ , non-procedure $2^{*3} = 3$
	5	Cir-No	I-REG	Line number Ethernet (218IF) = 1-8, Ethernet (218IFA) = 1 to 8
	6	Ch-No	I-REG	Communication buffer channel number Ethernet (218IF) = 1-10, Ethernet (218IFA) = 1 to 4
	7	Param	Address input	Parameter list start address (MA, DA)
	1	Busy	B-VAL	In process
Output Item	2	Complete	B-VAL	Process completed
	3	Error	B-VAL	Error occurred

 $^{\ast}$  1. The meanings of I/O options are as follows:

B-VAL: Specify I/O by bit type data.

I-REG: Specify I/O by integer type data. When specifying, set an integer type register number. As for the input only, it can be a constant (literal).

Address input: The address of the specified register (any integer register) is passed to the function.

\* 2. When transmitting in MEMOBUS, Extended MEMOBUS, MELSEC, OMRON, or MODBUS/TCP protocol, set the communication protocol (Pro-Typ) to MEMOBUS(=1). The communication device automatically converts the protocol.

\* 3. Non-procedure 1: In non-procedural communication, data is received on a per-word basis. Non-procedure 2: In non-procedural communication, data is received on a per-byte basis.

# G.2.2 I/O Item Details of the Message Receive Function

# (1) Input Item

The following table indicates the registers available for each input item.

Input Item	I/O Option	Available Register
Execute Abort	B-VAL	Every bit type register (except #, C registers), Same as above with subscript
Dev-typ Pro-Typ Cir-No Ch-No	I-REG	Every integer type register, Same as above with subscript, Constant
Param	Address input	Register address (except #, C registers), Same as above with subscript

#### **1.** Execute (executes a reception)

Specify a bit to command execution of a message reception.

When Execute turns ON, the message reception is carried out. In order to execute the process, a ladder program or the like needs to be used to switch the bit ON/OFF.

Note: Keep Execute (executes a reception) until Complete (process completed) or Error (error occurred) is turned ON. When the command turns ON, the message reception is carried out. To continuously command the receive execution, make sure to turn Execute (executes a reception) OFF for one scan or more.

#### **2.** Abort (forcibly ends a reception)

Specify a bit to command a forced abort of a message reception. When Abort turns ON, the message reception is forcibly terminated. Abort takes precedence over Execute. In order to execute the forced abort, a ladder program or the like needs to be used to switch the bit ON/OFF.

#### **3.** Dev-Typ (communication device type)

Specify the type of communication device (refer to the table below).

Device	Type Code
Ethernet (218IF)	6
Ethernet (218IFA)	16

#### 4. Pro-Typ (communication protocol)

Specify the communication protocol (refer to the table below).

Type Code	Communication Protocol	Remarks
1	MEMOBUS	Set the type code to "1" when also transmitting using Extended MEMOBUS, MELSEC, or MODBUS/TCP protocol. The commu- nication device will automatically convert the protocol.
2	Non-procedure 1 (per word)	Data is received on a per-word basis in non-procedural communi- cation. No response is transmitted to the remote.
3	Non-procedure 2 (per byte)	Data is received on a per-byte basis in non-procedural communi- cation. No response is transmitted to the remote.

#### 5. Cir-No (circuit number)

Specify a circuit number for the communication device.

Specify it in accordance with the circuit number displayed in the **MPE720 Module Configuration Definition** Window.

idule Details MP2300S_SL	0T#00				
Slot Number	1	2	3	4	5
Module Type	CPU 🔻	218IFA 🝷	svb 💌	SVR 🔻	M-EXECUTOR
Controller Number	-	01	01	01	-
Circuit Number	- C	01	1	02	-
I/O Start Register		0000	0800		0000
I/O End Register		07FF	OBFF		0C3F
Disable Input	-	Enable 💌	Enable 🔻	•	
Disable Output	-	Enable 🔹	Enable 🔻	-	
Motion Start Register			8000	8800	
Motion End Register			87FF	8FFF	
Details			MECHATROLINK		
Status	Running	Running	Running	Running	Running

Fig. G.9 MPE720 Module Configuration Definition Window

The following table indicates the range of valid circuit numbers.

Communication device	Valid Circuit Number	
Ethernet (218IF·218IFA)	1 to 8	

#### 6. Ch-No (communication buffer channel number)

Specify the channel number of a communication buffer.

It can be any channel number in the range. However, when starting multiple functions at the same time, set a unique channel for each function. (If you do not start up multiple functions at the same time, the channel numbers can duplicate each other.)

The following table indicates the range of valid channel numbers.

Communication device	Valid Channel Number
Ethernet (218IF)	1 to 10
Ethernet (218IFA)	1 to 4

When the communication device is Ethernet (218IFA), because the communication buffer common to the transmission and reception have four channels, four receptions (or transmissions) are available at the same time by using channel numbers 1 to 4.

Note: 1. As many MSG-RCV (or MSG-SND) functions as lines used at the same time are required.

2. For information on communication buffer channel, refer to G.3 *Communication Buffer Channel* on page A-102.

#### 7. Param (parameter list start address)

Specify the start address of the parameter list. For the "parameter list," 17 words are automatically assigned from the configured address. In the parameter list, enter the function code and its relevant parameter data. Additionally, process result and status are output.

Note: For more information about the parameter list, refer to the parameter details for each protocol from *G.2.4 Function Setting and Parameter Details for MEMOBUS and Extended MEMOBUS Protocols* on page A-77 to *G.2.7 Function Setting and Parameter Details for Non-procedural Protocol* on page A-93.

Example: When "DA00000" is specified as a parameter list start address:

Register	Parameter list
-	
DW00000	PRAM00
DW00001	PRAM01
DW00002	PRAM02
DW00003	PRAM03
DW00004	PRAM04
DW00005	PRAM05
DW00006	PRAM06
DW00007	PRAM07
DW00008	PRAM08
DW00009	PRAM09
DW00010	PRAM10
DW00011	PRAM11
DW00012	PRAM12
DW00013	PRAM13
DW00014	PRAM14
DW00015	PRAM15
DW00016	PRAM16

#### (2) Output Item

The following table lists the registers available for each output item.

Input Item	I/O Option	Available Register
Busy Complete Error	B-VAL	Every bit type register (except #, C registers), Same as above for subscript

#### 1. Busy (in process)

Specify a bit to report message reception. The Busy bit is turned ON while executing message reception or a forced abort process. Keep Execute or Abort ON while Busy is ON.

#### 2. Complete (process completed)

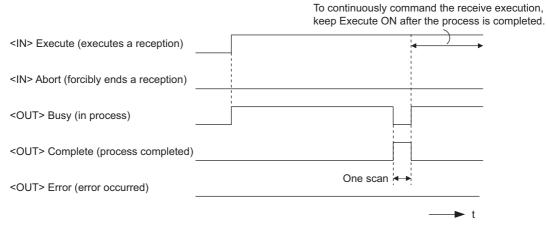
Specify a bit to report message reception ended. When message reception or a forced abort process is completed properly, the Complete bit will turn ON only for one scan.

#### **3.** Error (error occurred)

Specify a bit to report when an error occurs in the message reception. When an error occurs, the Error bit will turn ON only for one scan.

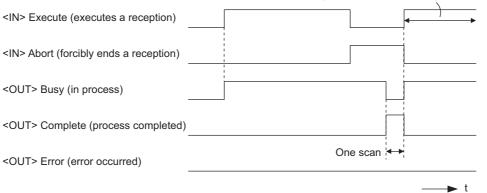
# Note: For more information about the error cause, refer to G.2.4 (2) Process Result (PARAM00) on page A-78 and G.2.4 (3) Status (PARAM01) on page A-79.

#### A timing chart of bit type I/O items in the MSG-RCV function follows: [In Normal Condition]



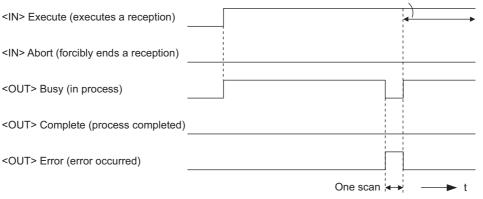
#### [When Forcibly Aborted]

To continuously command the receive execution, keep Execute ON after the process is completed.



#### [When Error Occurred]

To continuously command the receive execution, keep Execute ON after the process is completed.



# G.2.3 Message Receive Function Parameter List (Param) Overview

Param of the MSG-RCV function has a parameter list structure composed of 17 words. (The value of Param itself is the start address (MA, DA) of the parameter list.)

In the parameter list, enter the function code and its relevant parameter data. Process result and status are also output. When MEMOBUS and non-procedure are used as a transmission protocol, the parameter list is as follows:

- Note: Parameter details are explained in the parameter details for each protocol type. Refer to the following items:
  - *G.2.4 Function Setting and Parameter Details for MEMOBUS and Extended MEMOBUS Protocols* on page A-77
  - G.2.5 Function Setting and Parameter Details for MELSEC Protocol on page A-85
  - G.2.6 Function Setting and Parameter Details for MODBUS/TCP Protocol on page A-89
  - G.2.7 Function Setting and Parameter Details for Non-procedural Protocol on page A-93

Α

# (1) MEMOBUS Parameter List

Param No.	IN/OUT	Contents	Description
00	OUT	Process result	Outputs process results.
01	OUT	Status	Outputs the status of the communication device.
02	IN	Connection number	Specifies the remote source.
03	OUT	Option	Outputs a unique value for each communication device.
04	OUT	Function code	Outputs a function code requested from the transmission side.
05	OUT*	Data address	Outputs the start address of data requested from the transmission side.
06	OUT	Data size	Outputs the read/write data size requested from the transmission side.
07	OUT	Remote CPU number	Outputs the remote CPU number.
08	IN	Coil offset	Sets the coil's offset word address.
09	IN	Input relay offset	Sets the offset word address of an input relay.
10	IN	Input register offset	Sets the offset word address of an input register.
11	IN	Holding register offset	Sets the offset word address of a holding register.
12	IN	Write range LO	Sets the start address for a write range.
13	IN	Write range HI	Sets the last address for a write range.
14	SYS	Reserved 1	
05 to 16	SYS	Reserved 2	

\* It is IN/OUT for MODBUS/TCP. Note: IN: Input, OUT: Output, SYS: For system use

# (2) Non-procedural Parameter List

Param No.	IN/OUT	Contents	Description
00	OUT	Process result	Outputs the process results.
01	OUT	Status	Outputs the status of the communication device.
02	IN	Connection number	Specifies the remote source.
03	OUT	Not used	
04	OUT	Not used	
05	OUT	Not used	
06	OUT	Data size	Outputs the write data size requested from the transmission side.
07	OUT	Not used	
08 to 11	IN	Not used	
12	IN	Register offset	Sets the register's offset word address.
13	IN	Write range HI	Sets the last address for a write range.
14	SYS	Reserved 1	
15 to 16	SYS	Reserved 2	

Note: IN: Input, OUT: Output, SYS: For system use

# G.2.4 Function Setting and Parameter Details for MEMOBUS and Extended MEMO-BUS Protocols

This section explains the MSG-RCV function setting and its parameter list details when MEMOBUS or Extended MEMOBUS is used as a protocol.

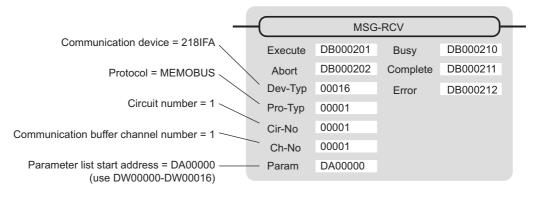
#### (1) Message Receive Function Setting

#### [a] 218IFA Setting Example

An example of a function setting when 218IFA is used as a communication device follows: Set the protocol type to MEMOBUS even when used in Extended MEMOBUS protocol. Set the circuit number in accordance with the circuit number allocated to the target 218IFA.

Set a unique communication buffer channel number for the same circuit.

For information on the register number, refer to G.2.2 (1) Input Item on page A-71 and G.2.2 (2) Output Item on page A-73.



#### [b] 218IF Setting Example

An example of a function setting when 218IF is used as a communication device follows:

Set the protocol type to MEMOBUS even when used in Extended MEMOBUS protocol.

Set the circuit number in accordance with the circuit number allocated to the target 218IF.

Set a unique communication buffer channel number for the same circuit.

For information on the register number, refer to G.2.2 (1) Input Item on page A-71 and G.2.2 (2) Output Item on page A-73.

MSG-RCV	
Communication device = 218IF Execute DB000201 Busy	DB000210
Protocol = MEMOBUS Abort DB000202 Complete	DB000211
Dev-Typ 00006 Error	DB000212
Circuit number = 1 Pro-Typ 00001	
Communication buffer channel number = 1 Cir-No 00001	
Ch-No 00001	
Parameter list start address = DA00000 — Param DA00000 (use DW00000-DW00016)	

# (2) Process Result (PARAM00)

The process result is output to the upper byte. The lower byte is used for system analysis.

Value of Process Result	Meaning
0000H	In process (Busy)
1000H	Process completed (Complete)
8у□□Н	Error occurred (Error)

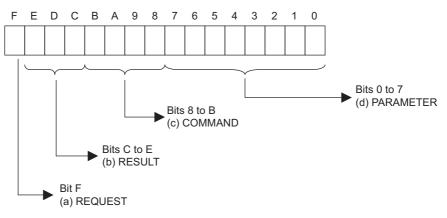
When an error occurs, take corrective action by referring to the following error contents:

Value of Process Result	Error Contents	Description
8000H	_	Reserved
8100H	Function code error	Unused function code was received. Check the source function code. The following setting is out of range. Check the setting.
8200H	Error in setting address	Data address (request from transmission side) PARAM08 (coil offset) PARAM09 (input relay offset) PARAM10 (input register offset) PARAM11 (holding register offset)
83DDH	Data size error	The received data size is out of range. Check the source data size.
84DDH	Error in setting circuit number	The circuit number is out of range. Check Cir-No (circuit number) of the MSG-RCV function.
85DDH	Error in setting channel number	The communication buffer channel number is out of range. Check Ch-No (communication buffer channel number) of the MSG-RCV function.
86DDH	Connection number error	The connection number is out of range. Check PARAM02 (connection number).
8700H	_	Reserved
8800H	Communication section error	An error response was returned from the communication section (com- munication device). Check the equipment connection. In addition, check that the remote device is open to communication.
8900H	Device select error	Unavailable device is set. Check Dev-Typ (communication device type) of the MSG-RCV function.

# (3) Status (PARAM01)

Outputs status of the communication section (communication device).

The following figure shows the bit assignment. Bit assignment details are listed in the tables following.



#### [a] REQUEST (request)

Outputs whether MSG-RCV function is requesting a process.

Bit State	Contents
1	Requesting processing
0	The acceptance of process request is completed

## [b] RESULT (result)

Outputs the execution result of the MSG-RCV function.

Code	Abbreviation	Meaning
0	CONN_NG	In Ethernet communication, transmission or connection error is completed
1	SEND_OK	Normal transmission complete
2	REC_OK	Normal reception complete
3	ABORT_OK	Forced abort complete
4	FMT_NG	Parameter format error
5	SEQ_NG	Command sequence error
6	RESET_NG	Reset state
7	REC_NG	Data reception error (error detected in the lower layer program)

#### [c] COMMAND (command)

Outputs a process command for the MSG-RCV function. The executed process contents can be found according to the command.

Code (Hex)	Abbreviation	Meaning
1	U_SEND	General-purpose message transmission (for non-procedural protocol)
2	U_REC	General-purpose message reception (for non-procedural protocol)
3	ABORT	Forced abort
8	M_SEND	MEMOBUS command transmission: Completed when response is received
9	M_REC	MEMOBUS command reception: Accompanies a response transmission
С	MR_SEND	MEMOBUS response transmission

## [d] PARAMETER (parameter)

When RESULT(process result) = 4 (FMT\_NG: parameter format error), an error code in the table below is output. Otherwise, the connection number is output.

RESULT (process result)	Code (Hex)	Meaning
	00	No error
	01	Connection number is out of range
	02	Time error for monitoring to receive MEMOBUS response
When RESULT (process re-	03	Error in setting retransmit count
sult) =4 (FMT_NG: parameter format	04	Error in setting cyclic area
error)	05	CPU number error
	06	Data address error
	07	Data size error
	08	Function code error
Others	XX	Connection number

# (4) Connection Number (PARAM02)

Specify the remote source.

When the communication device is Ethernet (218IF or 218IFA), set the connection number. The following table shows the setting range.

Communication Device	Connection Num- ber	Remarks
Ethernet (218IF)	1 to 20	Receives from the remote station set for the specified connection number.
Ethernet (218IFA)	1 to 4	Same as above

Note: When the communication device is Ethernet (218IF/218IFA), set the connection number in accordance with the connection number in the 218IF/218IFA Parameter Setting Window for the MPE720 module configuration definition.

smission Parameter	rs					Module Name Definiti	on				
<sup>o</sup> Address	: [	192 🕂 - 168 🕂 - 1	÷ 1	÷ (0-	255	) Equipment name : [	CO	NTROLI	ER	NAME	-
ubnet Mask	: [	255 🗧 255 🗧 2	55 🕂 🖸	· (0-	255						
ateway IP Address	: : [		3		255	) Detail Definition					
nection Parameter-											
lessage Communic	lt is possit	ble to following paramete	1		_					Automaticall	
lessage Communic		ble to following paramete Node IP Address	setting ea Node Port	sily that com Connec Type	_	icate the message. Protocol Туре		Cod	e	Automaticall Y	
Tessage Communic Easy setting	lt is possit Local		Node	Connec	t	Protocol		Cod	e 🔻	Automaticall V Detail	
Itessage Communic       Easy setting       01	lt is possit Local Port	Node IP Address	Node Port	Connec Type	t •	Protocol Type	•			γ	
Easy setting 1 CNO 01 02	It is possit Local Port 10001	Node IP Address	Node Port 20001	Connec Type UDP	t •	Protocol Type Extended MEMOBUS	• •	BIN		γ	

Fig. G.10 218IFA Parameter Setting Screen for the MPE720 Module Configuration Definition Window

218 Trans	mission Par	ameters							
ation Set	ting								
IP Addr	ess	: 192 🛨 . 168 🛨	. 1 ÷	1 🛨	(0 - 255)				
ЕМОВИ	c								
	se Time	: 0 ÷ s			(0 - 255)				
Count o	f Retry	: 0 🛨 time			(0-255)				
	ection Para		Node	Connect	Protocol				
CNO	Local Port	Node IP Address	Port	Туре	Туре		Cod	e	
	Local		Port	Туре	12.000.000.000.000	•	Cod ASCII	e 🗸	
CNO	Local Port	Node IP Address	Port	Type TCP	Туре	•	ASCII	and a second	
CNO 01	Local Port 0010 10020	Node IP Address 192.168.001.003	Port 20100	Type TCP UDP	Type MELSEC	*	ASCII	and a second	
CN0 01 02	Local Port 0010 10020 10030	Node IP Address 192.168.001.003 192.168.001.006	Port 20100 20200	Type TCP UDP TCP	Type MELSEC Extended MEMOBUS	* * * *	ASCII BIN	and a second	
CNO 01 02 03	Local Port 0010 10020 10030	Node IP Address 192.168.001.003 192.168.001.006 000.000.000.000	Port 20100 20200 00000	Type TCP UDP TCP	Type MELSEC Extended MEMOBUS	+ + + +	ASCII BIN RTU	and a second	
CNO 01 02 03 04	Local Port 0010 10020 10030	Node IP Address 192.168.001.003 192.168.001.006 000.000.000.000	Port 20100 20200 00000	Type TCP UDP TCP	Type MELSEC Extended MEMOBUS	+ + + + +	ASCII BIN RTU	and a second	

Fig. G.11 218IF Parameter Setting Screen for the MPE720 Module Configuration Definition Window

# (5) Option (PARAM03)

A unique value is output for each communication device. Not used for the MEMOBUS or Extended MEMOBUS protocols.

Α

# (6) Function Code (PARAM04)

Received function code is output.

The following table lists function codes available when using MEMOBUS or Extended MEMOBUS as a protocol.

	Target Data		Proto	col
Function Code	Туре	Function	Extended MEMO- BUS	MEMOBUS
00H	-	Unused	-	_
01H	В	Reads coil state	V	$\checkmark$
02H	В	Reads input relay state	V	$\checkmark$
03H	W	Reads holding register content	V	$\checkmark$
04H	W	Reads input register content	V	$\checkmark$
05H	В	Changes single coil state	V	$\checkmark$
06H	W	Writes to single holding register	V	$\checkmark$
07H	-	Unused	-	-
08H	-	Loopback test	V	$\checkmark$
09H	W	Reads holding register content (extended)	V	-
0AH	W	Reads input register content (extended)	V	-
0BH	W	Writes to holding register (extended)	V	-
0CH	-	Unused	-	-
0DH	W	Discontinuously reads holding register (extended)	$\checkmark$	_
0EH	W	Discontinuously writes to holding register (extended)	$\checkmark$	_
0FH	В	Changes multiple coil states		
10H	W	Writes to multiple holding registers	V	

Table G 20	Eunction Code List (	(MEMOBUS	Extended MEMOBUS)
10010 0.20			

Note: 1. B: Bit type, W: Integer type

2.  $\sqrt{}$ : Available, -: Not available

3. Transmit and receive registers in the master operation mode are MW (MB) only.

4. In the slave operation mode, coil, holding register, input relay, and input register are MB, MW, IB, IW respectively.

# (7) Data Address (PARAM05)

A data address requested from the transmission side is output.

# (8) Data Size (PARAM06)

The read/write data size (number of bits or words) requested from the transmission side is output.

# (9) Remote CPU Number (PARAM07)

When the remote equipment is MP2 $\Box$ 00 series, "1" is output. When the remote equipment is a controller manufactured by YASKAWA Electric Corporation other than MP2 $\Box$ 00 series and is comprised of multiple CPU modules, the remote CPU number is output. Otherwise, "0" is output.

# (10) Offset (PARAM08, PARAM09, PARAM10, PARAM11)

Specify an offset address for the reception side data address.

The address for the reception side will be displaced by the number of words designated by the offset.

Note: 1. For more information, refer to G.2.8 Relationship between Data Address, Data Size, and Offset for MSG-RCV Function on page A-98.

2. The offset cannot be a negative value.

The offset parameter is prepared for each target data type. The following table lists the offset parameters.

Table G 21	Offset Parameter	l ist
		LISU

Parameter	Contents	Description	
PARAM08	Coil offset	Sets the coil's offset word address.	
PARAM09	Input relay offset	Sets the offset word address of an input relay.	
PARAM10	Input register offset	Sets the offset word address of an input register.	
PARAM11	Holding register offset	Sets the offset word address of a holding register.	

The valid offset parameter may differ according to the function code. The following table lists the valid parameters for each function code.

#### Table G.22 Valid Parameter List for Offset of Each Function Code

Function Code		Valid Offset Parameter	Protocol Type	
	Function		Extended MEMOBUS	MEMOBUS
01H	Reads coil state	PARAM08		
02H	Reads input relay state	PARAM09		$\checkmark$
03H	Reads holding register content	PARAM11	V	$\checkmark$
04H	Reads input register content	PARAM10	V	
05H	Changes single coil state	PARAM08		
06H	Writes to single holding register	PARAM11		
09H	Reads holding register content (extended)	PARAM11	V	—
0AH	Reads input register content (extended)	PARAM10	V	—
0BH	Writes to holding register (extended)	PARAM11	V	—
0DH	Discontinuously reads holding register (extended)	PARAM11	N	_
0EH	Discontinuously writes to holding register (extended)	PARAM11	V	_
0FH	Changes multiple coil states	PARAM08	V	$\checkmark$
10H	Writes to multiple holding registers	PARAM11		$\checkmark$

Note:  $\sqrt{:}$  Available, -: Not available

#### (11) Write Range (PARAM12, PARAM13)

Sets an available address range for the write request from the transmission side. A write request which is out of this available address range will cause an error.

Specify the address range (PARAM12, PARAM13) as a word address.

- Note: 1. In MP9D0/ MP2D00 series, the data storage area for the write request from the transmission side is M register.
  - 2. The write range parameter enables you to specify the range of M register which permits writing messages.

The following table indicates the write range parameters.

Table G.23 Write Range Parameter List

Parameter	Contents	Description
PARAM12	Write range LO	Start address of the write range
PARAM13	Write range HI	Last address of the write range

Specify the write range so that the expression below is met:

 $0 \leq$  Write range LO  $\leq$  Write range HI  $\leq$  Maximum address of M register

This write range is effective for the following function codes:

- 05H (changes single coil state)
- 06H (writes to single holding register)
- 0BH (writes to holding register (extended))
- 0EH (discontinuously writes to holding register (extended))
- 0FH (changes multiple coil states)
- 10H (writes to multiple holding registers)

Example: When setting the address of M register which permits writing to 1000 to 1999:

PARAM12=1000 PARAM13=1999

The reception side will return an error against a write request to an address other than MW01000 to MW01999, and will not write it.

#### (12) Reserved by System 1 (PARAM14)

Used by system (the channel number of the communication buffer in use is stored).

Note: At the first scan during power up, make sure to set this to "0" with the user program. After that, the register is used by system, so do not change the value with the user program.

#### (13) Reserved by System 2 (PARAM15, PARAM16)

Used by system. Do not change the value with the user program, etc.

# G.2.5 Function Setting and Parameter Details for MELSEC Protocol

This section explains the MSG-RCV function setting and its parameter list details when MELSEC is used as a protocol.

#### (1) Message Receive Function Setting

#### [a] 218IFA Setting Example

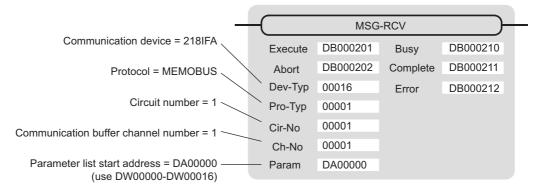
An example of a function setting when 218IFA is used as a transmission device follows:

Set the protocol type to MEMOBUS when used in MELSEC protocol.

Set the circuit number in accordance with the circuit number allocated to the target 218IFA.

Set a unique communication buffer channel number for the same circuit.

For information on the register number, refer to G.2.2 (1) Input Item on page A-71 and G.2.2 (2) Output Item on page A-73.



#### [b] 218IF Setting Example

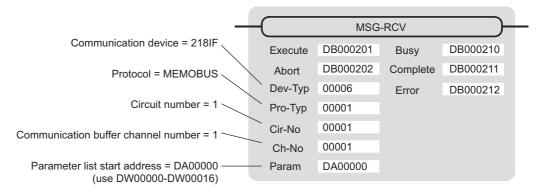
An example of a function setting when 218IF is used as a communication device follows:

Set the protocol type to MEMOBUS when used in MELSEC protocol.

Set the circuit number in accordance with the circuit number allocated to the target 218IF.

Set a unique communication buffer channel number for the same circuit.

For information on the register number, refer to G.2.2 (1) Input Item on page A-71 and G.2.2 (2) Output Item on page A-73.



#### (2) Process Result (PARAM00)

Refer to G.2.4 (2) Process Result (PARAM00) on page A-78.

#### (3) Status (PARAM01)

Refer to G.2.4 (3) Status (PARAM01) on page A-79.

#### (4) Connection Number (PARAM02)

Refer to G.2.4 (4) Connection Number (PARAM02) on page A-80.

# (5) Option (PARAM03)

A unique value is output for each communication device. Not used for the MELSEC protocol.

### (6) Function Code (PARAM04)

Received function code is output.

The following table lists the function codes available when using the MELSEC protocol.

Table G.24 Function Code List (MELSEC)

Function Code	MELSEC ACPU Common Command	Target Data Type	Function
01H/02H	00H	В	Reads bit device in units
03H/04H/09H/0AH	01H	W	Reads word device in units
05H/0FH	02H	В	Writes to bit device in units
06H/0BH/10H	03H	W	Writes to word device in units
08H	16H	_	Loopback test
0EH	05H	В	Specifies a device number for each word device at random and sets/resets each word device
31H	60H	W	Writes to the fixed buffer in words
32H	61H	W	Reads from the random access buffer in words (unable to receive for MP2□00 series)
33H	62H	W	Writes to the random access buffer in words

Note: 1. B: Bit type, W: Integer type

2. AnCPU dedicated commands are not supported. Commands for extended file register are not supported.

#### (7) Data Address (PARAM05)

A data address requested from the transmission side is output.

#### (8) Data Size (PARAM06)

The read/write data size (number of bits or words) requested from the transmission side is output.

#### (9) Remote CPU Number (PARAM07)

Refer to G.2.4 (9) Remote CPU Number (PARAM07) on page A-82.

#### (10) Offset (PARAM08, PARAM09, PARAM10, PARAM11)

Specify an offset address for the reception side data address.

The address for the reception side will be displaced by the number of words designated by the offset.

Note: 1. For more information, refer to G.2.8 Relationship between Data Address, Data Size, and Offset for MSG-RCV Function on page A-98.

2. The offset cannot be a negative value.

The offset parameter is prepared for each target data type. The following table lists the offset parameters.

Table G 25	Offset Parameter	l ist
		LISI

Parameter	Contents	Description
PARAM08	Coil offset	Sets the coil's offset word address.
PARAM09	Input relay offset	Sets the offset word address of an input relay.
PARAM10	Input register offset	Sets the offset word address of an input register.
PARAM11	Holding register offset	Sets the offset word address of a holding register.

The valid offset parameter may differ according to the function code. The following table lists the valid parameters for the function codes.

Table G.26	Valid Parameter List for	Offset of Each Function Code

Function Code	Function	Valid Offset Parameter
01H	Reads coil state	PARAM08
02H	Reads input relay state	PARAM09
03H	Reads holding register content	PARAM11
04H	Reads input register content	PARAM10
05H	Changes single coil state	PARAM08
06H	Writes to single holding register	PARAM11
09H	Reads holding register content (extended)	PARAM11
0AH	Reads input register content (extended)	PARAM10
0BH	Writes to holding register (extended)	PARAM11
0EH	Discontinuously writes to holding register (extended)	PARAM11
0FH	Changes multiple coil states	PARAM08
10H	Writes to multiple holding registers	PARAM11
31H	Writes to fixed buffer	PARAM11
32H	Reads the random access buffer	Invalid
33H	Writes to the random access buffer	PARAM11

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Α

#### (11) Write Range (PARAM12, PARAM13)

Sets an available address range for a write request from the transmission side. A write request which is out of this available address range will cause an error.

Specify the address range (PARAM12, PARAM13) as a word address.

- Note: 1. In MP9D0/MP2D00 series, the data storage area for the write request from the transmission side is the M register.
  - 2. The write range parameter enables you to specify the range of M register which permits writing messages.

The following table shows the write range parameters.

ő				
Parameter	Contents	Description		
PARAM12	Write range LO	Start address of the write range		
PARAM13	Write range HI	Last address of the write range		

Table G.27 Write Range Parameter List

Specify the write range so that the expression below is met:

 $0 \le$  Write range LO  $\le$  Write range HI  $\le$  Maximum address of M register

This write range is effective for the following function codes:

- 05H (changes single coil state)
- 06H (writes to single holding register)
- 0BH (writes to holding register (extended))
- 0EH (discontinuously writes to holding register (extended))
- 0FH (changes multiple coil states)
- 10H (writes to multiple holding registers)
- 31H (writes to fixed buffer)
- 33H (writes to the random access buffer)

Example: When setting the address of the M register which permits writing to 1000 to 1999:

- PARAM12=1000
- PARAM13=1999

The reception side will return an error against a write request to an address other than MW01000 to MW01999, and will not write it.

#### (12) Reserved by System 1 (PARAM14)

Used by system (the channel number of the communication buffer in use is stored). Note: At the first scan during power up, make sure to set this to "0" by user program. After that, the register is used by system, so do not change the value with the user program.

#### (13) Reserved by System 2 (PARAM15, PARAM16)

Used by system. Do not change the value with the user program, etc.

# G.2.6 Function Setting and Parameter Details for MODBUS/TCP Protocol

This section explains the MSG-RCV function setting and its parameter list details when MODBUS/TCP is used as a protocol.

#### (1) Message Receive Function Setting

#### [a] 218IFA Setting Example

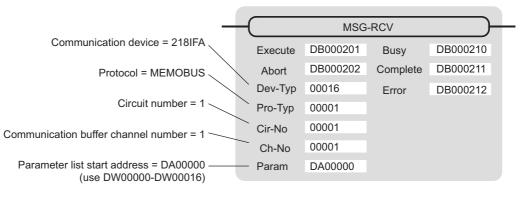
An example of a function setting when 218IFA is used as a transmission device follows:

Set the protocol type to MEMOBUS when used in MODBUS/TCP protocol.

Set the circuit number in accordance with the circuit number allocated to the target 218IFA.

Set a unique communication buffer channel number for the same circuit.

For information on the register number, refer to in G.2.2 (1) Input Item on page A-71 and G.2.2 (2) Output Item on page A-73.



#### [b] 218IF Setting Example

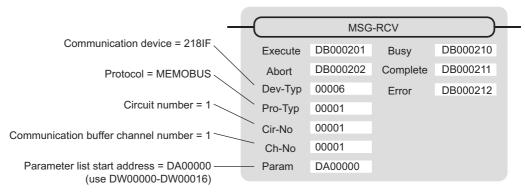
An example of a function setting when 218IF is used as a communication device follows:

Set the protocol type to MEMOBUS when used in MODBUS/TCP protocol.

Set the circuit number in accordance with the circuit number allocated to the target 218IF.

Set a unique communication buffer channel number for the same circuit.

For information on the register number, refer to G.2.2 (1) Input Item on page A-71 and G.2.2 (2) Output Item on page A-73.



#### (2) Process Result (PARAM00)

Refer to G.2.4 (2) Process Result (PARAM00) on page A-78.

# (3) Status (PARAM01)

Refer to G.2.4 (3) Status (PARAM01) on page A-79.

#### (4) Connection Number (PARAM02)

Refer to G.2.4 (4) Connection Number (PARAM02) on page A-80.

#### (5) Option (PARAM03)

A unique value is output for each communication device. The output details are as follows:

Communication device	Output Details
Ethernet (218IF·218IFA)	A remote unit ID is output when MODBUS/TCP protocol is used.

#### (6) Function Code (PARAM04)

Received function code is output.

The following table lists the function codes available when using the MODBUS/TCP protocol.

Function Code	Target Data	Function	Protocol Type	
Function Code	Туре	Function	Ethernet (218IF)	Ethernet (218IFA)
00H	_	Not used	-	-
01H	В	Reads coil state		
02H	В	Reads input relay state	V	
03H	W	Reads holding register content		$\checkmark$
04H	W	Reads input register content		$\checkmark$
05H	В	Changes single coil state		$\checkmark$
06H	W	Writes to single holding register		$\checkmark$
07H				
:	_	Not used	-	-
0EH				
0FH	В	Changes multiple coil states		$\checkmark$
10H	W	Writes to multiple holding registers		$\checkmark$
11H				
:	_	Not used	-	-
15H				
16H	W	Mask writes to holding register	-	
17H	W	Reads/Writes multiple holding registers	-	$\checkmark$

#### Table G.28 Function Code List (MODBUS/TCP)

Note: 1. B: Bit type, W: Integer type

2.  $\sqrt{}$ : Available, -: Not available

3. Transmit and receive registers in the master operation mode are MW (MB) only.

4. In the slave operation mode, coil, holding register, input relay, and input register are MB, MW, IB, IW respectively.

#### (7) Data Address (PARAM05)

A data address requested from the transmission side is output.

However, when reading/writing multiple holding registers (function code: 17H), enter a start M register number for the address table. The four words of addresses at the beginning of the M register set by PARAM05 (data address) are used as an address table. In this address table, read address, read size, write address, and write size requested from the transmission side are output.

For more information about the address table, refer to G.1.6 (7) Data Address (PARAM05) on page A-58.

#### (8) Data Size (PARAM06)

The read/write data size (number of bits or words) requested from the transmission side is output.

#### (9) Remote CPU Number (PARAM07)

Refer to G.2.8 Relationship between Data Address, Data Size, and Offset for MSG-RCV Function on page A-98.

#### (10) Offset (PARAM08, PARAM09, PARAM10, PARAM11)

Specify an offset address for the reception side data address.

The address for the reception side will be displaced by the number of words designated by the offset.

- Note: 1. For more information, refer to G.2.8 Relationship between Data Address, Data Size, and Offset for MSG-RCV Function on page A-98.
  - 2. The offset cannot be a negative value.

The offset parameter is prepared for each target data type. The following table lists the offset parameters.

#### Table G.29 Offset Parameter List

Parameter	Contents	Description
PARAM08	Coil offset	Sets the coil's offset word address.
PARAM09	Input relay offset	Sets the offset word address of an input relay.
PARAM10	Input register offset	Sets the offset word address of an input register.
PARAM11	Holding register offset	Sets the offset word address of a holding register.

The valid offset parameter may differ according to the function code. The following table lists the valid parameters for each function code.

Table G.30	Valid Parameter List for Offset of Each Function Code
------------	-------------------------------------------------------

Function Code	Function	Valid Offset Parameter
01H	Reads coil state	PARAM08
02H	Reads input relay state	PARAM09
03H	Reads holding register content	PARAM11
04H	Reads input register content	PARAM10
05H	Changes single coil state	PARAM08
06H	Writes to single holding register	PARAM11
0FH	Changes multiple coil states	PARAM08
10H	Writes to multiple holding registers	PARAM11
16H	Mask writes to holding register	PARAM11
17H	Reads/Writes multiple holding registers	PARAM11

#### (11) Write Range (PARAM12, PARAM13)

Sets an available address range for the write request from the transmission side. A write request which is out of this available address range will cause an error.

Specify the address range (PARAM12, PARAM13) as a word address.

- Note: 1. In MP9D0/MP2D00 series, the data storage area for the write request from the transmission side is the M register.
  - 2. The write range parameter enables you to specify the range of the M register which permits writing messages.

The following table indicates the write range parameters.

Table G.31	Write Range Parameter List
------------	----------------------------

Parameter	Contents	Description
PARAM12	Write range LO	Start address of the write range
PARAM13 Write range HI		Last address of the write range

Specify the write range so that the expression below is met:

 $0 \le$  Write range LO  $\le$  Write range HI  $\le$  Maximum address of M register

This write range is effective for the following function codes:

- 05H (changes single coil state)
- 06H (writes to single holding register)
- 0BH (writes to holding register (extended))
- 0FH (changes multiple coil states)
- 10H (writes to multiple holding registers)
- 16H (mask writes to holding register)
- 17H (reads/writes multiple holding registers)

Example: When setting the address of the M register which permits writing to 1000 to 1999:

- PARAM12=1000
- PARAM12=1000
- PARAM13=1999

The reception side will return an error against a write request to an address other than MW01000 to MW01999, and will not write it.

#### (12) Reserved by System 1 (PARAM14)

Used by system (the channel number of the communication buffer in use is stored).

Note: At the first scan during power up, make sure to set this to "0" by user program. After that, the register is used by system, so do not change the value with the user program.

#### (13) Reserved by System 2 (PARAM15, PARAM16)

Used by system. Do not change the value with the user program, etc.

# G.2.7 Function Setting and Parameter Details for Non-procedural Protocol

This section explains the MSG-RCV function setting and its parameter list details when non-procedure is used as a protocol.

Note: Non-procedure communication protocol stores the received data in the M register intact without a protocol conversion.

You can receive any protocol in accordance with the remote device.

#### (1) Message Receive Function Setting

#### [a] 218IFA Setting Example

An example of a function setting when 218IFA is used as a transmission device follows: When non-procedure 2 (per byte) is used, set the Pro-Typ field to "00003". (non-procedure 1 (per word))

Set the circuit number in accordance with the circuit number allocated to the target 218IFA.

Set a unique communication buffer channel number for the same circuit.

For information on the register number, refer to G.2.2 (1) Input Item on page A-71 and G.2.2 (2) Output Item on page A-73.

		MSG	-RCV	
Communication device = 218IFA			-	
	Execute	DB000201	Busy	DB000210
Protocol = non-procedure 1	Abort	DB000202	Complete	DB000211
$\sim$	Dev-Typ	00016	Error	DB000212
Circuit number = 1	Pro-Typ	00001		
Communication buffer channel number = 1	Cir-No	00001		
	Ch-No	00001		
Parameter list start address = DA00000 (use DW00000 to DW00016)	Param	DA00000		

#### [b] 218IF Setting Example

An example of a function setting when 218IF is used as a communication device follows:

When non-procedure 2 (per byte) is used, set the Pro-Typ field to "00003". (non-procedure 1 (per word))

Set the circuit number in accordance with the circuit number allocated to the target 218IF.

Set a unique communication buffer channel number for the same circuit.

For information on the register number, refer to G.2.2 (1) Input Item on page A-71 and G.2.2 (2) Output Item on page A-73.

-		MSG	-RCV	
Communication device = 218IF	Execute	DB000201	Busy	DB000210
Protocol = non-procedure 1	Abort	DB000202	Complete	DB000211
	Dev-Typ	00006	Error	DB000212
Circuit number = 1	Pro-Typ	00001		
Communication buffer channel number = 1	Cir-No	00001		
	Ch-No	00001		
Parameter list start address = DA00000	- Param	DA00000		

# (2) Process Result (PARAM00)

The process result is output to the upper byte. The lower byte is used for system analysis.

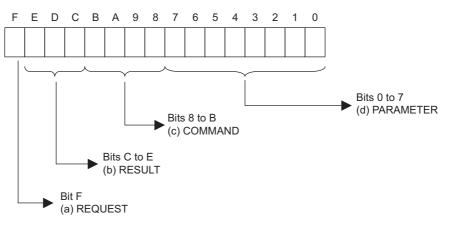
Value of Process Result	Meaning
0000H	In process (Busy)
10□□H	Process completed (Complete)
8у□□Н	Error occurred (Error)

When an error occurs, investigate it by referring to the following error contents:

Value of Process Result	Error Contents	Description		
8000H	-	Reserved		
8100H	-	-		
8200H	Error in setting address	The following setting is out of range. Check the setting. PARAM11 (holding register offset)		
8300H	Data size error	The received data size is out of range. Check the source data size.		
84DDH	Error in setting circuit number	The circuit number is out of range. Check Cir-No (circuit number) of the MSG-RCV function.		
85DDH	Error in setting channel number	The communication buffer channel number is out of range. Check Ch-No (communication buffer channel number) for the MSG- RCV function.		
8600H	Connection number error	The connection number is out of range. Check PARAM02 (connection number).		
8700H	-	Reserved		
8800H	Communication section error	An error response was returned from the communication section (com- munication device). Check the equipment connection. In addition, check that the remote device is open to communication.		
8900H	Device select error	Unavailable device is set. Check Dev-Typ (communication device type) of the MSG-RCV function.		

### (3) Status (PARAM01)

Outputs status of the communication section (communication device). The following figure shows the bit assignment. The bit assignment details are listed in the following tables.



#### [a] REQUEST (request)

Outputs whether MSG-RCV function is requesting a process.

Bit State	Contents			
1	Requesting to process			
0	The acceptance of process request is completed			

#### [b] RESULT (result)

Outputs the execution result of the MSG-RCV function

Code	Abbreviation	Meaning	
0	CONN_NG	In Ethernet communications, transmit error or connection error is com- pleted	
1	SEND_OK	Normal transmission completed	
2	REC_OK	Normal reception completed	
3	ABORT_OK	Forced abort completed	
4	FMT_NG	Parameter format error	
5	SEQ_NG	Command sequence error	
6	RESET_NG	Reset state	
7	REC_NG	Data reception error (error detected in the lower layer program)	

#### [c] COMMAND (command)

Outputs a process command for the MSG-RCV function The executed process content can be found according to the command.

Code (Hex)	Abbreviation	Meaning
1	U_SEND	General-purpose message transmission
2	U_REC	General-purpose message reception
3	ABORT	Forced abort
8	M_SEND	Command transmission: Completed when response is received (for MEMOBUS protocol)
9	M_REC	Command reception: Accompanies a response transmission (for MEMOBUS protocol)
С	MR_SEND	Response transmission (for MEMOBUS protocol)

Appendices

#### [d] PARAMETER (parameter)

When RESULT (process result) = 4 (FMT\_NG: parameter format error), an error code in the following table is output. Otherwise, the connection number is output.

RESULT (process result)	Code (Hex)	Meaning
	00	No error
	01	Connection number is out of range
When RESULT (process re-	02	Time error while monitoring to receive MEMOBUS response (for MEMOBUS protocol)
sult) = 4	03	Error in setting retransmit count
(FMT_NG: parameter for-	04	Error in setting cyclic area
mat error)	05	CPU number error
	06	Data address error
	07	Data size error
	08	Function code error (for MEMOBUS protocol)
Others	xx	Connection number

#### (4) Connection Number (PARAM02)

Refer to G.2.4 (4) Connection Number (PARAM02) on page A-80.

#### (5) Data Size (PARAM06)

A data size requested from the transmission side is output. In case of non-procedure 1, the number of words is output. In case of non-procedure 2, the number of bytes is output.

#### (6) Register Offset (PARAM12)

Specify an offset address for the reception side data address.

The address for the reception side will be displaced by the number of words designated by the offset.

- Note: 1. For more information, refer to G.2.8 Relationship between Data Address, Data Size, and Offset for
  - MSG-RCV Function on page A-98.
  - 2. The offset cannot be a negative value.

In case of non-procedure, received continuous data is stored in the M register. Setting the register offset enables you to specify a start address of the M register as a storage area.

Example: When specifying MW01000 for the start address of the M register for storing received data: PARAM12=1000

#### (7) Write Range HI (PARAM13)

Sets an available address range for the write request from the transmission side. A write request which is out of this available address range will cause an error.

Specify the write range (PARAM13) as a word address.

Note: The write range parameter enables you to specify the range of the M register which permits writing messages.

Specify the write range so that the expression below is met:

 $0 \leq$  Write range HI  $\leq$  Maximum address of M register

Example: When setting the last address of the M register which permits writing to 1999: PARAM13=1999

The reception side will return an error against a write request to an address other than MW00000 to MW01999, and will not write it.

#### (8) Reserved by System 1 (PARAM14)

Used by system (the channel number of the communication buffer in use is stored). Note: At the first scan during power up, make sure to set this to "0" by user program. After that, the register is used by system, so do not change the value with the user program.

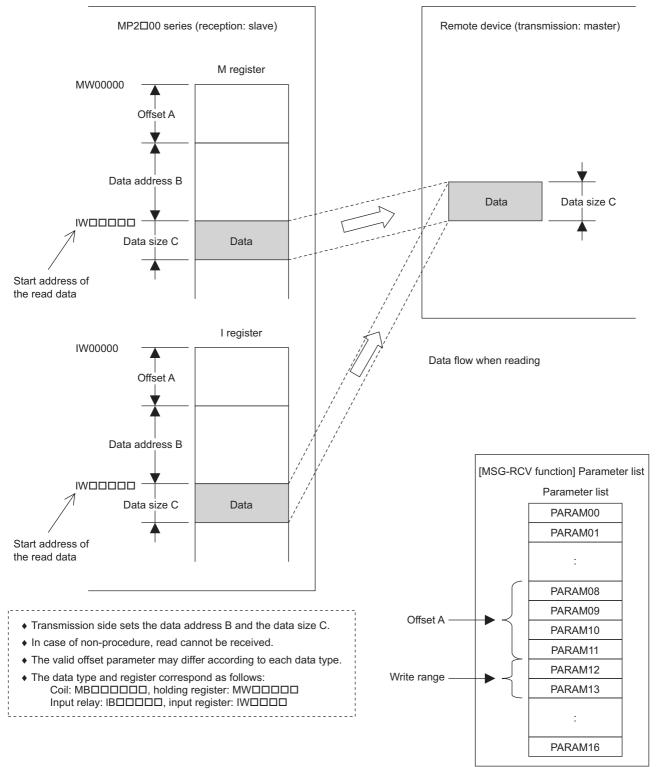
#### (9) Reserved by System 2 (PARAM15, PARAM16)

Used by system. Do not change the value with the user program, etc.

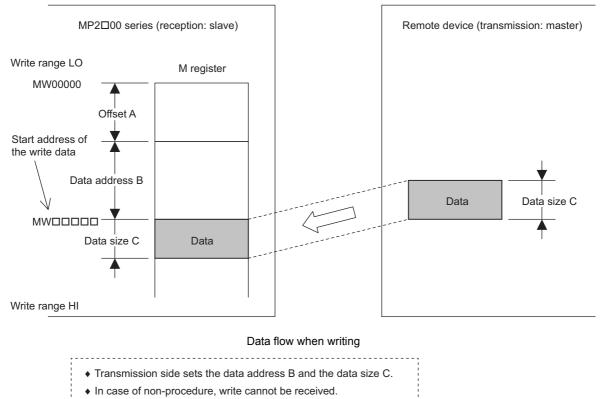
# G.2.8 Relationship between Data Address, Data Size, and Offset for MSG-RCV Function

The relationships between data address, data size, and offset when received with offset are as follows:

#### (1) When Reading

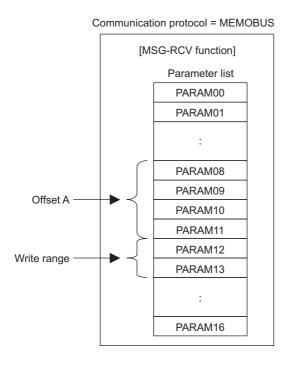


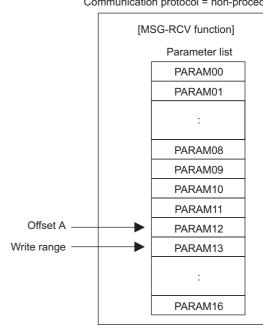
#### (2) When Writing



• The valid offset parameter may differ according to each data type.

• The data type and register correspond as follows: Coil: MBDDDDD, holding register: MWDDDD





Communication protocol = non-procedure

Example: "Writes to multiple holding registers" with offset is received:

When "writes to multiple holding registers" with offset is received in MEMOBUS protocol, various setting values and the relationship with the data of remote equipment are as follows:

• Description of the MSG-RCV function in ladder program

	MSG-RCV			
Communication device = 218IFA	Execute	DB000201	Busy	DB000210
Protocol = MEMOBUS	Abort	DB000202	Complete	DB000211
	Dev-Typ	00016	Error	DB000212
Circuit number = 1	Pro-Typ	00001		
Communication buffer channel number = 1	Cir-No	00001		
	Ch-No	00001		
Parameter list start address = DA00000	Param	DA00000		

• Parameter list setting of the MSG-RCV function

				0
Register Num- ber	Setting Value	Parameter Num- ber	IN/OUT	Remarks
DW00000	-	PARAM00	OUT	Process result
DW00001	-	PARAM01	OUT	Status
DW00002	00001	PARAM02	IN	Connection number = 1
DW00003	-	PARAM03	OUT	Option (setting unnecessary)
DW00004	-	PARAM04	OUT	Function Code
DW00005	-	PARAM05	OUT	Data address
DW00006	-	PARAM06	OUT	Data size
DW00007	-	PARAM07	OUT	Remote CPU number
DW00008	00000	PARAM08	IN	Coil offset = 0 word
DW00009	00000	PARAM09	IN	Input relay offset = 0 word
DW00010	00000	PARAM10	IN	Input register offset = 0 word
DW00011	01000	PARAM11	IN	Holding register offset = 1000 words
DW00012	00000	PARAM12	IN	Write range $LO = 0$
DW00013	65534	PARAM13	IN	Write range HI = 65534
DW00014	-	PARAM14	SYS	Reserved (zero clear at startup)
DW00015	-	PARAM15	SYS	Reserved
DW00016	-	PARAM16	SYS	Reserved

Table G.32 Parameter List Setting

Note: IN: Input, OUT: Output, SYS: For system use

#### • Relationship with the Remote Device Data

The following figure shows the data flow when receiving "writes to multiple holding registers" with offset: When transmission and reception are carried out normally in the figure below, the data in the remote device is stored in MW03000 and after of MP2300S.

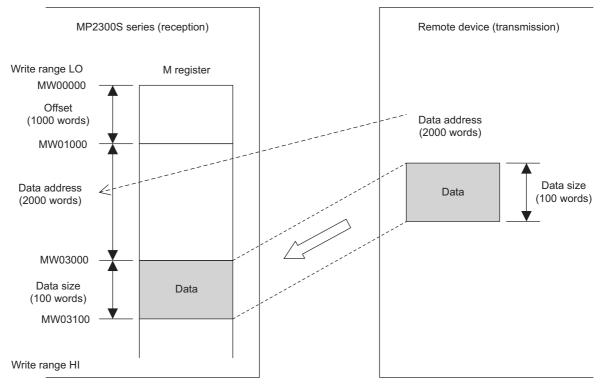


Fig. G.12 Writing Example to Multiple Holding Registers

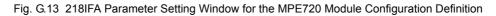
# G.3 Communication Buffer Channel

A communication buffer channel is used for giving and receiving data between the MSG-SND/ MSG-RCV function and communication device. This data buffer is composed of single or multiple channels, and each channel is distinguished by a communication buffer channel number.

The communication buffer channel is associated with a connection by setting the input item **Ch-No** (communication buffer channel number) of the MSG-SND/ MSG-RCV function and PARAM02 (connection number) in Param (parameter list).

A connection is configuration information for communication between local and remote stations, and is set in the **218IF/218IFA Parameter Setting** Window of the MPE720 module configuration definition.

nsmission Paramete P Address	1000 - L	192 곳 - 168 곳 - 1			)-255	Module Name Definit	-	UTDOL			
						' Equipment name :	μu	NTROLI	.ER	NAME	
iubnet Mask iateway IP Address		255 🛨 ,  255 🛨 ,  2 0 🛨 , 10 🛨 , 10	55 🛃 .  0 📑 .  0		)-255 )-255						
nection Parameter Message Communio Easy setting		ble to following parameter	setting eas	silv that cor	mmur	icate the message.					
Message Communit	lt is possit Local Port	ble to following parameter	Node Port	Conne Type	ect	Protocol Type		Cod	e	Automaticall	
Message Communic Easy setting CNO 01	It is possit Local Port 10001	Node IP Address	Node Port 20001	Conne Type UDP	ect	Protocol Type Extended MEMOBUS	•	BIN	e •	Automaticall V Detail	
Message Communit Easy setting CNO 01 02	It is possit Local Port 10001 10002	Node IP Address 192.168.001.002 192.168.001.006	Node Port 20001 20002	Conne Type UDP TCP	ect	Protocol Type Extended MEMOBUS MELSEC	•	BIN ASCII	e •	γ	
Message Communit Easy setting CNO 01 02	It is possit Local Port 10001	Node IP Address	Node Port 20001	Conne Type UDP	ect	Protocol Type Extended MEMOBUS	* *	BIN	e + + +	γ	



218 Tran	smission Par	rameters							
tation Se	tting								
IP Add	ress	: 192 🛨 . 168 🛨	. 1 ÷	. 1 🕂	(0-255)				
иемовь	IS								
	nse Time	: 0 ÷ s			(0 - 255)				
Count	of Retry	: 0 🛨 time			(0-255)				
	Local		Node	Connect	Protocol			_	
CNO	Local Port	Node IP Address	Port	Туре	Туре		Cod	1	
	Local		Port			•	Cod ASCII	e 🗸	
CNO	Local Port	Node IP Address	Port	Туре	Туре	•	10000	1	
CNO 01	Local Port 10010 10020	Node IP Address 192.168.001.003 192.168.001.006	Port 20100 20200	Type TCP ▼	Type MELSEC	* * *	ASCII	1	
CN0 01 02	Local Port 10010 10020	Node IP Address 192.168.001.003 192.168.001.006	Port 20100 20200 00000	Type TCP UDP TCP	Type MELSEC Extended MEMOBUS	+ + + + +	ASCII BIN	1	
CNO 01 02 03	Local Port 10010 10020 10030	Node IP Address 192.168.001.003 192.168.001.006 000.000.000.000	Port 20100 20200 00000	Type TCP UDP TCP	Type MELSEC Extended MEMOBUS MEMOBUS	* * * *	ASCII BIN RTU	1	
CNO 01 02 03 04	Local Port 10010 10020 10030	Node IP Address 192.168.001.003 192.168.001.006 000.000.000.000	Port 20100 20200 00000	Type TCP UDP TCP	Type MELSEC Extended MEMOBUS MEMOBUS	+ + + + +	ASCII BIN RTU	1	

Fig. G.14 218IF Parameter Setting Window for the MPE720 Module Configuration Definition

A schematic diagram of the communication buffer channel is shown in the next page.

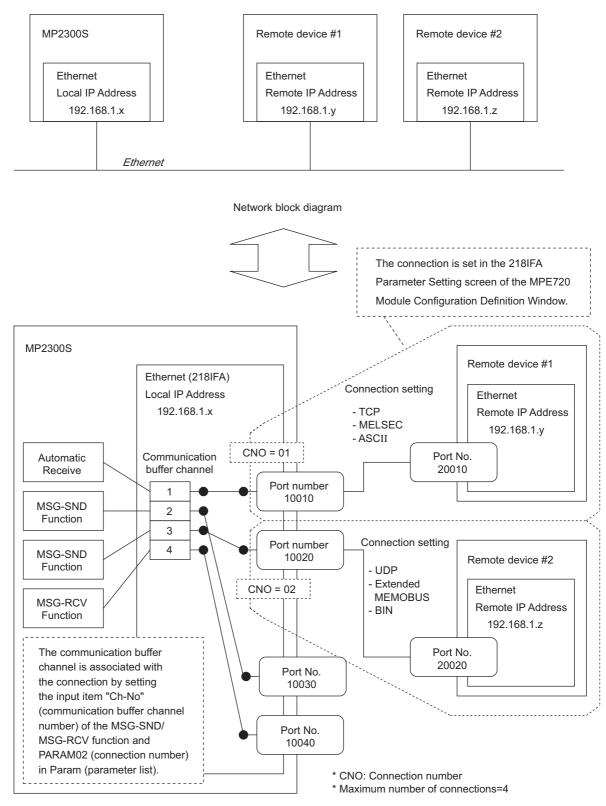


Fig. G.15 Schematic Diagram for Communication Buffer Channel

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a way to immediately control a motion program from external equipmen

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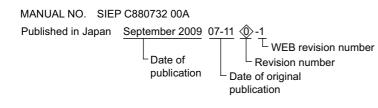
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# **Revision History**

The revision dates and numbers of the revised manuals are given on the bottom of the back cover.



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June 2010	$\langle 0 \rangle$	3	2.2.2 (2)	Revision: Description of status of IP
April 2010		2	1.5.1	Revision: Application of MP2300S Basic Module and SVB-01         Revision: Model of MP2300S Basic Module and SVB-01         JEPMC-W6011-□□ → JEPMC-W6010-□□
			2.2.3	Addition: Allowable Power Loss Time
			4.2.2	Addition: Step 6
			4.4.1	Addition: Description of Note
			5.2.2 (5) [b]	Revision: Description in parentheses of MSEE work resisters address hexadecimal number → decimal number
			5.2.4 (1), (3)	Revision: Types of Drawings FSTART command → FUNC command
			6.2.4 (1)	Revision: Parameter list setting example for the message transmit function MW00000 → MW00400 connection number = 1 → connection number = 3
			6.3.1 (1)	Revision: The other device to be connected in step 4 ⓑ and ⑦ MP2300 → touch panel
			8.2.4 (5) [c]	Revision: Table 8.4 Ladder Program User Operation Error Codes 2 □06DH: PD → □06EH: PD
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